

# INDIAN

Devoted to the Interests of the Cherokees, Choctaws, Chickasaws, Seminoles, Creeks, and all Other Indians of the Indian Territory.

CHIEFTAIN PUBLISHING CO.

VINITA, INDIAN TERRITORY, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1884.

VOL. II, NO. 24.

## A PALACE STORE!

Beyond all comparison the finest and completest store in the Indian Territory is that of

## W. C. PATTON & CO.,

VINITA, INDIAN TERRITORY.

You can get anything you want and that of the very best quality to be had in the country.

## WE KEEP A GENERAL STORE.

And a full assortment of everything wanted by our customers.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT contains an immense stock of every variety of the best and most serviceable Dry Goods. In

OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT you will find the largest stock of first-class Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods. While

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is fully up to the times in all the latest Styles and Fashions.

OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT is replete with every kind of Staple and Fancy Groceries, Flour, Bacon, Canned Goods, Crackers, Cheese, Etc.

OUR HARNES DEPARTMENT has a full line of Saddles, Harness and Leather Goods of all kinds. In

OUR AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT DEPARTMENT you can get Wagons, Buggies, Plows, Spring Wagons, Etc.

OUR HARDWARE DEPARTMENT is well stocked with Nails, Screws, Chains, Hinges, Tinware, Axes, Utensils, Tools, Etc. You will find in

OUR GLASS AND QUEENWARE DEPARTMENT every variety of Dishes, Crocks, Jars, Jug, Etc. While in

OUR DRUG STORE DEPARTMENT you will find a splendid stock of Pure, Nice Drugs, Medicines, complete in every respect. Prescriptions carefully compounded by a skilled apothecary. In this connection we have also an immense stock of Notions, Lamps, Clocks, Confectionery, Etc. And a

STATIONERY AND BOOK DEPARTMENT where you will find every variety of Writing Materials, Paper, Blank Books, Note and Receipt Books, School Books, and a line of good Reading Books—Prose and Poetry.

Our Prices are as low as the Lowest. Come and See Us.

## W. C. PATTON & CO., Vinita, Indian Territory.

## VINITA LUMBER YARD, NEW GROCERIES

W. L. TROTT, Proprietor.

Will keep constantly on hand a supply of both Red and White Pine Lumber. Also Shingles, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, Etc. The Native Pine, being shipped from the Choctaw Nation, is first quality. ORDERS SOLICITED.

OFFICE AND YARDS ON ILLINOIS AVENUE, TWO DOORS WEST OF CHIEFTAIN OFFICE, VINITA.

## THE NEW DRUG STORE.

Drugs, Patent Medicines, Notions, Stationery, Etc.; also a Full Line of Cigars, Tobaccos and Confectioneries.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED BY DR. BAGBY.

Headquarters of all the Doctors in Vinita at M. FRAZEE'S Red Front, one door West of "Frisco Hotel."

M. FRAZEE, Vinita, Indian Territory.

## THOMPSON & SKINNER,

## GROCCERS,

VINITA, I. T.

Keep constantly on hand the choicest Staple and Fancy Groceries in the Market. Also

Fruit, Vegetables, Food, Queensware, Glassware and Tinware.

Remember our stock is in the New Building on the Corner, two doors West of A. C. Raymond & Co's Hardware Store.

## ROBERT D. KNIGHT,

## Allen's Ringleader Washing Machines

AND WRINGERS, VINITA, I. T.

These Machines are warranted to finish a washing ready for the line, without the use of lard or soap; do not have the hands in the suds from beginning to end; and will wash anything from a quilt to a gun patch, and are fully warranted against breakage for one year. TERMS: \$16.00 for Washer and Wringer complete; \$12.50 for Washer alone, with one cent per mile extra from Vinita to place of delivery.

## WILLIAM LITTLE & CO.

Are carrying a large and complete stock of

## GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Canned Goods, Sugars, Syrups, Soaps and Sauces, Candies and especially COFFEE and TEA; also Queensware, Glassware, Woodware, Tinware, Nails, Powder and Ammunition. We carry an immense stock of FEED, Corn, Bran, Shells, Baled Hay and Oats. We are sole agents at Vinita for the celebrated SENECA FLOUR.

## GIVE US A TRIAL.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL KINDS OF

SHARP DOORS, SASH & BLINDS AS CHEAP AS ANYBODY.

## THE LUMBERMAN

IF YOU WANT TO BUY LUMBER CHEAP

GIVE HIM A CALL

JOHN RGE BULLETTE,

MERCHANDISE AT BEY-ROCK PRICES.

TULSA, I. T.

### CURRENT COMMENT.

There is said to be a secret organization at work to promote the secession of Manitoba from the Dominion of Canada.

OLIVER EDMS, the originator of the vast industry of machine rifle making in this country, died at Plymouth, Mass., recently at the age of sixty-nine years.

ARCHBISHOP FEHAN was tendered a reception at Chicago by the Catholic clergy and teachers. One of the features of the occasion was the presentation of costly vestments.

In the celebration of the release of Agiero at Key West, Fla., five thousand Cubans marched in a torchlight procession. The Federal, State and Municipal officers were in line.

It is the general opinion among English officials at Cairo that the Egyptian army is not only useless, but dangerous, and ought to be disbanded. General Wood faintly expresses confidence in the Egyptians.

CONGRESSMAN HAWITT, of New York, advocates the placing of imported raw material on the free list as "the natural beginning of tariff revision." He thinks this course would be acceptable to manufacturers and consumers.

An extra session of the California Legislature will be called to take action upon the matter of repeal of taxes from the Central Pacific Railroad for the years 1880, 1881 and 1882, which, with interest and penalties, amounts to \$1,074,000. The present law does not permit any compromise, and the total amount must be paid unless the law is modified.

The bill reported by Senator Cockrell, from the Committee on Military Affairs, provides that land included within any reservation which has or may become reserved for military purposes shall be placed under the control of the Secretary of the Interior for appraisal and public sale and also such lands shall not be subject to location by warrant of any description and shall not be subject to the homestead, pre-emption or other culture laws.

A former Parian celebrity has recently died at her chateau in Silesia. This was the once famous Mme. de Palva, at the time of her death, by her marriage with a German nobleman, Countess Von Henckel Dohna-Schwarzburg. Despite her colossal wealth and her aristocratic husband, this lady was simply a demi-monde of great beauty and fascination. She was a Russian by birth, and when she first came to Paris she was the widow of a tailor. She used to sell bouquets about the streets.

The English House of Lords has agreed to the motion of the Marquis of Salisbury to appoint a commission on the housing of the poor. The Prince of Wales, in addressing the House on the subject, said he had been impressed, as were all classes, regarding the condition of the poor. He was gratified that a Royal Commission had been appointed to look into the matter. He took the liveliest interest in the question, and felt flattered at being appointed a member of the Commission. The inquiry of the Commission will be confined to England.

JUDGE JOHN COLLIER in a conversation with a Denver News reporter gives this as part of his experience with the recent blizzard: "It was about ten miles to Dixon, where we knew we could secure shelter, food and warmth, and we pulled out at early day break. But it took nerve to face the winds that whistled about the mountain, and we feared and were prepared for the worst. Frequently one of the party would announce after riding a short distance that he felt comfortable, but we all knew the cause of it, and would hustle him out of the sleigh and pound him, and make him walk until he warmed himself thoroughly."

In October last there was begun a movement among the farmers of Manitoba and the Canadian Northwest which was intended to secure for them redress of certain grievances under which they were being crushed. The first of these grievances was the monopoly given the Canadian Pacific Railway in that they were granted the exclusive right to build railroads through the country.

Another injustice complained of was the excessive duties imposed on all goods going into the country. In view of these facts Manitoba sent a delegation to Ottawa to attempt redress of grievances, but a deaf ear was turned to their appeal, and in consequence the people of Manitoba are indignant and openly threaten secession. A convention has been called to consider the situation.

A WASHINGTON correspondent states that there are in round numbers about forty-six thousand claims for tobacco rebate, of which only the merest fraction have been rejected. A few were thrown out because they were not made in time, and some claims were made on broken packages, while the law limits rebate to whole packages. A very few were thrown out for fraud or other reasons. From the entire country only a hundred or two of claims were rejected. The last of these claims were passed from the Internal Revenue office to the Fifth Auditor's office last November. The Fifth Auditor has now passed about seven-eighths of the whole lot to the First Comptroller, and here they are stalled. Comptroller Lawrence told the correspondent that he had only four clerks in the division to which these claims go, and they have so much work ahead of them that unless the Comptroller has additional clerks assigned him it will take two years before his office will even begin the examination of these tobacco-rebate claims. An appropriation for additional clerks will be asked.

### THE WORLD'S DOINGS

#### A Summary of the Daily News.

IN THE SENATE, the 10th, Mr. Dawes reported favorably the bill providing for the punishment of trespassers on Indian lands, by imprisonment for one year, or a fine of \$100. Mr. Merrill, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill authorizing the payment of custom duties in gold on the export of certain articles.

IN THE HOUSE, the 10th, a resolution was adopted calling upon the Secretary of the Interior to inform the Senate when and how many acres of Indian lands were certified or patented to railroad corporations in Iowa. Mr. Sewell's bill appropriating \$50,000 for the purchase of land for the National Indian Museum was passed. The bill to amend the act to organize the National Bureau of Education was passed by a vote of 187 to 146. In the House it was decided by a vote of 187 to 146 to demand the report of the Committee on Post-office Department having to do with the proposed bill to amend the act to organize the National Bureau of Education.

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IN THE SENATE, on the 21st, Mr. Gerrard called up and asked immediate consideration of the bill providing for the punishment of persons falsely personating officers and agents of the United States. He introduced a bill providing that any person who, with intent to defraud, shall falsely personate Government officers, agents or employees, or receive any valuable consideration or payment by reason of such personation, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and on conviction, be fined not to exceed \$1,000, or imprisoned not to exceed one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. The bill was passed by a vote of 91 to 4.

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### THE WINDS DEVASTATION.

Later Details from the Recent Storm at the South-Nearly Three Hundred Lives Known to Have Been Lost, and the Number May Reach Four Hundred—Thousands of Buildings Demolished, Churches Destroyed, and Great Tracts of Trees Torn to Atoms.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 22.—As full reports of the cyclone which devastated the northern part of this State and Alabama and the western sections of North and South Carolina come in, the disaster seems to grow in terrible proportions. No perfect estimate of the number of lives lost or the damage done can yet be formed, but it is known beyond all doubt that this is the greatest disaster that has ever happened in America. The killed and wounded belong almost exclusively to the poorer classes, and there will be suffering and destitution among those who escaped. The number of deaths so far reported aggregates 276. Of these 112 are in Georgia, 45 in North Carolina, 103 in South Carolina, and 94 in Alabama. Many sections have not been heard from, and the death list will probably reach 400.

One of the worst cases of the storm comes from Gray's Knoll, one of the highest parts of the long swamp range in Cherokee County. The cyclone came in eight seven miles to the right of Jasper. It went over the mountains and out of sight eight miles from the town. It then struck the town in five minutes, and in ten it had returned to its ordinary quiet. The devastated route was from half a mile to three miles across.

In that five minutes' trip over that fifteen-mile distance Mr. Levi Coggins and two children, William Graver, William Herwin, Alonzo Wright, Max James Dowell and four others, were killed. Mr. Coggins, King and two children, John Nicholson, Mrs. Nations, Mrs. Watkins, a child of Percy Pettit, a child of W. H. Collier and a child of Mrs. L. A. Collier were killed. Twenty deaths in all, known and accounted for.

In fifteen miles the cyclone crossed the State from Atlanta to the Gulf of Mexico, but did nothing of consequence until it reached a point a few miles from Jasper. Then it made a fifteen-mile shift to the right, and struck the town of Jasper. The train struck a broken rail just before reaching the bridge, which precipitated the cars against the thin structure, causing its collapse.

ISABELL and Johnson, the murderers of the family near Columbus, have been confessed. They knocked their victims down like cattle and then sold them to the Ohio Medical College for \$15 a piece.

The Senate Committee on Territories has agreed to report a bill providing for the admission of a State at that portion of Dakota south of the forty-sixth parallel.

The wind blew two courses of the Colorado Central track near Georgetown, Colo., recently.

A DISPATCH from St. Paul, Minn., states that the Yankton and Sioux seventy-seven braves, has taken possession of the storehouses on Long Lake reserve. Colonel Herchner, with twenty policemen, went to restore order, but seeing the odds against him, withdrew.

CAPTAIN BENDIS and the crew of the steamer "The Marcell" have arrived at San Francisco. It is expected that a Mexican Consular Agency will be established at either St. Louis or Chicago.

JAMES RAWWELL was killed by a vicious cat at home in Taylor County, Mo. PETER MONFALDI, Professor of Spanish at the Naval Academy, was found dead at Annapolis.

A CATHOLIC school burned at Kershena, Wis. Seventy pupils and six sisters escaped. The school was a two-story building. The fire was caused by a gas stove in the kitchen. The school was a fine building, and the loss was a severe one.

BEHAN and Peck, two of the men arrested for the recent riot at Hot Springs, have been discharged from custody.

NEEL McKEAGUE, a young butcher, has been arrested for the murder of the aged Wilson couple at Winnetka, near Chicago.

The failures last week in the United States were 236; Canada, 49—as compared with 228 of the previous week.

The river is falling at Cairo, having infiltrated but little damage at that point.

SEVERAL lives were lost in a fire which burned down a number of buildings in Jackson, Mich., recently. Loss, \$125,000.

A CALL has been issued for a National Convention of Wood Growers of the United States, to meet at Chicago on the 7th of May next, in the general interests of that industry.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES. The Senate, Monday, was occupied principally with the Banking bill, which finally passed by a vote of forty-four to twelve.

REY, T. G. Thurston and daughter were drowned at Oxford, S. C., recently. Mr. Thurston, who was a Presbyterian minister of Hickory, was on his way to Taylorville to preach on Sunday.

The corner stone of the new Cotton Exchange building, New York, was laid the other day. The exterior walls will be of white marble from Kentucky.

The Shipping Committee of Congress has voted adversely against allowing foreign bulls ships American registry free of duty.

### IN MEMORIAM.

Carving of the Monument to General Robert E. Lee at New Orleans—The Union of the Blue and the Gray in the Carolinas.—The Programme Abridged by a Violent Thunder Storm.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Feb. 22.—The history of the public pageants and special festivities is a long one, filled with numerous and distinguished triumphs. On nearly every occasion the weather has favored and seconded the efforts of the managers of such affairs; but to-day they were destined to an overwhelming failure. The program was the unveiling of a statue of General Lee, and the dedication of the Confederate Memorial. The programme was to be a grand one, and the unveiling of the statue of Lee was to take place on Washington's birthday added still more interest to the intended display. All the military of the city and many visiting companies, including the fine company of light infantry from Detroit, Mich., were to lead their aid, and all the organizations of veteran soldiers of the late war were to give a grand historic interest to the affair. Not only did the Veterans Confederate Association of the Army of Northern Virginia and the Army of the Tennessee appear in force, but large and imposing delegations of the Grand Army of the Republic, represented by Joseph A. Mower and Timothy O. Howe, were present, and the occasion with their presence.

The hour of two o'clock had arrived, the troops were on the ground, and the veterans were in their places of honor and a great array of distinguished guests were on the platform. Seats which had been provided for a great number of ladies were filled and the small circle of park in which the monument stands and the street which surrounds the circle were crowded with people of all ranks. The great archway, under the shadow of which the statue was to be unveiled, was on the ground. Flags of all nations, over which the national standard dominated, floated in the balmy south breeze, and the air was filled with the strains of martial music. The program was to be a grand one, and the unveiling of the statue of Lee was to take place on Washington's birthday added still more interest to the intended display. All the military of the city and many visiting companies, including the fine company of light infantry from Detroit, Mich., were to lead their aid, and all the organizations of veteran soldiers of the late war were to give a grand historic interest to the affair. Not only did the Veterans Confederate Association of the Army of Northern Virginia and the Army of the Tennessee appear in force, but large and imposing delegations of the Grand Army of the Republic, represented by Joseph A. Mower and Timothy O. Howe, were present, and the occasion with their presence.

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