

ALBUQUERQUE MORNING JOURNAL

THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR
VOL. CXXXIV, No. 19

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1914.

Daily by Carrier or Mail 60c
a Month, Single Copies, 5c.

BOSTON BRAVES, PRIDE OF 'MIRACLE MAN,' BEAT ATHLETICS AND AMERICAN LEAGUE'S BEST TWIRLER

BENDER HIT SHARPLY AT OPPORTUNE TIMES BY ENEMY; RUDOLPH PUZZLE

Indian Twirler Pounded From Box in Sixth, First of Connie Mack's Pitchers Ever to Meet This Fate; Just to Show What They Can Do, Braves Get Run Off Wyckoff, Who Succeeds the Indian; Little Dick Rudolph's Slow Ball Causes Strongest Batting Aggregation in World, Normally, to Thresh Air in Vain Efforts to Hit Safely; Odds of Mackmen Shortened.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Philadelphia, Oct. 9.—Playing with the same sensational speed that marked their rush from last place to the position of pennant winners in the National league, the Boston Braves crushed the Philadelphia Americans here today in the first game of the world's series by a score of 7 to 1. Although the newly constructed baseball machine of "Miracle Man" Stallings wobbled once or twice, it never left the track and under the guiding hand of Pitcher Rudolph crashed through Connie Mack's champion Athletics, scattering dismay and disappointment in its trail.

The victory over the 2-to-1 American league favorites was well won, no lucky breaks or baseball flukes figuring in the defeat of the famous Mackmen clan. By sharp, heavy and timely hitting, the Braves piled up an offensive lead, which, coupled with Rudolph's sterling box work and the general defense of his teammates, left no opening through which the Philadelphia club's attack could penetrate.

Gowdy Clouts Out Double.

The Braves were first to score, putting two runs across in the second inning. Whitted walked and scored on Gowdy's double, who in turn came home on Maranville's drive to left center. The Athletics came back with a run in their half of the same inning when McInnis was passed and scored on Strunk's single, which Moran let slip through his fingers for three bases. In the fifth Gowdy tripled to center and came home on Maranville's short hit over McInnis' head. Boston clinched the game in the next inning, scoring three runs on Evers' single, Connolly's pass, Whitted's triple to right and Schmidt's single, which was too hot for Barry to hold. Just to show that they could hit other pitchers beside Bender, the Braves added another off Wyckoff in the eighth when Schmidt singled, went to third on Gowdy's one-base slash and stole home as Maranville fanned.

Weather Conditions Were Ideal for the play, the diamond and outfield being dry and fast while a warm sun shone overhead from the fleecy sky. The finishing touch of the afternoon picture when the Royal Rooters, Boston's organized rooting corps, marched into the park headed by their own band and waving red and blue pennants with the word "Braves" and an Indian head boldly outlined on the same. They even carried the idea further, for several of the leaders wore full Indian regalia, including feathered headdress and tomahawks.

Battle Song "Tessie" Sung.

The battle song, "Tessie," was sung repeatedly, and the three hundred members of the corps cheered each telling Boston hit or play and encouraged the team in the crucial periods during the second and seventh innings when Rudolph wavered for a moment under the strain. When the game ended the Royal Rooters paraded around the field, singing and snake dancing. They finally wound up in front of the Boston bench, cheering

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Oct. 9.—New Mexico: Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; cooler, possibly local rains.

The Day in Congress

SENATE.

Met at 11 a. m.
Began consideration of war revenue bill.
Conference report on Alaska coal land leasing bill called up.
Adopted resolution extending thanks of congress to A. B. C. mediators.
Recessed at 3:55 p. m. until 11 a. m. tomorrow.

HOUSE.

Met at noon.
Resumed debate on Philippine bill.
Judiciary sub-committee formally agreed to drop investigation of charges against Associate Justice Daniel T. Wright of District of Columbia supreme court, who has resigned.
Representative Henry introduced compromise cotton loan bill.
Without completing Philippine bill, adjourned at 5:10 p. m. until noon tomorrow.

Crowd of Fans Follows Game on Score Board

Nearly 500 fans saw the Braves beat the Athletics in the first game of the world's championship series yesterday afternoon on the Journal's score board.

They followed the game play by play, cheering when a favorite rapped Chief Bender or Dick Rudolph for extra bases, and when Johnny Evers and Eddie Collins pulled off a sensational hit of fielding.

The enthusiastic crowd demonstrated once more that Albuquerque's population has a goodly percentage of fans, despite its distance from the big league circuits.

The report of the game began coming over the Journal's leased wire from the Associated Press at noon yesterday. It will start at the same time today.

The wire will be open an hour before the actual starting of the game, local time, however, and the batteries and preliminary bulletins of the second game will be received from 11 o'clock this morning on.

FARMER KIDNAPED BY TWO IOWA BANDITS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Des Moines, Oct. 9.—Two unmasked automobile bandits, each carrying a revolver, kidnaped Charles Ashworth, a wealthy Polk county farmer, today in broad daylight and not twenty feet from the main street of Valley Junction, a suburb of Des Moines. Ed Wagner, a business man, broke away from the robbers and made his escape after they had relieved him of a \$1,000 diamond ring, his watch and all the money he had.

The bandits stopped Wagner and Ashworth in an alley back of the former's saloon. They demanded \$10,000 from Wagner and \$1,000 from Ashworth.

Sheriff's deputies are searching for the kidnapers and Ashworth tonight.

BELGIANS NEAR STARVATION IN BRUSSELS CITY

Protest is Lodged at State Department Against Alleged Cruelties of German Army.

BELGIANS PROTEST TO NEUTRAL GOVERNMENTS

London, Oct. 9 (7:55 p. m.)—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company says:

"The Belgian government has addressed to the neutral powers a vehement protest against the action of Germany in monopolizing all the foodstuffs found in Brussels and its environs, thereby reducing the native population to famine."

First Athletic Reunion.

Entered in world's series the National champions have won bravely in their initial conflict and in winning established a new record, for with their bats they drove Chief Bender, the Athletics' surest-novice pitcher, to the bench, a feat no other club ever achieved against one of Connie Mack's twirlers in a world's series.

Fully 25,000 spectators saw the downfall of the Athletics and while the defeat shortened the odds in the betting it has not shaken the faith of the average local fan in the ability of the Mackmen to come from behind. The official attendance figures gave the paid admissions as 20,562 while close to 5,000 additional spectators must have witnessed the play from points of vantage surrounding Shibe park. The gate receipts amounted to \$49,639, of which the National commission took \$4,963.90; the players, \$26,802, and the clubs, \$17,870.19.

In the distribution of individual honors the lion's share was due in great part to the mastery manipulation of the ball by the Boston club emerged victor in the first game of the series. With the exception of two short periods during the contest he had perfect control of his delivery and a hypnotizing effect on the Athletic batters. He mixed speed, curves and slow balls in a bewildering fashion, cutting the corners of the plate and feeding his opponents his flatter when danger threatened. It was this slow, deceptive delivery that proved the Mackmen's undoing, for they are weak on this service and Rudolph was at his best in this respect today.

Athletic Fans Astonished.

Bender, who opened for the home club, appeared unusually weak against the Braves, and once they had seen his offerings they took liberties with his delivery that astonished the thousands of Athletic supporters who thronged the stands. Sizzling singles, doubles and triples rang off their bats, flashing over or through the infield until at last Connie Mack signalled the Chief to give way to Wyckoff, and thus broke the record of never having removed a pitcher from a world's series. Collins withdrew from the box in 1911 series against the Giants was due to an injury and not to any faltering in his pitching.

After the contest Manager Mack said that Bender did not seem to be without completing Philippine bill, adjourned at 5:10 p. m. until noon tomorrow.

RUSSIANS SAY GERMANS MAKE LAST STAND IN EASTERN FIELD

Important Railroad Center in Suwalki Neighborhood Is Threatened by Victorious Armies of Czar.

GREAT BATTLE ABOUT CRACOW NOT ON YET

Muscovite Assaults Have Shaken Enemy's Resistance; Pzemyśl Entrenchments Reported Taken.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Petrograd, Oct. 9 (via London).—Russian observers of the campaign along the Prussian frontier express the opinion today that the Germans who were driven back during the fighting of the last three days are now concentrating their forces in three defensive positions to the west and northwest of Suwalki in a desperate effort to protect Margrabowa, an important railroad center fifteen miles north of Lyck, which commands lines of communication in all directions and the loss of which would, it is argued here, preclude further German activity in this region.

German Retreat Continues.

In spite of the difficulty of attack on account of the chain of lakes and the wretched roads, the Russian assaults have, according to Petrograd newspapers, shaken the German resistance at this important point. The enemy, in a movement amounting to a retreat, has withdrawn its sloop guns and other artillery from Bakalarzowa, almost as far as Margrabowa, (Bakalarzowa is ten miles northeast of Margrabowa and fifteen miles west of Suwalki).

The military expert of the Novo Vremya said that in this move the Germans have lost their last trump in the game along the east Prussian frontier.

The capture of Austrian entrenchments at Przemysl is regarded here as the most important step up to the present time in the series of actions in this vicinity to which alternate bombardments and gradually advanced trenches have given the character of a regular siege.

There is no confirmation here up to the present time or reports of the commencement of the expected tremendous battle in Poland.

BERLIN REPORT SAYS RUSSIANS ARE DEFEATED

London, Oct. 9 (10:59 p. m.)—The following official statement has been received by wireless from Berlin by the Marconi company:

"The Austrian general staff announces the complete break-up of the Russian invasion of Hungary. The recent attacks on Przemysl were repulsed with terrible loss to the enemy. The defense of the fort is being conducted by the garrison with the greatest skill.

The Russians have been cleared from the Carpathians to the western ridge of Wyzkow. The Austrian troops have retaken the Marmaros Sziel, Hungary.

There is nothing to report from the east Prussian frontier.

The Norwegian steamer Modig, carrying 1,800 tons of coal from England to Russia, has been captured by a German torpedo boat and brought into Swineunde.

German banks state that applications for participation in the German war loan have been received from neutral countries."

AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT READY TO QUIT VIENNA

London, Oct. 9 (10:05 p. m.)—A Central News dispatch from Rome says:

"The Innsbruck (Austrian) correspondent of the Messagero, states that the imperial palace and other public buildings there are being prepared as quarters for the court and ministers in event of the transfer of the capital."

70,000 GERMANS HELD PRISONERS OF WAR

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Paris, Oct. 9 (10 p. m.)—The government is assembling exact information regarding the identity of 70,000 German prisoners now in French hands, with the object of exchanging this data with the German authorities for similar facts regarding French prisoners.

The French ministry of war has issued regulations under which money may be sent from France to French prisoners in Germany and also from Germany to German prisoners in France through the Swiss postal administration.

Changes Capital Again.

Mexicali, Lower California, Oct. 9.—Mexicali will become the capital of Lower California, according to an announcement by Governor Ballazar Aviles, received here today. Aviles stated that Mexicali was a better strategic point and said he would bring his entire force from Ensenada, including fifty troops and ten military officials to take occupation immediately.

Summary of War News of Yesterday

The war chancelleries of the allies and the Germans have not seen fit to lift the curtain of secrecy high enough for the public to obtain an insight into the conditions which prevail along the battle line in France.

There is nothing to report," the French war office says, "except that there has been a lively engagement in the region of Roire, where in the last two days we have captured 1,600 prisoners."

That is all. From the British and Germans come nothing.

Of the situation in the east the Austrian general staff, in a dispatch coming by way of Berlin, reported a break-up of the Russian invasion in Hungary and said that the Russian emperor's forces had been cleared from a portion of the Carpathians.

The Russians, in their turn, asserted that near the East Prussian frontier, in Russian Poland, they were still pressing the Germans hard and at several points had gained successes over them.

While one morning newspaper has been informed on "good authority," that Antwerp has fallen, neither the British official press bureau nor the Belgian minister are able to confirm the report. The last advice from Belgium had the Germans still hammering away with their artillery against Antwerp. One dispatch said two hundred big German guns were in operation there. Ostend advised reported thousands of refugees arriving in that city.

A Berlin dispatch says that King Albert of Belgium, who has been reported to have left Antwerp at the head of a portion of his troops, has been slightly wounded.

British aeroplanes again have visited Dusseldorf, Germany. A British official report says an aerial squadron succeeded in blowing up a Zeppelin airship staid in Dusseldorf and destroying a dirigible balloon in it. The three aviators engaged in the raid escaped but lost their machines.

Austria has temporarily lifted the customs duties on corn, flour and vegetables.

Belgium has protested to the Washington government against Germany's alleged action in commandeering all food supplies in Brussels and "reducing the native population to famine."

It is believed in Washington that Capt. Leveret Coleman, who has been in Europe with the American relief commission, will be called upon by the war department to explain statements attributed to him in New York concerning the German army's fighting abilities and commissariat and alleged atrocities committed by the German troops.

STREET CAR STRIKE TIES UP MEXICO CITY

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Mexico City, Oct. 9.—Transportation facilities in the capital were paralyzed tonight as a result of the strike of cabmen and street car employees.

The strikers today rejected an offer of a 10 per cent increase in wages. They demand a 100 per cent increase, an eight-hour day and recognition of the union.

The strikers held a mass meeting tonight and later paraded the principal streets of the city. There were no disorders.

BRITISH RED CROSS IS EXPELLED FROM BELGIUM

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Copenhagen (via London, Oct. 10, 3:05 a. m.)—Thirty British doctors and 120 nurses belonging to the British Red Cross society, who were turned out of Brussels, Belgium, after sixty of the party had been imprisoned for thirty-six hours in a railway station, arrived here on Friday.

The trip from Brussels through Germany, occupied three days. After two days' stay in Copenhagen, the party will proceed to London.

FALL OF ANTWERP REPORTED IN LONDON NEWSPAPERS, BUT UNCONFIRMED OFFICIALLY; A TERRIFIC BOMBARDMENT

ROSENDAAL SEES FLAMES FROM BURNING CITY, SET ON FIRE BY INCENDIARY SHELLS OF GERMANS

Fearful Cannonading Is Continued, With Scarcely an Intermission, by Great Guns of Kaiser Brought Up to Reduce to Ruins and Ashes Last Position. Except Ostend, Held by Belgian Government; Thousands of Refugees Flee to England; Operations in France Are Reported as Progressing Without Decisive Advantage to Either Allies or Invaders; Russians and Austrians Each Assert Successes in Contradictory Statements.

LONDON, OCT. 10 (2:37 a. m.)—The Morning Post says that it has been informed by a good authority that Antwerp has fallen.

The official press bureau says it is unable to confirm the foregoing.

LONDON, OCT. 10 (2:10 a. m.)—The Daily Telegraph's Rotterdam correspondent, telegraphing Friday, says:

"A more hopeful view prevails here regarding Antwerp. Refugees from that city declare that not a single German soldier has yet entered Antwerp."

LONDON, OCT. 10 (2:40 a. m.)—Count de la Laing, Belgian minister to Great Britain, says he has received no confirmation of the reported fall of Antwerp.

LONDON, OCT. 10 (3:01 a. m.)—"Every sign indicates that Antwerp is falling," the Daily Chronicle's Antwerp correspondent says in a dispatch dated Tuesday. "It is possible the town will be surrendered."

"The main streets are deserted but there are 20,000 panicky people on the quays and around the railroad station waiting to leave.

"The town is in flames throughout the southern section and no attempt is being made to quench them."

The Daily Chronicle's Rosendaal, Holland, correspondent under date of Friday, says the situation in Antwerp is critical, and that the town is virtually deserted, except for the Belgian troops.

"Every house here," the correspondent continues, "is packed to the roof with refugees, and other refugees are camping around the railroad stations. Antwerp's civil guard was disbanded on Wednesday."

LONDON, OCT. 10 (3:08 a. m.)—According to the latest advices the Belgians made a successful sortie from Antwerp which resulted in the capture of three thousand Germans and forced the enemy to recross the river Nethe, abandoning their guns at Linth.

Antwerp, Oct. 9 (1 p. m., via London, Oct. 10, 6 a. m.)—It is reported that the German infantry has penetrated into the suburbs through a breach in Fort Berchem. The bombardment has temporarily stopped.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
London, Oct. 9 (10:10 p. m.)—Belgium once again is the center of military interest, for not only is her army battling for its life behind the fortress of Antwerp, but the long battle line in France has struggled northward until it has crossed her frontier at Armentieres and may yet join the beleaguered Belgians.

According to a German report received by wireless from Berlin this evening, railway and telegraphic communication with Antwerp is interrupted. It was reported also that the king of the Belgians had been slightly wounded.

Portion of City Destroyed.

The severing of communications had been expected, for the Germans had been directing their attacks at points of ingress to and egress from the city, and at the same time dropping shells into the town itself. A portion of the town is reported to have been destroyed. The 42-centimeter guns made short work of the great Brabant forts, and lesser ones are now engaged in destroying the city which, under the provisions of The Hague convention, was given due notice before the bombardment began.

Extent of Damage Unknown.

The extent of the damage done in the city is not known for the only accounts available concerning the bombardment are from persons who watched it from a distance. That the fighting is desperate, there can be no doubt, for the Belgian army, driven from the first line of forts, took up good positions behind the second line prepared to offer desperate opposition to the advance of the besiegers.

Cannot Avoid Shell Fire.

The defenders, however, even in their well protected entrenchments, are said to be unable to avoid the shell fire, which is described as terrific and which is said to fall always in the right spot. The Zeppelin airships too, have played their part in the fray, and bombs from them add to the terror. It is reported that one of these airships was brought down last night, but the statement originated from a person who said he saw it from a distance.

Advance Like Prairie Fire.

The German advance through the gan which they had opened in the southeastern section of the line of forts has been likened to a prairie fire which devoured every village and building in its path. The Germans also have forced three passages of the river Scheldt between Ghent and Termonde, their object being to prevent the Belgian army from breaking through and escaping by the narrow strip of Belgian territory between the Scheldt and that portion of Holland which stretches along the coast west of the estuary.

Position Is Desperate.

How long the Belgians can hold out against this attack from two sides, which has continued since Wednesday, no one offers to conjecture. The Belgians hope, however, that their field army can withstand the Germans until the allied armies, advancing from the south, force the Germans to withdraw.

Meanwhile, there is great anxiety regarding the combatants remaining in Antwerp. Thousands of refugees from the city and surrounding country are arriving in Holland and England.

Already there are a half million Belgians in Holland, and two or three thousand are arriving daily in England, coming by way of Ostend. Many of these are penniless and dependent on the charity of the peoples of the countries to which they are fleeing. Some wounded also are arriving in England.

Refugees By Thousands.

King Albert, it is believed, is among those who have left Antwerp. An unconfirmed report says the queen and members of the royal family have gone to Ostend. The king's reported departure to Schezate, near the Dutch frontier, would, it is explained, be consistent with the report that the Germans with the report that the Belgians have forced passages of the Scheldt between Termonde and Wateren, for the king always kept in