

RESERVE BOARD TO HELP WITH COTTON

CLEARs WAY FOR HANDLING STAPLE WITHOUT CLOGGING THE MARKET.

\$5,000,000 INITIAL DEPOSIT

Special Rediecount Rates on Promissory Notes Secured by Warehouse Receipts on Cotton.

Washington.—Definite steps were taken by the federal reserve board and Secretary McAdoo of the treasury department, to extend aid to cotton producers of the south and to clear the way for handling the fall crop without the uncertainty and difficulty experienced last year.

The board issued new regulations authorizing federal reserve banks to give special rediecount rates on promissory notes secured by warehouse receipts for staple agricultural products with the restriction that member banks must not charge more than 6 per cent to the borrower.

Secretary McAdoo announced he would soon deposit \$5,000,000 as an initial deposit in gold in each of the federal reserve banks at Richmond, Atlanta and Dallas. Fifteen million dollars more is to be deposited later.

The secretary said that if conditions showed the need of deposits elsewhere he would extend similar government aid.

The new regulations are broad enough to apply to all staple, readily marketable crops, but it is well known that the cotton crop is the one of late years.

and Dallas and that the rediecount rate is the sort of paper that followed the time of McAdoo most of the year.

Although when proposed the funds in South Carolina, many months ago, favored by several board, it was not until recent discussions, indicated, however, cotton crop probably about \$800,000,000 and \$300,000,000 would handling it.

TO PRAYER.

ary Movement Sends Urgent Call.

Members of the prayer address- individual in the country the words "pray, pray" was sent out by the ary Movement of and Canada in a series of conven- which will be held per 14 to 17.

It is designed to be of character for the gospel during which will be held in vating in a National gress in Washington, 1916.

ations which have em- movement this year others the Baptist Southern), Christian Episcopal Church Episcopal Church.

Found on F.4.

Ten more bodies were found in the hull of the United States steamer F.4. They were crowded together in the engine-room. One body was identified as that of Ivan L. Mahan, a machinist's mate of Lima, Ohio.

Members of the naval board of inquiry declined to discuss whether the finding of so many bodies in the compartment indicated the nature of the accident which caused the vessel to sink.

It was suggested by some of those working on the submarine that an explosion elsewhere in the vessel caused the men to seek refuge in the engine room.

Exchange Market Improves.

New York.—All indications tended to confirm a report circulated in Wall Street that Great Britain had borrowed from \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000 temporarily in this market to correct the exchange rate on sterling, until such time as her commissioners shall reach New York and consummate negotiations looking toward the flotation of a much larger credit loan here. There was no confirmation or denial of this report by the big men of New York's financial world.

Pinkertons Bring Suit.

Atlanta, Ga.—Proceedings were begun in Superior Court here by the Pinkerton National Detective Agency to secure \$1,200,000 alleged to be due the agency from National Pencil Company in whose factory Mary Phagan was killed April 26, 1913. The petition claims that M. Frank, then superintendent of the factory employed by the agency immediately after the crime was discovered, attorneys for the pencil company claim the detective agency did not carry on its contract.

26 LIVES LOST WHEN HESPERIAN SANK

VESSEL WENT TO THE BOTTOM WHILE BEING TOWED TO PORT.

ALL THE MAIL WAS LOST

Steamer Carried 3,545 Bags of Mail, Much of it Originating in Neutral Countries.

Queenstown.—Six second cabin passengers, six third cabin passengers and 13 of the crew of the steamer Hesperian, torpedoed 160 miles off Queenstown, were unaccounted for, according to revised figures issued by the Allan Line. This brings the probable death list, including Miss Carberry of St. Johns, Newfoundland, whose body is here, up to 26.

The captain of the Hesperian remained by his ship until it sank, while being taken into port. He declined to comment on the disaster for publication. Any official statement as to whether he believes his ship was a victim of a torpedo or a mine must come from the Admiralty, although the captain is quoted as having told an Allan Line official that the Hesperian was torpedoed.

Captain Main and the officers who remained aboard the steamer while efforts were being made to tow her to port were able to save some of their effects before the ship plunged to the bottom, 70 miles southwest of Fastnet, not far from the scene of the attack, taking with her 3,545 bags of mail, much of it originating in neutral countries.

The flooding of the forward compartments, which caused the Hesperian to sink so much by the head as to throw the propellers out of the water, made the task of towing her to Queenstown impossible in the rough sea.

The names of the missing second cabin passengers follow: Miss Bannister, Mrs. Fisher, Joseph Fowler, Mrs. Hannah Fowler, Maria Jenkins and Miss Murray.

BRYAN PRAISES PRESIDENT.

Tells Friends of Peace He is Thankful Wilson Loves Peace.

Chicago.—Prolonged applause greeted William J. Bryan during his address at the national convention of the Friends of Peace, when he said: "I want you to be thankful that this country's President loves peace and is trying with every means at his disposal, to preserve our country's peace."

Shortly before the delegates had cheered Congressman Henry Vollmer of Iowa when he attacked the Administration, for permitting export of war munitions to Europe.

Before adjourning the convention instructed its officers to make known to President Wilson and Congress the purposes of the Friends of Peace as embodied in resolutions styled "a new declaration of independence." The "declaration," made no formal demand for an embargo on war munitions, but declared for freedom of the seas to all commerce, including that with all belligerent nations, and opposed manufacture of death-dealing implements for profit. The officers also were instructed to draw up bills embodying these principles for presentation to the next Congress.

Daniels Will Not Report Soon.

Washington.—Secretary Daniels will not make a final report on plans for strengthening the navy until he has received further information regarding lessons learned during the present war in Europe.

Steamer Cymbeline Sunk.

London.—The British steamer Cymbeline has been sunk. Six members of the crew were killed and six were injured. Thirty-one others were landed safely.

British Steamer Mimosa Sunk.

London.—The British steamer Mimosa, from New York to Belfast, has been sunk. The crew was saved.

Carranza Not Responsible.

Washington.—General Carranza sent an emphatic denial from Vera Cruz that Carranza troops had taken any part in the disturbances along the Texas border. "I have issued instructions to General Nafarrette," read General Carranza's telegram, "to avoid energetically any act that may cause any international complications on the border. Deny emphatically that our troops have either taken part in the disturbances of Texas, or that they allow the organization of such bands of disturbers."

A No Offense.

Rome, via Paris.—The Messaggero, commenting on the sinking of the Hesperian, says: "It is obvious Germany does not mean to keep her promises. Her submarines will continue to sink mercantile ships without warning. This constitutes not only a new offense against the laws of humanity, but against the dignity and prestige of the American government, which has been contradicted by reality the solemn official assurance given by the representative of Germany to Washington."

Ruby Has A Big Fire

A disastrous fire occurred at Ruby at about midnight Friday which destroyed four stores in the central part of the village.

The damage is estimated at approximately \$10,000. Insurance amounts to \$7,000.

The origin of the fire is unknown, save that it started in the store of Mr. W. C. Rushing, quickly spreading to Mr. C. A. Edgeworth's store on the right and the building on the left occupied by Messrs O. A. Edgeworth and Smith Oliver.

All these buildings were of frame and were entirely destroyed. Adjacent brick buildings were more or less damaged by the intense heat.

GERMANY ACCEPTS PLAN

GERMANY RECOGNIZES PRINCIPLE FOR WHICH UNITED STATES HAS CONTENDED.

Disavowal of the Arabic Tragedy.—Expects Wilson to Renew Representations to Britain.

Washington.—Strained relations between the United States and Germany over the submarine warfare apparently passed into history when Count Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, informed Secretary Lansing in writing that prior to the sinking of the Arabic his government had decided its submarine should sink no more liners without warning.

Oral assurances to that effect had been given by the Ambassador last week; but it was not until Count Bernstorff, after a call at the state department, returned to the Embassy and sent a letter to Mr. Lansing quoting instructions from Berlin concerning an answer to be made to the last American note on the sinking of the Lusitania that officials frankly admitted their gratification over the changed position of the Imperial Government.

Secretary Lansing said in a formal statement that the letter "appears to be a recognition of the fundamental principle for which we have contended." He immediately sent the communication to the White House and discussed it in cheerful vein with his callers, who included Chief Justice White, Secretary McAdoo and Senator Tillman of South Carolina. Everywhere in Administration circles there was a visible relaxation of the tension which had existed ever since the Lusitania tragedy, though lessened by the earlier assurance of Count Bernstorff and advice from Ambassador Gerard as to the attitude of officials in Berlin.

The next step it is stated authoritatively, will be a formal communication from the German Government, disavowing the destruction of the Arabic and tending regret and reparation for American lives lost in the disaster if the attack was made by a German submarine. Even if the submarine which torpedoed the liner subsequently was sunk by a British man-of-war, as has been suggested both from Berlin and London, the Berlin Foreign Office is expected to send its disapproval as soon as a reasonable time has passed without a report from its commander.

Once the situation growing out of the Arabic incident has been disposed of the response to the long unanswered American note on the Lusitania will be dispatched, and if Germany's explanations and proposals in this case are accepted by the United States officials here expect the way to be cleared for a complete understanding between the two governments on the subject of freedom of the seas.

PLANNING NATIONAL DEFENSE.

Wilson Can Proceed With More Freedom Now.

Washington.—With danger of serious trouble with Germany apparently removed, President Wilson, it was said authoritatively, believes he can proceed with more freedom in development of the national defense plans because there can be no suspicion that they are directed against any particular nation.

The President's idea, it was said, is to prepare a program for several years in advance, and in doing so to secure the expert opinion of army and navy officers, who have been watching military developments in Europe.

Money Easy and Plentiful.

Washington.—Business conditions throughout the United States have changed but little in the last month, according to reports from the 12 Federal agents made public by the Federal Reserve Board. The reports indicate slight improvement, with large hoards in sight, manufacturing in special line stimulated by foreign orders and money easy and plentiful. Richmond reported that it is realized in the cotton territory there can be no excuse this year for a repetition of the experience of last fall.

A Remedy Is Needed

The cases of juvenile delinquency that came before the probate judge the latter part of last week have been temporarily disposed of in the following manner:

Mr. Press Donahoe, a good farmer living near Ruby was appointed probatory officer over the young Rushing boys, aged 13 and 11 years. The boys are to report to Mr. Donahoe, who in turn will report to the probate judge. Mr. Donahoe will attempt to encourage the boys to attend school regularly and otherwise to try and become useful citizens.

The older boy, Will Maree, aged 16, is under bond to appear at the September term of court. The young woman was released on her promise of good behavior.

The Advertiser has only one end in view in keeping these unfortunate cases before the public. The purpose is to bring home, as far as possible to all good citizens of the county the need of a better system of treating such cases.

Chesterfield county is very fortunate in that these cases are rare. The population is made up of native born, home loving people, who take a great deal of pride in the proper training of their children. But a few cases will crop up now and then that require the attention of the courts. It is then that the community, realizing its responsibility, should be prepared to act in such a manner as to give the erring youth both the opportunity and the incentive to right about face and endeavor to become useful and respected citizens.

It is very hard for boys who have started wrong to reform amid their old environment. A complete change of associates and a term of rigid, though humane discipline will often work wonders.

The foregoing applies with even greater force to the case of a young woman who has, very probably through no fault of her own, adopted a too low standard of conduct.

Unfortunately, the State, while providing for erring boys, has not yet made provision for its girls.

In the meantime, while the citizens of the State and county are wisely shaking their heads and saying something ought to be done—and it ought—The Advertiser wonders what the good Christian women of the community think of their responsibility in this particular case. A very pretty song that is sometimes heard about lifting up the fallen is suggestive.

Squirrel Season Not Open.

Information has come to this office that some people have probably gotten their dates confused with reference to the squirrel season. At any rate a noise is occasionally heard in the woods that sounds suspiciously like squirrel shooting.

The season is not open until October 1st, and those now killing squirrels out of season may be called upon to pay a fine all out of proportion to the value of the meat thus acquired.

Local Cotton Market

Cotton brought 9.15 in Chesterfield yesterday.

Furniture for Sale

My furniture and household goods, all in first-class condition, for sale at reasonable prices S. L. Duckett.

Does your watch or clock need repair? If it does carry it to McCall—he'll repair it at a small cost and guarantee the work for twelve months and put genuine factory material into it.

STATE ITEMS

OF INTEREST TO ALL SOUTH CAROLINA PEOPLE.

School opened at Thornwell orphanage a few days ago with 350 in attendance.

John B. Yates, 67 years old and a veteran of the War Between the Sections, died at his home in Columbia recently.

Robert DuBose brought two watermelons to Darlington a few days ago, one weighing 79 1/4 pounds and the other 78 1/2 pounds.

Cain's hotel, which has been run at St. Matthews for a number of years by Mrs. F. C. Cain, has been leased by W. P. and C. L. Prickett and they are now in charge.

R. L. Rochester, his wife and several children, one an infant, fell through the bridge into the "Forest" when they attempted to drive over Rice's bridge near Union in a wagon recently.

Jesse McNeil, a negro, was electrocuted at the state penitentiary one day recently. He was convicted several months ago in Marlboro county on the charge of killing his wife. He made no statement.

Eighteen head of cattle on the plantation of Holbrook Iron near Ridgeway died recently as a result of being sprayed with an undiluted quantity of the mixture furnished by the government for tick eradication.

The British embassy remitted \$323,000 to W. Gordon McCabe & Co., of Charleston, S. C., for American cotton taken from the steamships Carolina and Baltic by British authorities several months ago.

Maj. J. F. J. Caldwell of Newberry is in Columbia, engaged in research work at the University of South Carolina library. Maj. Caldwell is an author of some distinction, and is regarded as one of the ablest constitutional lawyers in the state.

Bundy Petty, a negro, who lives just outside the corporate limits of Jaffney, brought to town a curiosity in a young pig, which was born on his premises. The head in every respect was exactly like that of an elephant, ears, eyes, mouth and trunk.

The efficiency of the Charleston fire department is to be greatly increased when the new 1,000 gallon a minute, triple combination motor pumping engine, the largest and most up-to-date fire apparatus in the south, is placed in service this month.

A small gold medal, which Mrs. T. C. Callison of Lexington won when in school, was swallowed by Ruby Callison, her 9-months-old baby. The child was taken to a Columbia hospital, where the obstacle was removed through an oesophagoscope introduced into the throat.

The opinion was expressed at a recent meeting of the central committee of the Southern Commercial Congress that the coming here of a battleship fleet during the convention of the congress, December 12-17, will be one of the greatest drawing features of the occasion, in so far as the general public is concerned.

The United States public health service a few days ago assumed the task of feeding the inmates of Epworth orphanage with a good, strong, well-prepared diet as a cure and as a preventative of pellagra. The government has detailed Dr. Goldberger to this duty and he has already begun work. Dr. Tanner is the resident physician in charge.

MARKET REPORT.

Prices paid for cotton, cotton seed, corn, wheat, oats, peas, etc., on the different markets in South Carolina during the past week:
Fort Mill—Cotton, 9c; corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.10 bu; oats, 65c bu; peas, \$1.25 bu; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.
Candlers—Butter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.
Thornwell—Cotton, 8 3/4c; corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.10 bu; oats, 65c bu; peas, \$1.25 bu; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.
Conway—Butter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.
Jonestown—Cotton, 8 3/4c; corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.10 bu; oats, 65c bu; peas, \$1.25 bu; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.
Belton—Cotton, 9c; corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.25 bu; oats, 65c bu; rye, 1.25 bu; but ter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.
Ridgeland—Cotton, 9c; corn, \$1.10 bu; oats, \$1.10 bu; peas, \$1.25 bu; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.
Dillon—Cotton, 8 3/4c.
Kingstree—Butter, 40c lb; eggs, 15c doz.
Spartanburg—Cotton, 9c; corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.25 bu; oats, 65c bu; rye, 1.25 bu; but ter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.
Walterboro—Cotton, 8 3/4c; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.
Edgewood—Corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.50 bu; oats, 60c bu; rye, 1.50 bu; peas, \$1.40 bu; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 17 1/2c doz.
Lancaster—Corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.40 bu; oats, 65c bu; rye, 1.50 bu; peas, \$1.40 bu; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 17 1/2c doz.
Abbeville—Corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.25 bu; oats, 60c bu; rye, 1.50 bu; peas, \$1.40 bu; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 25c doz.
Clinton—Corn, \$1.15 bu; wheat, \$1.25 bu; oats, 65c bu; rye, \$1.10 bu; peas, \$2 bu; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 25c doz.
Chesterfield—Corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.35 bu; oats, 65c bu; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 15c doz.
Charleston—Corn, \$1.05 bu; oats, 50c bu; rye, \$1.25 bu; butter, 20c lb; eggs, 15c doz.
St. Matthews—Corn, 85c bu; wheat, \$1.10 bu; oats, 65c bu; rye, \$1.50 bu; peas, \$1.20 bu; oats, 60c bu; rye, \$1.25 bu; peas, \$1.65 bu.
Laurens—Corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.25 bu; oats, 70c bu.
Hamberg—Corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.25 bu; oats, 65c bu.
Darlington—Butter, 40c lb; eggs, 30c doz.
Blendale—Butter, 20c lb; eggs, 20c doz.
XXX now is the time to fall goods

Shoes! Shoes!

Ladies' Fine Dress Shoes at \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 the pair.
Ladies' Vici and G. M. Button and Lace Shoes at \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00.
Misses' Low Heel, G. M. Button and Lace Shoes at \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00.
Infants' Shoes at 25 cts., 50 cts. and 75 cts. the pair.
Men's Patent Button Shoes at \$3.50 the pair.
Men's Tan Button and 'G. M. Button at \$3.00 the pair.
Rialston Shoes in all leathers at \$4.00 and \$4.50 the pair.
Men's G. M. Lace Shoes at \$2.00 the pair.
Men's Work Shoes at \$1.50 the pair.

Clothing

Men's Dress Pants at \$1.50 and 2.00
Dutchess Pants 10 cents a Button \$1.00 a Rip.
Just received a shipment of Strauss Clothing in all the new colors and models—guaranteed to be all wool—at \$10 and \$12 50 the Suit.
Kirschbaum Suits at \$15, \$16.50 and \$20 the suit.
Boys' Suits from 3 to 18 years at \$1.50 and up.
Boys' Pants at 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00 the pair.
Men's Hats from \$1.00 to 5.00.
Shirts, 5c, 1.00 and 1.50.
Caps, 25 and 50 cents.
Overalls, 50c, 75c and 1.00 the pair.
We are headquarters for new goods. Call on us when in town.

Teal-Jones Co.

Mr. Elijah Redfern Has Passed Away

Mr. Elijah N. Redfern died last Monday night at 10 o'clock at his home in Chesterfield. He was in his 76th year and had been in failing health for some time. His son, G. J. Redfern, had died some fifteen years ago and his wife preceded him by five years.

Funeral services were conducted by the Rev. Funderburg at the cemetery yesterday afternoon. A very large attendance attested the esteem in which the deceased was held.

Mr. Redfern was a public-spirited citizen and throughout the greater part of his long career was closely identified with the development of the town and the county. In company with his son he organized the Chesterfield Banking and Mercantile Company, thus giving Chesterfield its first banking institution. He was for years vice-president of the Bank of Chesterfield and as a business man he was remarkably successful. He served the county for a number of years as county commissioner. He was a member of the memorable Constitutional Convention of 1895, when he rendered valuable service to the State and County.

Even in the closing months of his life Mr. Redfern kept in close touch with current events, and was well informed on the turbulent situation in Europe and the cotton interests.

In temperament and philosophy Mr. Redfern was an optimist and his influence in the community will long endure.

Mr. Redfern left an estate valued at \$50,000.00 which is to be equally divided between the children of Mr. Z. T. Redfern, who is the only surviving brother and the children of the late D. A. Redfern a brother who died several years ago. Mrs. M. J. Wright, who has been his housekeeper for the past several years was given \$500 in cash.

Mr. Armfield, of Monroe, Is Dead

Mr. E. A. Armfield, a resident of Monroe, N. C., and well-known in Chesterfield county, died at 10 o'clock last Saturday morning. The funeral was held at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon and was attended by a large number, including many friends from different sections.

Mr. Armfield was little short of 76 years of age. Nearly all his life was spent in Union county and his record has been an open book all the years.

Mr. Armfield belonged to the large family of that name of the middle section of the State, though he was born in Sandy Ridge township in Union county.

Mr. Armfield was the first cashier of the Peoples' Bank, now the First National. The firm of Armfield and Laney was known far and wide. He served two terms as clerk of the Superior Court. As a farmer he was successful and was a pioneer in improved methods. In this way he contributed a great deal by example to the progress of the county. He was a thinking man and was well informed.

The deceased is survived by his wife and several grown sons and daughters. The daughters are Mrs. W. S. Lee, Mrs. W. O. Keith, Mrs. J. W. Laney, Mrs. S. H. Hudson. The sons are Messrs. Frank and Rufus Armfield, of Monroe, Horace Armfield of Albemarle, and Emsley Armfield, of Chesterfield.

Discharge Notice.

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of October, 1915, I will apply to the Probate Court of Chesterfield County for discharge as executor of the estate of

M. J. Wright

Sept 4th, 1915