If you want a sure relief for pains in the back, side, chest, or limbs, use an

Allcock's Porous Plaster

BEAR IN MIND—Not one of the host of counterfeits and imitations is as good as the genuine.

NO-TO-BAC GUARANTEED TOBACCO HABIT CURE NO-TO-BAC

Over 1,000,000 boxes sold. 300,000 cures prove its power to destroy the desire for tobacco in any form. No-to-bac is the greatest nerve-food in the world. Many gain 10 pounds in 10 days and it never fails to make the weak impotent man strong, vigorous and magnetic. Just try a box. You will be delighted. We expect you to believe what we say, for a cure is absolutely guaranteed by druggists everywhere. Send for our booklet "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away," written guarantee and free sample. Address THE STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York.

D. J. FRY, Agent, - Salem, Oregon.

THE FARMER.

As He Was and as He Is.

HOW HE IS ROBBED.

Stupendous Decline in Farm Products.

A PERNICIOUS FINANCIAL POLICY.

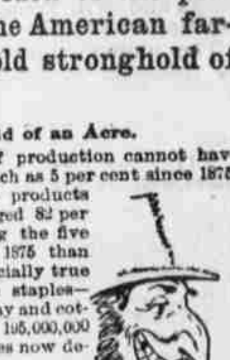
Evils of Contraction—The Concentration of Wealth—Rise and Fall of Gold—The Effect of the Free Coinage of Silver. What Gold Monometallism Stands For. An Honest Payment of Debts—The Help Offered by the Ballot.

By JOHN H. BEADLE.

The accompanying illustrations are from New York newspapers of recent date. They are published to show the popular idea of the personality of the American farmer in the gold stronghold of the country.

The Yield of an Acre.

While the cost of production cannot have been lessened as much as 5 per cent since 1875, prices for the staple products of the farm averaged 82 per cent greater during the five years ending with 1875 than now. This is especially true as respects the five staples—corn, wheat, oats, hay and cotton—which employ 195,000,000 out of 228,000,000 acres now devoted to staple crops.



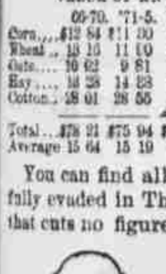
N. Y. World.

The following table shows in five year averages the gold value per acre (in the local farm markets) of the product of the five staples named for quinquennial periods since 1866 and an estimate of the value with average yields of an acre under each such staple in 1896 at present prices:

VALUE OF AN ACRE'S PRODUCT.

	'66-70.	'71-5.	'76-80.	'81-5.	'86-90.	'96.
Corn	$12 84	$11 30	$9 62	$10 25	$8 81	$8 85
Wheat	18 15	11 19	12 00	10 20	9 07	6 00
Oats	16 62	9 81	8 58	9 17	7 50	5 75
Hay	18 28	14 23	11 57	11 15	10 19	10 00
Cotton	28 01	28 55	17 65	15 63	13 84	10 65
Total	$78 21	$75 94	$59 42	$56 40	$49 44	$40 75
Average	15 64	15 19	11 88	11 28	9 40	8 15

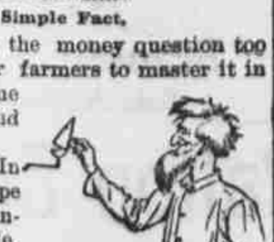
You can find all that denied or skillfully evaded in The Sun nowadays, but that cuts no figure. **Nobody denied it before this became a political question. The decline still continues, and there is every indication that it will continue. And now the great question is, What is the farmer going to do about it? On him depends the solution of this all important issue. The fate of bimetallism is in his hands.**



N. Y. Herald.

A Simple Fact.

"But is not the money question too complicated for farmers to master it in the brief time between this and the election?"



Puck.

Not at all. In its present shape indeed it is singularly simple. It can be reduced to two or three plain questions, perhaps to one, and that is, **Has silver depreciated or gold appreciated since 1873? On their answer to that depend the votes of a million honest farmers.** Monometallists say gold has stood still while all other things have cheapened. **We say that silver has stood almost unchanged while gold has advanced enormously in value, and, what is more, we prove it by every line of reasoning which can be applied to the subject. That silver is by natural law far more stable in value than gold has been proved from geology, from mineralogy, from metallurgy and still more by comparing the fluctuations of prices in different countries having the different standards or in the same country at different times. Every one of these tests has yielded exactly the same result. The fluctuations since the principal nations adopted the gold standard have exceeded all previously known.** But here is a simple test which the farmer can easily apply for himself:

Judge.

Take the average of prices in your neighborhood for the five years ending in 1875 (it is not fair to take one year) and the average gold or greenback value of a ten ounce bar of silver at that time. Divide and see what that silver would have bought. Do the same for the five years ending with 1895, and you will find that the silver will buy more. **Is it not arrogant and insulting nonsense to say that silver has depreciated when it will buy more of the products of your labor? Here is a table to help you in the calculation:**

	Price of wheat, per bushel.	Price of cotton, per pound.	Price of silver, per ounce.
1872	$1 47	19.3	$1 32
1873	1 31	18.8	1 29
1874	1 43	15.4	1 27
1875	1 12	15.0	1 24
1876	1 24	12.9	1 15
1877	1 17	11.8	1 20
1878	1 34	11.1	1 15
1879	1 07	9.9	1 12
1880	1 25	11.5	1 14
1881	1 11	11.4	1 13
1882	1 19	11.4	1 13
1883	1 13	10.8	1 11
1884	1 07	10.5	1 01
1885	86	10.6	1 06
1886	87	9.9	99
1887	89	9.5	97
1888	85	9.8	93
1889	90	9.9	93
1890	83	10.1	1 04
1891	85	10.	90
1892	80	8.7	86
1893	65	7.	75

The Concentration of Wealth.

"Many cite the concentration of wealth in a few hands as one cause of the farmer's poverty, but is not that worse in other countries with different systems?"

There is no country of high civilization in which it is so bad, except perhaps in one or two where the process has been going on for 1,000 years, but in no country, ancient or modern, has the process been so rapid as in this. In 1860 there were alleged to be in this nation a dozen millionaires. Today there are at least 5,000 and probably many more. On this point we have unimpeachable testimony and **from an unwilling witness.** Early in 1892 Hon. Roswell G. Horr, tariff editor of the New York Tribune, started out to prove that protection did not create millionaires.

N. Y. Herald.

Under his direction a very careful census was taken in every part of the United States by The Tribune's agents. The lists were published weekly in The Tribune for correction and then compiled in a pamphlet. The number exceeded 4,000 and was soon proved to be entirely too small. Mr. Horr succeeded in proving to his own satisfaction that only 1,200 were manufacturers.

N. Y. World.

"And how were the rest made?"

The enormous land grants and subsidies to railroads made a few dozens like Stanford, Crocker and Huntington. The sudden growth of western cities due to the hothouse system of forcing development made a few hundreds. Dozens like Jay Gould and his fellows were made by the system of railroad wrecking. Many were made by speculation in gold and government bonds, by the national banking system and many other schemes fostered by government. A few—very few, it must be admitted—were honestly made by legitimate enterprises in which the government was not a partner, and many by the advance in real estate in our great cities. Many others have carried the investigation much farther. Thomas G. Shearman, Esq., the great lawyer, has conclusively shown that some 30,000 men own or absolutely control one-half the property of the United States; that 100,000 men own half the remainder, and that the great mass of laboring producers actually own very little if any more than they did in 1860. The results are simply awful. Ten men in New York city today hold the credit of the United States absolutely at their mercy. If it were to their interest, they could tomorrow sweep away the gold bars and precipitate a panic in Wall street. But the farmer is told that all this is none of his business and is expected to be controlled in his vote by the [illegible]

Puck.

These articles will be continued next week.

THE UNION CAMPAIGN.

Dates and Appointments for Bryan Meetings.

The Bryan Union campaign committee announces the following dates and appointments for speakers in thi state.

County committees and local chairman should make arrangements for these meetings and communicate with the state central committee, composed of John C. Young, M. A. Miller and Frank V. Drake, rooms 405, 6 and 7, Chamber of Commerce, Portland.

HON. M. L. OLMSTEAD.

Forest Grove, Monday, Oct. 5.
North Yamhill, Tuesday, Oct. 6.
McMinnville, Wednesday, Oct. 7.
Sheridan, Thursday, Oct. 8.
Ballston, Friday, Oct. 9.
Dallas, Saturday, Oct. 10.
Independence, Monday, Oct. 12.
Newport, Tuesday, Oct. 13.
Toledo, Wednesday, Oct. 14.
Philomath, Thursday, Oct. 15.
Halsey, Friday, Oct. 16.
Junction, Saturday, Oct. 17.
Eugene, Monday, Oct. 19.
Cottage Grove, Tuesday, Oct. 20.
Drain, Wednesday, Oct. 21.
Oakland, Thursday, Oct. 22.
Roseburg, Friday, Oct. 23.
Grants Pass, Saturday, Oct. 24.
Medford, Monday, Oct. 26.
Ashland, Tuesday, Oct. 27.
Springfield, Wednesday, Oct. 28.
Salem, Thursday, Oct. 29.
Oregon City, Friday, Oct. 30.
Portland, Saturday, Oct. 31.

HON. J. J. WHITNEY.

Oregon City, Saturday, Sept. 19.
Woods, Monday, Sept. 21.
Tillamook City, Tuesday, Sept. 22.
Hobsonville, Wednesday, Sept. 23.
Tillamook, Sept. 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, Tillamook committee.
North Yamhill, Tuesday, Sept. 29.
Dayton, Wednesday, Sept. 30.
Amity, Thursday, Oct 1.
Ballston, Friday, Oct. 2.
Salem, Saturday, Oct. 3.
Silverton, Monday, Oct. 5.
Stayton, Tuesday, Sept. 6.

HON. J. D. STEVENS.

Scio, Saturday, Sept. 19.
Lebanon, Monday, Sept. 21.
Shedds, Tuesday, Sept. 22.
Monroe, Wednesday, Sept. 23.
Junction City, Thursday, Sept. 24.
Goldson, Friday, Sept. 25.
Deadwood, Saturday, Sept. 26.
Seaton, Monday, Sept. 28.
Florence, Tuesday, Sept. 29.
Heceta, Wednesday, Sept. 30.
Waldrop, Thursday, Oct. 1.
Tidewater, Friday, Oct. 2.
Alsea, Saturday, Oct. 3.
Philomath, Monday, Oct. 5.
Granger, Tuesday, Oct. 6.
Suver, Wednesday, Oct. 7.
Monmouth, Thursday, Oct. 8.
Dallas, Friday, Oct. 9.
Sheridan, Saturday, Oct. 10.
Ballston, Monday, Oct. 12.
Lafayette, Tuesday, Oct. 13.
Sherwood, Wednesday, Oct. 14.
Oswego, Thursday, Oct. 15.

HON. W. S. U'REN.

Portland, Saturday, Sept. 19.
Beaverton, Monday, Sept. 21.
Hillsboro, Tuesday, Sept. 22.
Centerville, Wednesday, Sept. 23.
Forest Grove, Thursday, Sept. 24.
North Yamhill, Friday, Sept. 25.
Dundee, Saturday, Sept. 26.
Wheatland, Monday, Sept. 28.
Zena, Tuesday, Sept. 29.
Monmouth, Wednesday, Sept. 30.
Kings Valley, Thursday, Oct. 1.
Philomath, Friday, Oct. 2.
Toledo, Saturday, Oct. 3.
Newport, Monday, Oct. 5.
Yaquina, Tuesday, Oct. 6.

HON. FRANCIS CLARNO.

The Dalles, Monday, Sept. 21.
Condon, Wednesday, Sept. 23.
Arlington, Thursday, Sept. 24.
Heppner, Friday, Sept. 25.
Pendleton, Saturday, Sept. 26.
LaGrande, Monday, Sept. 28.
Elgin, Tuesday, Sept. 29.
Enterprise, Wednesday, Sept. 30.
Summerville, Thursday, Oct. 1.
Union, Friday, Oct. 2.
Huntington, Monday, Oct. 5.
Virtue Mine, Tuesday, Oct. 6.
Baker City, Wednesday, Oct. 7.
Milton, Saturday, Oct. 10.
Hood River, Monday, Oct. 12.

HON. A. S. BENNETT.

McMinnville, Monday, Sept. 21.
Dallas, Tuesday, Sept. 22.
Corvallis, Wednesday, Sept. 23.
Albany, Thursday, Sept. 24.
Eugene, Friday, Sept. 25.
Roseburg, Saturday, Sept. 26.
Grants Pass, Monday, Sept. 28.
Medford, Tuesday, Sept. 29.
Jacksonville, Wednesday, Sept. 30.
Ashland, Thursday, Oct. 1.
Springfield, Friday, Oct. 2.
Brownsville, Saturday, Oct. 3.
Salem, Monday, Oct. 5.
Woodburn, Tuesday, Oct. 6.
Oregon City, Wednesday, Oct. 8.
Portland, Oct. 8, 9, 10.
Astoria, Monday, Oct. 12.
Baker City, Thursday, Oct. 15.
Union, Friday, Oct. 16.
LaGrande, Saturday, Oct. 17.
Pendleton, Monday, Oct. 19.
Milton, Tuesday, Oct. 20.
Athena, Wednesday, Oct. 21.
The Dalles, Thursday, Oct. 22.

A Valuable Prescription.

Editor Morrison, of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2025 Cottage Grove, Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00. Get a Bottle at Fred A. Legg's Drug Store.

The Bryan, bread and butter tidal wave goes on.

MEN of all AGES

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.

Four out of five who suffer nervousness, mental worry, attacks of "the blues," are but paying the penalty of early excesses. Victims, reclaim your manhood, regain your vigor. Don't despair. Send for book with explanation and proofs. Mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

They All Come Back To

"There are fads in medicine as well as in other things," said a busy druggist, "but the most remarkable thing about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that customers who try other remedies all come back to Hood's, and this is why the enormous sales of this great medicine keep up and continue the whole year round, steady as a clock.

"Why is it?" "O, simply because Hood's Sarsaparilla has more real curative merit than any medicine I ever sold."

This is of daily occurrence in almost every drug store. Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured more sickness, and made more happiness through restoration to health than any other medicine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the standard — the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A MODEL PLATFORM.

Adopted by the Democrats In National Convention.

The following is the full and complete platform as adopted by the National Democratic convention:

We, the Democrats of the United States in national convention assembled, do reaffirm our allegiance to those great essential principles of justice and liberty upon which our institutions are founded, and which the Democratic party has advocated from Jefferson's time to our own—freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of conscience, the preservation of personal rights, the equality of all citizens before the law, and the faithful observance of constitutional limitations.

During all these years the Democratic party has resisted the tendency of selfish interests to the centralization of governmental power, and steadfastly maintained the integrity of the dual scheme of government established by the founders of this republic of republics. Under its guidance and teachings the great principle of local self-government has found its best expression in the maintenance of the rights of the states and in its assertion of the necessity of confining the general government to the exercise of powers granted by the constitution of the United States.

RELIGIOUS FREEDOM.

The constitution of the United States guarantees to every citizen the rights of civil and religious liberty. The democratic party has always been the exponent of political liberty and religious freedom and it renews its obligations and reafirms its devotion to these fundamental principles of the constitution.

FINANCE.

Recognizing that the money question is paramount to all others at this time, we invite attention to the fact that the constitution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States, and that the first coinage law passed by congress under the constitution made the silver dollar the money unit, and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio based upon the silver dollar unit.

We declare that the act of 1873 demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people has resulted in the appreciation of gold, and a corresponding fall in the price of commodities produced by the peeple; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money lending class at home and abroad, the prostration of indnstry, and impoverishment of the people.

We are unalterably opposed to monometallism, which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrial people in paralysis of hard times, Gold monometallism is a British policy, and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only un-American, but anti-American, and it can be fastened on the United States only by the stifling of that spirit and love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won in the war of the revolution.

FREE COINAGE.

We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract.

BONDS.

We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations, of the United States, the option reserved by law to the government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

We are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace, and condemn the trafficking with banking syndicates which, in exchange for bonds and at an enormous profit to themselves, supply the federal treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism.

ISSUE OF MONEY.

Congress alone has the power to coin and issue money, and Prerident Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations or individuals. We therefore denounce the issuance of notes intended to circulate as money by national banks as in derogation of the constitution, and we demand that all paper which is made a legal tender for public and private debts or which is receivable for duties to the United States shall be issued by the government of the United States and shall be redeemable in coin.

TARIFF.

We hold that tariff duties should be levied for purpose of revenue, such duties to be so adjusted as to operate equally throughout the country and not discriminate between class or section, and that taxation should be limited by the needs of the government honestly and economically administrated.

We denounce as disturbing to business the Republican threat to restore the McKinley law, which has twice been condemned by the people in national elections, and which, enacted under the false plea of protection to home industry, proved a prolific breeder of trusts and monopolies, enriched the few by the expense of the many, restricted trade, and deprived the producers of the great American staples of access to their natural markets.

INCOME TAX.

Until the money question is settled we are opposed to any agitation for further changes in our tariff laws, except such as are necessary to meet the deficit in revenue caused by the adverse decision of the supreme court on the income tax. But for this decision by the supreme court there would be no deficit in the revenue under the law passed by a Democratic congress in strict pursuance of the uniform decisions of that court for 100 years, that court having in that decision sustained constitutional objections to its enactment which had preciously been overruled by the ablest judges who have ever sat on the bench. We declare that it is the duty of congress to use all the constitutional power which remains after that decision, or which may come from its reversal by the court as it may hereafter be constituted, so that the burdens of taxation may be equally and impartially laid, to the end that wealth may bear its due proportion of the expense of the government.

LABOR.

We hold that the most efficient way of protecting American labor is to prevent the importation of foreign pauper labor to compete with it in the home market, and that the value of the home market to our American farmers and artisans is greatly reduced by a vicious monetary system which depresses the prices of their products below the cost of production, and thus deprives them of the means of purchasing the products of our home manufactories, and, as labor creates the wealth of the country, we demand the passage of such laws as may be necessary to protect it in all its rights.

We are in favor of the arbitration of differences between employers engaged in interstare commerce and their employes, and recommend such legislation as is necessary to carry out this principle.

The absorption of wealth by the few, the consolidation of our leading railroad systems, and the formation of trust and pools require a sticter control by the federal government of those arteries of commerce. We demand the enlargement of the powers of the interstate commerce commission and such and such restrictions and and guarantees in in the control of railroads as will protect the people from robbery and oppression,

TAXATION.

We denounce the profligate waste of the money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation and the lavish appropriations of recent Republican congresses, which have kept taxes high while the labor that pays them is unemployed, and the products of the people's toil are depressed in price till they no longer repay the cost of production.

We demand a return to that simplicity and economy which benefits a Democratic government and a reduction in the number of useless offices, the salaries of which drain the substance of the people.

FEDERAL INTERFERENCE.

We denounce arbitrary interferences by federal authorities in local affairs as a violation of the constitution of the United States and a crime against free institutions, and we especially object to government by injunction as a new and highly dangerous form of oppression, by which federal judges in contempt of the laws of the states and rights of citizens, become at once legislators, judges, and executioners, and we approve the bill passed at the last session of the United States senate, and now pending in the house of representatives, relative to contempts in federal courts and providing for trials by jury in certain cases of contempt.

ANTI-FUNDING.

No discrimination should be indulged by the government of the United States in favor of any of its debtors. We approve of the refusal of the Pacific railroad funding bill, and denounce the efforts of the present Republican congress to enact a similar measure.

PENSIONS.

Recognizing the just claims of deserving union soldiers we heartily endorse the rule of the present commissioner of pensions that no names shall be arbitrarily dropped from the pension roll; and the fact of enlistment and service shonld be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and disability before enlistment.

TERRITORIES.

We favor the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma into the United States, and we favor the early admission of all the territories having the necessary population and resources to entitle them to statehood, and while they remain territories, we hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any territory together with the District of Columbia and Alaska, should be bona fide residents of the territory or district in which the duties are to be performed. The Democratic party believes in home rule and that all public lands of the United States should be appropriated to the establishment of free homes for American citizens. We recommend that the territory of Alaska be granted a delegate in congress, and that the general land and timber laws of the United States be extended to said territory.

MONROE DOCTRINE.

The Monroe doctrine is originally declared, and as interp reted by suceeding presidents, is a permanent part of the foreign policy of the United States, and must at all times be maintained.

CUBA.

We extend our sympathy to the people of Cuba in their heroic struggle for liberty and independence.

THIRD TERM.

We are opposed to life tenure in the public service. We favor appointments based upon merit, fixed term of office, and such an administration of the civil service laws as will afford equal opportunities to all citizens of ascertained fitness. We declare it to be the unwritten law of this republic, established by custom and usage of one hundred years and sanctioned by the examples of the greatest and wisest of those who founded and have maintained our government, that no man should be eligible for a third term in the presidential office.

WATERWAYS.

The federal government should care for and improve the Mississippi river and other great waterways of the republic, so as to secure for the interior states easy and cheap transportation to tidewater. When any waterway of the republic is of sufficient importance to demand aid of the government such aid should be extended upon a definite plan of continuous work until permanent improvement is secured.

Confiding in the justice of our cause and the necessity of its success at the polls, we submit the foregoing declarations of principles and purposes to the considerable judgment of the American people. We invite the support of all citizens who approve them and who desire to have them made effective through legislation for the relief of the people and the restoration of the country's prosperity.

What a great quantity of work a "good housekeeper" finds to do! There are so many little time- and-strength-taking chores that have no names. And it must all be done whether the housekeeper feels like it or not. This is true of men's work too, but men's manual labor is never so complicated as housekeeping. In some way or other "the world's work must be done." This iron-clad rule is harder on women than it is on men. A man can't be as sick as a woman.

As a man's organization is simpler and stronger, it follows that his ailments are less complicated. He is not subject to the chances and changes, physiologically, that come to the average woman.

If a woman is in good health there is no more healthful employment than housework. Generally speaking, there is no happier woman in the world than the one who is well and busy all day long "making home" for dear ones who depend upon her. But how different when every breath is pain, every step torture! This state of health, in nine cases out of ten comes from derangements of the delicate, feminine organs of generation. The family doctor inquires first concerning these. He most usually insists upon an "examination." From this the modest woman naturally shrinks. She is right. Excepting in very unusual cases of "female weakness" examinations are unnecessary. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a simple, natural remedy for these ills. It cures gradually, safely, permanently. Here is one testimonial out of thousands:

"I was ill four years with 'female weakness.' I took two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I do my house work now without pain or faintness." Yours truly,

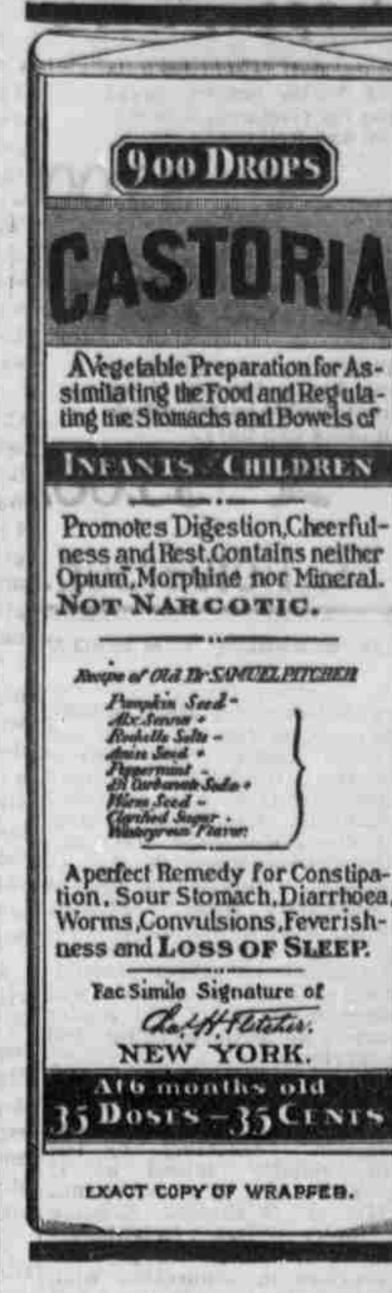
(Mrs.) Lilla M. Fox

Lyme Center, Grafton Co., N. H.

Send 21 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER, profusely illustrated.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Sores, Bores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever and all Tetter, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by Fred A Legg



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SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF

CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

-EXCELSIOR - STABLE-

E. C. HANSEN, MANAGER.

Only good horses used. Satisfaction guaranteed. Stable back of State Insurance block

Chicago, Milwaukee, & St. Paul Ry.

GLANCE AT THIS MAP.

Of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway and note its connection with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, and remember when going east that its trains are lighted with electricity and heated by steam. Its equipment is superb. Elegant Buffet, library, smoking and sleeping cars, with free reclining chairs. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp, and its dining cars are the best in the world. Other lines are longer than this, but none are shorter, and no other offers the above luxurious accommodations. These are sufficient reasons for the popularity of "The Milwaukee." Coupon ticket agents in every railroad office will give you further information, or address

C. J. EDDY, General Agent,
J. W. CASEY, Trav. Pass. Agent.
Portland

OREGON CENTRAL

—AND—

Eastern R. R. Company

YAQUINA BAY ROUTE.

Connecting at Yaquina Bay with the San Francisco & Yaquina Bay Steamship Co.

STEAMER "FARALLON,"

Sails from Yaquina every 8 days for San Francisco, Coos Bay, Port Orford, Trinidad and Humbolt Bay.

Passenger accommodations unsurpassed. Shortest route between the Willamette valley and California.

Fare from Albany or points west to San Francisco: Cabin, $9; steerage, $5; to Coos Bay and Port Orford, cabin $6; to Humboldt Bay, cabin $8; round trip, good 60 days, $16.

YAQUINA BAY.

The most popular seaside resort on the North Pacific Coast. No undertow—surf bathing absolutely safe.

For those wishing to combine hunting and fishing with aquatic sports, this resort has no equal. Deer, bear, elk, cougar, brook trout and salmon trout can be found in abundance within a few hours' drive of the bay.

Reduced rates to all points.

EDWIN STONE, Manager, Corvallis, Or.
J. C. MAYO, Supt. River Division.
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