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THE MORNING

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MOB KILLS OMAHA MAYOR

TWO ARE SLAIN IN SUNDAY GUN BATTLES HERE

Aged Merchant and John Dobbins Are Killed.

TWO SUSPECTS IN JAIL

Ott Ballard, Notorious Character, Held in Jail for Murder.

ANOTHER SLAYER ESCAPES

Aged West Tulsa Grocer Is Killed and Then Robbed.

Tulsa's lawless element saw red last night.

Two men were shot to death within three hours, the first murderer having escaped while in the second killing two women and two men were arrested, one of the men being held as the murder suspect and the others as witnesses.

The first murder occurred about 5:30 o'clock on Davison street, West Tulsa, H. H. Byrd, about 70 years old, of Tulsa, according to Eddy Jones, who purchased a cold drink at a soft drink store from A. H. Byrd, a relative, who operates a dance hall in West Tulsa, was shot twice and instantly killed by a highway robber. After killing Byrd, the murderer searched his clothes but failed to find any of his money. At the Mayfield undertaking parlors, a search of the aged man's clothing revealed a gun watch and a bank book showing $1,140.

In the murder there was no witness. A. R. Engard, No. 13 South Lansing, has a shoe store and has seen the street car men in the habit of eating their breakfast and lunches at the restaurant where Byrd was shot. The man ran down the street toward the railroad tracks, carrying with the police.

A. H. Parks, who talked with the description of the murderer was arrested by officer E. H. Temple. He is being held in the city jail pending further investigation.

An autopsy over the body showed that two shots had been fired. One shot entered Byrd's left side and the other entered his breast and pierced the right lung.

Information gathered by police last night indicated that Byrd was the fourteenth, fourth and fifth murder in Tulsa. They could not be located, however.

The second murder of the night occurred near the corner of East Archer and Cincinnati streets. After spending too much whisky crazed Jesse Ballard shot and killed John Dobbins. Ballard is held in the city jail together with Virgil Dobbins, brother of the slain man, Mamie Dobbins, wife of Virgil, and Artie McCartney, as witnesses to the killing.

After Ballard fired two shots, both of which struck Dobbins, he is said to have used a knife on Dobbins' body. His motive, Dobbins was a prosecuting witness against Ballard in a recent case.

Let us keep our heads," he urged, "and be passive resisters as far as possible and not allow the government to stampede us into giving them the opportunity of shooting down the people."

ONE SHOT AND THREE ARRESTED IN STRIKE

Carnegie Steel Mill Offers Reward of $1,000 for Arrest and Conviction of Man Who Shot Another.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 28.—One man was shot and eighty wounded and three others arrested when a crowd of young men are alleged to have attacked a deputy sheriff in the Lawrenceville section tonight. The shooting occurred when the deputy, a Negro, is said to have struck one of the men and the latter drew a revolver. Upon the officer's arrest Ballard admitted that he had shot the man, but declared that he was acting in self defense. He is charged with murder.

Hall Strike Unchanged.

LINCOLN, Sept. 28.—An official statement issued from Governor Neville's office today declares that the governor has no right to interfere in the Omaha street car strike, but that he will do so if the situation becomes serious.

THE WEATHER

TULSA, Okla., Sept. 29.—Maximum 86, minimum 64, south winds, partly cloudy, trace of rain.

OKLAHOMA: Monday showers, cooler in north portion. Tuesday generally fair, cooler.

NORTH TEXAS: Monday and Tuesday partly cloudy.

ARKANSAS: Monday cloudy in east and south portions, showers and cooler in northwest portion. Tuesday unsettled, local showers, cooler.

EAST TEXAS: Monday and Tuesday partly cloudy, to cloudy weather, cooler in extreme north portion Tuesday.

WEST TEXAS: Monday and Tuesday partly cloudy, cooler in the Panhandle.

KANSAS: Unsettled and cooler Monday. Tuesday showers.

MANLINESS.

Swing through the heat of it, hammer and beat of it, play out the game to the end.

Stand to the test of it, making the best of it, you have a name to defend.

Heart and soul go for it, you have a show for it, fight just as hard as you can.

But cherish no doubt of it, you can come out of it, failure or victor—a man.

Make a fair fight of it, keep to the right of it, honestly battle to win.

But don't let the prize of it, glitter and size of it, tempt you to shame or to sin.

Better to fail to be short of the victory, better to lose to defeat.

Than falsely get hold of it, knowing the guilt of it, carries the name of a cheat.

Hold yourself high above cheating and money, will want something more than a goal.

Treasure your honest name more than a victor's fame—nothing can pay for soul-soil.

Then if you're beaten down, failing to gain the crown, you can come homeward in pride.

Smiling and head erect, owning your self respect, knowing that truly you tried.

RAILROAD TIEUP IN ENGLAND COMPLETE

Service of Whole Country Except Ireland Is at Standstill As Result of Employes Walkout.

NO SIGNS OF VIOLENCE

Leaders Instruct Strikers to Keep Order and Thereby Prevent Government From Using Troops.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The railway system of the whole country with the exception of Ireland is almost at a complete standstill. The great London terminals are deserted and the gates closed a few policemen proving a sufficient guard. Noteworthy is the absence of any disorder. The completeness of the tieup seems to have rendered picketing needless, and this common source of friction therefore is lacking. However, the strike leaders have been constantly impressing the men with the importance of keeping order.

There were informal conferences of the cabinet ministers today and meetings of the executive board of the National Union of Railway Men and the railway managers. The managers are endeavoring to run skeleton services wherever possible, with the special aim of meeting as far as possible the needs of London's suburbs and nearby seaside and holiday resorts. For this purpose a few men are still willing to work and volunteers from the railway clerical staffs have been employed.

James Henry Thomas, secretary of the union, declares firmly against widening the issue unless compelled to do so, and will only call a strike in London and ask the assistance of the Triple Industrial Alliance if he finds that he is unable to fight the railway question unaided.

Robert Smillie, the miners' leader, speaking at Glasgow tonight, said that within a few days 80 per cent of the miners would be idle because all industries were interlinked. He was desirous that there should be no ground given to the government for using armed forces against the people.

UNITY OF ACTION BETWEEN ALLIES URGED BY ITALY

Break Now Would Bring Losses, it Is Claimed.

FIUME TROUBLE CAUSE

Premier Offers to Resign if Another Can Do Better, He Says.

MENTION WILSON'S NAME

Italians Forced Into Compromise by England and France.

ROME, Sept. 28.—Premier Nitti was given a vote of confidence by the chamber of deputies which continued in session last night. The government received 268 votes to 110.

By The Associated Press.

ROME, Saturday, Sept. 28.—Italy must remain in unity with her allies, declared Tomasso Tittoni, the foreign minister, in the course of his speech today in the chamber dealing with the situation growing out of the Fiume incident, in which he offered to resign in favor of any member who believed he could handle the problem better.

The foreign minister had gone over the course of the peace negotiations at Paris, paying particular attention to the status of President Wilson in the peace activities and pointing out that the Italian delegates had had to adopt an attitude of compromise because, while France and Great Britain had assured Italy of their support, they had avoided going beyond the point in which they would have come into conflict with President Wilson. The foreign minister went on:

"I should be a traitor if I did not recommend the avoidance of a course which would put Italy in open opposition to the peace conference, which would mean Italy's abandonment of the conference, with the loss of all the advantages coming from the peace treaties."

PRESIDENT BETTER BUT REQUIRES REST

Although Week Wilson Walks From Train to Waiting Automobile After Arrival in Capital.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—President Wilson returned to Washington today in all outward appearances on the road to recovery from the nervous exhaustion which interrupted his speaking trip for the peace treaty.

Leaving he had virtually for the first time since his special train started homeward Friday from Wichita, Kan., the president walked unsupported and, smiling through the railway station to a waiting automobile and later on the flat rock at Rock Creek park.

Dr. Grayson, the president's personal physician, said the president's condition was as good as could be expected, though a period of rest from official cares would be absolutely essential to complete recovery. The afternoon ride was prescribed to give Mr. Wilson some fresh air after two and a half days of continuous confinement on the train.

Although he walked with an aggressive swing as he passed through the railway station, the president was feeling some weakness, Dr. Grayson said, from a bad night's rest while his special train was racing eastward. Tonight he retired early after dining with his family in the white house and Dr. Grayson said he was hopeful of a refreshing sleep.

All of Mr. Wilson's engagements for the next fifteen days have been cancelled and his physician will insist upon a real vacation. No definite decision has been reached when he will remain in seclusion at the white house or go to some real resort, but indications tonight were the president would not leave the capital soon.

Up to Wilson.

Whether President Wilson will exercise the right against all precautions "still or reserve" interpretative or definitive, or will make known a disposition to accept reservations of the treaty with some qualification of the kind, is decided this week, it is believed in both democratic and republican quarters.

Only Woman Aviator With French Army Comes Here to Make Money

Captain Jane Herveux.

Capt. Jane Herveux, the only woman flier who has served with the French army, has just arrived in New York from France. Before the war Captain Herveux was the winner of several automobile racing purses and during the war she served with the French army. In service she frankly states that she has come to America to make money—two airplane firms having offered her contracts, one as demonstrator and the other as an exhibition flier.

The World Wires Will Tell Tulsa Fans All About the Big Series

Every play made on the field and within a few seconds of its completion—that's the kind of super-service The World will give to Tulsa baseball fans this year. While The World's world series service always has been faster than any other agency in Tulsa this year two leased wires will be used to tell the story of the great contests.

Leased wires of the two greatest news distributing agencies in the world, the Associated Press and the International News Service will flash the game play by play, strike by strike and ball by ball to Tulsa fans. Less than a half minute's time is required to flash the news from either Cincinnati or Chicago direct to Tulsa. Every play will be megaphoned to the crowds in front of the World building.

STEEL WORKERS WILL WIN, CLAIMS GOMPERS

Victory Is Certain Because Their Cause Is Just, Declares Labor Chieftain.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Victory for the striking steel workers was predicted tonight by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who on the eve of his departure for Washington asserted that the strike by all probability would be discussed at President Wilson's industrial conference to begin in Washington on October 6.

"The steel workers will win because their cause is just," said Mr. Gompers. He contended that public opinion leans toward the strikers in their fight for collective bargaining and said that important developments in the steel controversy were looked for in Washington this week. The lowering of labor standards would "precipitate a calamity," he added.

The labor chieftain's decision to attend was taken by E. H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Steel corporation, was characterized the efforts. That the strike was inspired by radicalism and anarchism as false.

Asserting that he had no political personal regard for the 1920, he said:

"The time has passed when a corporation can expect its employes to go backward."

Defending John Fitzpatrick, president of the Chicago federation of labor, and William Z. Foster, secretary of the steel workers' committee, in charges of radicalism, he said:

Hearing on Coton Rates.

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 28.—Hearing of charges in cotton rates recently put into effect throughout the south from points in Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas to points in the south will be considered in Montgomery, October 6, by the Alabama railroad commission. Following the hearing there will be a conference of the railroad commissioners of the several states concerned, at which time it is expected that a uniform rate will be established.

STRIKE AND LEAGUE ARE BEFORE SENATE

President Wilson May Be Asked to Intervene in Steel Strike; Hope for Compromise.

TO CONSIDER AMENDMENTS

May Reach Voting Stage on Fall's Proposals for Revision of Covenant Before End of Week.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The peace treaty and the steel strike remain the engrossing affairs of congress this week.

Prospects of a vote before next Saturday on the amendments to the treaty proposed by Senator Fall, republican of New Mexico, and providing for elimination of virtually all American representation on international commissions, together with President Wilson's return to the capital, is expected to bring to a head the vital issues in the treaty contest.

Industrial unrest overshadowed by the steel strike will share attention in the senate with the peace treaty. Hearings in the labor committee investigation of the steel strike will be resumed Wednesday when officials of the U. S. Steel corporation are to give personal side of the controversy. Later the committee plans to hear Secretary William Z. Foster of the steel workers, and other witnesses and it would not surprise some observers if efforts to bring about a settlement by President Wilson should be made.

House Not Very Busy.

The house administration committee has completed its work engaged on the rules bill. This week's program of the house is for the consideration of the bill to provide for the appointment of additional assistant secretaries of state, and to authorize the secretary of state to appoint such assistants as he may deem necessary.

In the senate the committee on the judiciary will continue its hearings on the Kenyon bill to provide for the appointment of additional federal judges. The senate will also consider the bill to provide for the appointment of additional assistant secretaries of state, and to authorize the secretary of state to appoint such assistants as he may deem necessary.

Mayor Ed. P. Smith Dies After Two Attempts to Lynch Him by Mob That Previously Lynches Negro.

ATTACKED AS HE PLEADS FOR ORDER

Shouts of "Lynch Him" Followed by Noose Being Placed Around His Neck; Courthouse Set Fire to Get Negro.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 29.—Mayor Ed P. Smith, victim of two attempts at lynching Sunday afternoon, died at 1:30 o'clock this morning as a result of injuries received.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 28.—An attempt to lynch Mayor E. P. Smith was made this afternoon by the mob which later hanged William Brown, negro, to a light pole. The mayor tonight is in a critical condition at a local hospital. A rope was thrown around his neck and he was pulled off the ground twice before two police officers succeeded in cutting the rope and getting him into an automobile and away from the mob.

The mayor had gone to the courthouse and held a consultation with Sheriff Clark. Emerging from the courthouse, he met the mob and began to make an appeal for law and order. Somebody shouted "lynch him" and a member of the mob threw a rope around his neck. Half a dozen men dragged the mayor half a block and threw the loose end of the rope over a trolley pole. Twice they drew the mayor's body from the ground. Each time two police officers cut the rope. Following the second attempt these officers succeeded in getting the mayor into a police motor car and rushed him to a surgeon's office nearby. The mayor was bleeding from his mouth and nose, and after a brief examination by physicians, was taken to a hospital. At the hospital it was stated by the physician at midnight that he was still unconscious.

His face and body were badly bruised by being dragged by the mob.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 28.—A lynching, which developed many characteristics of a race riot, held this city terrorized for nine hours today.

Mayor Edward P. Smith was himself saved from lynching by a policeman, who, after it was reported, cut the rope from about the mayor's neck while his comrades clubbed off the mob. At midnight it was said that the mayor was unconscious in a hospital.

The riot centered about the magnificent new courthouse building, which was set on fire in the efforts to reach William Brown, a negro charged with criminally attacking Agnes Lobeck, a white girl, a few days ago.

With the flames mounting steadily from floor to floor, Sheriff Mike Clark and his deputies fought a battle of hours to save Brown but at 11 o'clock with the cries of the 100 or more prisoners on the top floor—the jail floor—ringing in his ears, he was compelled to surrender the prisoner.

Troops started from both Fort Omaha and Fort Crook at 11 o'clock. Before they could reach the city, a patrol wagon was stopped by the mob, overturned and burned. The mob appeared to be bent on still more depredations.

CONTINUED ON PAGE SIX

BOTH SIDES OF STEEL STRIKE CLAIM VICTORY

Many Will Go Back to Work Today, Say Owners.

OTHERS WILL GO OUT

Is Immediate Reply of Union Men Who Spend Sunday Organizing.

SUNDAY PASSES QUIETLY

Mass Meetings Held But No Indication of Violence Shown.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 28.—Sunday passed quietly in the steel strike zone of the Pittsburgh district. Mass meetings, called by union organizers, were held in halls in several parts of Alleghany county under the supervision of the sheriff and the authorities had no trouble in handling them. The crowds gathered and dispersed without disorder.

Steel companies expect that tomorrow will show a radical change in their favor. Operating officials of the corporations have been bending all their efforts toward making a good showing when the plants in this city resume operations for the week.

Assurance that they would be protected, the company officials say, will lead thousands of men who quit a week ago to venture back to the mills.

Leaders at strike headquarters expressed confidence that there will be no break in the ranks of the union men. They said they do not look for the return of many men and that the number going back will be more than counter balanced by those who will join in the walkout.

Say More Will Quit.

Speaking of the situation outside of the Pittsburgh district today, Secretary William Z. Foster of the steel workers' national committee, said the union expects every man in the steel plants of the Bethlehem Steel company, against which the strike becomes effective tomorrow morning, will respond to the call.

Secretary Foster also said that the drive against the Jones and Laughlin company in this city, the largest independent plants in the Pittsburgh field, is bearing fruit and that full effect will be felt tomorrow.

Many organizers and strikers spent Sunday in making personal house-to-house canvasses in mill towns to induce wavering men to join the strike.

Reports that the strike was "waning" were vigorously denied at union headquarters. Telegrams were exhibited from a number of organizers asking that thousands of the red, white and blue union cards be hurried to them. "We are much stronger today than the first day of the strike," he said.

C. J. Boyle, general organizer of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, arrived at headquarters today and said a corps of 50 of the brotherhood's best organizers was being sent into the district to aid the steel workers.

J. G. Brown, who was one of the leaders in the Seattle strike, is investigating all arrests of strikers by state and local police. He said today that more than 150 union men are now locked up in jails in Alleghany county.

Following up the vote of confidence given Secretary Foster yesterday by the national steel workers' committee, union headquarters today gave out a letter said to have been written by Judge Samuel Alschuler, of the United States circuit court of appeals for the seventh circuit, bearing on Mr. Foster's alleged radicalism. The letter is dated Chicago, Ill. March 28, 1919, and is in reply to one written by John Fitzpatrick, chairman of the strikers' national committee. In it the judge states that his acquaintance with Mr. Foster began in February, 1918 in connection with the hearing of arbitration cases in certain of the packing house industries. He later further says:

"In my consideration of the employes in the various controversies before me in which he participated he impressed me as being particularly intelligent, honorable, moderate, careful and fair. His manner of presentation and his occasional apparent literary references led me to inquire of others as to his earlier advantages, and I learned with some wonder that they were absolutely nil, and on the contrary all the very reverse of advantages. If in his earlier wanderings he imbibed for a time fantastic extreme and destructive social ideas, I am sure there was nothing developed in the many conferences and hearings in which he participated which would indicate that he still harbored it in".