The Sun.

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THE SAFE BURGLARY JOB.

REASONS FOR POSTPONING THE TRIAL OF BENTON.

A Physician's Certificate of his Illness Forcing the Bankrupts Indications of Judge Humphrey's Impartiality.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The Criminal Court room in the City Hall was crowded this morning an hour before the regular time for opening the court. There was but one topic among the members of the bar and the spectators, "Will Benton be here?" The opinion was freely expressed that he not only would not put in an appearance today, but that he would never appear in this District. Mr. Biddle, the counsel for the Government in the safe burglary cases, was in the court room, having returned late last night from his summer vacation. His partner, Mr. Miller, was by his side. They both maintained the strictest reticence and manifested no disposition to join in the general conversation, which was lively between the bar officers and spectators within the bar. The accomplice of Benton, the brazen-faced Harrington, was long in about the court room, his face wreathed with a smile, but the bandage over his nose which he hung his head so much as to hide it. Harrington looked up to Mr. Biddle. The conversation between the two lasted for some time, and it was evident that Harrington felt the situation in which he was placed much more than he might have been under a show of innocence.

At 10 o'clock Presiding Judge, the Hon. D. C. Humphrey, took his seat, Harrington took up his position near Mr. Biddle. The clerk opened the court by reading the usual proclamation, and then announced that the first case on the docket for today was No. 67, United States vs. William Benton.

MR. BIDDLE'S BENEFIT.

Mr. L. C. Bluemner said and said that he represented the accused, Benton; that he was associated with Mr. P. Somerville of New York, who was present in the house. Then counsel was in court this morning, but he had received a telegram from Somerville the following extract: "Tell the Judge I am very sorry, but I am sick in bed and cannot be present in court. Benton will be there."

New York, Sept. 2, 1874.

Mr. Bluemner, Washington:

Tell Judge Humphrey I am very sorry for my absence, but I am suffering from an attack of cholera morbus, and it is impossible for me to be present. Benton will be there. Tell the Judge I am not sick.

P. SOMERVILLE.

Mr. Bluemner said that he was ready to show that Mr. Somerville was sick, and that he was ready to show that Benton is alive and well, and that he would be forthcoming at any time. Counsel had not heard from Benton since last Friday, but two days before that he was in good health. He had stated to counsel that he was assured that his client will not run away.

The Court said that the case could be set for sentence if it was for the Court to take exception to the sufficiency of the indictment, but it was not, and in good faith. He noted, however, that it omitted to state whether there was a prospect of an early recovery. This was a case in which it might be best to make a short sentence, at the same time there were other cases of the same character, and he was not prepared to say that it would be best to set an early day.

Mr. Biddle said that some particular day might be more convenient for him.

The Court said Tuesday week will be the 15th.

Mr. Harrington put in: "There are two cases set for that day, Mr. Biddle. I have been informed that the United States commissioner has issued a warrant stating that the Grand Jury intend to find and presented an indictment against me for complicity in the safe robbery, and then with the defiant boldness and cool impudence of Mr. Biddle I was arrested by the Marshal and I have been in jail ever since. I want this matter put in a formal shape be tried and arrange the evidence. The latter will be turned over to the Attorney General for Mr. Biddle, who is informed about the immediate indictment of all the above named persons.

Mission of People's State Convention.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 3.—The People's State Convention is now nearly and day completing their ticket, which is as follows: For Governor, William Gentry of Pike county; Lieutenant Governor, Hudson of Cole county; Secretary of State, E. C. Bates of Gasconade county; Treasurer, Hiram Phillips of St. Louis county; Attorney-General, Lewis Hanks of Jackson county; Railroad Commissioner, Lewis Sherry of Lincoln county; Superintendent of Public Instruction, John Monroe of Boone county; Lieutenant Governor, Lewis Houck, short term.

EVENTS OF THE TURF.

Finishing up Wednesday's Race at Adelaide and Mary A. Whitney the Winner—Mr. McKeever Fined by the Judges.

The sport for the third day of the Goshen Park meeting commenced with the unfinished races of Wednesday. The 2:40 class were first called, and all except Rescue declared responded. May Bird won the heat and race in 2:30. Phil. O'Neil, Jr., second, Lady Brown third, and Lucy White fourth. The judges awarded Black Crook second money, Lady Brown third, and Phil. O'Neil, Jr., fourth money.

The 2:21 class was next called, and Curtis, Molsey, and Berkshire Boy came to the score. Curtis won the heat and race in 2:22½, M. Bay coming in second and Berkshire Boy third. The judges awarded second money to Molsey, third to Berkshire Boy, and fourth to Turcoman.

The appointed programme for the day consisted of two trotting for horses that have never beaten 2:30, and for the 2:28 class. In the former there were sixteen entries and eleven starters. In the pools Stevens was the favorite before the start at $40, Adelaide, $50; field, $20. For the second Mary A. Whitney sold at $150, the field bringing $100. For the race there were seven entries, of which five showed at the call.

Promptly at 2 o'clock the bell rang up the 2:30 class. Gray Dan was awarded the pole. At the second trial they got away, Gray Dan ahead, Hickory second, and so trotted to the wall, the others strung out. Gray Dan trotted well until the stretch was reached, when he broke, and Stevens won the heat by a neck in 2:30½, Nellie Rutherford and Emilie C. distanced. In the second heat there was a good send off, Gray Dan on the lead, Stevens second. At the half, Adelaide first, Stevens second, Dan third. At the finish Adelaide made a splendid brush from the three-quarter pole, and came home winner of the heat in 2:25½, Lady Sill second, Hickory third.

The third heat Gray Dan on the lead, Hickory went to the front, Adelaide second, Lady Sill third at the quarter. At the half Adelaide ahead by three lengths, Lady Sill second. Adelaide won the heat in 2:28, Lady Sill second, Hickory third.

In the fourth heat complaint was made to the judges that the driver of Lady Sill was pulling his mare, and not driving to win. Hiram Howe was put in his place. The horses went off at the first trial. Stevens took the lead, and Hickory second, all the way to the stretch, whence there was a tip and tuck to the finish, Stevens winner, which Stevens passed by a throat latch ahead, winning the heat in 2:40, Hickory second, Lady Sill third, Andrew drawn.

In the fifth heat, before the start, Gentle Annie was withdrawn, reducing the number to seven starters. After considerable scoring they got the word, with Stevens on the lead, the first to a bunch, making the spokes rattle. Hickory went to the front before the half mile, with Lady Sill second. At the three-quarter pole Hickory was six lengths ahead, and won the heat by two lengths in 2:40, Lady Sill second, Gray Dan third.

In the sixth heat Hickory got the best in the send off, and led four lengths to the quarter. Adelaide second. At the half mile Adelaide ahead one length, and kept her lead up the stretch, winning the heat and race by two lengths in 2:38, Hickory second, Gray Dan third.

In the third heat of the 2:28 class Annie Collins had the pole. On the third trial they got the word. Whitney settled the lead and took the pole. At the half mile Whitney led three lengths, the others in a string. On entering the stretch Daniels tackled the leader. Whitney broke, and Daniels came home under the lines winner in 2:29½, Whitney second, Lady Byron third horse. In the second heat they got off with Whitney in the lead, Daniels well up. At the half mile Whitney still in the lead by a length; at the three-quarter pole Whitney led half a length, and won the heat in 2:29½, Daniels second, Annie Collins third. For the third heat only four started, Berkshire Boy being drawn. After four trials they were sent off with Daniels in the lead and Lady Byron second. At the half mile Daniels led six lengths, Whitney second, going at a rattling gait, and she won the heat after a close brush by a length in 2:31, Lady Byron second, Annie Collins third. In the fourth heat Whitney in the lead, Daniels soon went to the front, but Daniels was winner, followed by Whitney, who led half ten lengths, with a fine burst of speed. Daniels soon tired and fell to the rear. Whitney came home winner of the heat and race in 2:31 Annie Collins second, Lady Byron third. Lady Byron second money, Annie Collins third money. George B. Daniels distanced for running.

The judges expelled James Mokes for using disrespectful language because they had distanced George B. Daniels.

Three Races in Mystic Park Yesterday—The Prime Favorite Again Beaten

BOSTON, Sept. 3.—The Mystic Park races were continued to-day in presence of a throng. The first race was for three-minute horses and had seven starters, viz: Essex, Lady Vandiceff, Falmouth Boy, Unknown, Cataract, Wellesley Boy, and Emperor. The first heat was won by Falmouth Boy, but the rest the horses were in the easiest manner possible by the favorite, Wellesley Boy.

The second race was for 2:26 horses, and the starters were Mambrino Gift, H. W. Genet, Commonwealth, Fred. Hooper, Lady Banker, and Joker. In the pools Hooper sold before the start for $50; Mambrino Gift, $35; Genet, $5; the field, $15. He proved to be a severe fall for the knowing ones, as Mambrino Gift won all the heats, and Hooper and the others from the start, winning in three straight heats.

The third trotting race was the last on the card, and of the five teams entered for it two started, viz: Tom Carpenter's b. g. Joe Clark, and the ch. m. Mollie Morris, owned by D. B. Woods and D. Carte N. It was also a walk over for Carpenter's team, Lady Woodson the other team being withdrawn at the last moment, although something for nothing was well.

First Race.—Mambrino Gift.

Fifteen Minute Class, Purse $300.			
Lady Banker	1	1	1
Commonwealth	2	2	2
Joker	3	3	3
Fred Hooper	4	4	4
Time—2:37, 2:37½, 2:37½.			
Second Race—Mambrino Gift.			
Purse $300, for horses that have never beaten 2:30.			
Mambrino Gift	1	1	1
Fred Hooper	2	2	2
Commonwealth	3	3	3
Joker	4	4	4
Time—2:28½, 2:28½, 2:28½.			
Third Race—For double teams; purse $2,000; mile heats.			
Carpenter's b. g. Joe Clark and ch. m. Mollie Morris	1	1	1
Woodson's b. g. Lady Woodson and b. m. Carte N.	2	2	2
Time—2:40, 2:40, 2:40.			

THE REBUKE FROM VERMONT.

Judge Poland Defeated by over Twelve Hundred Votes.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 3.—The Springfield *Republican* has returns from about a dozen of the county towns in the Second Congressional District of Vermont, which look up as follows: Poland, regular Republican, 5,166; Denison, Young Republican, 3,854; Davenport, Democrat, 1,581; scattering enough for Wead, the Greenback candidate, 65; Denison's plurality over Poland, 1,288; Davenport's vote falls far short of Denison's plurality. Twenty towns to hear from give Poland 1,865; Davenport, 1,325; Wead, 65; Denison's plurality over Davenport, 2,855; Wead, 65; Davenport, 482. Eighteen towns in Windham county give Poland 1,865, Denison 2,295, Wead 65, Davenport 482. Twenty-one towns in Windham county give Poland 2,525, Denison 2,295, Wead 65, Davenport 482. Seventy-one towns, being all but ten in the district, give Poland 5,525, Denison 6,588, Wead, 542, Davenport and scattering 2,014; Denison over Poland 1,063.

The results for offices in the District, a majority being required to an election, are the first trial at the next trial a plurality will elect.

A Ship's Crew Prostrated with Yellow Fever.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The Signal Office in this city is in receipt of information that the brig Gitana from Havana came in sight of the station at Cape Henry Thursday afternoon, and reported her captain and twelve of the crew dead from yellow fever, and nearly all the remainder of the crew prostrated with the same disease. The signal station telegraphed to Norfolk for assistance, and the revenue cutter Colfax came to look for the sick and bring them to port. Health Officer Horse and Lynn Haven have been ordered to assist.

A Democratic Victory in Wyoming.

CHEYENNE, W. T., Sept. 3.—The election returns are nearly all in and give Steele, Democrat, a majority of between 500 and 600, re-electing him as delegate by double the majority that he received two years ago. The Democratic ticket has been generally successful throughout the Territory.

THE CHARITY BOY'S DEATH.

AN INSIDE VIEW OF THE FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY.

Facts in Giuseppe Vandiver's Case—Conclusion of the Testimony—A Story of Collecting and Improper Treatment—The Verdict of the Coroner's Jury.

The Coroner's inquest in the case of Giuseppe Vandiver, who died after a whipping given by Charles H. Barnard in the Five Points House of Industry, was continued yesterday before Coroner Croker.

The first witness, Dr. Dwight B. Hunt of 50 West Twenty-ninth street, testified that he was consulting physician of the Five Points House of Industry. On the night of Aug. 25 he was called to the institution to see a child. He found the child in the second physician, who told him it was a case of cerebro-spinal meningitis. Witness had seen the child on previous occasions, having had several discussions of a watery nature; took the part of was being a stupid condition; took the child to the hospital of the institution, the temperature was reported at either 104 or 106; after getting the history, examined the boy. I found him in a state of collapse; cold; pulse so low as to be almost gone; could detect a pulse but could not count it as it was weak and fluttering. Inquired what the treatment had been. Found it had been camphor, brandy and milk, and friction. Continued the camphor and ordered aconite. I mixture of aconite, etc. I drops in twenty-eight teaspoonfuls of water, one teaspoonful to be given every fifteen minutes as a tonic with the brandy and milk. Acted on the continuance of the friction and then left, purposing to return in the afternoon. Considered the case to be one of severe shortness, and that that was the cause of the collapse. Heard nothing at that time of the child being cupped, nor of a cold bath being administered. Aconite would produce the condition of collapse in a healthy person, and on the homeopathic principle would administer it in cases of collapse. Thinks four or five watery discharges might produce a collapse. Should think washing with cold water in a state of exhaustion would probably produce the condition. Vandiver was in the case of a child suffering from severe catarrhus, a severe threatening illness. Would not consider it safe to administer a bath. Would consider fright or shock the producing cause. A fright with pipes would not produce such a collapse. Aconite in doses of a teaspoonfuls would produce a decided degree of intoxication, weakness. It would also have an effect on diarrhœa. Did not see the patient after leaving him. Heard of a physician being called in. Inquiry was made of the institution since. Dr. Dos Santos, Dr. Smith, Dr. Hodgen, and Dr. Coleman are also consulting physicians. Should think a flogging of five or six blows would not produce collapse. Warmth about the body would be necessary for reactivity. Would not consider it safe to administer a bath. The effect of taking the child away with bare feet, as described, would be to retard recovery. The bath room in the Five Points House of Industry is in the ground story. It has a cement flooring and two or three windows. Believe it is the habit to take the children there to bathe them. Never saw older school washing children when sitting up from the diarrhœa for half change. Have seen children in the hospital, but they were sent there when in that condition. Do not consider the bath room perfectly safe for the purpose for which it is used, on account of the dampness. Have seen children coming out of the wards in a state of collapse, and have seen them in New York hospitals. Have seen children in a state of collapse from the effects of a bath. Have seen children in the institution than on other days on account of visits of the parents and their gifts of wine, brandy, etc. They also have other food which produces the collapse. I think cold baths and not washing was the cause. Don't think whipping had any effect. Should think it would very seldom be a sufficient cause. Should think it would be a very severe punishment for a child of three years of age. Should think it would be a severe punishment for a child of three years of age. Should think it would be a severe punishment for a child of three years of age. Should think it would be a