SOFT COAL MINERS CLASH WITH OWNERS

No Conclusion Is Reached on Effectiveness of Wartime Agreement and Meeting Is Continued.

WAGE DEMAND HELD UNJUST

Spokesman for Operators Says They Are Manifestly Impossible of Acceptance and Are Extravagant.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 29.—The soft coal operators and miners of the central competitive field clashed at today's wage conference on the issue of whether the wartime agreement of April, 1918, is still in force, and the extent of authority vested in the miners' delegates to negotiate a new scale. The debate during a four-hour session was at times heated, but there was no indication of a break in the ranks and when adjournment was taken it was with an agreement to meet again tomorrow.

The issues were raised in the first response of the operators to the demands of the miners for a 60 per cent increase in wages and shorter hours and came before the joint conference in a statement signed by Thomas T. Brewster, executive chairman of the operators. The statement characterized the miners' demands as "radically extravagant and manifestly impossible of acceptance." The operators also maintained that the miners' delegates came to the present conference with their hands tied by resolutions from the United Mine Workers' Cleveland convention and with a "single threat as their impelling argument."

John T. Lewis acting president of the United Mine Workers, replied to the operators' statement. He protested against a summary swerving aside of the detailed demands of the miners and urged that they be considered by one on their merits following the course of previous wage conferences. He declared that the miners' delegates had full authority to negotiate a new wage scale and that whatever action they took would be indorsed by the adjourned convention of the United Mine Workers when it meets at Indianapolis.

The wage scale adopted by the operators and miners in 1916 and approved by the government, Mr. Lewis explained, was for the period of the war and that it could not be fairly claimed that the country was still at war with Germany. The miners, he said, should not be penalized for the long delay in the actual proclamation of peace.

JUSTICE IS NOT POSSIBLE UNDER PACT OF LEAGUE

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of any country in the league attacked by an outside power. That means that if Japan is attacked by China in an attempt to get back her rights in that Chinese province [illegible] we must help Japan regardless of all circumstances.

As President Wilson has said, we acquire the right to stick our noses in every one's business, but by the same agreement they acquire the right to stick their 21 noses in our business.

"Although the league is not yet in force—nor ever will be, I hope—we have seen already some of its effects. The men went to Siberia under Japanese officers at the direction of the war council composed of English and French generals."

At this point the senator put in a surprise by quoting a dispatch just received from his secretary in Washington declaring that the senate foreign relations committee was about to inquire into the apparently secret reports that American marines had landed on the Dalmatian coast. The dispatch said it is quoting the Washington Post said that these marines were sent there by an Italian admiral without the knowledge of the American admirals.

Senator Reed was frequently interrupted by questions and a few hecklers, one man in the back of the hall, who said he was from St. Joseph, Mo., and had had correspondence with the senator on the league of nations, finally called "Jesse" Reed a practician, after which he had referred to him as an alien. The man from Missouri left the hall when the spectators booed him.

A woman then took up the fight and attempted to call the senator to his tactics.

"Missouri will send in your name," she said evidently referring to the next election for senator.

"Let her worrying was the reply.

Denouncing the attempt at one-man government, Senator Reed took several hot shots at the president. He asked if the people would allow their future destinies to be left in the hands of one man to vote away as he saw fit.

He quoted from one of Woodrow Wilson's books written in 1908 saying that the only way the president has of "compelling committees" by the senate is by initiation of legislation which affords him a chance to get the country into such straits in the eyes of the world that the senate hesitates to bring about the adjournment of Congress when would force the refusal to ratify the rash promises or dishonor threats of the department of state.

"And that is just what he did," said the senator. "It was all very well of him to talk of adjournment but what he suggested was going on to special trains at government's expense, visiting entire hotels at a quarter of a million dollars, having with him 1,000 stenographers and running up a total bill of $12,000,000—and all the days [illegible] worked yet.

"The president wants us to accept [illegible] others, but I say that all the [illegible] this side of heaven and that all of them aren't worth a red cent of Oklahoma boys."

The senator left here at midnight for Oklahoma City, where he will talk tomorrow night.

Catarrh and Deafness

[illegible] deaf in his left ear, due to catarrh, that he couldn't hear. Archibald McHugh, a Garden City resident, tried Dr. Blosser's Catarrh Remedy, read at drug stores and reports that not only was his hearing restored, but he got rid of offensive catarrh. Mrs. T. Moore was very deaf but this same remedy enabled her to hear a clock ticking in her room. No stomach dosing, simply inhale by its vaporizing process medicated vapor that is sent at no extra cost. Dr. Blosser's Catarrh Remedy is sold [illegible]

Andrew and Imogene

By ROE FULKERSON

Andrew seated himself comfortably in his chair and started to open the few letters that came to him at the house instead of his office. He tossed aside a few advertisments and then opened a letter from the electric light company. He read it over, then gasped a few times, fanned the air for a moment with one hand and then dropped back limply, his head sagging over on his shoulder.

Imogene jumped to him and cried: "Oh, honey, what is the matter?" Then, noticing the letter in his hand she said: "Oh, I know some one is dead! What can I do for you? Shall I call the doctor?"

Water! Water!" murmured Andrew feebly, and as she started after it he caught her hand and grinned and then said in a weak voice: "The letter, pink."

"Tell me who is dead!" she insisted.

"Me, almost!" he replied. "A letter like this would kill anyone with a weak heart. It's from the electric light company saying that they have been testing our meter and they find it is running 10 per cent too fast and as is customary in such cases they are refunding 10 per cent of our bill for the last three months. It amounts to $1.89 and it has been placed to our credit on their books and will be deducted from next month's bill."

Imogene looked at him indignantly, but he went on:

"I suppose tomorrow I will get a note from your milliner saying that the last hat she sold you which had a fromage de brie rose on it and a single bow of ribbon, was too high at $45 and she has decided to refund $25 of the money!

"Next I suppose the daylight robber and cellar burglar who fixed the furnace will be sending me word that the $60 he held me up for last time was too much and he is returning me $20.

"One to one, I see my most cherished illusions decay and fall to ashes around my feet, as it were.

"I guess inside of a month I will get a letter from our family pill shooter telling me that his bill for your recent sick spell was too high, that there was nothing the matter with you but marsh mallowine anyway, and he is going to send back a portion of his ill-gotten wealth.

"I never loved a fond gazelle, but what it fell buttered side down and I know that before I am a month older I will get a letter from Madame Gash your dressmaker, telling me that the $100 she charged for your last gown was a swindle and that she is sending me back $50 of it."

Maybe," suggested Imogene, "the millennium has come and that everyone is growing honest. Even you may become so and, instead of telling me that you are going to the office to work and then coming home with chalk all over your clothes and hands you will just say you are going down town to play billiards with Billy Sands.

"Maybe next time you start downstairs to that decanter you will omit the usual statement that you feel that you are taking cold and [illegible] honest enough to say that you are going down to get a drink of that horrid stuff.

"Maybe in time you will quit telling me stories about going to lodge and then coming home with poker chips scattered around in your clothes—maybe you will stop telling me that the street cars are still running when you come home late at night and I hear your taxi stop down at the corner by the lamppost.

"Talk about shocks! That almost mercerized sham faint of yours just now would be nothing in comparison to what I would do under such circumstances!"

"Then, honey, I will never try it on you," said Andrew.

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SENATE FORGETS FALL PROPOSALS IN WIDE DEBATE

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than law, and protection of women stood above all law, human or divine. While the Idaho senator bitterly denounced the taking of human life without fair trial, Senator Williams, speaking with great feeling, declared that while he had traveled as far as any man in the pathway of peace, he could not stop to arbitrate crime where a woman was the victim.

Addressing the senate today in opposition to the league of nations, Senator Borah, republican, Idaho, declared America's fundamental principles and institutions were being attacked both from the top and the bottom of society.

Deploring the lawlessness as evidenced in lynchings, bomb outrages, and seditious propaganda, Senator Borah declared that persons in responsible positions were also agitating doctrines which he regarded as inimical to American institutions.

Referring to the Omaha riots as "another fearful lynching in an orderly a community as you could find in the country," Senator Borah said the manifestations of lawlessness and disregard for American institutions had not been confined to one class or one community.

War Is Seen.

"They have been one continued manifestation, from all phases and classes," he said. "It is not a mere surface indication. It is a disease deep-seated. It is a war with everything we have heretofore believed to be characteristic of American government."

"While some men are digging away with a pickax at the foundations of the government there are those in responsible places seeking to undermine and destroy the principles of our existence."

My idea in calling the attention to the discontent and the disrespect and disregard for law and order and of our established policies is that we are losing faith in our own system of government," continued Mr. Borah. "America is no longer the America we have known and loved. Why not admit it and set about to redeem it?

"When our honored president in Kansas City asserted that the league of nations was greater than American republic, he stated the issue just as it is. Those who believe in the league of nations believe the American system has failed. They believe it necessary to erect a supergovernment, greater and more perfect than our republic. The president has accepted that doctrine and stated it to the American people."

Referring to a report that Secretary Daniels had stated in a speech that the league of nations "would be remembered long after the American declaration of independence and constitution are forgotten," Senator Borah continued:

"That is the thought, consciously or unconsciously, lying back in the brains of those who are advocating this league."

"It is not too late to restore law and order and to retain our sovereignty. There is just one remedy for this situation—a complete renaissance of Americanism, a baptism in the old national spirit."

Answering Senator Borah, Senator Williams, democrat, Mississippi, declared it was too far fetched to attempt to connect the league of nations with race riots.

Race clashes, he said, were all due to attempted outrages on white women by negroes.

"I will go in the pathways of peace as far as any man—I would be willing to arbitrate almost anything except outrages on a white woman by black or white. I would surrender him as a criminal beyond the pale to the first crowd that came to get him.

"The conduct of the criminal at Omaha deprives me of all inclination and power to say one word against the crowd that captured the criminal and punished the crime. Race is greater than law now and then and protection of women transcends all law, human and divine.

"This miserable beast in Omaha had a just debt for his crime. When it comes to violating innocent women it is no time to go to court. But here we have men pleading for law and order while helpless women are being treated by beasts as they please and yet those same men don't want any intervention."

The senator spoke of "rabbit-hatch law in the land and yet he is unwilling to stand for established law in the world.

"The senator from Idaho has been preaching peace, peace when it comes to niggers, when capital and labor is involved, and yet when it comes to international affairs, he is standing in the pathway of the very thing to which he has paid so much oratorical tribute. He wants America to stand isolated [illegible] couldn't do it 24 hours if she wasn't in it."

Senator Borah made sharp reply to Senator Williams, discussing particularly what the latter said concerning lynchings. Lynchings were continued, the Idaho senator contended, to those incidents mentioned by the senator from Mississippi, the human race might be disposed to pass them on that account.

"But the horror spreads and men are lynched for the most trivial offenses," he added. "The records show 238 negroes lost their lives the first year of the war at a time when our boys were giving their lives to secure liberty and displaying great heroism everywhere. There was no justification that they had been guilty of the horrorous crime on which men seek to justify lynching."

"I want to say considering the dismal state of the human family there can be no justification for the lynching of any person and the man who preaches it is sowing the wind that reaps the whirlwind, no matter how black the skin of the victim may be. If the republic does not protect the lives of its people, the seeds are planted that ultimately will lead to its disintegration."

POLICE MAKE ANOTHER ARREST IN MURDER CASE

Following investigations made by the police yesterday into the murder of H. R. Byrd in West Tulsa Sunday, E. F. Cunningham was arrested and will be turned over to county authorities today. A. B. Parks, a man who found a few blocks away and who tallied with the description given by a boy who saw a man leave the place immediately after the shot was fired, was also arrested and held by the police following the murder.

Byrd bought a soft drink and tobacco stand from Cunningham Saturday evening and had been running it to the time he was murdered late Sunday night. Cunningham was thought to have known something of the murder and police officers say they found tracks leading from the scene of the murder to a place near his residence.

Both men will be turned over to county authorities today.

AMERICAN LEGION TO HOLD MEETING WEDNESDAY NIGHT

Discussion of the 22 bills now before congress for legislation effecting the soldiers of the great war will be the principal feature of the meeting of the Joe Carson post of the American Legion, which will resume sessions for the coming year tomorrow night at 8 o'clock in the auditorium of the city hall.

NUMBER OF BRITISH TRAINS INCREASES

Government Officials Are Optimistic Over Prospect of Controlling Situation During Walkout.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Government officials were decidedly optimistic this morning in their expressions regarding the trend of the strike. According to official information the machinery for the distribution of food is working as well that adequate supplies are absolutely guaranteed to the country. More than 100 trains are running in the various districts and the number is increasing today. Many of the operators are being conscripted and the others union men who oppose the strike.

The government attitude is unchanged. The government will not concede one point, an official stated today. It proposes to govern and not to be run by a section of the community. Public sentiment, it was stated, is absolutely with the government which is being delugged by offers of volunteer service from all parts of the country. Hundreds of thousands have already volunteered, including large numbers of organizations of discharged soldiers and sailors who are tendering their services in bodies.

The question whether the bus, tramway and automobile workers would go on strike will probably be settled very shortly. The government is said to be prepared to use every facility at its command to keep the services going.

TROOPS PRESERVE ORDER AT OMAHA

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Kelvie is said to be in the city to give any advice he may deem necessary.

While regular army men patrolled the streets tonight, a big army balloon hovered overhead with men equipped with night glasses, ready to detect any possible sign of disorder. Among the men who volunteered for service with the pedal police organization formed by the American legion was R. H. Howell of Omaha, republican national committeeman from Nebraska.

One way to make your troubles grow is to keep on telling them to other people.

Peoples Exchange

111-113 East First Street

THE LARGEST RETAIL FOOD DISTRIBUTORS IN THE SOUTHWEST

Veal Cutlets, per lb.	15c	Good Beefsteak, per lb.	15c
Sliced Bacon, 1-lb box, per box	52c	Good Smoked Bacon, per lb.	38c
Pork Chops, per lb.	28c	Bulk Compound, per lb.	23c
Salt Meat, per lb.	25c	Absolutely and positively the cheapest place in town on bucket Compound, pure Lard, Crisco and Cooking Oils.	
First grade Bacon, by the whole or half piece, per lb.	45c	Good Colored Oleomargarine, per lb.	38c
Swift's Premium Hams, by the whole or half piece, per lb.	37c	Barbecue Beef, per lb.	25c
Sliced Ham, per lb.	45c		
Good Boiling Beef, per lb.	8⅓c		

We are postively the biggest factor in this city in holding down the high cost of living for Tulsa and Vicinity. Who can deny it?

Peoples Exchange

111-113 East First Street

The Largest Retail Food Distributors in the Southwest.

Hot Barbecue

Cooked Fresh Daily

25c Pound

Home Made

Cotatge Cheese

Made with pure cream direct from the country daily

40c Pound

OSAGE GROCERY

107 EAST FIRST

Big Shoe Sale is still going on at Johnson Bros., 116 S. Main.

Oklahoma's Finest Store for Women.

Renbe'ug's

THE STORE OF QUALITY

319-321 South Main

Tuesday Selling of High-Class Tailored Suits at $49.50

$60, $65 and $70 Values

Thinking women are buying autumn wearables early, knowing that a serious shortage of production makes increased prices a later season certainty. Here is an early buyers' special in suits. They're exclusive new models in silvertone, velours, velour de laine and government tested serge; extremely plain tailored, belted models and novelty effects. Colors are black, navy, taupe, gadfly, rock green, magenta and brown. Many different styles to select from, every one of them perfect in fit, style and tailoring.

Sizes 16 to 46 and stylish stouts 40½ to 48½

Tuesday Selling of Fine Coats at $49.50

$60, $65 and $70 Values

Not a mere handful of coats, but scores of them in dozens of different styles. You'll find every new style feature among them; straight line models, belted models with full back, plain and fur trimmed. Many of them are copies of extremely high priced coats. All the fall colors are represented and all the new materials, including many new weaves. This offering is another good reason for early buying.

Sizes 14 to 46.

A Special Group of High-Class Tailored Dresses at $49.50

In fine serges, tricotine and jersey. Many of them are adaptations from Paris designers. Dresses for street and afternoon wear with all the novel touches that proclaim them distinctive and individual modes. Tunic, side draperies, simulated pockets, fringe and embroidery trimmed. Colors are black, navy and brown.

Sizes 14 to 46.

New Blouses

Never before have they been more elaborate or more beautiful, in georgette and satin, in fancy effects, plain tailored and slip-over blouses, trimmed with nets, metallic laces and bead work in all the new colors that will go well with the autumn suit shades.

Prices

$14.95, $18.75 and $22.50

Women's Store—Second Floor.

Help Yourself Grocery

114 East Third Street. CARY & MOUSER, Props. Opposite Hotel Tulsa.

A STORE SO DIFFERENT

OUR PRICES ARE NOT ONE-DAY SPECIALS, BUT GOOD EVERY DAY

We Will Have Sugar as Usual

Limit Two Pounds to Each Purchaser

A New Firm—

In opening for business this morning under the new firm name of Rosser-Casebeer Furniture company, we do so with the confidence that we will have the good will of all former customers of the Bass Furniture company and we hope that there will be an added interest on the part of the public on account of the change. There will be pratically no change in the management, with the exception that Mr. Casebeer will divide the duties of the managemen' with Mr. Rosser.

The firm has the reputation of handling the best line of goods on the market and that reputation will be maintained always. Added to that feature, the change of ownership will make it possible to render better service.

We Invite Your Early Inspection

Rosser-Casebeer Furniture Co.