Meet the Commercial Club Membership Committees Three Fourths of the Way.

IF You want an electric Iron the Herald can fix it for you. Telephone 168 about it.

The Evening Herald

IT Is likely Moyer has a better understanding of the power of dynamite than he ever had before.

TRIBUNE-CITIZEN, Vol. 26. No. 56. ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 24, 1914. THE EVENING HERALD VOL. 4, NO. 53.

EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY GRANTED TO FOUR

President Wilson Announces Decisions in Appeals from 24 Men Convicted in Dynamite Conspiracy Cases.

TWENTY MUST BEGIN SERVING THEIR TIME

Applicants for Pardons Convicted Following Blowing up of Los Angeles Times Building and McNamara Confessions.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]

Washington, June 24.—President Wilson today commuted to expire at once the sentences imposed on Michael J. Hannon of Scranton, Pa., Frank H. Painter of Omaha, Neb.; Fred J. Mooney of Duluth, and William Shupe of Chicago, all convicted in the dynamite conspiracy cases.

The other twenty defendants, including the leaders, must begin serving their sentences tomorrow in Leavenworth penitentiary. Clemency for John H. Barry and Paul J. Morrin, both of St. Louis, was withheld while they have opportunity to submit separate petitions.

Hannon had been sentenced to three years, Painted to two, Mooney and Shupe each got a year and a day. Barry got four years and Morrin three. Those whose applications for clemency were finally denied and the terms they must serve are as follows:

Frank M. Ryan, head of the Ironworkers, Chicago, seven years; Eugene A. Clancy, San Francisco, six years; Michael J. Young, Boston, six years; Frank C. Webb, New York, six years; Philip A. Cooley, New Orleans, six years; John T. Butler, Buffalo, N. Y., six years; Charles T. Beum, Minneapolis, three years; Henry W. Legleitner, Denver, three years; Ernest G. W. Basey, Indianapolis, Ind., three years; J. E. Munsey, Salt Lake City, six years; Peter J. Smith, Cleveland, O., four years; Murray L. Pennell, Springfield, Ill., three years; W. Bert Brown, Kansas City, three years; Edward Smythe, Peoria, Ill., three years; George Anderson, Cleveland, three years; Frank J. Higgins, Boston, two years; Michael J. Cunnane, Philadelphia, three years; William E. Reddin, Milwaukee, three years.

No memorandum was given out accompanying the president's action, as sometimes is done in such cases, but it was understood the president followed closely the recommendations of Attorney General McReynolds. The four men whose sentences were commuted had a minor part in the conspiracy, the government charged.

The twenty-four men who applied for pardon were convicted of conspiracy and the transportation of dynamite in interstate commerce for the wrecking of buildings and other structures in a labor war between the Structural Ironworkers' organization and the employers. The noted cases grew directly out of the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times buildings and the confessions of the McNamara brothers. New trials have been granted and are pending for the following: Olaf A. Tveitmoe, San Francisco; William J. McCann, Kansas City; James E. Ray, Peoria, Ill.; Richard H. Houlihan, Chicago, Fred Sherman, Indianapolis; William Bernhardt, Cincinnati.

CONVICTED MEN WILL KEEP WORD AND REPORT

Chicago, June 24.—Elijah N. Zoline, of counsel for the defendants in the dynamite cases, when informed of President Wilson's action on the petitions for pardons, said that the convicted men would report at Leavenworth tomorrow with the exception of Eugene Clancy, who, as he must travel from California, was allowed until Friday to begin serving his sentence.

"The defendants understand that the last card has been played in their behalf," said Mr. Zoline. "Their organization in a recent bulletin informed those defendants to whom pardons were refused must keep their words and report at the penitentiary."

Dividends Declared.

Philadelphia, June 24.—The directors of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railway, the Panhandle system, a subsidiary of the Pennsylvania railroad, today passed the dividend on the common stock and reduced the dividend on the preferred stock to half of one per cent for the quarter.

The Pennsylvania company directors, the lines west of Pittsburg, declared the usual semi-annual dividend of three per cent.

GOLFER SORRY HE "CUSSED" OUT PRESIDENT

Unfortunate Pasture Pool Victim Unaware of Identity of Gentleman to Whom He Addressed Improper Remarks.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]

Washington, June 24. — The story of how President Wilson, golfing on a local green, sent a ball whizzing near another golfer's head, and how the other fellow roundly "cussed" the president of the United States and then in confusion and chagrin made profuse apologies, had a sequel today when President Wilson and the other golfer exchanged letters, one an abject apology, and the other an acknowledgement coupled with a firm declaration from the president that he was within his rights under the rules of the game.

Managers of the club were expecting to take some action against the "cussing" member when he wrote his apology. Local golf clubs compete keenly for the president's game on their greens; he probably will not visit one of them again.

HUERTA FORCES AT VERA CRUZ ARE SNIPING

Federals Continue to Annoy American Troops, in Effort to Provoke Fight and Force Intervention.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]

Washington, June 24.—Persistent reports of sniping by Mexican federals on the American outposts at Vera Cruz and rumors of constitutionalist further advances toward Mexico City, served today to stir interest in the Mexican situation.

Although the war department will make public no reports from General Funston regarding sniping on the American forces it is known there has been an investigation of continued reports to that effect. There are many inferences that Huerta forces were attempting to provoke a fight with the American troopers and force intervention.

Patient waiting on the mediators continued to be the attitude of the administration. The coming of Alfredo Breceda, a representative of Carranza, to Washington tomorrow was waited with interest in official quarters. That Breceda and his colleagues are coming to participate in conferences with officials of the Washington government is declared to be a fact, but whether they or other constitutionalists will go to Niagara Falls to join the American and Huerta delegates in informal discussion of peace still seems problematical.

Administration leaders insisted, however, that mediation prospects were hopeful.

POVERTY IS CAUSED BY SIN AND DISEASE

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]

Atlantic City, N. J., June 24.—Feeble-mindedness, sin and disease were today characterized as the principal causes of poverty by physicians and surgeons attending the sectional meetings of the American Medical association.

Dr. Murty of Indianapolis, a member of the committee on poverty, declared the normal person never sank to the level of poverty. In the main, he said, poverty was caused by sins unmentionable in a public gathering. The eradication of sin and disease, he said, would remove poverty.

The infant incubation has been more of a failure than a success, Dr. E. Chapin of New York reported in a paper before the section on diseases of children.

DENSE FOG PREVAILED IN NEW YORK HARBOR

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]

New York, June 24.—The fog which shut down over New York harbor last night did not leave until late this morning and many vessels were held fog-bound. In the bay the schooner Samuel P. Bowers crashed into the steamer Point Comfort, which runs from Keansburg, N. J., to the Battery. The steamer's wheelhouse was damaged but none of the 200 passengers on board was hurt.

The steamship Taurus of the Iron Steamboat company collided in the Hudson with a crowded ferry boat of the Central Railroad of New Jersey. The side of the ferry boat was badly damaged and several plates on the Taurus were bent.

4 STATES ARE SWEPT BY FIERCE WIND

North and South Dakota, Minnesota and Wisconsin in Path of Rampage of Wind and Weather.

DAMAGE TOTALS MORE THAN $1,000,000

Watertown, S. D., is Torn Off Map, Two Hundred and Fifty Buildings Being Wiped Out With Cyclonic Force.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]

St. Paul, Minn., June 24.—Four killed in Minneapolis, two fatally and a score seriously injured at Watertown, S. D., property damage estimated at more than one million dollars with an almost complete prostration of telegraph and telephone communication for a number of hours, was the reported havoc today of last night's wind and rain storm which swept over North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Reports of the storm, however, were incomplete here at noon and it is quite possible that the loss of life and property totals may be largely increased when communication is restored in the four states.

Apparently the storm struck with greatest severity at Watertown, where it cut through a section of the city for sixteen blocks with cyclonic force. Between 250 and 300 buildings were wiped out. Mrs. Carl Becklund and baby and Miss Marie E. Clove were caught in the wreckage of their homes and possibly fatally injured.

In Minneapolis Esther Munson, 17 years old, was killed when her home collapsed.

Louis Grams and Margaret Kelly were drowned when their canoe was blown over in Lake Harriet. Miss Loretta Grams of Jordan, Minn., also was caught in a canoe which was swamped in Lake Marriet and drowned.

WIRES DOWN; DETAILS OF DISASTER LACKING

Chicago, June 24.—Last night's wind storms caused no loss of life and only minor damage to crops, flimsy structures and to the telegraph and telephone wires. The storm was most severe at Watertown, Wis., where it reached the proportions of a tornado, destroyed buildings over thirty blocks and injured 22 persons. Wires are down in Wisconsin, Minnesota, parts of Iowa, South Dakota and the upper peninsula of Michigan. Information that no great damage was done outside Watertown was gained from railroads in the storm area.

The storm was electrical in its nature and in many places was accompanied by heavy rains, according to reports received at the local weather bureau today. The storm covered South Dakota, Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin and the upper peninsula of Michigan, Major Hersey, the forecaster, said.

In the vicinity of Appleton, Wis., in Outagamie county, it was estimated a loss of $100,000 was caused by the storm which broke early today. A number of houses were wrecked and many cattle killed.

Considerable damage was wrought in Milwaukee by the tornado but no fatalities were reported. Chimneys were razed and several houses damaged. A number of houses at Watertown, Wis., are reported to have been blown down by the storm. One woman is said to have been taken to the hospital suffering from injuries sustained during the tornado.

Two Killed in Wausau.

Wausau, Wis., June 24.—Two were killed, three fatally injured and seventeen hurt, several of them seriously, when the house and barn of Michael Kurtzweil, in the town of Emmett, Marathon county, was blown down by a tornado early today. The dead are: Laurence Zaizmann, 17, and the two-year-old child of Kurtzweil.

WATERTOWN DEMOLISHED, HUNDREDS ARE HOMELESS

Watertown, S. D., June 24.—Two hundred buildings in the path of last night's tornado present a scene of ruin today. Some are entirely demolished, while scores are unroofed, twisted off foundations and moved many feet. Practically every barn in a strip two blocks wide and ten blocks long was wrecked and scattered along the trail.

All the most seriously injured are said to have a chance to recover.

A special meeting of the city council and commercial club was held this afternoon to start work of raising a relief fund for victims. Hundreds were left homeless.

CARRANZA WILL INSIST THAT HUERTA BE EXECUTED

Constitutionalist Chief Quoted as Standing Pat for Compliance with Aztec Law; All Bandits Must be Crushed.

ALL CHURCH PROPERTY DEMANDED BY STATE

Head of Lieral Party in Mexico, en Route to Washington to Give Rather Extravagant Views on Mediation

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]

New Orleans, June 24.—What purported to be the details of the demands made by the United States on General Venustiano Carranza, through which Carranza's representatives would be admitted to the mediation conference at Niagara Falls, were given out here today by Fernando Iglesias Calderon, chief of the liberal party of Mexico. He is en route to Washington in connection with the Mexican problem.

Aside from the armistice feature, which Carranza refused to consider, Mr. Calderon said it was the demands concerning disposal of religious questions and the time when elections should take place, which greatly interested the constitutionalists.

According to the statement of the liberal party leader today the United States demanded all property confiscated by the constitutionalists should be returned to the church, that buildings destroyed should be paid for, that priests should be protected and that priests driven from the country should be allowed to return. To this Carranza replied, according to Calderon's statement that the constitutionalist laws of reform provided that all church property should go to the state when needed and also that the priests must go.

Mr. Calderon also stated that Carranza refused to accede to the demand for elections as soon as the revolution is ended. His reply to that, according to the statement was that elections could not take place until banditry had ceased, therefore he would not agree to holding an election until several leaders now classed as bandits had been crushed.

Another demand, according to the statement, was that Huerta should be paid, to which Carranza is reported to have replied that according to the Aztec law Huerta must die, and the constitutionalist chief refused to acquiesce in the demand.

That Carranza also refused to obligate the constitutionalists to pay debts incurred by the Huerta government was another assertion included in the Calderon statement.

DISCUSSION OF PEACE PLANKS AT NIAGARA

Niagara Falls, June 24.—Further discussion of those planks of the peace congress which relate to international differences between the United States and the Huerta government occupied the mediators and delegates today, while waiting for a definite understanding of instructions issued to constitutionalists agents who are expected to come here.

It was said that at least one of the planks would be framed as a protocol today and that others would be agreed on by the end of the present week. If the purposes of the principals is fulfilled the international side of the controversy was cleared up leaving the selection of provisional president and other internal affairs to a conference of constitutionalists and the Huerta delegates.

Notwithstanding reports from New Orleans quoting Carranza spokesmen as casting doubt on the probability of such a meeting confidence prevailed in American quarters that ultimately the two Mexican factions would be brought together.

STRONG'S BOOK STORE FILES INCORPORATION PAPERS IN SANTA FE

(Special Dispatch to The Herald).

Santa Fe, N. M., June 24.—The Strong Bookstore Company of Albuquerque filed articles of incorporation today, with E. J. Strong, Clara Strong and E. S. Livingstone incorporators. The capital stock is $50,000. Mr. Strong holds 117 shares, Mrs. Strong 1 and Mr. Livingstone 10.

BABIES AND BURROS IN MOTION PICTURES

(Special Dispatch to The Herald.)

Santa Fe, N. M., June 24.—Colonel R. E. Twitchell is arranging to take motion pictures of every baby in New Mexico 2 years old or under, for use at the San Diego exposition. Motion pictures of burros will also be taken. It is planned to have several reels of pictures showing New Mexico babies and burros.

RETURN OF THEODORE CAUSES STIR

Wireless Flashes From Imperator Information Colonel has been Busily Preparing Speech for June 30 Delivery.

SCHEDULED TO BE IN PORT TONIGHT

Progressive Leaders Gather in New York and Eagerly Await Opinions of Chief on Political Questions.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]

New York, June 24.—The Imperator, with Colonel Roosevelt aboard, will reach quarantine at 6:30 o'clock this evening, according to a wireless message received today at the offices of the Hamburg-American line. She would dock, said the message, at 8:30 o'clock.

New York, June 24.—The second homecoming today of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt within two months caused almost as much of a stir among Progressive party leaders and friends of the former president as did his first on May 19 from South America.

Today, as last month, Colonel Roosevelt's opinions on political questions drew Progressive leaders to this city and for some time the Roosevelt home at Oyster Bay will be the scene of many conferences.

From the Imperator came wireless messages yesterday stating that Colonel Roosevelt had spent much of his time since the big liner sailed in working on the speech he will deliver on June 30 at Pittsburg.

Fogs last night and early today were expected to cause the Imperator to reduce her speed and she may not reach Quarantine until tonight. Colonel Roosevelt planned to leave the ship at Quarantine and go direct to Oyster Bay on board a yacht. Theodore Douglas Robinson, Progressive state chairman, and George W. Perkins, were the only party leaders who expect to meet the colonel and go with him to Oyster Bay. Mrs. Roosevelt also planned to meet the traveler on the yacht.

BIPLANE FLEET IS GUARD OF HONOR AT FUNERAL

Nine Austrian Aviators Who Lost Their Lives During Air Manuevers Buried Today; Ceremonies Unique.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]

Vienna, June 24.—An escort of twenty aeroplanes flying mourning flags and manned by aviators from several nations, formed a flying guard of honor at the funeral today of the nine Austrian officers and men killed in the tragic air catastrophe of last Saturday.

While the funeral service was in progress the small air craft circled 'round and 'round the cemetery and then flew off in company.

The aerial tragedy which cost the lives of the nine aviators buried today occurred during Austrian army maneuvers. A military dirigible was participating in the movements and was followed by an aeroplane. The smaller craft soared above the balloon during the sham battle with the object of taking up a position to drop on its adversary a mimic bomb. The pilot of the aeroplane approached so closely that one of the wings of his plane ripped the balloon, causing an explosion.

TODAY IN CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Met at noon.

Debate was continued on the Indian appropriation bill.

Virginia tobacco growers asked the joint congressional commission to devise some means to relieve them of low prices.

Senator Works introduced bill to abolish tipping on interstate carriers and to make a "dry" district of the national capital.

HOUSE.

Met at noon.

The corrupt campaign practices act was debated.

STERILIZATION LAW DECLARED NULL AND VOID BY COURT TODAY

Operation of Vasectomy Cannot be Performed in Iowa on Those Twice Convicted of a Felony.

HELD TO BE CRUEL AND UNUSUAL PENALTY

Statute Violates Constitution of United States and Therefore Unconstitutional Opinion of Feeral Judge.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]

Keokuk, Ia., June 24.—The Iowa vasectomy or sterilization law, passed by the last general assembly was declared unconstitutional null and void in a decision filed by Judge Smith McPherson of Red Oak, Ia., United States district judge of the southern district of Iowa, here today.

The decision, which was written by Judge McPherson, and affects similar laws in other states, grants the writ of temporary injunction applied for by Rudolph Davis, an inmate of the state penitentiary, enjoining the members of the board of parole, the warden and the penitentiary physician from causing the operation of vasectomy to be performed upon the complainant.

"The case," says the decision, "is one of diversity of citizenship, with federal questions presented by a bill in equity with an application for a temporary injunction to restrain defendants as state officers from enforcing chapter 187 of the cast of the thirty-fifth general assembly (1913), authorizing a surgical operation called vasectomy on idiots, feeble-minded, drunkards, drug fiends, epileptics, syphilitics, moral and sexual perverts, and mandatory as to criminals who have been twice convicted of a felony.

The statute in question provides that certain persons may be subjected to the surgical operation; but the latter part of section 1 provides that such operations shall be performed upon prisoners who have been twice convicted of a felony, such as the complainant.

Complainant in his verified bill alleges that the statute is in violation of the United States constitution in that there is to be no indictment or trial; that the statute abridges his privileges, and that he is denied due process of law; that the statute is in conflict with the Iowa constitution in that the statute denies the inalienable right to enjoy life, liberty and to pursue and obtain safety and happiness; that there is no jury trial awarded him, and that the statute provides cruel and unusual punishment.

When Blackstone wrote his Commentaries he did not mention castration as one of the cruel punishments, quite likely for the reason that with the advance of civilization the operation was looked upon as too cruel and was no longer performed. But each operation is to destroy the power of procreation. It is, of course, to follow the man during the balance of his life. The physical suffering may not be so great, but that is not the only test of cruel punishment, the humiliation, the degradation, the mental suffering are always present and known to the public and will follow him wheresoever he may go. This belongs to the dark ages.

This statute not only allows but commands the operation of vasectomy to be performed upon all twice convicted of a felony. A felony in Iowa is not only murder, arson, rape, counterfeiting and other serious crimes known as felonies in the common law, but they have been much extended under the Iowa statutes, and some things are now felonies which until recently were misdemeanors with trials before a justice of the peace, or else no crime at all: wife abandonment, cutting electric light wires, breaking an electric globe, obstructing highway unfastening a strap in a harness, and other things. So that if a person commits two or more of these, he is to be subjected to the operation if this statute is enforced.

We hold the statute to be void, and date in holding that a temporary writ of injunction should be issued as prayed.

Judge Walter I. Smith, United States circuit judge for this, the eighth district, and Judge John C. Pollock, United States district judge for the district of Kansas, concurred with Judge McPherson.

ASSAILANTS OF NIGHT WATCHMAN GET HEARING

(Special Dispatch to The Herald.)

Santa Fe, N. M., June 24.—Frank and George McDaniels, charged with making an assault with intent to kill on Earl Cochran, night watchman at Espanola, Monday night, were given a preliminary hearing at that place today. The men protest their innocence, but the circumstances strongly indicate their guilt.

BUTTE CALM FOLLOWING NIGHT OF TERROR

Clash Between Union Miners and Insurgent Forces Culminates in Dynamiting of Labor Union Hall.

GOVERNOR OF STATE TOLD OF SITUATION

Attempt by Federation President to Insist on Reconciliation Precipitates Fierce Rioting; One Killed, Three Hurt.

[By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.]

Washington, June 24.—President Wilson late today received a telegram from Governor Stewart of Montana, but making no request for federal troops. The governor said he would keep the president fully informed of the situation. When the trouble started he asked the president to have troops kept in readiness.

Senator Myers of Montana said today no requests for troops would be made unless the situation grew more serious.

At the White House it was said no troops would be sent unless a direct request was received from the governor after it had been decided the state had used all the means at its disposal to maintain peace.

MOYER IN HELENA, CONFERS WITH GOVERNOR

Helena, Mont., June 24.—Governor S. V. Stewart was urged to assert state control in Butte by Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, who left Butte in an automobile early today and made the 73-mile trip directly to the state capital.

Governor Stewart, Attorney General Kelly, Adjutant General Greenan, President Moyer and a Butte man who refused to give his name were in conference several hours. The governor said he had nothing to say of the proceedings. Mr. Moyer asserted he had come over to lay conditions as they exist today in Butte before the governor. Asked whether the use of troops would be justified, Mr. Moyer replied that stronger authority than the county and city authorities was needed to restore peace.

"I will not say they are unable to cope with the situation but I do say they have failed," he explained.

He added that peace would not be restored until the Industrial Workers o fthe World element, which he said was in control, was eliminated. Another conference is to be held late today by Mr. Moyer, with Governor Stewart, United States Senator Walsh and M. M. Donahoe, president of the Montana Federation of Labor.

BUTTE QUIET TODAY AFTER STRENUOUS NIGHT

Butte, Mont., June 24.—After a night of terror in Butte, apprehension was felt throughout the city today that the mob of insurgent miners that last night wrecked Miners' Union hall with twenty-five blasts of dynamite, might turn their activities in another direction. Nevertheless the city was outwardly calm today.

The mines, all but two near the wrecked miners' hall, from one of which the power that blew up the building was stolen, are working today. No trace has been found of President Charles H. Moyer of the Western Federation of Miners, who last night called the meeting of the old union to order and presented his plan for conciliation of the warring factions. Hardly had Moyer read his paper, promising to correct the grievances of the seceding miners and concluding with a plea for calmer judgment, when the first shots of the early evening rioting, in which one spectator was killed and three injured, were heard.

Moyer and about 200 miners, steadfast to the cause of the old union, were hurriedly warned to flee for their lives.

They escaped from the rear of the building into an automobile. Two men in the crowd through which the machine dashed followed with drawn revolvers which they discharged as they gave chase. In a moment the machine had turned a corner and was out of sight. Since nothing has been seen or heard of the federation president.

After several hundred shots from rifles and sawed-off shotguns were discharged, the dynamite crew began its work. This continued until 2 o'clock this morning when the explosives that had been taken by force from the Stewart mine had been exhausted. The rear and side