



"Eternal Vigilance is the Price of Liberty"

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—ON AND AFTER Monday, May 23, 1865, Passenger Trains will leave Millin Station as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Direction (EASTWARD, WESTWARD) and Train Name/Time (Philadelphia Express, Fast Line, etc.).

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. Daily except Monday. Stop at Perryville at 11:20—(if staged) 11:20—11:45. Stop at Thompsontown at 11:45, 1:10.

APPLES.—There are indications that the apple crop in this section will be very small.

BOATS.—At long last the boats are running once more in the "raging canal"—the shortness of the boating season will be a serious loss to shippers of grain, coal, &c.

HARVEST.—Our farmers are all busy with their crops. We tried it on two days and are satisfied that it is no "child's play." We worked one day so steadily that we had not a dry stitch on us any more—the reason was we were caught in a heavy rain.

THE EDITOR OF THE LEWISBURG Chronicle wishes for that eating sharks in the river at that place, to prevent male and female cowboys from expressing their carresses to the public in the costume which Job wore when he came into the world.

THOSE MOST ANXIOUS now for the Presidential pardon, are the same men who, four years ago, vauntingly asserted that they would live or die with the Confederacy. The Confederacy being dead, it is a mystery how these braggarts survive.

THE ORPHAN SCHOOL.—By reference to another column it will be seen that Col. McFarland proposes to give the orphans a chance to give our citizens an entertainment if they will get a suitable house and keep the children until the morning rains. We hope this reasonable offer will be accepted. What say our citizens?

ROT GET FOUNTAIN.—Two young "open yesterday" opened a flowing fountain of "rot" whisky on the Patterson "orch." One was forward kneeling at the "bench" very devoutly while the other was lying around loose. We come to the conclusion that unless our idea of a "town squirt" looks better and smells better than the machinery in our trans-Juniata hor ough, we shall be forced to oppose its construction.

THE EARLY MATURITY of the crops this year is a matter of surprise. The harvest is at least eight days earlier than has been known for many years. But it is to be regretted that the promise of an extraordinary yield of wheat has not been fulfilled. It has been considerably injured by the weevil in some localities, while it is generally much lighter than was expected. The corn crop, however, promises very well.

WE ARE UNDER obligations to Messrs Ticknor & Fields for a copy containing the sweetest and most popular of Tennyson's poems. These copies are issued in a neat form and at fifty cents a copy only. From the same firm we have "The Man without a Country," in pamphlet form. It was originally published in the Atlantic Monthly and attracted much attention. It is published at ten cents per copy. To be had at Weidman's Book Store.

WE ARE indebted to Col. G. F. McFarland for a copy of the steel plate engraving of the frontispiece of his forthcoming History of the First Corps. It comprises fine pictures of Gen. Doubleday, Col. McFarland and five other of the Ist. Corps officers. We hope the Colonel will soon get out of his work as we feel assured that it will be a very valuable book to all who belonged to or had friends in that part of the army. We know the author is very competent to get it up properly.

HORSE SALE.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that a Government sale of 200 Condemned Horses will take place at this town on Wednesday, July 26th, at which time we expect to see a large crowd of our farmers in town as doubtless there may be some bargains on hand. Come to the great Horse Sale. We presume there is now no doubt but that it will come off on that day.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for July is richly stored with entertainment for the long summer holidays. The illustrated papers are Prison Life, Washoe Revisited, (third paper) and Heroic Deeds of Heroic Men. The serial stories are still progressing with deepening interest. Garden Philosophy, Sealed Proposals, Out of Prison, Anecdotes of Unitarian Divines, and other articles possess special merit.

WE ARE indebted to Horace Waters, publisher, No. 481 Broadway, N. Y., for two sheets of music—"Funeral March, to the memory of President Lincoln," by Mrs. E. A. Parkhurst, a plaintive and mournful G minor composition for the piano; and "Oh, Send me one Flower Flower from his Grave," a beautiful song with quartette chorus and piano accompaniment. The music of the latter is simple and beautiful, and well adapted to social clubs.

THE HARRISBURG Telegraph comes to us enlarged and clothed in a new dress. It has got back to the old building again—the five seems to have had the effect of expanding it to beautiful proportions—"Old George," "Seek," "Ween," the "Miller" and the "boys" must have all put their heads together and their hands to work to get up so neat a paper. It is lovingly attached to the good cause of our Country—in fact it is nearly as loyal as the SENTINEL. We are glad to see the morning edition again distributed in town.

VETERANS.—A correspondent sends a letter from Patterson in regard to the 45th Regiment. We can not better present the case than by publishing his letter.—It is worthy of perusal. We see now that the Regiment is to be discharged.—It is a fact that we are apt to lose sight of our old soldiers who have been out during all the war, and think more of those only recently enlisted. But if the one year men are to be honored, three and four times more are they worthy who have served three and four years and done the hard fighting. From the bottom of our heart we thank and honor them for their brave and devoted to our cause.

WE ARE really glad that among the assassins lately hung in Washington there was one woman. Not that we hate women, but because we think it high time that women know their places. During all this war the rebel women in the South and their she-sheesh friends in the North have been saying what they pleased with impunity—they imagined that their sex would shield them from all punishment. Hence they were the most powerful aiders of the rebellion. We rejoice that women also must know their places or take the consequences.

A VALUABLE JOURNAL.—We received this week M'ne Demorest's Illustrated Monthly, containing printed patterns, and its advent was like the glad coming of a beloved friend. The July number contains a new volume, and presents extraordinary inducements to subscribers.—The typography, engraving and fashion plates are gotten up in the very highest style of the "art preservative." Besides the very many plain, practical instructions in the fashions, its literary department is excellently conducted; while its Household Department surpasses the stereotyped directions of all the old maid cooks that ever wrote how to make tansy tea or sofie leather pies. Every lady who desires to know what to wear and how to make it, should subscribe for the Monthly.

WE ARE indebted to Mr. Lucian W. Kingsley of this place, now doing business in Richmond, Va; for the following little item illustrating how utterly unable the rebels were to control everybody and enforce their desperate games in their last moments in Richmond:

When the rebel capitol was being evacuated General Early ordered two engineers, on the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad, to run on the bridge and then set fire to both ends of the bridge. But instead of thus wantonly destroying these engines they ran them to Chester, switched them off on a coal road and left to hunt our forces. Presently they were captured by the Yankees while fleeing from them in a mistake, supposing them to be rebels. They were glad they were mistaken. Wm. Manley was the engineer of the Comet and Robert Franklin of the Hobble Roads, which engine belonged once to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, having been captured by the rebels. It is said the Company gave Franklin \$500 for saving their engine.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.—It is now expected that in about two weeks the Great Eastern will start on her voyage with the Atlantic cable, which is now safely coiled up on a board of the great ship and waiting for the final preparations. There is sufficient confidence in the success of the enterprise to induce underwriters at Lloyd's to take risks on the cable at twenty five per cent, which certainly indicates no excessive apprehension.

The schedule of prices fixes the rate upon messages for the United States at one pound sterling per word. It is stated, however, that this heavy charge is established temporarily, to check the press of messages at the outset.

SHOP-LIFTING. We are informed that a young lady was detected, last week, in Patterson, at a store, in the act of hiding a pair of shoes under her dress with a view of securing them without paying for them. We have the particulars of several other efforts at shop-lifting, by males and females, in this town and in Patterson, all of which deserve exposure, or rather we should say the law ought to be enforced against all offenders without respect to person. Dishonesty hereabouts is getting perfectly awful. We have not only those who can look you in the eyes with an innocent stare while they are stealing from you; but there are those, who under the guise of friendship, will ingratiate themselves into ones favor, and cheat him so villainously, that they can laugh over it, and pass it off as an evidence of smartness. Such are some of the men fed and fattened by the people but there will be a slight upheaval, some of these days.

THE FORTHCOMING TRIAL of Jeff Davis. Now that the conspiracy trial is over, and the sentences of the Military Commission are executed, there will soon be some definite action concerning the trial of Jeff Davis. If it shall be determined to try him for treason, the proceeding will, of course, take place before a civil tribunal; but from present indications it is more probable that he will be tried by a military commission as the leader and instigator of the conspiracy, for it is said in prominent quarters that there is newly discovered evidence against him in this connection.

THE AMNESTY PROCLAMATION—Application for the Removal of the \$20,000 Restriction. The President gave an audience to-day to a deputation of Virginia gentlemen who wished him to so alter the amnesty proclamation as to dispense with the clause which excludes from its benefits persons who are worth more than \$20,000. The President, after a free and plain conversation, said he would look at the papers which they presented but so far he had had no reason for removing the exception.

Table with 2 columns: FLOUR and MARKETINGS. Lists various types of flour (Super, Extra, etc.) and market prices for butter, eggs, etc.

MELLINTOWN AND PATTERSON MARKETS. FLOUR. Super, 70 lbs. \$6.50. Extra, 6.75. Butter, prime 19 1/2. Ham, 12. Eggs, 12. Corn Meal, 1.75. GRAIN. Red Wheat 2 1/2. White wheat, 1.90. Rye, 1.40. Barley, 1.40. Corn, new, 50. Buckwheat, 40. Oats, 30. SWEETS. Clarified, 14 lbs 14.00. Timothy, 4.50. Hay, 2.50. HUNGARIAN, 1.00. DRIED FRUIT. Apples, 2 1/2. Peaches, 4.50. Currants, 10. Blackberries, 8. Elderberries, 6. POTATOES. New Irish, 1.50. Sweet, 3.00. VARIETIES. Apples, 1 1/2. Onions, 1.00. White Beans, 2.50. Peas, 1.50. Soy, 1.00. Corn, 1.50. Cattle, 18. Sheep, 6.00. Wood, washed, 60. JUNIATA SENTINEL. Bags, 5. In advance \$2.00. Corrected weekly by J. B. M. TOMM.

MARRIED.

It is not good that man should be alone.—Gen. 2:1. On the 3rd, inst., by Rev. J. A. Mathers, Mr. J. Walker Patterson of Juniata county, Pa., and Miss Maggie J. Lyon of Fulton county, Pa.

On the 4th, inst., by Rev. M. Allison, Mr. Thomas Farrell and Miss Mary Zeik both of Millin county, Pa.

On the 25th, inst., by S. G. Dressler Esq. Mr. Peter Clark of Steuben county, Ind., and Mrs. Nalena Brown of Juniata county, Pa.

DIED.

And there is no discharge in that war. Eccl. 8:8. On the 8th, inst., while on a visit at West Chester, Pa., Flora Jane, daughter of Wm. H. and Anna Jackson, aged 1 year, 5 months and 29 days.

Oh! grieve not for Flora, she is only asleep. We wish, God would, her pure soul to keep. Yes, she was our idol, our darling, our joy; We know she's an angel and happy, but yet Our heart is still bleeding and woe we can't say Our will has been done, Lord, we can't say.

Methodist Sunday School Convention.

Pursuant to adjournment at Dunfannon, Pa., one year ago, the Sunday School Convention for Calisies District, East Baltimore Conference, M. E. Church, commenced its Fourth Annual Session at Millintown, at 4 P. M., on Tuesday June 6, 1865.

Rev. J. S. McMURRAY, the President, ex officio, being absent, Rev. G. D. Chenoweth, on motion, took the chair, pro tem. Henry S. Mendenhall was chosen Secretary, pro tem.

The roll being called, the following members and Delegates answered: Calisies District.—J. S. McMURRAY, P. E. CARLISLE, (First Church)—P. Sherlock. Emory " G. D. Chenoweth. Circuit.—Delegates—Washington Kirk, John Baisley, J. Shillito. Mechanicsburg.—Members—John Sine, Mr. Holy Sprague, Secretary—G. T. Gray, SHIFFERSBERG.—Member—H. S. Mendenhall. Delegates—Peter H. TRILL. SHIFFERSBERG CIRCUIT.—Member—J. G. Moore.

CLAMBERSBURG.—Members—S. H. C. Smith, F. Dyson. Delegates—William Hasslet. YORK.—Delegates—J. W. Buckingham, O. P. Weiser. YORK CIRCUIT.—Member—W. W. Evans. WHITNEYVILLE.—Member—E. B. Braham. DUMFRIES.—Member—Jas. Brads. Delegates—George Bruner, David McCoy. NEWPORT CIRCUIT.—Members—J. W. Cleaver, J. Donahue. Delegates—Henry Comp, Benj. Himes, M. B. Holman, Wm. Jackson. NEW BLOOMFIELD CIRCUIT.—Members—F. B. Riddle, F. Talmage. Delegates—Jos. Fry, J. H. Campbell.

MIDDLEBURY.—Member—E. W. Kirby. Delegates—A. J. Greer, Simon Bason, Amos H. Martin, J. W. Speldy. MIFFLINTOWN CIRCUIT.—Members—G. W. Bouse, William Schaber. Delegates—Joseph Ard. Hours of meeting were fixed at 8 A. M. and 7 P. M.

J. Brads, T. Sherlock and W. Kirk were appointed a Business Committee who subsequently reported the following questions which were discussed with much benefit as well as interest: 1. What is the best method of managing a Sabbath School Library? 2. How shall we retain our larger scholars in the Sabbath School? 3. Should children be encouraged to commit scripture lessons, hymns and catechisms by the offer of rewards? 4. How can we enlist our members more generally in the labors of our Sunday Schools? 5. How can we best educate our oldest scholars for teachers, and secure their services in our Sabbath Schools?

The following was added to the above list: What is the best method of conducting a Sabbath School?

Pending the discussion of the first question, G. D. Chenoweth offered the following which was adopted: Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that the system of Checks published by the American Sunday School Union is the best method of conducting a S. S. Library and that we recommend it to our schools.

The President having arrived, took the chair. Henry S. Mendenhall was re-elected Secretary with permission to choose his own assistants. He selected W. Kirk and F. Talmage. As usual the Annual S. S. Sermon was preached on Tuesday evening, by Rev. S. H. C. Smith. The exercises commenced by singing the 100th hymn.

"Delightful work, young souls to win," and prayer. He announced as his text, Matthew, 9: 28, "Go, work to-day in my vineyard."

The speaker said: No man has a charter to be idle. Labor is made the condition of our improvement, and God require that our efforts be commensurate with our ability and opportunity. I. We direct attention to but one department of labor in God's vineyard; viz: THE SABBATH SCHOOLS. We argue the duty of all Christians to engage in this delightful, profitable and God-approved work.

1. From divine authority, said the Secretary to the church, "Take heed that ye despise not one of these little ones." What is this but a most solemn warning to the church, to its officers and members to receive us a legitimate part of Christ's flock, family, community or church, the little children; and to so adapt church influences, public and private instruction, that these little ones shall be trained up for God? And where can this be done better than in the Sabbath School? The Sabbath School is not only an auxiliary of the church, but it is the church, the body of the saints, and assisting them to bring up the children in the nurture and admonition of the Lord.

2. We argue the duty of all Christians to labor in the Sabbath School, because its practical utility is seen in its beneficial results to the children, the church and the world. (1.) The Sabbath School habituates the children to acts of devotion, and this habit of prayer cannot be formed too early. (2.) Again: Rehebrates a taste for music. Here the children are taught not only to pray, but to sing the praises of God. I believe there is no better mode to teach the children the truths of our holy religion than to teach them to sing our hymns. From the beginning the gospel has sung its way into thousands of hearts that could not have been otherwise reached.

3. Again: We argue the duty of all Christians to labor in the Sabbath School, because of its assimilating power on the youthful mind and heart. What is intended by the Sabbath School? Why simply to make the children Christians. Therefore, if it be christian character that is presented to the youthful mind for imitation, and the persons or associations presenting this character be themselves Christians, may we not reasonably expect the children to grow up such. We do not mean a mere nominal christian, but a real, a true, a genuine character,—that the child, under the assimilating process of the Sabbath School, may never forfeit its infantile state of grace, but unfold, develop and blossom out a child of God—a Christian. Let no one be repelled from this truth by the other fact; that piety is and must be a matter of individual choice.—The same is true of sin as well as piety. It requires the self active power to be just as far developed to commit sin as it does to choose obedience. This individual capacity of will and choice, is one that matures at no particular tick of clock, but it comes along out of inefficiencies, grows by imperceptible increments, and takes on a character in good or evil, imperceptibly and gradually, being fashioned by the nurture or training communicated. And this christian character is not dependent upon the aptitude of nature (which is depraved), for its development and growth, but upon grace antecedently bestowed, and if the grace of childhood never comes forth to perfection, let the church and the parent to whom belongs the pruning, the watering, the training, well consider it. God gives no increase but according to established laws.—They that are planted in the house of the Lord shall flourish in the courts of our God."

In conclusion, let us say to the Sabbath School Teacher, ye shall not labor in vain.—Ye shall not be cold and dead, most kind day.—Ye shall will nurture and mature the grain for garners in the sky. The gathering time will come after awhile. Yes, my fellow-laborers in the vineyard of my Master, your daily instruction, your anxious endeavors, your fervent prayers, are the seeds of an immortal harvest. You are working upon the most valuable material in God's universe. It is not marble that will crumble. It is not a material mechanism that will one day stop. Its action will never cease. Its value will increase with the advance of the ages. Mould and guide it aright, and there is before it a sublime and glorious destiny. Ye shall not lose your reward if you labor faithfully. Write your name and impress the truth as it is in Jesus upon that youthful heart, and you will have a monument that will stand the test of time and live throughout eternity.

Thanks were tendered with a rising vote (the whole congregation participating to the speaker for his excellent, earnest, practical sermon. The Convention of 1864 had addressed a circular epitomizing its action, announcing programme for the present session and embracing thirty-five questions to Superintendents in the District for information concerning the working and success of their respective Sabbath Schools during the past year. These reports were now called for, received, read and referred to Wm. Schaber from whose excellent tabular summary of the same, subsequently presented, the Secretary is enabled to give the following partial abstracts:

Out of 64 schools, 37 reported. New Bloomfield sent more reports and Newport more men, than any other church. Several circuits reported only in part. York Springs, Gettysburg, and Concord circuits did not report in any form. York Sabbath School now appears the oldest, dating its organization 1817. It is the only school holding two sessions in the day. Schools continuing during winter: 23. Complaining of want of interest: 40. On the part of teachers: 10. On the part of scholars: 10. In which pastors do not statally examine the scholars on the catechism: 37. Schools in which it is not taught: 15. In which scriptures or hymns are memorized: 28. In which special attention is paid to sacred music: 25. There seems to be a growing interest on this subject. Schools reporting various reforms since last convention, 12. Among these are the visiting of absentees; better classification; memorizing scripture; attention to singing; improved finances, etc. Various churches have gathered nearly all the children into their schools—the Methodist church having from one-twelfth to three-fourths of them. Bible Classes, preparations, when worthy, and other laudable efforts are making in 39 schools to retain the older scholars. Schools rewarding scholars variously for meritorious conduct: 22. As such attending church: 18. Holding teachers' meetings: 10. Having Teachers' Libraries: 9. New scholars received: 862. Scholars who have left: 224. Losses by death: 29. Schools that keep a record of scholars who leave them: 10. No. of persons who have been connected with our schools called into the service of their country, and who compare most favorably with other soldiers: 217. Number of teachers: 326. Of whom are female teachers: 355. Professed religion: 401. Reported as converted under 12 years of age: 43.

It was decided to report monies hereafter raised by Sabbath Schools according to the sense of our Conference Statistics, distinguishing between "expenses" and "benevolent contributions."

As usual the Children's Meeting was held on the second day (Wednesday) of the Convention, at 10 A. M. The large audience was composed of the Presbyterian Sabbath School of Millin; of the Methodist Sabbath Schools connected with Millin Station; and the friends of the cause generally. The exercises were opened with singing; "Hear the Royal Proclamation," by the M. E. Sabbath Schools of Millin, and with prayer by G. D. Chenoweth. Then followed addresses by T. Sherlock, J. W. Buckingham, W. W. Evans, W. Kirk and F. Dyson, alternated with singing by the Schools, with melodious accompaniment performed by Miss MORRIS. The music was highly creditable. The speakers were evidently not fearful of making the little faces somewhat shorter by provoking a smile. In some cases they were highly ingenious and mostly successful in their attempts to get the youthful ears and eyes, and when attention was thus secured, opportunity was not neglected to send home some simplified gospel truth. The addresses were brief, simple, earnest and pointed. "The Angel which redeemed us from all evil, bless the lady."

But the Sunday School Experience Meeting on Wednesday evening was probably the most precious season of the Convention.—Brothers Dyson, Kirby, Donahue, Sherlock, Talmage, Buckingham, Shillito and Kirk, arose and testified to the incalculable benefits of the Sabbath School in their religious experience.—how kind officers had influenced them,—how kind teachers had brought them to Christ, and how even young scholars (a beloved daughter in one case) had illustrated the prophet's bright anticipation, "A little child shall lead them." That we should be the ripe sheaves in glory, borne with joy by these spiritual husbandmen naturally suggested a happy recognition in heaven, and "Shall we know each other there?"

was sung with a holy fervor that touched many hearts. To our surprise, a late hour was announced and the Convention adjourned in the usual manner to close on Thursday morning.

The following resolution was passed: Resolved, That we urge every school in the District to elect both a delegate and alternate. The following was re-adopted: Whereas, The superintendents of many of the Sunday Schools within the District have failed to forward the blanks as requested, therefore, Resolved, That the Preachers of the several churches be urgently requested to give their personal attention to this matter and collect the circulars sent to their schools, and see that they are forwarded to the next convention in time for its action.

The middle of April was deemed the most favorable time to distribute the circulars to the circuits and stations.

It is but fair to state that the above abstract does not do the services justice. It lacks the living speaker.—SECRETARY.

A collection for expense of printing was postponed till next Convention. A communication was read from J. H. C. Dosh, chairman of the committee to publish circular last year, showing the balance of our indebtedness for printing, kindly canceled by himself. The following appointments were again made as a partial programme for next year: Tuesday night of the Convention for the Annual Sunday School Sermon, and Wednesday 10 A. M., for the Children's Meeting.

The following was again adopted: Resolved, That each preacher in charge be requested to report to our next Convention the number and success of the "Children's Classes" in his charge, as recommended by the late General Conference.

And now the Fourth Annual Session of our Sunday School Convention was nearing its close, having been a decided success in both real pleasure and profit. If people knew what they miss in their absence from these meetings they would seldom deprive themselves of such a benefit. Men were in attendance who, far before the close, had for some time previous worked more or less by night as well as by day, almost unceasingly, and had been arranging their home affairs so that they might be able to leave and get to the Convention.—These men have been with us before, and would have considered it a sore deprivation had they been prevented this time. The social comings of the preachers, the pleasant acquaintances formed with the Delegates and with the citizens who so kindly entertained them, all heightened by the elevating consciousness of laboring for the good of the youth of our land, made this annual district gathering a decided treat. The music itself was quite a delicious item in the bill of fare, and a selected greatest credit on the schools. This Juniata True Democrat, of June 15, says: "We commend these Conventions to the consideration of every Sunday School in the District, and hope that each one will have a delegate to the Fifth Annual Session. The school that fails to be represented will be deprived of much that is calculated to improve it and enhance its general prosperity."

The proceedings were ordered to be prepared by the Secretary for the Juniata True Democrat and the Juniata Sentinel especially, at the seat of the convention; also for other papers in the District at his discretion, and also more fully for general circulation on slips, among the schools; by J. H. C. Dosh and O. P. Weiser for the Conference Sunday School Committee with request for a reading in open Conference, and for the Minutes and Journal by G. T. Gray.

The following by E. W. Kirby and G. T. Gray passed: Resolved, That we tender our hearty thanks to P. R. R. and C. V. R. R. for their kindness in furnishing return tickets for members and delegates to the S. S. Convention held at Millintown, June 6th, 1865.

The Secretary was requested to furnish copies to the parties. Thanks were unanimously tendered, with a rising vote, to the citizens who so hospitably entertained the convention. The Secretary was kindly excused from reading the minutes from his rough outline and they were approved. Then adjourned finally with the Doxology and Benediction by the President to meet at Chambersburg, Pa., at 6 P. M. on Tuesday, June 5, 1865.

HENRY S. MENDENHALL, Sec'y.

The Secretary would again call your special attention to the following resolutions passed at the Third Convention: Resolved, That the judgment of this convention is that collections taken by the classes weekly and reported at the close of the school of each session, is the most successful plan to secure funds for Sunday Schools and Missionary purposes.

Resolved, That we earnestly recommend the Pastors and Superintendents of our Sunday Schools, at the weekly Teachers' Meetings to ask each teacher the question, "Did you speak to each child in your class last Sabbath on the subject of his soul's salvation?" Resolved, That we recommend to all our schools the organization of classes for the study of the Bible.

He would also express a hope, that those teachers who did not represent this year will give us the pleasure of hearing from them next year. H. S. M.

SOLDIERS RETURNED.—Since our last issue quite a number of soldiers have returned. McClellan's and Musser's companies are now at Harrisburg, expecting daily to be paid off. The term of the 202nd will expire next month. Some of them are home on furlough. They are still held in the coal regions. Capt. Vanorner's formerly Capt. Dimin's Company, (Co. I, 53rd), has also been discharged and are at home. Quite a number of boys scattered into various regiments have also returned. We extend to all a hearty welcome home, and rejoice that they did all they entered to do, viz: to put down the rebellion by force of arms.

RETIRED.—The store of Mr Kelly who keeps a confectionary in Patterson was entered some ten days ago by soldiers of the 102nd Regiment, Pa. Vol. under Col. Patchett, of Pittsburg, and gutted of all eatables and over \$100 in money which they took from the drawer. They were followed to Pittsburg but the Colonel manifested no interest in his reputation or that of his regiment, so they were not identified.

SERMON.—On our first page will be found an able and interesting sermon by Rev. M. L. Shindel on the death of President Lincoln. Mr. Shindel is one of our best, most successful, most fearless, most humble and devoted ministers. Do not neglect reading his discourse.

CROWDED OUT.—We have an interesting letter from H. W. Knouse, Point-of-Rocks, Va., for which we can find no room this week. We had intended also to have an article on our visit to Gettysburg on the Fourth but we are too much crowded.

LETTERS AND REMITTANCES.

Letters on Business, Communications for the paper, and Remittances should be addressed A. L. Goss, Sentinel Office, Millintown, Pa.