

THE TRUE AMERICAN. The True American is published every Wednesday, in St. Louis, Missouri, by Z. Ragan, at No. 217 N. 3rd St.

THE AMERICAN PARTY OF OHIO.

At the Annual Session of the State Council, held in Cleveland, June 5th, 1855, the following Platform of Principles was adopted...

PRINCIPLES OF THE AMERICAN PARTY OF OHIO.

- I. The unlimited freedom of Religion disconnected with political power... II. No interference with the rights of citizenship... III. Opposition to all political organizations...

A Hard Road to Travel.

The leaders of the Pierced Democracy in Ohio, are making desperate efforts to rally their scattered forces for another fight in 1856.

They select the majority of Chase, which is smaller by one-half than that of any other candidate on the Republican State Ticket...

But for the especial benefit of those democrats who will be compelled to spend the coming year upon the "arid shores of Salt River," we assure them that if they can manage to amuse themselves until after the coming Presidential election...

Now to the shore we bend, a mournful train, Climb the tall bark, and launch into the main. At once the mast we rear, at once unbend. The spacious sheet, and stretch it to the wind: Then pale and pensive stand, with cares oppressed.

COURAGE.

Notwithstanding the vociferous boasting of the Sag Nicht gentry of the country over the temporary triumphs of the slaveocracy...

In Pennsylvania, the Republicans were beaten by a division among themselves. The strength was there. They had the power to beat down the slave democracy...

The result in Indiana can be traced to causes that will exert but little or no influence at the Presidential election. The conduct turned, principally, upon the Liquor question.

The election in Maine, also, turned upon the Liquor question, and secured for the democracy there, a doubtful triumph.

These States are now merely regulating their municipal affairs. Next year, they will speak in thunder tones, their sentiments upon the trachery and duplicity of the National Administration.

New York is preparing for the conflict. The different elements of the Republican party are rapidly concentrating their forces.

There is everything to encourage and nothing to dishearten the friends of Freedom in the coming contest. One more pull and the day is ours.—Buckeye State.

GREAT ERECTMENT SUIT.—The New York Courier states that the owners of property in the Ninth and Fifteenth Wards of that city, have recently been thrown into great commotion by reason of the service upon them of a declaration of ejectment...

Fighting at the Nineteenth Ward Polls, Six Persons Shot.

The Baltimore Clipper has the following particulars of the riot of Thursday: "In relating the disgraceful proceedings that transpired in the neighborhood of the nineteenth ward polls yesterday, we will, (as we have invariably endeavored,) present an impartial and true statement.

Accordingly about three o'clock, a congregation comprising about one hundred anti-American bullies from different sections of the city, were seen near the polls, and the Americans started and intercepted them at the corner of Fremont and Saratoga streets, where pistols were fired, bricks thrown, the enemy routed and chased along Saratoga street some distance.

A colored woman, living in arch street, near Lexington, was shot in the face—the ball striking her jaw bone was stopped thereby, doing her no further injury. She was extracted by a physician.

During the commencement of the riot a man named John Gorman was shot in the leg, and a young man named John Clark, (not of the Pearl street House,) was shot through the fleshy part of one of his thighs.

Several Germans attempted to vote illegally during the day, and were arrested. One of them, named F. Gammons, upon coming to the polls and on being asked if he was willing to swear that the papers presented were his own, drew a bowie knife about eighteen inches long, and swinging it about his head, declared he would make sad havoc of any one who dared to dispute his vote.

A GOOD ILLUSTRATION.—The following graphic illustration of the relation of President Pierce to his cabinet is from the New York Evening Post: "There is no member of Mr. Pierce's cabinet who is not a man of much strong character from himself.

Deputy U. S. Marshal Horton on the 17th inst, seized the ship Maury, on suspicion that she was engaged in the service of Russia, and had on board articles contraband of war.

Hope writes out the poetry of a boy but memory that of man.

ELECTIONS IN KANSAS.

Our readers already know that General Whitfield, the candidate of the Missourians, as delegate from Kansas, to represent their interests, was elected Monday, October 1st.

"You are aware that Monday last was the day of election fixed by the Legislature, at which the friends of Whitfield voted, and that Tuesday October 9th, is the day fixed by the people's proclamation, and at which the Free State men will vote, besides, in all probability, some of the Pro-Slavery men as the polls are open to all, and delegates are to be elected on the same day to the Constitutional Convention.

All for Whitfield, of course, (as the other party did not participate,) except a few votes at some of the polls, cast by the Pro-Slavery men themselves, for Governor Reeder, to make it look like a contest.

Table with 4 columns: Name, Votes, Name, Votes. Includes Wyandott 242, Doniphan 35, Delaware 300, Shawnee Ch'ch 180, Leavenworth 250, Franklin 60, Kickapoo 75, Lawrence 42, Atchison 135, Leocompton 55.

"At Lawrence, a small party voted who came down from Leocompton, on their way home; but the mass of the Pro-Slavery men residing in the district did not and would not vote, as most of them repudiate the laws of the Legislature as strongly as the Free State men do."

"The claim of Whitfield to a seat in the House will be an affront to the People's Representatives.

"St. Louis, Oct. 20.—Returns of the Congressional election of the 2d of October, from all the counties in Kansas, give Whitfield, Pro-Slavery, 2,504 votes and Reeder 36.

"The election on the 9th of October passed off quietly. In Leavenworth city, Reeder got 530, and in Lawrence city, 325. These two precincts gave Reeder more than twice the number of votes they gave to Whitfield at the election of the 2d of October.

"The Agricultural Exhibition continues the great object of interest, 50,000 persons being present. The proceedings of the forenoon were not varied from those of yesterday. At two o'clock a grand procession formed at the President's marquee, and proceeded to the big tents, beneath which a dinner for 2,000 was provided.

Telegraphic.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The steamship Ariel, arrived last evening, from Havre. She brings the second edition of the London Times, of October 13th.

It is known that the Allied fleet before Odessa, had on board 10,000 French troops. A rumor prevailed in London, that a popular outbreak had occurred in Sicily.

Gov. Clark issued a proclamation fixing the 29th of November as a day of thanksgiving in the State of New York. The steamship Philadelphia arrived to-day from Havana with dates to the 22d.

WASHINGTON, October 29.—It is stated on reliable authority, from advices by the Africa, that Mr. Buchanan has probably left London for Paris. He will visit Italy before returning home.

A circular letter from the Government Denmark, relative to the settlement of the Sound Dues question, has been received by the Government.

NEW YORK, October 27.—The correspondent of the Tribune at Truxillo, Honduras, states that several severe shocks of an earthquake were felt at that place, commencing September 25th.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The Union of this morning publishes a letter from John Van Buren in reply to its strictures on his speech at Oswego. He predicts that the New York Soft Shell ticket will be elected by 50,000 plurality, and asks the Union whether it desires to see that ticket elected or defeated.

BOSTON, October 26.—The Whigs of Suffolk county held a ratification meeting in Faneuil Hall last evening. Between two and three thousand were present.

NEWSPAPERS IN GREAT BRITAIN AND AMERICA.—Thirty millions of people in Great Britain only purchase and read ninety millions of newspapers in a year, while the twenty-five of the United States require over four hundred millions.

As the Salt River question, now, is of some interest to politicians, we give the following brief description of it, written by Bayard Taylor.

Important from Japan.

The schooner C. E. Foote, Capt. Worth, arrived at San Francisco on the 17th ult., from Japan, by the way of the Ladrome Islands.

The news is late, and of considerable importance to those who have been calculating on a large trade with Japan. The Imperial Governor of Simoda has issued a proclamation, which denies the right of Americans to live in Japan, except in cases of shipwreck of distress.

The trial of Michael Gorm for the murder of Charles Johnston, in Brooklyn last June, was concluded to-day. The jury found the prisoner guilty of murder in the first degree.

CINCINNATI, October 29.—Flour quiet, no sales reported; imports since Saturday, 2,177 bbls; grain nothing doing; whiskey, no sales, market nominal; groceries unchanged and in moderate demand.

Mr. Thackeray will sail for New York on Saturday, the 13th of October, to commence his new course of lectures on the Four Georges. The subject is a very good one for an English Audience, for in England we have learnt to look back with very philippic loyalty to the First Gentleman of Europe and his gracious ancestors, but the Americans remember them with something fiercer than contempt.

The Court of Claims to-day, admitted the testimony taken in the case of Isaac Swain, just deciding that Government stores are not subject to impost duties, and the Government liable for injuries sustained by citizens, in consequence of the improper conduct of its agent.

The steamship Hermann, from Bremen, arrived at 10 o'clock. She brings nearly three hundred passengers—among them William Thompson, bearer of despatches from the American Legation at London; Baron Von Geroldt, Russian Minister to the U. S.; H. B. Spencer, Belgian Charge to the United States.

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The English people seem to be much irritated because France is reaping the principle part of the glory in the present war, because while the English army failed in its attack on the Redan, the French took the Malakoff.

We have received Galveston dates of the 14th instant. Capt. Callahan, of the Texas Rangers, had a battle with a party of 700 Mexicans and Indians, Four Texans and forty of the enemy were killed, when the latter retreated.