

WHEN THE DUTCH SEE THE KAISER IS KEEPING THEM HUNGRY, THEY MAY LET HIM BE ENGLAND'S 'GUEST'

# The Evening Herald

Albuquerque, New Mexico, Friday, November 22, 1918.

NEW YORK METAL MARKET.  
New York, Nov. 22.—Lead un-  
changed. Spelter firm. East St. Louis  
spot, 8.20 1/2. 30.  
At London: Spot copper, 132 1/2.  
Electrolytic, 137.  
Tin, 132 1/2.  
Lead, 27 1/4.

NEW MEXICO WEATHER  
Generally fair except snow north  
portion tonight or Saturday; colder  
southeast portion tomorrow.  
Local: Maximum, 57; minimum, 19;  
dew, 25; S. S. O'clock, 28; north wind,  
drizzle.

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## WILHELM BECOMES STORM CENTER IN EUROPE

### TODAY IN THE NEWS

Gringing Curse  
Two Things  
Not So Bad

### GERMAN WARSHIPS IN STRING TWENTY MILES LONG GIVEN TO ALLIES

WHAT a spectacle of Ger-  
man abasement, of the Teu-  
tonic readiness to quit un-  
der punishment and to erige in  
the face of power, was the surren-  
der of the "war lord's" navy off  
the Firth of Forth yesterday! Read  
in another column the vivid  
narrative of the surrender written  
by an Associated Press correspond-  
ent and thank God that Americans  
are not made of the same stuff as  
those "super" men with yellow  
hearts.

United States Becomes Second Sea Power With  
Surrender of Heart of Once Mighty German  
Fleet; Men in Allied Navy Could Not Under-  
stand How Enemy Could Submit to Such an In-  
glorious Fate; Allied Armada Was Greatest  
Fighting Force That Ever Stood Out to Sea, Com-  
pletely Surrounding Hun Vessels.

The German is an innate craven.  
Arrogant, brutal and overbearing  
in success, he cringes in defeat;  
the typical bully. And like all bullies  
he is an utterly shameful spectacle  
when vanquished.

Edinburgh, Nov. 22.—Germany, as a naval power, has ceased to exist. The heart of her mighty fleet—fourteen ships of the line, seven light cruisers and fifty destroyers—surrendered to an armada of British, American and French vessels, the greatest fighting force that ever stood out to sea.

### AMERICANS HAILED AS DELIVERERS BY LUXEMBURG PEOPLE: PERSHING AT FRONT

American Commander-in-Chief  
Stands by Youthful Grand  
Duchess as Yankee Troops  
Marched Through Capital.

### SHOWER SOLDIERS WITH FLOWERS DURING MARCH

Germans Had Occupied Country  
for Four Years; Americans Will  
Remain Only Necessary Time  
and Will Follow Civil Law.

Washington, Nov. 22.—General Pershing's communique for Thursday says: "Headquarters American Expeditionary Forces, November 21. "Continuing its advance, the third army reached this evening the general line Vichem-Mersel-Saathage-Kontgen-Kattenhofen. During the afternoon our troops passed through the city of Luxembourg where they were welcomed as deliverers by the civilian population who showered them with flowers, and accompanied them in their march through the flag-decked streets."

### U. S. NAVAL STRENGTH WILL BE DOUBLED BY THREE YEAR PROGRAM SAYS BUILDING HEAD

Fleet Will Reach Huge Propor-  
tions by Year 1920; Twenty-four  
Dreadnaughts Will Make Uncle  
Sam's Fighting Force Notable.

### TOTAL NUMBER OF SHIPS WILL REACH NEARLY 800

Chief of Construction Division of  
Navy Indicates That America  
Will Have as Many Destroyers  
as England Can Boast.

Washington, Nov. 22.—America's navy strength will be about twice as great by 1922 as it was in 1917, the year the United States entered the world war, it was brought out today before the house naval committee in considering the 1920 naval appropriation bill. No comparative statement was given regarding capital ships, but the total number of all ships will be about 800 as compared with 359 in 1917.

### ENGLAND CONSIDERS WILHELM AS KAISER AND THINKS RETURN TO THRONE IS LIKELY

High Official in British Govern-  
ment Calls Attention to Fact  
That Ruler Renounced His  
Throne, Did Not Abdicate.

### ALLIES ARE FORCED TO REGARD THRONE AS HIS

Associated Governments Have Not  
Attempted to Extradite Him  
From Holland; All Hohenzollern  
Dynasty to Leave Germany.

London, Nov. 22.—The Daily Mail attributes as a "high official of the British government" the statement that "William Hohenzollern is still German emperor and king of Prussia as far as the British government is informed, and apparently is waiting for something to turn up."

### DUTCH NEWSPAPERS REALIZE DANGER IF KAISER IS ALLOWED TO REMAIN AS GUEST

Telegraph and Other Journals, in  
Dealing With Presence of De-  
posed Ruler, Advocate His Ex-  
pulsion From the Netherlands.

### HOHENZOLLERNS CAUSE DUTCH TO BE UNEASY

Moderate Newspaper Sees That  
Holland May Be Without Food  
if Former Emperor Is Not Hand-  
ed Over to Allied Powers.

London, Nov. 22.—Some of the Dutch newspapers have been dealing of late with the presence in the Netherlands of William Hohenzollern, the former German emperor, and the former crown prince. The Telegraaf and some of the other journals advocate the expulsion of the German personality.

Whatever satisfaction may be felt over the complete abasement of the Germans, no one not in their breed can fully grasp how men with a nation and a flag to fight for could yield so cravenly. One understands the contemptuous puzzlement of that officer aboard one of the American dreadnaughts who said: "Even the poor old Spaniards, knowing they had not a chance, came out of Santiago."

The minutely detailed program of submission laid down by the commander of the British fleet was carried out strictly according to plan. The German warships, strung out in a single column almost twenty miles long, appeared at the rendezvous at the appointed time, and were led into the Firth of Forth between two columns of allied ships which overtopped the Germans at each end. Tonight the enemy craft were anchored in the Firth, under guard as prisoners.

A surrender on such a grand scale has no precedent in naval history. Although the wonderful naval spectacle was the same in a general way, never was there such an enthusiastic and exalted little enthusiasm, the huge blotting out of the horizon, American and British officers could scarcely credit the existence of their own ships. It was an event which shattered all naval traditions and ideas.

Men animated by the spirit of Law-  
rence, "Don't give up the ship," said to such an infamous fate as that which the enemy's sea forces was with-  
standing on the deck of an American dreadnaught heard an out-  
cry.

Even the poor old Spaniards, knowing they had not a chance, came out of Santiago. The German is not given to taking chances. The Germans didn't think they were taking a chance when they started the war. They thought they simply couldn't lose. Infatuated with their own self glorification and the corrected flub-dub of their half-crazy kaiser, they never conceived a chance of defeat. If they had, they wouldn't have started fighting.

As you note with interest that Presi-  
dent Wilson has signed a bill which is designed to outlaw John Barleycorn in the United States from July 1 next until the demobilization of the army is completed, and rejoice in a good law, you have already noted an additional sign that booze will ultimately disappear utterly from civilized countries, bear in mind two things. First, that Uncle Sam, who has a well-deserved reputation for getting things done in record time, may get all the overseas forces back home and clean up the demobilization plans a good deal sooner after July 1 than many people expect. One thing you may be sure of, Uncle Sam will not stop up the return home of his boys to stretch their legs on an earlier date. He will keep the homecoming at the liveliest gait he can strike and leave it to the lawmakers and law enforcers to keep John Barleycorn from joining in the revels.

### GERMANS HAD LEFT CITY TWENTY-FOUR HOURS BEFORE LUXEMBURG

General Pershing, the American commander in chief, at her side, the youthful grand duchess of Luxembourg from the balcony of her palace watched the American troops march into her capital yesterday.

Twenty-four hours earlier the grand duchess had seen the long column of gray and German soldiers depart for their own country after the occupation of her daily for more than four years.

### DUTCH INTER-GERMAN MINE SLEEPING VESSELS

London, Nov. 22.—Twenty-seven mine sweeping vessels passed out of German possession on Monday, according to the Associated Press service from Amsterdam. They arrived in Dutch waters from Belgium and were interned.

### TWO HUN BATTLESHIPS ARE NOW BEING DISARMED

London, Nov. 22.—The German battleship Konig and the battle cruiser Mackensen, which, together with several other German vessels were permitted to be absent, are being disarmed under the supervision of Vice Admiral Browning of the British navy, who was sent to Germany for that purpose, according to the correspondents of the Daily Mail with the British fleet. The Konig has been in dock and could not be moved, while the Mackensen had not been completed.

### KAISER REPORTED ILL WITH SPANISH 'FLU'

London, Nov. 22.—William Hohenzollern is spending most of his time in bed in his retreat at Amersfoort, according to the Daily Express. The officers' sick bay, which he used as his joint study of the associated governments to extradite him.

### DESTINATION OF GERMAN DYNASTY NOT YET KNOWN

Amsterdam, Nov. 22.—All the members of the Hohenzollern dynasty will leave Germany in the near future, according to a Frankfurt dispatch to the Rotterdam Courant. Their destination, it adds, is not yet known.

### Belgian King Has Entered Brussels

London, Nov. 22.—King Albert and the Belgian government left Bruges Thursday night and were expected to make official entry into Brussels at 3 o'clock this afternoon, according to an Bruges Telegram dispatch from Bruges.

### Drys Quit World Prohibition Plan

Washington, Nov. 22.—No attempt will be made at this time to formulate a league of nations to work for world wide prohibition, it was stated by dry leaders participating in the world wide prohibition conference here. To undertake such at this time, it was pointed out, would be useless in view of the small representation of foreign countries occasioned by the world war.

### WILSON SENDS MESSAGE TO RETURNING LEADER

Washington, Nov. 22.—President Wilson has sent the following congratulatory telegram to King Albert of Belgium at Brussels: "At the moment that you re-enter Brussels at the head of your victorious army, may I not express the great joy that it gives me and to the American people to hail your return to your capital, marking your final triumph in this war which has cost your nation so much suffering but from which it will arise in new strength to a higher destiny."

### FOOD HEAD RESIGNS

London, Nov. 22.—John H. Clynes, the British food controller, it is understood, has resigned.

### MUNITION TRAINS EXPLODE CAUSING 2,000 CASUALTIES

Washington, Nov. 22.—An explosion of munition trains at the station of Hamont, Belgium, Thursday caused casualties estimated to be between 1,500 and 2,000, the highest and first death toll since the war began, according to a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam. The injured are being taken to Breda, Belgium, that the cause of the disaster was a fireball built by children, which struck two German munition trains nearby.

### LIFT COAL STORAGE LIMIT

Washington, Nov. 22.—Regulations limiting the amount of bituminous coal stored by consumers were lifted today by Fuel Administrator Gifford, in conformity with the declaration by the war industries board of its acceptance last.

### M'ADOO QUILTS RAILROAD AND TREASURY POSTS

Washington, Nov. 22.—William G. McAdoo has resigned office as secretary of the treasury and director general of railroads, to leave the treasury on the appointment of a successor and the railroad administration on January 1 next. It was announced tonight that he had asked President Wilson to relieve him now that the war is over so that he might return to private business after six years in office.

### ALLIED RULERS WILL VISIT PARIS DURING COMING PEACE MEET

President Wilson Expected to Arrive About December 12; Will Occupy Private Mansion in French Capital During Stay.

Paris, Nov. 22.—President Wilson is expected to arrive in Paris about December 12, according to information here today. Plans are being made for the entertainment of the American president as well as the allied rulers who will visit Paris in November and December.

The visits will begin at the end of this month with the arrival of King George and Queen Mary of Great Britain. King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium will come on December 3 to be followed by President Wilson.

It is understood that President Wilson will occupy a private mansion in the residential section of the capital. No plans for his entertainment had been announced except that he will be given a reception on his arrival by the municipal council. A commemorative medal will be presented to the president.

The arrival of the president is expected to be coincident with the resumption of the activities of the inter-allied conference. The peace congress will begin to take definite form.

### BELGIAN ROYALTY WILL ATTEND PEACE CONFERENCE

Paris, Nov. 22.—King George and Queen Mary of England are expected to arrive in Paris November 28. The executive committee of the municipal council has decided to organize important entrance festivities in connection with the visit of their majesties.

### STARTS K. OF C. BUILDING

London, N. M. Nov. 22.—Work has been started on a \$1,500,000 K. of C. building at the army hospital, Fort Bayard, N. M. It will cost \$1,500,000. A. E. Ware at Ft. Eben, government contractor at Fort Huachuca, has this contract also.

### OMSK COMP TO STOP ARMY POLITICS AND PREVENT UPRISINGS

Control of Bolsheviek Eruptions is Principal Aim of New Siberian Government with Admiral Kolchak as Its Dictator.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Cable dispatches to the Russian embassy today from Siberia throw a new light on the changes that took place recently in the all-Russian government of Omsk and brought to the front Admiral Kolchak as dictator. A group of three military officers, including Admiral Kolchak, and two prominent citizens of Omsk, Arzuff and Hopovsky. The coup, the object of which is not entirely clear, was attempted without knowledge of the government. It was promptly and emphatically disapproved by the government.

In order to prevent further irresponsible activities and to maintain the principle of firm governmental control, the cabinet of ministers urged emergency measures and issued a special decree authorizing Admiral Kolchak to take over the supreme power of the state. By this order the ministers were turned over at once for trial.

The aim of the authorities is to eradicate further illegal actions or Bolsheviek eruptions and the complete banishment of politics from the army.

Copenhagen, Nov. 22.—An all-Danish government composed of the general staff of the volunteer army has been formed at Klokkenbor with the object of re-establishing Russia on a Federalist principle, according to advice from King Ferdinand, Foreign Minister Sazonoff in foreign minister of the new government.

### RYAN QUITS WAR WORK

Washington, Nov. 22.—The resignation of John D. Ryan as director of air service and second assistant secretary of war, was announced today by Secretary Baker. Mr. Ryan will return to his private business.

Hamont in northeastern Belgium, directly east of Antwerp and a customs station on the Dutch-Belgian border. The main railway line from Antwerp to Mouscron runs through the town.

### Senate Will Not Oust LaFollette

Washington, Nov. 22.—Investigation of the alleged impropriety of Senator La Follette at St. Paul more than a year ago was abandoned today by the senate selection committee on a vote of 9 to 8.

Committee members said that, however much the speech of Senator La Follette on which the proceedings were brought might be deplored, there was no basis for expulsion from the senate. Senator Foreman of Ohio, chairman, and Senator Walsh of Montana, both democrats, voted against the motion. The senate will meet next week.

### Oust Receiver of Rock Island Road

New York, Nov. 22.—Walter C. Noyes was discharged as receiver of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad company today by United States Judge Mayer, who allowed a claim filed against the railroad by the Central Trust company for approximately \$8,750,000 in deficiency judgments with interest from January 15, 1915.

In his final administration account today Mr. Noyes showed a balance of \$1,242,000 for distribution to creditors. He was directed to turn over \$12,500 to the trust company as dividend money and to make other certain small payments.

### HUN CABINET CHANGE

Basel, Nov. 22.—Philipp Scheidegger has resigned as minister of finance in the new German government and his place has been taken by Herr F. Lamburg, secretary of public works, art and literature, according to a Berlin dispatch.

### Capt. Hall, Author, Out of Prison Camp

Paris, Nov. 22.—Among the American prisoners who reached Paris yesterday by way of Switzerland from German prison camps were Captain James Norman Hall of Colfax, La. Capt. Robert J. Brown of Minneapolis; Charles E. Colman of Boston and Henry C. Lewis of Philadelphia. All were attached to the American aviation service.

The aviators say they were relatively well treated in Germany and added that their rapid return to civilization was due chiefly to the unsettled conditions in Bavaria.