

PROBE OF YANKS LANDING ASKED

New and Sherman Demand Investigation of Incident

DENUNCIATION BITTER

Several Senators Unite in Deploring Use of the Americans.

DANIELS DENIES REPORTS

Says Forces Did Not Proceed Under Orders of Admiralty.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—An investigation of the incident of the British coast guard vessel, the *Albatross*, was asked by a resolution introduced in the senate this afternoon by Senator New of Illinois.

The resolution declares that the press reports show that the orders for the landing were given by the British admiralty and asks the state department for full information.

Senator Sherman of Illinois also introduced a resolution expressing disapproval of "American interference in Italy" and prohibiting the use of appropriations for such purposes.

The resolution further declares the order for the landing of the naval forces in Italy "was beyond the power of the supreme council."

"I have great respect for Great Britain," said Senator Sherman, "but I refuse to see revolutionaries recognize any power of Great Britain to give orders to our armed forces. It will lead to war with Italy if this action proceeds further. Italy today faces civil war."

The new resolution went over until tomorrow and the Sherman resolution was referred to a foreign relations committee.

Senator Knox of Pennsylvania stated that he could understand doubts which might have been raised in the mind of Secretary Daniels, "whether this is the first in a number of actions in a program for our military and naval forces."

He declared that if there had been bloodshed in connection with the landing of the naval forces it would have meant a state of war.

Unbelievable State.
"It is an unbelievable state of affairs when the army and navy of the United States are ordered to land in Europe and Asia at the order of a supreme council in which the people of the United States have no confidence," Senator Fitzgerald of Connecticut declared.

Senator Hitchcock declared that we are in the same position that we were at the signing of the armistice and that our forces are still at the command of the supreme council.

"I can't understand why senators are going on the assumption that we have arrived at peace," said Senator Hitchcock. "When did we go to war with Italy?" asked Senator Lodge.

"It was an Italian force that our forces were directed against," Senator Hitchcock declared.

Senator Hitchcock declared that the landing forces had been used against the forces that "were practically insurrectionists; that the Italian government could not cope with."

"Would the senator want us to have Italian marines sent to his home city—Omaha—to restore peace and order here?" asked Senator Moses of New Hampshire.

V. S. Ample Prepared.
"Happily the United States government is able to take care of itself," replied Senator Hitchcock.

"In all of the discussion of the treaty I have heard in this chamber nothing has been said to charge my convictions that it should be ratified," said Senator McComber, republican, North Dakota.

There has been said to charge my convictions," he continued, "that the league of nations should be tried out as a plan of the peace loving nations of the world to protect the peoples of the world just as communities protect the rights of their citizens."

"I am not surprised, knowing the views held by the senator from North Dakota, to hear him deliver such vigorous support of an instrument which would involve the United States in all future wars," replied Senator Pinchback, republican of Washington.

Under which, without the sanction of congress, American soldiers are being employed in Russia and American marines are being landed on the Italian coast and which would establish our foreign relations upon such a basis as would keep us everlastingly in outlasting alliances."

Record Exchange, phonographs and piano player, records, records, records—Adv.

Texas Lad Wins Glory in Battle; Is Decorated by Three Countries



He happened onto a machine gun and captured the seven Germans in charge.

ALBUQUERQUE, Texas, Sept. 29.—Private Alfred R. Simpson, a country boy born and raised in the cedar hills near Austin, has come back from the war with the decorations of three governments. The Italian medal of valor was publicly presented by Governor W. P. Hobby August 28, at which time it was announced that a subscription of \$2,000 had been raised by the city to enable young Simpson to go to school, for he can barely read and write.

Private Simpson was presented with the distinguished service cross by General Pershing and the cross is given with him by Marshall Foch, sergeant-at-arms of the United States.

Young Simpson went across in May 1918, with company B, 13th machine gun battalion, 2nd division, after taking part in the Meuse-Argonne offensive. He was a member of the front line defensive east of Argonne forest and his company was sent to the east bank of the River Aire. One hundred and eighty-five trained men went into action October 11 and when they were withdrawn from the battle that resulted in the capture of Kemmelde they were reduced to 35. Twice they went over the top only to be driven back. The third time Simpson happened onto a German machine gun and he



Sergeant Alfred R. Simpson.

captured the seven Germans in charge unloading and operated the gun against the enemy for two hours before relief came.

Private Simpson frankly says he did not want to go into the war. His life up to the time he was drafted in September, 1917, had included less than three months of schooling, but the business of getting even a skimming living from the harvests at hand had developed resourcefulness, frugality and a steady nerve. Consequently he takes his sports on a day-by-day basis. He is extremely reticent about reciting his experiences, but that he is not unkind of the honor awarded him is evidenced by the fact that he walked 15 miles in the August sun the other day to view his latest decoration.

MAYOR SMITH'S LAW FIRM DEFENDS BLACKS

Police Attribute Anger of Mob to That in Attempt to Kill Governor Head in Sunday Night Riot.

THEY SURRENDER BROWN

Prisoners Get Beyond Control of Sheriff and Deputies Follow Inmate to Crowd in Omaha.

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 29.—Mayor Smith when asked by the crowd at Seventeenth street near the courthouse at 10 o'clock last night, was threatened with lynching. He was hustled to the sheriff's office and stopped at the rear of a building on the corner of which was a crowd of rage.

"Give us the key to the jail if we can't get the negroes out tonight. How do you expect the mob will let you out if they get more than the sheriff? It's a matter of life or death," were cries heard in the mob.

"That's what I want," someone shouted. "I was pulled down by a loose end, but was not hurt enough to catch a man climbing the pole and hanging down and placed around the neck of the mayor."

"Throw it up over the pole and swing the mayor up," cried a voice.

The mob surged to and fro. The mayor was the center of a crush so great that it almost overthrew an automobile standing near.

The rope was then placed around the mayor's neck. Applauded at the possibility of murdering the city's chief executive, protests began to be heard.

"We won't stand for hanging the mayor! That won't get up the 'niggers' let him go! Tell him to get out of here!"

Then the officers cut the rope carried the mayor to an automobile and rushed him to a hospital.

Defends Negroes.
The mayor's law firm is at present defending two negroes charged with assaulting two white women. The police assert that fact had much to do with some of the remarks that were made by members of the mob who had a hand in the attempt against his life.

Michael J. Clark today told the story of how Brown finally came into possession of the mob. He said the deputy sheriffs had orders to hold Brown and they did all in their power to do so. When the flames and smoke crowded us off fourth floor, Commissioner Ringer, chief of police, Mayor Smith and some police officers started for the freight elevator. The last men into the elevator were Mayor Smith, Commissioner Ringer and Chief Engineer.

The women prisoners were screaming at the top of their voices. We took 15 women prisoners and released them rather than have them burn like sheep in their cells. They escaped from the building.

Later we took the male prisoners out of their cells when it became too hot there and led them to the roof of the building. They

REPUBLICANS PLAN FIGHT IN OKLAHOMA

Strong Efforts Will Be Made to Elect Successor to Congressman Joseph B. Thompson.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—That the republicans will make a strenuous effort to capture the fifth Oklahoma congressional district, which was represented by the late Joseph B. Thompson is now certain.

Normally the district is about a 50-50 democratic, but the party in use any 2,000 Wilson, and that is what the democratic party is coming to be. Thompson himself had a tremendous personal popularity and some of the prospects in the field of democratic candidates in the fifth district seem able to line up the old Thompson strength.

The Democrats of Oklahoma don't feel any too good about the work President Wilson did them. Max Baugh was no success, but when he turned back right at the gates of Oklahoma after going through the strong anti-foreigner country they felt that something was wrong according to information reaching Washington.

The republicans, remembering how they carried Clyde Sweeter, except a Kentucky district that had never before been anything but democratic, feel that success in the blue grass state two months ago will be repeated in Oklahoma in the election to choose a successor to the late Congressman Thompson. The fifth Oklahoma district is a battleground.

SERBIA ORDERS FRONTIER CLOSED FOR FIFTEEN DAYS

BELGRADE, Sept. 29.—Serbia has ordered the frontier bordering Yugoslavia closed for 15 days, the Trieste correspondent of the Times reported today.

The rumor that Serbia has begun to move troops is said by the Trieste correspondent to have been unfounded.

The state of Rome for the Italians has become more serious. It is now feared that the steady news with the strike of flour on board several ships at ports on the Adriatic peninsula, carried concealed Italian soldiers who compelled the captain to change his course and put into Fiume. The soldiers were members of the famous Arditi many of whom are with Capt. Gabriele D'Annunzio.

PENNSYLVANIA GOVERNOR SEES CO-OPERATION NEED

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 29.—Speaking here today at the opening of a bureau of mines station, Governor William C. Sproul deplored the unrest prevalent in industry and declared that the co-operation of workmen and employers is necessary for the welfare of the community in general.

"You can't raise good citizens," said the governor, "in squalid, depressing quarters and badly constructed insanitary homes. I propose, if I am spared, to make certain recommendations which may be considered radical, but which I believe will be most effective. The state can prompt action in that direction, if necessary, but we would rather have co-operation."

PROBE COTTONSEED CHARGES

Movement for Investigation Is Launched in Louisiana. BATON ROUGE, La., Sept. 29.—Harry D. Wilson, state commissioner of agriculture, has inaugurated a movement to secure an investigation of charges that cottonseed oil refiners are overcharging. It was announced today a letter urging the investigation has been sent to the Louisiana congressional delegation, and Mr. Wilson has written letters to agricultural commissioners of other cotton-producing states suggesting that they make a similar request of their representatives in congress.

Army Is Demobilized Ninety Per Cent Since Armistice Was Signed

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The United States army has been demobilized 90 per cent since the armistice, the war department announced today.

The decrease in numbers totals 2,292,345.

The present strength of the army was announced today by the department as 378,503 officers and men. Of these, 33,065 are in Europe, 8,417 in Siberia and the remainder in the United States and scattered.

REMOVE STATE QUARANTINE FOR TICK ON DECEMBER 1

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—A large amount of the Oklahoma territory now under federal quarantine against the tick will have the restrictions removed December 1, the department of agriculture today announced.

Heavy spring rains the tick has been under way all year and every gun was in operation through September. The figures for the last month are not available, but in August 549,829 cattle were shipped in Oklahoma, the area worked amounting to 18,574 square miles. There are now 1,158 dipping vats available in Oklahoma.

The aggressive work all summer and through summer gives assurance that 1919 will be one of the biggest and most productive years since the federal and state governments began in 1906 to go actively into the fight against the tick that southern and some southwestern cattle had to carry.

OFFICE ROOMS for Rent Apply Room 1, 14 1/2 E. Third St.

Don't Experiment With Catarrh; It Often Leads to Serious Trouble

You Will Never Be Cured by Local Treatment With Sprays

Catarrh is a condition of the blood and can not be cured by local applications of sprays and douches, this has been proven by the thousands who have vainly resorted to this method of treatment.

Catarrh should not be neglected or experimented with. The wrong treatment is valuable time lost, during which the disease is getting a firmer hold upon the system, and making it more difficult for even the proper treatment to accomplish results.

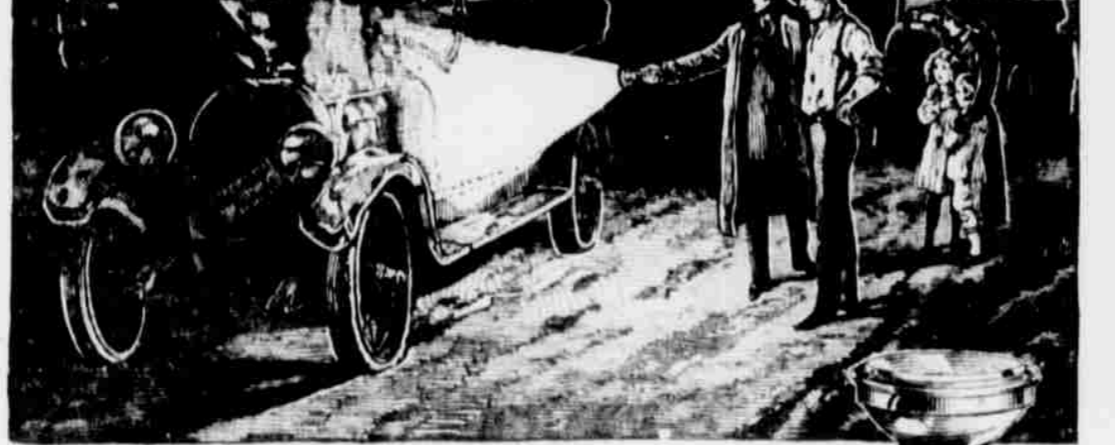
Though Catarrh makes its first appearance in the urinary tract and we possess the disease become

REPORT ALSACE REPUBLIC

Independent Government Set On Says Report Received at Coblenz.

COBLENZ, Sept. 29.—It is rumored here that an independent republic has been declared in Alsace.

Nothing has been heard in Paris relative to the rumors in Coblenz yesterday that a republic had been set up in Alsace.



"A Daylo would have prevented that!"

"If you'd used a Daylo instead of a match that trouble under the hood, this wouldn't have happened!"

Wherever there is gasoline or anything else inflammable—in the garage, the house, the factory or on the farm—a flame light spells danger, but Daylo means safety. Its strong light goes everywhere safely.

October 4 to 11 is Daylo Safety First Week, in honor of National Fire and Accident Prevention Day, October 9. Prepare for it now by getting the Daylo you need to prevent avoidable fires. Watch for the dealers' windows showing the Daylo "Safety First" Medal Design.



SEE COMPLETE DAYLO LINE AT STORES LABELED WITH THIS SIGN

- TULSA, OKLA.
 - Clackson Goodman Lumber Co., corner Madison and Dodge streets.
 - Clackson Auto Sales Co., 300 East Second street.
 - Clackson Loan Co., 23 South Main street.
 - Deacon Electric Co., 516 East Third street.
 - F. E. Deaton & Co., 505 South Main street.
- Dickson Hardware Co., 201 North Main street.
- J. W. Messer, Sporting Goods, 22 West Second street.
- Nichols Hardware Co., 119-121 East First street.
- Tulsa Hardware Co., 13 East Second street.
- WEST TULSA, OKLA.
 - C. B. Gump, 1244 West Seventeenth street.
 - The Rexall Store, 1217 West Seventeenth street.
- Dickson Hardware Co., 201 North Main street.
- J. W. Messer, Sporting Goods, 22 West Second street.
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 - C. B. Gump, 1244 West Seventeenth street.
 - The Rexall Store, 1217 West Seventeenth street.

A Fall Suit that will suit you for-- \$35

A snappy, pure wool suit, well tailored and one that will give you the same wear and appearance that you will pay more money for at other stores. Ask the man who wears "Holmes Clothes."

Other Suits at \$25 & \$30

HOLMES CLOTHES SHOP

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Happy Mothers

Many mothers who in order to keep the home neat and attractive, the children well fed and dressed, continually overdo.

The experience of motherhood alone causes a severe strain upon the system, from which many women recover slowly, and serious feminine disorders may develop unless great care is taken to prevent them.

To such women Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is invaluable. For many years this root and herb medicine has been recognized as the standard remedy for woman's ills, restoring them to a normal, healthy condition.

Mrs. Morgan's Case
East Hampton, N. Y. — "For two years I suffered with a female weakness, pains in my back and painful periods, and I was so weak and tired that I was not able to do my work. A friend told me to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it gave me great relief. My pains left me and I am now able to do my work and feel fine. You can publish my testimonial and if your Vegetable Compound does others as much good as it has me I will be very much pleased."—Mrs. CHARLES E. MORGAN, Care E.L.Dennett.

A Word to Childless Women
There are women everywhere who long for children in their homes yet are denied this happiness on account of some functional disorder which in many cases would readily yield to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Such women should not give up hope until they have given this wonderful medicine a trial.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

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