SANTA FE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

"INDEPENDENT IN ALL THINGS, NEUTRAL IN NOTHING."

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LEWIS B. BROWN, New York. CHARLES DE GRECK, St. Louis.

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BROWN & DE GRECK,

Successors to

WILLLIAM F. ENDERS & Co

Manufacturers,

and

Wholesale Dealers in

CLOTHING,

62, Main Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A large and fully assorted stock suitable for Sutlers and Tradesmen, constantly kept on hand and offered for sale on the most liberal terms.

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☞ Care taken and carefully executed both for military and civilians wear.

Advertisements.

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Jobbers in Fancy and Staple

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, and Caps.

No. 17, Delaware street. No. 17

South side, between Main and Second.

Leavenworth, Kansas

1864. HARDWARE. 1864.

RICHARDS & CHAMBERLIN,

Dealers in

HARDWARE and Iron,

Plows, Hoes, Spades, Sheep-Shears, Pad-Locks, Sad Irons, Frying-Pans &c., &c.

The attention of the trade is our complete Stock is Solicited—Call and see us.

RICHARDS & CHAMBERLIN,

No. 59, Delaware Street,

Leavenworth, Kansas.

C. R. BRACE. A. L. BAKER.

BRACE & BAKER,

Wholesale Dealers in American and Foreign

HARDWARE

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Plows, Mowing Machines, Sash, Fly Blows and goods especially adapted to the Trade of New Mexico, constantly on hand.

No. 31 Delaware Street,

Between Second and Third Streets,

LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS.

SPIEGELBERG BROS.

SANTA FE, N. M.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL DEALERS

IN

MERCHANDISE,

Keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Staple Fancy and Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Groceries Liquors, Hardware, Queensware, &c.,

WILSON & HASTINGS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

IRON, STEEL,

Nails, Circular Saws,

Corn Mills, Plows, Cultivators,

GUM PACKING, BELTING, &C.

A suitable stock for the New Mexican Trade.

NO. 21 DELAWARE ST., Two Doors East of Second. } LEAVENWORTH KANSAS

SANTA FE HOTEL.

South-west corner of the Plaza.

The proprietor is prepared to accommodate the public in the best manner. His rooms are adapted to the accommodation of transient and permanent boarders, and his table is furnished with the best that can be obtained in the market.

GEO. RUTH, Proprietor.

C. R. MOREHEAD & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

Nos. 35 and 36, Levee,

LEAVENWORTH CITY, KANSAS.

Advertisements.

REOPENING! REOPENING!!

THE undersigned having just received a large assortment of IMPORTED and DOMESTIC FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, CLOTHING, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, LINCOLN, etc., etc., will reopen their store in Santa Fe, on Tuesday, the 9th inst., in the south rooms of Elkins' & Ambry's new building North-West Corner of the Plaza. Their goods were purchased at low rates, both in Europe and New York City, and will be sold at wholesale and retail at liberal prices.

They hope to receive a liberal share of patronage and will be pleased to renew business relations with their former customers. Customers old, and new, will at all times receive prompt and satisfactory attention.

A. & L. HONKENSON.

NOTICE.

THE firm heretofore existing in the name and style of Perea & Co., composed of Jose L. Perea, Navarro Gonzales and Felipe Delgado, has been dissolved by mutual consent by the withdrawal of Mr. Navarro Gonzales, and we have associated with us Mr. Jesus M. Perea, under the name and style of Perea & Co., as heretofore, which is authorized to conduct and arrange all business as well of the old as of the new firm.

We tender our thanks to our old customers for their liberal patronage, and hope, by a close attention to business, to receive a continuation of the same.

PEREA & Co.

Santa Fe, July 18, 1864.

1864. HAMMERSLAUGH BROTHERS. 1864.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

OF

READY MADE CLOTHING,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

Hats and Caps,

Boots, Shoes, Trunks & Valises.

HAMMERSLAUGH BROTHERS,

Keep everything in their line suitable for the

NEW MEXICAN TRADE.

HAMMERSLAUGH BROTHERS,

Will have the coming season the largest and finest assorted stock in Kansas City or Leavenworth.

HAMMERSLAUGH BROTHERS,

Are determined to make it to your interest to give them your patronage.

HAMMERSLAUGH BROTHERS,

Would say that they are specially prepared to give every possible satisfaction to the

NEW MEXICAN TRADE.

HAMMERSLAUGH BROTHERS,

Are thankful for past favors, and will endeavor to do all in their power to deserve the continuance and favor of those who will give them their patronage.

NOTICE

GEO. T. BRALL is not authorized Agent to collect and receipt for my accounts due me.

C. S. HINSLEY.

Santa Fe, July 17, 1864.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between John Dold and Charles G. Parker, under the firm name of Dold & Parker, has been dissolved by the mutual consent of the parties. Neither of the members of the said firm is authorized to use the name of the said firm in any place except in the business of the business of the firm.

JOHN DOLD
CHARLES G. PARKER.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

To the April Term 1864, of the United States District Court for the County of Mora, in the 1st Judicial District, territory of New Mexico.

LAFAYETTE McBETH vs. WILLIAM McBETH. } Bill in Chancery for Divorce.

In pursuance of an order of the said District Court, made at the August Term thereof 1864 for the said William McBeth, defendant in this cause are hereby notified, that a Bill in Chancery has been filed against you by your wife, the said Elizabeth McBeth, in the said District Court, for the said County of Mora, praying among other things that the bonds of matrimony existing between you and her by decree of said court be dissolved.

Now therefore you are hereby notified to be and appear at the next term of the said District Court to be begun and held in the Court House in the town of Mora, in the said County of Mora on the first Monday after the fourth Monday of March A. D. 1865, and plead answer or demur to the matters and things contained in said Bill, or the same will be taken by the Court as confessed by you and a decree rendered accordingly therein.

Witness the Hon. KIRBY BENEDICT, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of said Territory and Judge of the first Judicial District thereof, and the seal of said Court at Santa Fe this 22nd day of September A. D. 1864.

SAML. ELLISON, Clerk of said Court.

J. Bartholme Esq., Solicitor for Complainant. No. 16 ft.

HOT SPRINGS,

Las Vegas, New Mexico.

Dr. O. H. Woodworth, having taken possession of the Las Vegas Hot Springs, and fitted them up in first rate style, is now prepared to accommodate a large number of visitors. The wonderful effect of these springs in curing Syphilitic and kindred diseases, Scrofula, Cutaneous diseases, Rheumatism, etc., etc., is too well known in this Territory to need description here. Those who desire it can receive medical treatment. Pleasure seekers will find this an elegant place of resort. The surrounding mountains and streams furnish plenty of game and mountain trout. The table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

O. H. WOODWORTH, M. D.

SPRING, 1864.

Z. STAAB & BROTHER,

(In James L. Johnson's Building)

Having made extensive preparations for the present season's business, now offer at wholesale and retail their large stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Groceries, etc., etc., all of which will be found well assorted, carefully selected, and complete, at the lowest rates.

Z. STAAB & BRO.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the First Session of the Thirty-eight Congress.

Additional Articles to the General Convention of Friendship, Commerce, and Navigation between the United States and Denmark, of April 26, 1826. Concluded at Washington, July 11, 1861; Ratification exchanged, September 18, 1861. Proclaimed by the President of the United States, September 20, 1861.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS additional articles to the General Convention of Friendship, Commerce, and Navigation between the United States and Denmark, of the 26th of April, 1826, were concluded and signed by the respective Plenipotentiaries of the parties at Washington, on the eleventh day of July last, which additional articles, being in the English and French languages, are word for word as follows:—

ADDITIONAL ARTICLES,

To the General Convention of Friendship, Commerce and Navigation, concluded at Washington on the twenty-sixth day of April, 1826, between the United States of America and His Majesty the King of Denmark.

The United States of America and His Majesty the King of Denmark, wishing to favor their mutual commerce by affording, in their ports, every necessary assistance to their respective vessels, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries, being duly empowered for that purpose, have agreed upon the following additional articles to the General Convention of Friendship, Commerce and Navigation, concluded at Washington on the twenty sixth day of April, 1826, between the contracting parties.

ARTICLE I.

The respective Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls and Commercial Agents, shall have the right as such to sit as judges and arbitrators in such differences as may arise, either at sea or in port, between the captain, officers and crew of the vessels belonging to the nation whose interests are committed to their charge, particularly in references to the adjustment of wages and the execution of contracts, without the interference of the local authorities, unless the conduct of the crew and the officers, or of the captains, should disturb the order or tranquillity of the country.

It is however understood that this species of judgment or arbitration shall not deprive the contending parties of the right they have to resort on their return to the judicial authority of their country.

ARTICLE II.

The Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls and Commercial Agents are authorized to require the assistance of the local authorities for the search, arrest and imprisonment of all persons belonging to the crews of ships of war and merchant vessels of their country. For this purpose they shall apply to the competent tribunals, judges and officers, and shall in writing demand said deserters, proving by the exhibition of the registers of the vessels, the rolls of the crews, or by other official documents, or, if the vessel shall have departed, by copy of said documents duly certified by them, that such individuals form part of the crew; and on this reclamation being thus substantiated, the surrender shall not be refused, unless there be sufficient proof of the said persons being citizens or subjects of the country where their surrender is demanded. Such deserters, when arrested, shall be placed at the disposal of said Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls or Commercial Agents, and may be confined in the public prisons at the request and cost of those who shall claim them, in order to be demanded until the time when they shall be restored to the vessels to which they belonged, or sent back to their own country by a vessel of the same nation, or any other vessel whatsoever. But if not sent back within three months from the day of their arrest, they shall be set at liberty, and shall not be again arrested for the same cause.

However, if the deserter should be found to have committed any crime or offence, his surrender may be delayed until the tribunal before which his case shall be depending shall have pronounced its sentence, and such sentence shall have been carried into effect.

The present additional articles shall have the same force and value as if they were inserted, word for word, in the convention signed at Washington on the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and being approved and ratified by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and by His Majesty the King of Denmark, the ratifications shall be exchanged at Washington within six months from the date hereof, or sooner, if possible.

In faith whereof, we, the undersigned, in virtue of our respective full powers, have signed the present additional articles, and have thereto affixed our seals.

Done in triplicate at the city of Washington, on the eleventh day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD. [L. S.]
W. R. RAASLOFF. [L. S.]

And whereas the said additional articles have been duly ratified on both parts and the respective ratifications of the same were exchanged in the city of Washington, on the eighteenth instant, by William H. Seward, Secretary of State of the United States, and W. R. Raasloff Chargé d' Affaires of His Majesty the King of Denmark in the United States, on the part of their respective governments:

Now, therefore, be it known that I Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States of America, have caused the said additional articles to be made public, to the end that the same and every clause and article thereof may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the city of Washington this twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand [L. S.] eight hundred and sixty-one, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-sixth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President:
WILLIAM H. SEWARD,
Secretary of State.

Treaty for the final Settlement of the Claims of the Hudson's Bay and Puget's Sound Agricultural Companies between the United States of America and Her Britannic Majesty; concluded July 1, 1863; ratified by the United States, March 2, 1864; ratifications exchanged March 5, 1864; proclaimed by the President of the United States, March 5, 1864.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS a treaty between the United States of America and her Britannic Majesty, for the final settlement of the claims of the Hudson's Bay and Puget's Sound Agricultural Companies, was concluded and signed at Washington, by their respective plenipotentiaries, on the first day of July, 1863, which treaty is, word for word, as follows:

The United States of America and her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, being desirous to provide for the final settlement of the claims of the Hudson's Bay and Puget's Sound Agricultural Companies specified in articles III. and IV. of the treaty concluded between the United States of America and Great Britain, on the 15th of June, 1846, have resolved to conclude a treaty for this purpose, and have named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say: the President of the United States of America, William H. Seward, Secretary of State; and her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honorable Richard Bickerton Pemell, Lord Lyons, a peer of her United Kingdom, a member of her most honorable Privy Council, grand cross of her most honorable order of the Bath, and her Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States of America; who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following articles:

ARTICLE I. Whereas by the 3rd and 4th articles of the treaty concluded at Washington on the 15th day of June, 1846, between the United States of America and her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, it was stipulated and agreed that in the future appropriation of the territory south of the 49th parallel of north latitude, as proposed in the first article of the said treaty, no prejudice should accrue to the possessory rights of the Hudson's Bay Company, and of all British subjects who may be already in the occupation of land or other property lawfully acquired within the said territory, should be respected, and that the farms, lands, and other property of every description, belonging to the Puget's Sound Agricultural Company, on the north side of the Columbia River, should be confirmed to the said company; but that in case the situation of those farms and lands should be considered by the United States to be of public and political importance, and the United States government should signify a desire to obtain possession of the whole or of any part thereof, the property so required should be transferred to the said government at a proper valuation, to be agreed upon between the parties:

And whereas it is desirable that all questions between the United States authorities on the one hand, and the Hudson's Bay and Puget's Sound Agricultural Companies on the other, with respect to the possessory rights and claims of those companies, and of any other British subjects in Oregon and Washington Territory, should be settled by the transfer of those rights and claims to the government of the United States for an adequate money consideration:

It is hereby agreed that the United States of America and her Britannic Majesty shall, within twelve months after the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty, appoint each a commissioner for the purpose of examining and deciding upon all claims arising out of the provisions of the above-quoted articles of the treaty of June 15, 1846.

ARTICLE II. The commissioner mentioned in the preceding article shall, at the earliest convenient period after they shall have been respectively named, meet at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, and shall, before proceeding to any business, make and subscribe a solemn declaration that they will impartially and carefully examine and decide, to the best of their judgment, and according to justice and equity, without fear, favor, or affection to their own country, all the matters referred to them for their decision, and such declaration shall be entered on the record of their proceedings.

The commissioners shall then proceed to name an arbitrator or umpire to decide upon any case or cases on which they may differ in opinion, and if they cannot agree in the selection, the said arbitrator or umpire shall be appointed by the King of Italy, whom the two high contracting parties shall invite to make such appointment, and whose selection shall be conclusive on both parties. The person so to be chosen shall, before proceeding to act, make and subscribe a solemn declaration, in a form similar to that which shall already have been made and subscribed by the commissioners, which declaration shall also be entered on the record of the proceedings. In the event of the death, absence, or incapacity of such person, or of his omitting or declining or ceasing to act as such arbitrator or umpire, another person shall be named, in the manner aforesaid, to act in his place or stead, and shall make and subscribe such declaration as aforesaid.

The United States of America and her Britannic Majesty engage to consider the decision of the two commissioners conjointly, or of the arbitrator or umpire, as the case may be, as final and conclusive on the matters to be referred to their decision, and forthwith to give full effect to the same.

ARTICLE III. The commissioners and the arbitrator or umpire shall keep accurate records and correct minutes or notes of all their proceedings, with the dates thereof, and shall appoint and employ such clerk or clerks or other persons as they shall find necessary to assist them in the transaction of the business which may come before them.

The salaries of the commissioners and of the clerk or clerks shall be paid by their respective governments. The salary of the arbitrator or umpire and the contingent expenses shall be defrayed in equal moieties by the two governments.

ARTICLE IV. All sums of money which may be awarded by the commissioners, or by the arbitrator or umpire, on account of any claim, shall be paid by the one government to the other in two equal annual instalments, whereof the first shall be paid within twelve months after the date of the award, and the second within twenty-four months after the date of the award, without interest, and without any deduction whatever.

ARTICLE V. The present treaty shall be ratified, and the mutual exchange of ratifications shall take place in Washington, in twelve months from the date hereof, or earlier, if possible.

In faith whereof, we, the respective plenipotentiaries, have signed this treaty, and have hereunto affixed our seals.

Done in duplicate, at Washington, the first day of July, anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD. [L. S.]
LYONS. [L. S.]

And whereas the said treaty has been duly ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifications of the same were exchanged at Washington, on the second instant, by William H. Seward, Secretary of State of the United States, and the Right Honorable Lord Lyons, her Britannic Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, on the part of their respective governments:

Now, therefore, be it known that I, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States of America, have caused the said treaty to be made public, to the end that the same, and every clause and article thereof, may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this fifth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand [L. S.] eight hundred and sixty-four, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-eighth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President:
WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

[PUBLIC—No. 170.]

AN ACT making an additional grant of lands to the State of Kansas to aid in the construction of railroad and telegraph lines.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and hereby is, granted to the State of Kansas, to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from Emporia, via Council Grove, to a point near Fort Riley, on the branch Union Pacific railroad, in said State, every alternate section of land designated by odd numbers for ten sections in width on each side of said road: Provided, That this grant shall be subject to all the provisions, restrictions, limitations and conditions, in regard to selection and location of lands and otherwise, of an act of Congress approved March three, eighteen hundred and sixty three, entitled "An act for a grant of lands to the State of Kansas, in alternate sections, to aid in the construction of certain railroads and telegraphs in said State:" Provided, That said railroad shall be a public highway and shall transport troops and munitions of war of the United States free of charge.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the branch railroad and telegraph from "Lawrence, by the valley of the Wakarusa river, to a point on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad, where said road intersects the Neosho river," to aid in the construction of which a grant of lands was made by the said act of third of March, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, shall be so changed as to run from Lawrence to Emporia, and have and receive the grant of lands made by said act: Provided, That the line of railroad and telegraph from Leavenworth, by way of Lawrence and the Ottawa city crossing of the Osage river to the southern line of the State, in the direction of Galveston Bay, shall run via Baldwin City.

Approved, July 1, 1864.

[PUBLIC—No. 198.]

AN ACT making an appropriation to carry into effect "An act to prevent smuggling."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to carry into effect an act entitled "An act to prevent smuggling and for other purposes," passed at the present session of Congress.

Approved, July 4, 1864.