A PAGE OF AMERICAN WAR NEWS

AMERICAN TROOPS WIN HIGH PRAISE FROM CLEMENCEAU

Judge Wadhams Chuckles as He Tells of Firing Big Gun at Germans.

Georges Clemenceau, Premier of France, looking at the American soldiers in France, said to Judge William H. Wadhams of New York:

"These are the finest body of soldiers I ever saw."

And that was before the marines had started making history.

For three months Judge Wadhams has been absent from the Court of General Sessions. He went to France and England on behalf of the Society of Soldiers' Families in America. He has just returned.

"And I brought with me thousands of personal messages from American soldiers to their relatives here," he told the reporters to-day. "I'll be busy for a long time delivering the messages."

"I don't have to tell you," he went on, "that the American troops are in fine ships and chock full of fight, but what I do want to say is that we in America have got to do our share—more than we have been doing—to back those boys up. Their morale depends on us."

Judge Wadhams chuckled as he made one little confession that wouldn't be a chuckling matter at all for him if the Germans could catch him.

"I was standing by one of the French 75's that was supporting the old 69th," he said. "While I was chatting with the gunners a message came saying that a certain spot in the German lines needed attention. And I don't mind saying that I had the honor and privilege of giving that spot the attention it needed. The 75 is some gun."

"But, Judge," said a reporter, "don't you know that makes you franc tireur and that the Germans would stand you up against a stone wall and shoot you if they could?"

"They cant," the Judge said, and chuckled again. And kept on chuckling even when he was reminded how lucky he was that a submarine had not captured him on his way home.

As for being shot, Judge Wadhams did take a chance on that. He was under fire three times when he visited the front line, crawling from shell hole to shell hole, lying flat on his judicial stomach when the shells were too inquisitive.

Judge Wadhams went first to London, where he made some speeches; then to France. He visited Rheims and saw what barbarian shells had done to the Cathedral. "The grim determination of England and the splendid gallantry of the French," he said, "are beyond all praise."

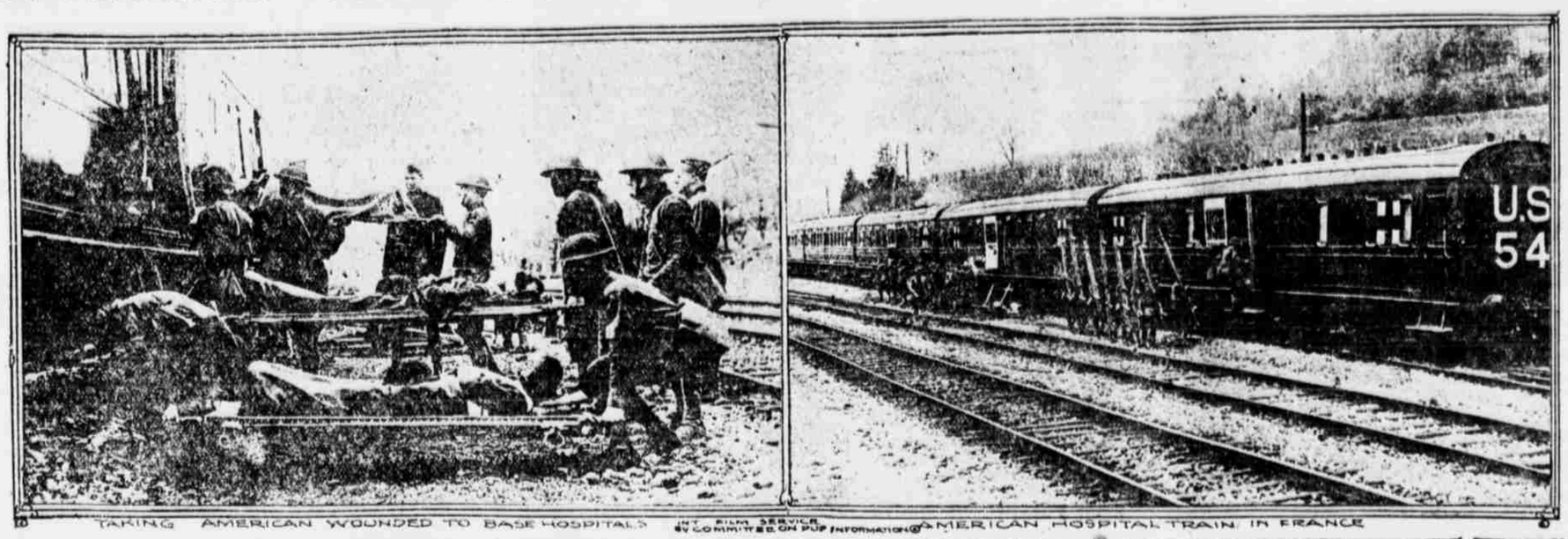
SERGEANT KILLS HIMSELF.

Camp Dix Soldier Ends Life While Home on Furlough.

Sergt. Walter D. Reese, member of the Engineering Company at Camp Dix, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head at his home in Westfield, N. J., last night. No reason for the act is known, as the sergeant had been cheerful throughout the day and before going to his room to take his life had been playing with children at his home.

Sergt. Reese had just returned on a twenty-four-hour furlough. He was twenty-four years old.

HOW AMERICA'S WOUNDED SOLDIERS ARE BEING TRANSPORTED TO HOSPITALS IN FRANCE



TAKING AMERICAN WOUNDED TO BASE HOSPITALS INT. FILM SERVICE BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC INFORMATION AMERICAN HOSPITAL TRAIN IN FRANCE

'TELL MOTHER,' FIRST WORDS OF WOUNDED U. S. SOLDIERS; 'SAY THAT I HAVE MADE GOOD'

Thoughts of Home Buoy Them Up in Hospitals—New York Sergeant Has Chin Strap Snot Off.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMIES ON THE MARNE, June 10 (United Press).—The spirit of the mothers of America hangs over the Marne, as the marines, machine gunners, infantrymen and artillerymen fight to save Paris and turn the tide in the most critical moment of the war.

It is of the mothers the men in line are thinking. It is to the mothers that messages from the wounded are being sent. The chaplain leans over the incoming stretchers and asks the soldier if he wants a message sent. The first words of the reply almost always are, "Tell mother"——

One boy, who was seriously wounded, said:

"I've been a sort of wanderer for the past six years. I guess the folks thought I was good for nothing. But now I wish you would write mother for me and just tell her I made good."

Thoughts of what their mothers would have them do have buoyed them up in the hospitals, as these same thoughts have made them the terrors of the Marne.

The marines have made all their attacks with full packs, weighing thirty pounds. These packs were shot clean off the backs of some, with the bearer escaping entirely or with only a slight flesh wound.

A sergeant from New York had the chin strap of his tin hat shot off and he only received a slight cut on the face. There are marvels in tin hats among the men who participated in these fights. Some of them had been pierced by machine gun bullets without the wearer being touched. Others had their rims fairly ripped off and their crowns dented like eggshells. In most cases the wearers got only a slight scalp wound, if anything.

The similarity in color between the marine and the Boche uniform is giving the enemy an opportunity for trickery by cutting off the shoulder straps of their own uniforms. The straps have a red line near the edge and regimental numbers, also in red. When they are removed it is hard to tell the Boche uniform from that of the marines.

English-speaking Germans, with their shoulder straps thus removed, endeavor to get into the American lines by crying, as they advance: "Don't shoot! We're marines!"

The marines are intensely keyed up. The wounded remonstrate strongly against being shunted into a hospital. At the field hospitals they practically all object to being removed further to the rear. They beg for permission to remain as close to the front as possible so as to be able to get back into action that much sooner.

The fight hasn't been taken out of the Americans by their wounds. One ambulance brought in a Boche and three marines. They evidently had been in some sort of an argument, for despite the fact they were all pretty badly wounded one of the marines invited the Boche to "hop out and f' it." The interference of the attendants wasn't required to keep the Boche from accepting.

Owing to the constant fighting few officers or men, either in the line or out, know the day of the week or the date. Many bets are made on this.

CORPL. GORDON, WOUNDED, ENLISTED ON READING OF GERMAN ARROGANCE

Bronx Man Stands Over 6 Feet—Private Garber, Also Wounded, Only Nineteen.

Corpl. William Gordon, reported in to-day's casualty list as seriously wounded in action, lived at the home of his sister, Mrs. Archie Gordon, No. 784 Elton Avenue, the Bronx. He is twenty-five years old. Mrs. Gordon said this morning that her brother, who was born in Newfoundland and who came to this city three years ago, enlisted on May 23, 1917.

He had been reading in a newspaper about the way the Germans were trying to run things to suit themselves when he suddenly cast the paper aside and said: "I'm going to enlist". He went to France last August. Gordon is 6 feet 1 inch in height.

Private Arthur Garber, also reported as seriously wounded, according to his sister, Mrs. Pauline Freebord, of No. 500 West 176th Street, is only nineteen years old. He was born in Russia. Garber enlisted in the army at the time of the trouble with Mexico. He went to France on the first transport to leave these shores.

Sergt. John Farrell, listed as seriously wounded, when in New York made his home with his brother-in-law, John Reilly, of No. 2394 Eighth Avenue. Farrell enlisted in Toledo, O., about a year ago. He had formerly been in the United States Merchant Marine service on the Pacific Coast. He went to France about six months ago as a private. He is now a sergeant in a machine gun battalion.

CANADIAN CASUALTY LIST.

OTTAWA, Ont., June 10.—The following Americans are mentioned in to-day's Canadian casualty list:

Died of Wounds—W. R. Reid, St. Paul; F. Doyle, St. Albans, V.

Wounded—W. L. Olson, Outlook, Mont.; A. A. Herrick, St. Petersburg, Fla.; S. Miersanks, Grand Rapids, Mich.; E. Bourassa, Westville, Mass.; A. C. McKinley, Alameda, Cal.; F. Stinson, Tacoma, Wash.

Ill—W. M. Spaulding, Johnsville, Cal.

Gassed—F. J. Rix, Mechanics Falls, Me.; F. Jack, St. John, Mich.; J. D. Mercin, Canton, O.; H. E. Woolbert, Seattle; B. S. Meher, Buffalo, N. Y.

74 U. S. CASUALTIES IN THE LATEST LIST SENT BY PERSHING

Several New York and Brooklyn Men Among Severely Wounded.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The War Department to-day reported seventy-four casualties from the American Expeditionary Forces, divided as follows: Thirteen killed in action, five dead from wounds, one dead from disease, one dead from airplane accident, one dead from accident and other causes, forty-six wounded severely, seven wounded, degree undetermined.

Lieuts. John A. Ewing, Dorchester, Mass., and Edgar Alfred Lawrence, Chicago, were killed in action. Capt. Charles W. Aikins, Winterset, Ia., was wounded in action and Capt. John T. Costello, Binghamton, N. Y., was wounded severely. Lieut. Elmer D. Mackay, McKeesport, Pa., previously reported missing, is a prisoner.

The official War Department summary of American casualties to date amounts to 7,389. The total casualties are divided as follows:

Killed in action	1,644
Died of wounds	315
Died of disease	1,194
Died of accidents and other causes	394
Wounded in action	4,099
Missing in action (including prisoners)	343
Total	7,389

To-day's list follows:

KILLED IN ACTION:

Lieuts. John A. Ewing, Dorchester, Mass.; Edward Alfred Lawrence, Chicago.

Corpl. Anthony Dicello, Potisville, Pa.

Privates Samuel Buchalter, Colchester, Conn.; Clarence Fields, Ashland, Ky.; Henry Kirby, Appleton, Wis.; Guy Lacrpabel, Mohler, Ore.; Howard Morgan, Covington, La.; Jesse Prine, Covington, La.; Oscar F. L. Schaefer, Hazelton, Pa.; Joseph R. Smith, Weiser, Idaho; John Votta, Poterra, Italy; George C. Wright, Biscoe, N. C.

DIED OF WOUNDS:

Privates Walter Bruce, Lowell, Mass.; William H. Hormby, Fall River, Mass.; Gust Kales, Chicago; John E. King, Asheboro, N. C.; Mac Winget, Marysville, O.

DIED OF DISEASE.

Private Ilie W. Walterman, Kamrar, Ia.

DIED OF AIRPLANE ACCIDENT.

Cadet Jefferson O. Myers, Boonville, Ind.

DIED OF ACCIDENT OR OTHER CAUSE.

Private Elsie Lewis, Madison Ind.

WOUNDED IN ACTION—DEGREE UNDETERMINED.

Capt. Charles W. Aikins, Winterset, Ia.

Privates Dwight E. Carson, Mount Ayr, Iowa; James W. Hewitt, Creston, Iowa; Anton Jirkovski, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; Lee Jones, Andrew, Iowa; Joseph L. Madden, Washington, D. C.; Glen Stanley, Pittsford, Mich.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

Capt. John T. Costello, Binghamton, N. Y.

Lieut. Spencer J. Sears, Merriam, Park, Minn.

Sergt. Malcolm C. Clark, Memphis, Tenn.

Sergt. John Farrell, No. 2394 Eighth Avenue, New York City.

Sergts. David A. Fiske Northampton, Mass.; Jabez P. Yelly, Smithville, Ga.; Alfred McCool, Londonderry, Ireland; William F. Murphy, Coshocken, Pa.; Charles L. Smith, Brookline, Mass.

Gerald W. Quinn, No. 751 Union Street, Brooklyn.

Corpls. Herman Cannon, Minneapolis; Winslow Cornett, Slemp, Ky.

Corpl. William Gordon, No. 784 Elton Avenue, New York City.

Corpls. Harold L. Hard, Addison, Mich.; Merle H. Johnson, Moores Hill, Ind.; Roy J. Kraemer, Fond du Lac, Wis.

Privates Earl C. Blake, Metz, Ind.; Thomas P. Brown, Allston, Mass.

Private John Casale, No. 311 East 11th Street, New York City.

Privates Crofford Cagle, Horton, Tex.; Dennis Connell, Nanticoke, Pa.; Joseph B. Crownrich, Hamburg, Ark.; Clinton J. Leavitt, Cambridge, Me.; William McAllister, Marysville, Ohio; Stephen A. McDaniel, Kingwood, W. Va.; Coariuss J. McKee, Punxsutawney, Pa.; Clyde McKinney, Morgan, Tex.

Private Joseph Mulcahey, No. 121 Prospect Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Privates Michael Nesta, Rignano, Italy; Earl Nichols, Bloomington, Ill.; August C. Pabst, No. 301 Herbert Street, Syracuse, N. Y.; Amedeo Palazzo, Natick, R. I.; Frederick H. Saunders, Cambridge, Mass.; Leonard M. Zenz, Beaver Dam, Wis.

PRISONER — PERVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING.

Lieut. Elmer D. Mackey, McKeesport, Ia.

Cleveland's Son Enlists.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.—Announcement was made to-day that Richard Folsum Cleveland, son of former President Grover Cleveland, has enlisted as a private in the Marine Corps.

He had wanted to enlist ever since the war began, but was urged to wait until he had completed his junior year at Princeton.

FIFTH GRENADIER GUARDS FIGHT AMERICANS ON MARNE

German Artillery Heavily Bombards American Forces in Picardy, but There Are No Infantry Attacks.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, June 10 (Associated Press).—While the Americans in the Montdidier region were subjected to a heavy bombardment yesterday, no infantry attack against them developed during the first phase of the new battle. The Americans are waiting and ready for whatever may happen.

After a night made red by the crashing of guns, it was expected that the shock might come at daylight, but apparently the Germans spread their shells over a considerably wider front than that attacked by the infantry.

Attacks in the Marne sector have again been repulsed by the Americans, who inflicted heavy losses. The French repulsed two attacks against Hill 304, west of Chateau-Thierry, the first at 10 o'clock Saturday night, and the second at 3 o'clock yesterday morning. French troops captured a wood south of Bussiares last night.

A new German division, the Fifth Grenadier Guards, was identified by the Americans for the first time Saturday.

The artillery fire on the Toul front has slightly diminished in the past twenty-four hours.

It is understood the entire American force participating in the second battle of the Marne will be decorated by the French Government.

GERMAN PEOPLE IMPRESSED.

PARIS, June 10.—In an article in La Liberte, Lieut. Col. Rousset says that American co-operation in the war is developing rapidly and brilliantly, and is beginning to cause a deep impression beyond the Rhine, the more so as American resources are organized so as to supply 200,000 men monthly.

NO U BOAT BASE HERE, GEDDES FEELS CERTAIN

First Lord of British Admiralty Does Not Believe Raider Is of New Giant Type.

LONDON, June 10 (United Press).—"It is too early yet to forecast what the presence of a German submarine off the American coast may portend," said Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty, in an interview with the United Press to-day. "On the one hand it may be merely a sporadic raid similar to that carried out by the U 53 earlier in the war, or it may mean the beginning of a serious submarine campaign off the American coast.

"There is no indication that there has been a sudden increase in the number of enemy submarines. On the contrary, there is no doubt we are sinking submarines faster than the Germans are building them.

"Possibly a submarine of the converted Deutschland type is being used in American waters. I do not believe she is of the much talked of giant submarine type, but she is probably of a type with a long cruising and operating radius."

Sir Eric said it is possible the Germans might have been able to establish a fuel depot on the American coast at some isolated point, but he does not believe a submarine base with a repair dock has been established.

WOMAN GETS WAR CROSS.

French Ambulance Driver Saved Wounded Under Fire.

PARIS, June 10.—A woman automobile driver attached to the army medical service has just received the War Cross. She is Mme. de Subligny, who brought in wounded from the battlefield on several occasions under fire.

Her father was head of the Postal Service in the Department of Aube, and, although he was over sixty years old, he enlisted when his son was killed at the front and won promotion to a Lieutenancy and was awarded the Legion of Honor and the War Cross.

No Hand Shaking at Conference.

LONDON, June 10.—British and German delegates who met at The Hague to arrange an exchange of prisoners of war did not shake hands, but merely bowed.

TWO THINGS TO MAKE YOU HAPPY—

AND THE OTHER IS — That you can satisfy a pretty healthy hunger with a couple of *Nut Tootsie Rolls*.

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