THE TIFFIN TRIBUNE.

HOSTILE ALIKE TO THE DESPOT AND DEMAGOGUE. FEARLESS FOR TRUTH, FOR GOD, AND HUMANITY.

VOL. XI, TIFFIN, OHIO, FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1859. NO. 29.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Tribune Job Department.

Increased Facilities.

Accuracy—Neatness—Dispatch.

We have recently made some valuable additions to our Job Department—by replenishing throughout with new Types—thus rendering the Tribune Establishment the most complete in this section of Northern Ohio. This office received the Diploma for the best samples of printing at the last County Fair, held at Tiffin; and we would say to our friends, and the public generally that, we are now prepared to execute all orders for Book and Job Printing with NEATNESS and DISPATCH, and in the most approved style of art.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO

MERCANTILE PRINTING,

SUCH AS

Bill Heads, Circulars, Certificates, Blanks, Deeds, Dray Tickets, Receipts.

GOLD, SILVER, & COLORED

WORK, BEAUTIFULLY EXECUTED,

BANKERS CHECKS, BALL TICKETS, BANKERS DRAFTS, INVITATION CARDS, BANKERS COUPONS, FUNERAL NOTICES, ENVELOPES, CARDS, NOTES.

Merchants' Fancy Posters,

SHOW BILLS, HOTEL BILLS OF FARE, HAND BILLS, PROGRAMMES, LABELS, INVITATIONS, &c.

Book Work Done to Order.

In the execution of fine work the Tribune office has in EVERY INSTANCE EXCELLED THE WORK OF ALL COMPETITORS, And honorably bears the reputation of being the 'PREMIUM JOB OFFICE.'

Our facilities for doing any and all of the above descriptions of work are now unsurpassed in this section of country, and satisfaction will be guaranteed in all cases.

M'KEE & BAILEY, Proprietors.

JOHN C. LEE. NELSON L. BREWER.

LEE & BREWER,

Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery.

Rooms in Singer's New Block, opposite the Court House Tiffin, May 14th, '56-tf

TOMB, HUSS & CO.,

BANKERS.

THE partnership existing between R. Tomb, John T. Huss and Geo. R. Huss, having this day expired—the undersigned have associated themselves together for the purpose of continuing the business of Tomb, Huss & Co., under the same name and style as heretofore.

There will be no interruption in the business as heretofore conducted, and the same rates will be observed in the payment of interest, viz:

3 months 4 per cent.
6 " 5 "
12 " 6 "

Certificates, in all cases payable on demand.
R. TOMB, JOHN T. HUSS, G. R. HUSS, A. G. SNEATH, JOHN GILLIG.
dec18-tf.

S. E. BECKMAN,

New Saddle & Harness Shop,

Opposite Commercial Row, Tiffin, Ohio.

ALL work will be warranted. Highest market price, in Cash, for Hides. April6-1y

J. K. HORD,

Attorney at Law, Tiffin, Ohio.

OFFICE in Shawhan's New Block, over the New Banking Room. feb19-tf

LEONARD ADAMS,

Attorney at Law, Notary Public,

And General Insurance Agent. Office with W. P. & H. Noble, Tiffin, Ohio. sep16-1y*

PETER VANNEST,

BUGGY AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, east, of the Court House, on Market Street.
Tiffin, Sept. 29th, 1854

W. P. & H. NOBLE,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Office in Singer's New Block, opposite the Court House.

Tiffin & Ft. Wayne Rail Road

Office of the T. & Ft. W. R. R. Co., December, 1858.

THE office of this company is permanently located in Tiffin, and the various rooms occupied, are in the 2nd story of Tomb's Block; corner of Main and Perry streets.
dec17 H. S. RUMFIELD, Sec'y.

WILLIAM GALLUP

CLOCK AND WATCHMAKER.

All kinds of watches kept constantly on hand. Store in Commercial Row.
Tiffin, Sept. 17th, 1851. 1y

LEANDER STEM. WILLIAM H. JOHNSON

STEM & JOHNSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.

OFFICE, in Hedges' New Block, over Vollmer's clothing store; Main street. Professional business and the collection of all kinds of claims promptly attended to.
Tiffin, Dec. 17th, 1858.

R. L. GRIFFITH,

ATTORNEY and Counsellor at Law, Tiffin, Ohio.—Office in Commercial Row.
June 26, tf.

DR. J. McADOO,

WILL promptly attend to all calls, either in Tiffin or country, in administering to the afflicted. Particular attention paid to Female diseases. Shower and Plunge baths connected with the office, medicated when deemed necessary by himself. Office west of the Wooden Bridge 1st Ward, Tiffin, Ohio. jy31-y

B. F. OGLE,

Attorney at Law.

Singer's Block, opposite Court House. Up stairs. oct9,'57-tf.

C. C. BEILHARZ,

DENTAL SURGEON.

OFFICE in Shawhan's Block, 2d story, directly under the Tribune Office, Market street. Tiffin, O. oc23-1y

M. WAGNER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND Dealer in Ready-Made Clothing, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.
Store on Main street, opposite the Seneca County Bank.

Bank of Tiffin,

SHAWHAN'S NEW BLOCK,

Is now Organized and prepared to transact a general Banking business. This bank will pay interest on Deposits, as follows:

3 months, 4 per cent.
6 " 5 " "
12 " 6 " "

B. DORSEY, Pres't.
sep10-tf A. G. SNEATH, Cash'r.

William H. Davenport,

Attorney at Law, Notary Public,

AND

COMMISSIONER FOR KENTUCKY & CALIFORNIA.

OFFICE—North East Corner Fourth and Walnut Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio. Particular attention paid to Notarial business and taking Depositions. oct22-1y

COOPER K. WATSON. ELAM WILLARD.

WATSON & WILLARD,

Attorneys at Law

WILL attend promptly in all kinds legal business; Office in Commercial Row, Tiffin, Ohio. nov5

JOHN C. FEBLES

Attorney at Law, Tiffin Ohio.

Office with J. K. Hord, over Shriver & Sneath's store. fb25

GEORGE. H. HEMING,

CIVIL ENGINEER

AND

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

Office in Shawhan's Block, over the Bank of Tiffin. feb18tf

COLLECTION & LAND AGENCY.

JONES & THOMAS, Fostoria, O.

General Collecting and Land Agents, will promptly attend to the collection of all claims entrusted to their care, in Seneca and adjoining Counties. Will also attend to cases where legal advice is needed in Prosecuting suits before Justices of the Peace. Persons wishing to buy or sell Land or Town Property will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

J. V. JONES,
E. W. THOMAS.

REFER TO PALMER & MARTIN, Findlay.
GOFF & BAGWELL, "
W. P. & H. NOBLE, Tiffin.
FOSTER & CO., Fostoria.

Dec. 24, 1858—tf.

GRAFFENBERG

FAMILY MEDICINES.

RETAIL PRICES.

Vegetable Pills	per box, 25 cts.
Green Mountain Ointment	" 25 cts.
Sarsaparilla	per bottle, $1 00
Children's Panacea	" 25 cts.
Eye Lotion	" 25 cts.
Fever and Ague Remedy	per box, 50 cts.
Health Bitters	per pkg., 25 cts.
Dysentery Syrup	per bottle, 50 cts.
Consumptive Balm	" $3 00
Marshall's Uter. Catholicon	" $1 50
Graffenberg's Pile Remedy	" $1 00
Manual of Health	per copy, 25 cts.

For sale by the city druggists; also by agents in the principal towns in Ohio.

Home Testimony.

HARTFORD, Trumbull Co., O., March 7th, 1857.

I hereby certify that I have been dealing in the Graffenberg Medicines for the past year, and can truly say that I have never offered any medicines to the public that have met with the decided approbation of the people like these, particularly the Pills and Catholicon. They will readily perform all and more than is promised for them. I have sold about fifty bottles of the Catholicon the past season, and I hear the best results in every case.

J. H. C. JOHNSON, Medical Agent.

Read what Dr. Bushnell says of the Graffenberg Medicines. Dr. B. is a physician of extensive practice, and one of the most successful in the county (Trumbull) in which he resides:

"This certifies that I have used the Graffenberg Pills and Marshall's Catholicon, sold here by J. H. C. Johnson, in my practice to my entire satisfaction. They are good medicines. DR. G. W. BUSHNELL."
Hartford, Trumbull Co., O., March 7, 1857.

I am a physician of thirty years' practice. My principal study has been diseases of females. They have generally baffled my best efforts. Obtaining the materials composing Marshall's Uterine Catholicon, I was pleased with them, gave them a fair trial, and found myself abundantly successful. In my former practice I could only mitigate the symptoms of about half the cases and could not cure one in ten. Now I can radically cure at least seventeen in twenty and mitigate the rest. I consider Marshall's Uterine Catholicon the greatest blessing to females I have met with.

J. H. WILLIAMS, M. D., Charleston.

WEST BEDFORD, Coshocton Co., May 14, 1857.

Mr. H. B. Kingsley, Sir:—I have been selling the medicines of the Graffenberg Company for the last ten years, and have invariably found them to give good satisfaction; and the pills I have sold to a great many families as regularly as their tea and coffee, and with my trade they have become a staple article. Marshall's Uterine Catholicon is a medicine that has done a great amount of good in female diseases.—One lady (an invalid) told me she had received more benefit from one bottle than she did from a long course of medical treatment by the most skillful physicians. Yours truly,
Jan. 1, 1858. JAMES WILSON.

For Sale by A. R. Van Doorn, H. H. Snyder, J. F. Wooster Tiffin; H. Hall, Lowell; Dr. P. Yates, Green Springs; Wm. Hubb, Lodi; S. P. Huff, Flat Rock; Wm. Rininger, Attica; D. Hoffman & Co., McCutchenville; J. W. Wing, Adrian; and by one agent in all the principal towns in Ohio.

For Medicines or agencies address
jn25-1y. H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, Agent for Ohio.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe Lung Affection, and that dread disease, Consumption,—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it we will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with directions, for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
oct15-1y Williamsburg, Long Island.

BOOK BINDERY.

JACOB BISE,

TIFFIN, OHIO,

PRACTICAL BOOK BINDER,

AND manufacturer of Blank Books, Store Boxes, Wallets and all other articles pertaining to their trade, also Dealers in paper, blank, memorandum, copy and pocket books and Stationery in general.

We would Respectfully inform the citizens of Seneca and the surrounding counties that we have associated ourselves for the purpose of carrying on the Book Binding business, hitherto, since about 3 years conducted by Wm. Wolf alone, and that we are prepared to execute all kinds of work neatly, durable and at

NEW YORK PRICES

Or as cheap as any bindery in the country.

Having always a supply of the different qualities of paper on hand, we are enabled to furnish to order, all kinds and sizes of Blank Books, such as Ledgers, Journals, Records and others, ruled and bound, paged, with or without printed heads, as may be desired.

The binding of Periodicals, Magazines, Music, Newspapers and old books, ornamented or plain, also the ruling of books, music, etc., particular attention will be paid. Orders from County Officers and others at a distance will be attended to with promptness by addressing.
mh13-1y JACOB BISE.

CASH FOR WHEAT!

The Highest Market Price always Paid "at the Warehouse," for

Wheat, Rye, Corn and Oats.

When Farmers bring their Grain to Market, they will always find us on hand with the "Documents."

GIVE US A CALL.

BILL & OSBORN.

July 30, 1858.

MRS. D. M. FERGUSON,

FASHIONABLE MILLINER & MANTUA-MAKER,

TAKES this method of informing the Ladies of Tiffin and vicinity, also Dress Makers of adjoining towns, that she is established as a branch of Madame Demorest's Emporium of Fashion, (375 Broadway,) and has just received a splendid assortment of Patterns for Ladies' dresses, basques, cloaks, sleeves, etc.; also Patterns for Children's dresses, aprons and sacks, in great variety. She is also prepared to teach Madame Demorest's

First Premium System of Dress Cutting.

In addition to this, she has removed her shop 3 doors east of Gross' Block, corner of Perry and Jefferson streets, where she is prepared to do all kinds of Millinery and Mantua-making, as heretofore, in the latest style and on the most liberal terms. Work warranted to give entire satisfaction.
Tiffin, January 7th, 1859.—tf

H. S. Wenner and Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES SULKIES., ETC.,

Jefferson St., near German Catholic Church, Tiffin, Ohio.

A FINE stock of the latest styles of Buggies, etc., finished in the best manner and of the most durable materials, constantly on hand, and promptly made to order.
m1'57. H. S. WENNER & CO.

WINCHESTER'S

Genuine Preparation of

Dr. J. F. Churchill's Compound Syrup

OF THE HYPOPHOSPHITES OF

LIME, SODA AND POTASH.

A SPECIFIC FOR CONSUMPTION.

Beware of a swindler calling himself "Rev. Edward A. Wilson," whose correspondence was recently seized by the New York Police. There is no such person as the "Rev." E. A. Wilson. There is no such thing as the "Extract of Bladgetti." The pretensions of this individual are utterly fraudulent! Dr. Churchill's Remedy is for sale by I. L. St. John & Co., and J. F. Wooster, Tiffin, O.
mh18-3m

M. Moffett,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

General Collecting and Business Agent, Fostoria, O. ap18

J. J. Steiner,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Has resumed the practice, and will give strict attention to all business entrusted to him. Office in the corner of Ebert's Block, directly above the store room of Mr. George Taylor, and opposite the Shawhan House. ap1

C. F. Miller. H. McAlister.

C. F. MILLER & CO.

DEALERS in STOVES, and Manufacturers of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware. Opposite the Court House, in Singer's Block.
Tiffin, April 6, 1859—tf

Selected Poetry.

When I saw Sweet Nelly home.

In the sky the bright stars glittered,
On the grass the moonlight fell;
Hushed the sound of daylight's bustle,
Closed the pink-eyed pimpernell,
As adown the moss grown wood-path—
Where the cattle love to roam—
From Aunt Patty's quilting party,
I was seeing Nelly home.

Jetty ringlets softly fluttered
O'er a brow as white as snow;
And her cheek—the crimson sunset
Scarcely had a warmer glow;
'Mid her parted lips vermillion,
White teeth flashed like ocean's foam;
All I marked with pulses throbbing,
As I saw sweet Nelly home.

When the Autumn tinged the greenwood
Turning all the leaves to gold,
In the lawn by alders shaded,
I my love to Nelly told.
As we stood together gazing
On the star-bespangled dome,
How I blessed that August evening
When I saw sweet Nelly home.

White hairs mingle with my tresses,
Furrows steal upon my brow;
But a love smile cheers and blesses
Life's declining moments now.
Matron in the snowy kerchief
Closer to my bosom come—
Tell me, dost thou still remember
When I saw sweet Nelly home.

Western Correspondence.

TIPTON, CEDAR CO. IOWA, APR. 18th 1859.

EDITORS TIFFIN TRIBUNE.—Dear sirs, I have delayed writing to you for some time in order to get some favorable news to send you; but waiting has thus far proved in vain.

Here it is, the 18th of April, and no wheat sowed yet—and no prospect of getting any sowed soon. We have either rain or snow almost every day.—Last week the weather represented January, much more strongly, than it did April. The mud was frozen over one or two mornings, sufficiently solid to bear up teams—the south west wind blowing fiercely.

We feel satisfied that "Blessed Spring" is not yet; for snow birds are here in abundance. The knowing ones say that until we get rid of the snow birds, we need not look for warm weather.

I do not know what the people here are to do, if Spring does not soon come; in two weeks more, it will be too late too sow wheat—indeed some say it is to late already; last year the wheat crop was a failure, and I do not believe that we are able to stand another failure, this year.—There is no winter wheat sowed in this part of the state and hence the people must depend on spring wheat, or no wheat; and present indications are, that the latter will most likely be the case.

Do not understand me as murmuring; for I do not murmur. I am satisfied that all things are ordered as they should be.

The emigration to Pike's Peak is immense. Thousands have gone already, and thousands more will go in a short time. We find these "Peakers" sticking in almost every bad "slough;" and the truth is, the "sloughs" are nearly all bad. The teams are generally run down, and weak; and how these excited (I fear deluded) creatures are going to get to Pike's Peak with these half famished oxen and cows, and without money to buy feed for them, is more than I can tell. My impression is that one half of them will never get there.

The "Land Sharks," and "Dry Land Pirates" are still sending in favorable reports. That they do not mix some truth with their falsehoods, I shall not attempt to deny. But I never read one of these Reports without being *forcibly* reminded of those familiar lines, "Won't you walk into my Parlor, said a spider to a fly, It is the prettiest little Parlor that ever you did spy, The way into my Parlor is up a winding stairs, And I have many pretty things, to show you when you're there." Some of the people here, fear that hundreds will reach Iowa on their return in the Fall without money, and their outfit of provisions exhausted, hence, the anxiety on the part of such to raise a large crop to meet such a calamity, should it come.

C. C. N.

Another Letter from Iowa.

ST. CHARLES, FLOYD CO. APR 15 1859.

EDITORS TIFFIN TRIBUNE.—In the *Tribune* of Mch 25, I noticed a letter signed "C. C. N.," from which I should judge that Mr. "C. C. N." had unfortunately, for himself and your readers, got into some very desolate and benighted corner of Iowa, and had an exceedingly severe attack of the "blues." When I have seen friend, C. C. N., in the Republic Academy, Tiffin Union School house, and divers other places, at 'Teachers' Association' and Teacher's Instituttes," and heard him firing his "big guns," on the subject of common schools, instruction, and discipline and rehearsing, with glowing emphasis, his experience in teaching young ideas how to shoot and how certain white eyed urchins, would spring from their seats in surprise, as the hickory came unawares over their shoulders, just as they were in the act of playing off some sly trick on their unsuspecting neighbor, I was then led to believe that the "blues" was something that, after his many trials, could never creep into his organization.

I would almost feel as though the gentleman could hardly be forgiven for the terrible onslaught he makes on Hardin county in particular and Iowa generally, if I did not conceive that too great an amount of "corn-bread," "Sorghum molasses," and "pure cold water," had so upset his equanimity, that he hardly cared what he did say.

Now, I have no intention to lure any unsuspecting victim, from his home by "flaming advertisements of cheap bargains," for I am not so lucky, as to have large amounts of land here to sell; but I do think nevertheless, that Iowa should be dealt fairly by, and that no such scurrilous attacks upon her should go unanswered.

I do not pretend to answer, as to Hardin county, for I do not know what miseries they may be enduring there, from the enforcement of the "hog law," but as for the Cedar Valley, I can say that it is exempt from all the evils, which Mr. C. C. N. so much deplores, and any person of moderate means can now find no better place on the continent for laying the foundation for a lasting competence.

It is true that our crops were rather light last season, but there is sufficient grain in the country, of all kinds, for its support, and comfort, until another harvest. Wheat was not of the first quality, last year, being somewhat shrunken, owing to the excessively wet season; but the flour made of it, is good; every body in this country has used of it. I have used it constantly since last harvest, in my family, and have yet to hear of the first case of sickness or indisposition resulting from it. Wheat has ranged in price since last season from 75cts to $1,00 per bushel; corn 35 to 50cts; oats 25 to 45cts. Good pork sold, during the winter, at from 3 to 5cts per lb dressed; and Mr. C. C. N. will be supplied with as much good home manufactured bacon, as he desires, by calling around this way at from 8 to 10 cts per lb.—Though we have some rambling adventurers, starting for "Pike's Peak," yet we have sufficient cattle for all practical purposes, and some are making fortunes by raising stock to sell. The country is well supplied with beef, which sells at fair prices.

As to the clothing of our people, I have the first to see yet, with rags on their feet; and for good warm clothing, will put them up against Seneca county Ohio, Jackson Township included.

This is like all new countries; in order to get a start on new farms, a few years of labor and and care, is necessary. It is true that a class of men rush in to this like all other new countries, determined to make a fortune very suddenly, by speculation; and if they can not become rich, by turning upon their heel, they turn grumblers, and employ their time in seeking some kindred spirit, that they may mutually vent their imprecations against so monstrous a country.

Money matters are pretty close here at present; but nearly all have what it is necessary for them to use. We can not expect a very great amount of wealth at present. It is not the wealthy monied aristocrats, who come among us to live. It is the man of moderate or small means who come here to obtain farms, and, by their own labor, become wealthy; after breaking up and fencing their prairies — The man who is willing now to come here, and put his small means into a good piece of land and live the life of one settling in a new country, will "bless his Stars," in five years, that he did not go to "Pike's Peak." He will scarcely know the process by which he has doubled his fortune every year.

It is now but about 5 years since the first settlement was made in this county and I can now point you to thirty farmers, who come here five years ago, and all their earthly possessions did not amount to $500,00, who are now worth a round $15,000,00 and who have not made it by speculation in buying and selling lands but by the rise in the value of their farms, and the sale of stock and grain. All have not done this well, but of those who have applied themselves faithfully to their farms, there are more who have tripled their fortunes, than there are, who have fallen short of their mark. Thus it is that some are taking the initiatory step every day toward independence whilst others are too cowardly to adventure.

Except perhaps that we are not so well supplied with fruit at present, there is little or no difference in living here and in any of the more Eastern States; and I am rather fearful that there are some among us, who, instead of being hurt by too much "pure cold water," find a little more "bad whiskey" than is for their good

J. G. P.

FARMERS LOOK HERE.

All Farmers that think of purchasing

GRAIN DRILLS,

this season, would find it to their advantage to call upon

Edward Andre,

or address him at Tiffin, by letter, as he is general Agent of Seneca County, for

B. Kuhn & Haine's

double rank improved Premium Grain Drill and grass seed sower. This Drill is acknowledged to be the best machine known. It will sow wheat, rye, oats, barley, buckwheat, flax, clover, timothy, millet and hemp seed. Can be regulated in a moment to any kind of grain, or quantity to the acre without any change of fixtures. A WARRANTEE is given with every Drill sold, so if the Drill dont work according to warranty, it can be returned. All orders must be addressed to E. ANDRE to insure prompt attention.

Tiffin, April 15th, 1859—3m

LAWS OF OHIO.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

[No. 133.] AN ACT

Supplementary to an act entitled "an act to provide for the organization of Cities and Incorporated Villages," passed May 3, 1852.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That the city council of all cities of the first class, which, at the last federal census, had a population exceeding eighty thousand, shall have power to provide for the punishment of vagrants, common street beggars, common prostitutes, habitual disturbers of the peace, known or reputed pick pockets, burglars and theives, watch stuffers, ball game players, persons who practice any trick, game or device with intent to swindle, persons who abuse their families, and suspicious persons who can give no reasonable account of themselves, and such punishment may be either by imposing and collecting fines or by imprisonment at hard labor, or both at the discretion of the court: provided that no such person shall be fined for a single offense to exceed fifty dollars, and that such imprisonment at hard labor shall, for the first offense, not exceed thirty days, for the second offense ninety days, for the third offense six months, and for the fourth, or any further repetition of the offense, one year. They shall have power to provide that all persons who refuse or neglect to pay the fine imposed on conviction of any offense, together with the costs of prosecution, shall be imprisoned and kept at hard labor, until, at the rate of seventy-five cents for each day's labor, exclusive of Sundays, they shall have earned an amount equal to such fine and costs. They shall also have power to make suitable regulations to conduct such labor to the best advantage, and in a manner consistent with the age, sex and health of the prisoners, and such labor may be done at the city prison, the city work-house, or elsewhere, if within a suitable enclosure, and under the charge of such officers or other persons as the city council may select. And the said city council may also provide suitable hospitals for the reception and care of such prisoners as may be diseased or disabled, the same to be under such regulations and under the charge of such persons as the council may by ordinance direct.

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

WILLIAM B. WOODS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
MARTIN WELKER,
President of the Senate.
March 29, 1859.

[No. 135.] AN ACT.

To amend the fourth section of an act, entitled "An act to authorize the making of real estate indexes, and further to prescribe the duties of county commissioners and recorders in certain counties," passed February 13th, 1859.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted bo the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That section four of an act, entitled an act to authorise the making of real estate indexes, and further to prescribe the duties of county commissioners and recorders in certain counties, be so amended as to read as follows: Sec. 4. For every entry in such general index of any lot, piece or parcel of land, the recorder shall be allowed the sum of ten cents, to be paid by the person leaving such instrument of conveyance or transfer for record.

Sec. 2. Section four of the above recited act is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

WILLIAM B. WOODS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
MARTIN WELKER,
President of the Senate.
March 29, 1859.

[No. 137.] AN ACT.

To prevent and punish fraud in the use of false Stamps, Brands, Labels, or Trade Marks.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That any person or persons who shall knowingly and willfully forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited any representation, likeness, similitude, copy or imitation of the private stamp, brand, wrapper, label, or trade mark, usually affixed by any mechanic, manufacturer, druggist, merchant, or tradesman, to and upon the goods, wares, merchandize, preparation or mixture of such mechanic, manufacturer, druggist, merchant or tradesman, with intent to pass off any work, goods, manufacture, compound, preparation or mixture, to which such forged or counterfeited representation, likeness, similitude, copy or imitation is affixed or intended to be affixed as the work, goods, manufacture, compound, preparation or mixture of such mechanic, manufacturer, druggist or tradesman shall upon conviction thereof, be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than three months nor more than twelve months, and fined not exceeding five hundred dollars.

Sec. 2. That any person or persons who shall have in his or their possession any die or dies, plate or plates, brand or brands, engraving or engravings, or printed labels, stamps, imprints, wrapper, or trade marks, or any representation, likeness, similitude, copy, or imitation of the private stamp, imprint, brand, wrapper, label, or trade mark usually affixed by any mechanic, manufacturer, druggist, merchant or tradesman to or upon articles made, manufactured, prepared or compounded by him or them, for the purpose of making impressions, or selling the same when made, or using the same upon any other article made, manufactured, prepared or compounded, and passing the same off upon the community as the original goods, manufactures, preparations or compounds of any other person or persons, or who shall so in fact sell or use the same, or who shall wrongfully and fraudulently use the genuine stamp, brand, imprint, wrapper, label, or trade mark, with intent to pass off any goods, wares, merchandize, mixtures, compounds, or other article not the manufacture of the person or persons to whom such stamp, brand, imprint, wrapper, label or trade mark properly belongs, as genuine and original, shall, upon conviction thereof, be imprisoned in the county jail not less than three months nor more than twelve months and be fined not exceeding five hundred dollars.

Sec. 3. That any person who shall vend or keep for sale any goods, merchandize, mixture or preparation, upon which any forged or counterfeit stamps, brands, imprints, wrappers, labels or trade marks may be placed or affixed, and intended to represent the said goods, merchandise, mixture or preparation, as the true and genuine goods, merchandize, mixture or preparation of any other person or persons, knowing the same to be counterfeit, shall on conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars; in each case so offending, the complainant entitled to one half the amount so recovered.

Sec. 4. That it shall be lawful for any justice of the peace within this state, upon affidavit being made by any mechanic, manufacturer, druggist, merchant, or tradesman, or his or their agent or attorney, that he has good reason to believe, and does believe, that any dies, plates, stamps, or brands are in the possession of any person within his county for the purpose of making false and counterfeit stamps, brands, imprints, labels, or trade marks, to issue a search warrant, authorizing the search for and seizure of all such dies, stamps, brands or plates, and all such impressions from the same that can be found; and upon satisfactory proof being made that such dies, stamps, brands or plates, or the impressions therefrom, are to be used for the purposes of deception and fraud, such justice shall have full power to order all such stamps, dies, brands and plates and the impressions therefrom to be publicly destroyed.

Sec. 5. This act shall be in force from and after its passage.

WILLIAM B. WOODS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
MARTIN WELKER,
Speaker of the Senate.
March 29, 1859.

[No. 124.] AN ACT

Supplementary to an Act to regulate the Election, Contest of Election, and the resignation of Justices of the Peace, passed March 11, 1853.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That in all cases where the corporate limits of any city or incorporated village are now or hereafter may become co-extensive with the limits of any township in which said city or incorporated village is or shall be situated, and in cases in which the township has been or may become merged in any city or incorporated village the corporate existence of such township shall nevertheless continue for the purpose of electing therein justices of the peace and constables for such township, who shall be voted for on the same piece of paper.

Sec. 2. In all such cases, justices of the peace and constables, to the number now allowed, or which may be hereafter allowed, to such township, may be elected by the qualified voters thereof, at the times and in the manner now or hereafter to be prescribed for the election of justices of the peace and constables in other townships, except that in townships wherein the office of township trustee has been abolished all the rights, powers and duties in connection with such election devolving upon township trustees in other townships, shall be devolved upon and be performed by the city council of such city and the trustees of such incorporated village aforesaid.

WILLIAM B. WOODS
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
MARTIN WELKER,
President of the Senate.
March 29, 1859.

[No. 125.] AN ACT.

Providing for the Vacating of Roads dedicated by private persons to public use.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That where a road has been or shall hereafter be dedicated by private persons to public use, a majority in interest of the proprietors of lands lying upon said road may, after having given thirty days notice by advertisement in one or more newspapers of the county in which said road is located, and having given notice in the township or townships where said road is located, by having posted up copies of said notice in three or more public places in said township or townships at least thirty days previous, petition the commissioners of said county for the vacation of said road or any part thereof; and if said commissioners are satisfied that said notice has been given and that no injustice will be done thereby, they shall declare the same vacated; Provided, that all costs and expenses accruing upon any petition under this act shall be paid by the petitioners.

Sec. 2 This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

WILLIAM B. WOODS,
Speaker of the House of Rep's.
MARTIN WELKER,
President of the Senate.
March 29, 1859.

[No. 126.] AN ACT.

To authorize the Adoption of Children.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That any inhabitant of this state not married, or any husband and wife jointly, may petition the probate court of their proper county for leave to adopt a minor child not theirs by birth, and for a change of the name of such child: but a written consent must be given to such adoption by the child, if of the age of fourteen years, and by each of his or her living parents who is not hopelessly insane or intemperate; if there be no such parents, or if the parents be unknown, or have abandoned such child, or if such parents or either of them are hopelessly insane or intemperate, then by the legal guardian; if there be no such guardian, then by a discreet and suitable person, appointed by said court to act in the proceedings as the next friend of such child.

Sec. 2. That if the petition shall be filed by husband and wife, the court shall examine the wife separate and apart from her husband, and shall refuse leave for such adoption, unless the court shall be satisfied, from such examination, that the wife, of her own free will and accord, desires such adoption.

Sec. 3. That upon the compliance with the foregoing provisions, if the court shall be satisfied of the ability of the petitioner or petitioners to bring up and educate the child properly, having reference to the degree and condition of the child's parents, and shall be satisfied of the fitness and propriety of such adoption, the court shall make an order setting forth the facts, and declaring that, from that date, such child, to all legal intents and purposes, is the child of the petitioner, and that the name of such child is thereby changed.

Sec. 4. That by such order the natural parents shall be divested of all legal rights and obligations in respect to such child, and the child shall be free from all legal obligations of obedience and maintenance in respect to them, and shall be to all intents and purposes, the child and legal heir of his or her adopter or adopters, entitled to all the rights and privileges and subject to all the obligations of a child of the adopter or adopters begotten in lawful wedlock: Provided, that on the decease of parents who have adopted a child or children under this act and the subsequent decease of such child or children without issue, the property of such adopting parents shall descend to the next of kin, and not to the next of kin of such adopted child or children.

Sec. 5. This act shall be in force from and after its passage.

WILLIAM B. WOODS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
MARTIN WELKER,
President of the Senate.
March 29, 1859.

[No. 127.] AN ACT

To amend section 69 of an act passed May 3, 1852, entitled "an act to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That section sixty-nine of an act entitled "an act to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages," passed May 3, 1852, be so amended as to read as follows: Section 69. The qualified voters of each city of the second class shall elect a City Marshal, who shall hold his office for one year; a City Treasurer, who shall hold his office for one year; a City Clerk, who shall hold his office for two years; and a City Solicitor who shall hold his office for two years. Each of said officers shall continue in office until his successor is elected and qualified, and shall have such powers and perform such duties as are prescribed by any ordinance of the city not inconsistent therewith.

Sec. 2. That the said original section sixty-nine be and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

WILLIAM B. WOODS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
MARTIN WELKER,
President of the Senate.
March 29, 1859.

[No. 130.] AN ACT

To amend section 374 of an act entitled "an act to establish a Code of Civil Procedure," passed March 11, 1853.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That section three hundred and seventy-four of an act entitled "an act to establish a code of civil procedure," passed March 11, 1853, be so amended as to read as follows: Sec. 374. In the foreclosing of a mortgage, a sale of the mortgaged property shall in cases be ordered; and when the same mortgage embraces separate tracts of land, situated in two or more counties, the sheriff of each county in which such separate tract or tracts are situated, shall be ordered to make sale of the lands situated in the county of which he is sheriff.

Sec. 2. That section three hundred and seventy-four of the act entitled "an act to establish a code of civil procedure," passed March 11, 1853, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

WILLIAM B. WOODS,
Speaker of the House of Rep's.
MARTIN WELKER,
President of the Senate.
March 29, 1859.

[No. 87.] AN ACT.

Amendatory to an act, entitled "an act to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages," passed May 3, 1853.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That original section sixty-three, of an act entitled an act to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, passed May 3, A. D. 1853, be so amended as to read as follows:—Sec. 63. The city council shall have the care, supervision and control of all public highways, bridges, streets, alleys, public squares and commons, within the city, and shall cause the same to be kept open, and in repair, and free from nuisances. No street or alley which shall hereafter be dedicated to public use by the proprietor of ground in any city, shall be deemed a public street or alley, or to be under the care or control of the city council, unless the dedication shall be accepted, and confirmed by an ordinance, specially passed for such purposes; they shall have the power to prescribe by ordinance the width of the tires of all wagons, carts, drays, and other vehicles, used in the transportation of persons or articles from one part of the city to another, or in the transportation of coal, wood, stone lumber, or iron, into the city; to establish stands for hackney coaches, cabs, and omnibuses, and to enforce the observance and use thereof, and to fix the rates and prices for the transportation of persons property in such coaches, cabs and omnibuses, from one part of the city to another.

Sec. 2. That original section sixty three of the act to which this is amendatory be and the same is hereby repealed, and this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

WILLIAM B. WOODS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
E. BASSET LANGDON
President of the Senate.
March 18, 1859.

[No. 88] AN ACT

To provide for locating, establishing and constructing ditches, drains and water courses.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That the county commissioners of any county shall have power, at any regular session, whenever, in their opinion the same is demanded by or will be conducted to the public health, convenience or welfare to cause to be established, located and constructed, as hereinafter provided, any ditch drain or water course within such county.

Sec. 2. That before the county commissioners of any county shall take any steps towards locating or establishing any such, ditch or water course, there shall be filed with the county auditor a petition from one or more persons owning lands adjacent to the line of such proposed ditch, drain or water course, setting forth the necessity of the same, with a description of its proposed starting point, route and terminus, and shall, at the same time, file a bond with good and sufficient sureties to the acceptance of the county auditor conditioned to pay all expenses incurred, in case the commissioners should refuse to grant the prayer of the petition, and it shall be the duty of the county auditor immediately thereafter to place a correct copy of said petition in the hands of the county surveyor or a competent engineer, who shall thereupon, taking with him the necessary assistance, proceed to make an accurate survey of the route of such proposed ditch, drain, or water course, and on the completion thereof, shall return a plat or plot or profile of the same to said county auditor, and shall set forth in his return a description of the proposed route; its availability and necessity, with a description of each separate tract of land through which the same is proposed to be located, how it will be affected thereby, and its situation and level as compared with that of adjoining lands, together with such other facts as he may deem material. It shall be the duty of the county auditor, immediately on said report being filed, to cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, or one of the owners of each tract of land along the route of such proposed ditch, drain or water course, of the pendency and prayer of said petition, and of the time of the session of the county commissioners at which the same will be heard, which notice shall be served at least ten days prior to said session, and an affidavit of said service filed with the county auditor; and in case any such owner is not a resident of the county, or should any party or parties in interest die during the pendency of said proceeding, such death shall not work an abatement of such proceeding, but the county commissioners on being notified thereof, shall make such order as they may deem proper for giving notice to the person or persons succeeding to the right of such deceased party or parties, and notice of the pendency and prayer of said petition and the time of hearing the same shall be given to such owner or persons, by publication for two consecutive weeks in some newspaper published or of general circulation in said county.

Sec. 3. That any person or persons claiming compensation for lands appropriated for the purpose of constructing any ditch, drain or water course under the provisions of this act, shall make his, her or their application in writing therefor to the county commissioners, on or before the third day of the session at which the petition has been set for hearing, and on failure to make such application, shall be deemed and held to have waived his, her or their right to such compensation.

Sec. 4. That said county commissioners, at the session set for the hearing of said petition shall, if they find the requirements of the second section of this act to have been complied with, proceed to hear and determine said petition; and if they deem it necessary shall view the premises, and if they find such ditch, drain or water course to be necessary, and that the same is demanded by or will be conducive to the public health, convenience or welfare, and no application has been made for compensation as provided in the third section of this act, they shall proceed to locate and establish such ditch, drain or water course on the route specified in the plat and return of said county surveyor or engineer. But if any application or applications for compensation as aforesaid, shall have been made, further proceedings by the county commissioners shall be adjourned till their next regular session; and the county auditor shall forthwith certify to probate judge of said county a copy of copies of said application or applications, together with a description or descriptions of the property sought to be taken and appropriated, as contained in the plat or report of the county surveyor or engineer which shall be forthwith docketed by said probate judge, styling the applicant or applicants plaintiff or plaintiffs and the county commissioners defendant; and such proceedings shall thereupon be had to assess and determine the compensation of such claimant or claimants, as are authorized and required by the act entitled "an act to provide for compensation to the owners of private property appropriated to the use of ...

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