Union and Dispatch.

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Voluntary communications, containing interesting important news, solicited from any quarter Those letters from the various counties of the State especially desired.

SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1867.

Largest Circulation in City and State

FOR GOVERNOR
EMERSON ETHERIDGE,
OF WEAKLEY.

FOR STATE SENATE:
LUCIEN TEMPLE.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES:
I. D. WALKER,
WILLIAM DRIVER.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

JOHN C. GAUT, of Davidson, Chairman.
JOHN BAXTER, of Knox.
WM. B. CAMPBELL, of Wilson.
DORSEY B. THOMAS, of Humphreys.
JAMES JONES, of Greene.
A. A. STEELE, of Marshall.
CHAS. S. CAMERON, of Shelby.

Executive Committee for Middle Tennessee.

JOHN LELLYETT, JOHN S. BRIEN,
THEO. TRAUERNICHT, W. MATT. BROWN.

CONGRESSIONAL AND FLOTERIAL CONVENTIONS.

On the recommendation of the late convention of the people of Davidson county, a convention of the fifth Congressional district is called, to assemble in Nashville on the first Saturday in July, to nominate a candidate for Congress. The Conservative people of Davidson, Robertson, Sumner, Wilson, Williamson, and Cheatham counties will meet in their repective county town on Monday next, July 1st, to appoint delegates.

Also, at the same time and place will be held a convention to nominate a candidate for the Lower House of the General Assembly for the floterial district compased of the counties of Davidson, Robertson, Montgomery, and Cheatham, to which delegates will be appointed at the same time in the various counties.

By order of the Middle Division Executive Committee. JOHN LELLYETT,
June 24, 1867. Chairman.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Three boys were killed by lightning near Litchfield, Illinois, on the 2d inst.

The Democratic convention of the territory of Montana has been called for July 15.

The Salt Lake *Vedette* states that the Indians are driving off stock from Lower Beaver, in Utah.

Ex-Governor L. W. Powell, of Kentucky, died at Henderson, on the 3d inst., of paralysis.

The St. Louis Council have ordered the pavement of a number of streets with granite blocks, obtained in the vicinity of Pilot Knob.

A vein of silver and galena, of unusual richness, has been discovered on the Cumberland river, not far from Smithland, Kentucky.

Lightning struck the court house of Orange county, Virginia, on the 25th ult., setting it on fire, and destroying it and five other buildings.

Property to the amount of $26,000 was stolen in Chicago within the last three months, of which more than $21,000 worth was recovered by the police.

The total loss of the Austrian army in the late war with the Prussians, was 44,031 officers and men, or more than one fifth of the men put into the field.

The degree of Mistress of English Literature has been conferred on Miss Augusta J. Evans, author of "Macaria," "Beulah," etc., by the Baltimore Female College.

The wreck of the Rebel gunboat Jeff Thompson, sunk in the battle of Memphis, has been blown up. The wreck of the Beauregard will next be blown up.

We understand the Southern mail service, restored as before the war, which went into operation on the 1st inst., includes about one thousand routes, and is as completely under contract with responsible parties as at any former period.

A wealthy citizen of Berlin has applied to the municipality of that town for a site on which to erect a statue to Francis Drake, as the introducer of the potato into Europe, and offers to subscribe 15,000 thalers (£2250) toward the statue.

Late arrivals from Santa Fe state that the Indians are becoming troublesome in New Mexico, carrying off stock and killing one man in San Miguel county in the early part of June. The Navajoes and Apaches are especially hostile in their conduct toward the whites.

A gay deceiver, named Riddle, sixty odd years old, ran away from the venerable partner of his joys, in Richmond, Kentucky, the other day, taking with him all her money, and worse still, her grand-daugher, a blooming lass of sixteen.

Miss Hamilton, daughter of Andrew Hamilton, residing three miles from Indianapolis, Iowa, was using coal oil to kindle a fire on the 1st inst., when the can exploded, and she was so badly burned that her recovery is impossible.

Samuel Maxwell, released on the expiration of a term in the Ohio penitentiary not long ago, was found dead in a canal lock in Cleveland, on the 3d ult. There was a bullet hole in his breast. The coroner's jury returned a verdict that they did not know how it came there.

Rev. B. F. Morris committed suicide by hanging, in the cellar of his house in Springfield, Ohio, on the 28th ult. He was lately a clerk in the State Department at Washington, and was fifty years old. Formerly he preached in Lebanon, Ohio, Rising Sun, Indiana, and other places.

Chicago has had a "fashionable wedding." Eugene W. Jerome, of New York, a nephew of Mrs. Jerome, was married to Miss Paulina Von Schneidau, daughter of a deceased Swedish nobleman, who was at one time Consul of Sweden at Chicago.

The Rev. James Kent Stone, a graduate of Harvard, and for four years a professor of Latin in Kenyon College, has accepted the presidency of the same institution. Kenyon College, founded by Bishop Chase, of Ohio, in 1823, is now the largest Episcopal college in the country.

They are about to build new waterworks in St. Louis, and seem to prefer the contract system in doing it. The Commissioners invite proposals for a reservoir 200 by 250 feet, and for laying two or three miles of new twenty inch pipe—the work to be completed by the fifteenth of October, only three months.

John W. Bond, who married a wife in Greene county, a second in Howard, and a third in Morgan, Indiana, pleaded guilty the other day, and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, at the term of the Circuit Court held at Fayette. John was only about nineteen when he began the matrimonial business, and is not yet twenty-four.

The Vinton (Ohio) *Record* hoists the name of George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, for the next Presidency. The Canfield (Ohio) *Union* endorses the selection of Mr. Pendleton in complimentary terms. The Marion county (Indiana) *Sentinel* and the St. Cloud (Minnesota) *Independent* are likewise in favor of Mr. Pendleton.

The manufacturing corporations of New England, the newspapers of that section report, have done a less profitable business since January than during the preceding six months, and consequently there is a falling off in the amount of dividends which are payable in July.

Two of the foreign legations at Washington forwarded on the 3d inst. to Paris and Vienna confirmatory details of the execution of Maximilian. Secretary Seward is represented as being astounded at the news finally proving true. He was, as usual, hopeful to the last that Maximilian would be saved.

William Washington, aged seventy-four years, nephew of Colonel Washington, of the Revolutionary army, and third cousin of Gen. George Washington, died in Prince William county, Virginia, a few days ago. His brother, Colonel Henry Washington, of the District of Columbia, survives. The deceased served with disinction throughout the war of 1812.

A hail storm passed over Matomanie, Wisconsin, causing considerable damage to corn, wheat, vegetation and fruit. It is said by old settlers to have been the worst hail storm ever known in that section. many of the stones were as large as hen eggs, and one measured four inches long and two inches thick. The width of the storm was about a mile.

Dr. S. G. Howe writes from Athens under date of June 6th, that the clothing sent from Boston to the destitute Cretan women and children "is just in time and just the thing." He dreads "the war soon bravely. Everybody concedes that if the insurgents can keep life in their bodies a while longer, the island is free, and if free, the union with Greece is inevitable."

Two coaches arrived at Denver on the 27th of June, over the Smoky Hill route. They encountered no difficulty with Indians, but were delayed on account of high water, which had caused damage to the Kansas Pacific railway. Several streams were rendered impassable. Later advices report the railroad repaired. A band of two hundred Indians attacked Fort Wallace, June 22, killing two soldiers and wounding several. Three Indians are known to have been killed.

The erection of a statue to Jefferson, at Charlottesville, Virginia, which was to have been ready by the 4th inst., has been put off till October 7, owing to pressing circumstances. The Hon. R. L. Grigsby, of Norfolk, the oldest living colemporary of Jefferson, who was a classmate at William and Mary College with Jefferson when Virginia was a colony under the British Crown, and who was a member of the convention of 1776, will be one of the speakers on the occasion.

The committees of both houses appointed to notify the President that Congress had organized and were ready to receive communications from the Executive, called at the White House on the afternoon of the 3d inst., but finding that the President was in Georgetown, attending the commencement exercises at the college where his son is a student, they left and returned at night at 9 o'clock and had an interview with Mr. Johnson, who informed the committee that he had no communication to make to Congress at present.

Captains Hand and Cotton, owners of the tugs A. M. Ball and Nellie Cotton, entertained the Buffalonians with a novel exhibition the other day. Captain Hand wagered $500 that his tug, the A. M. Ball, would pull the other out of the harbor into the lake. Steam was raised, the whistles started an infernal concert, the tugs hitched together and started in opposite directions. After a severe and rather protracted contest, the Nellie Cotton was compelled to follow the other tug outside the light-house.

The Second Auditor of the Treasury has decided that a certificate of indebtedness from the government to a soldier is not liable to be attached by trustee or the attorney of the soldier liable to be held as his trustee or garnishee before the money has been actually paid and received by him upon it. The law gives the attorney no lien upon it for a pre-existing debt, nor even for his fees for obtaining it. It can only be paid upon the signature of the soldier, and is of no value in the hands of any other person except after he has properly assigned it.

The Buffalo papers tell of the remarkable effects of lightning, at the fair grounds at Springville, on the 28th ult. A storm of rain came up and drove a large crowd into the exhibition sheds, one of which was struck by a thunderbolt. At least a hundred persons were prostrated by the shock, three of whom, it is feared, were fatally injured—the others escaping with but slight damage. One woman was prostrated and deprived of her senses, but not of her power of locomotion. She instinctively gathered herself up, ran to an omnibus, and was conveyed to a hotel, and declares she had no knowledge of what took place after the flash until she found herself in a room at the house. Several horses were killed.

As some workmen out in Monroe county, Indiana, were digging a cellar last week, they struck a block of stone which disappeared with a dull thump. Investigation disclosed a chamber with a six-foot ceiling, and eighteen by twenty-five feet within the walls, which are of solid neatly-seamed stone work. Ranged in rows, on rudely constructed platforms, were twelve skeletons, each with tomahawk and arrowheads at their sides, ear-rings and bracelets of solid silver lying where they dropped, and piles of what appeared to have been furs in the center of the platform, each pile crumbling to dust as soon as exposed to the light. A number of tools made of copper, and hardened equal to the best cast-steel, were also unearthed.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* says, in his dispatch of the 3d inst., "It is probable, as has been said by many leading members, that the Impeachment Committee can report if they choose, but it is not believed by anybody, so far as can be ascertained, that anything will be done with the impeachment question at this session, though the Committee will undoubtedly make public the evidence they have taken. The contest for short or long session now took place on getting in Mr. Elliott's resolution, and the decisive majority in favor of that proposition shows conclusively that the business is be confined to amending the reconstruction act. The general legislation men were also decidedly beaten in the Senate where Mr. Sumner almost alone stood up for a long session. The Senate caucus included thirty-one members, and therein Sumner was supported only by Mr. Chandler and one more. Mr. Conkling's proposition declaring that business shall be confined to the passage of a bill giving force to the Congressional interpretation of the existing reconstruction act, received all but four votes. It is clear, therefore, that the session will end before the end of this month, and most of the members appear to think it will close by the twentieth."

REGISTER AT ONCE.

Let every citizen of Davidson county who is entitled to vote under the law, bear in mind that the registration office closes on the 10th inst. Everyone who has not his certificate should apply for one to-day. If he fails to obtain it to-day he should apply on Monday, and every succeeding day until he gets it. No time is be lost. Go forward and get your papers.

JUDGES AND CLERKS—CARD FROM JUDGE GAUT—The card of the Central Committee, through Judge Gaut, their Chairman, which we publish this morning, presents the legal question in relation to the power of appointing judges and clerks of election in an unanswerable form before the people. It shows the barefaced usurpation and tyranny of Gov. Brownlow in his last proclamation, and makes it clear that in every case of appointments by the Commissioner of Registration, where the County Courts have exercised the power, is unlawful. It advises, nevertheless, submission to wrongs that appear remediless, except at greater sacrifices than temporary yielding to tyranny, relying upon the people to claim their rights at the ballot-box, from whatever judges the Commissioners may appoint.

THE puritan spaniel, Maynard, instead of being at home receiving the castigations of John Williams, his adversary, has been making a speech at Dresden, West Tennessee, threatening the arrest by militia of influential Conservatives, in the event that a Radical asserts that he is mistreated. See our correspondence from Dresden.

THE DESTRUCTIVES AT WORK IN CONGRESS.

It is the habit to speak of the action of Congress with regard to the Southern States as reconstruction. It would be more appropriate to call it destruction. Congress reassembled on the 3d inst., and the destructives set themselves to work forthwith. Witness the following from the report of the proceedings of the Senate that day:

Mr. Drake's bill, introduced into the Senate, which passed to a second reading, and was ordered to be printed, provides for vacating all legislative, executive, judicial, or ministerial offices in the Rebel States, not including municipal offices, but these latter officers may be removed by authority of the military commanders of the district. The commanding General in each military district is to appoint suitable persons to fill each office made vacant by this act. The time for registration may be extended to any day prior to November 1st, next. No constitution adopted by any of the said Rebel States shall entitle such State to representation in the Congress of United States, unless it provides that all elections by the people an the State shall be by ballot, and declares that such State shall ever remain a member of the American Union, that every such citizen of State, owes paramount allegiance to the United States, and no law or ordinance of such State, in subversion or contravention of the authority of the United States Congress has any binding force.

Mr. Edmund's bill, also introduced today, declares the military authority in the Rebel States paramount to any civil government existing therein, and gives commanders of districts power, subject to the approval of the General commanding the armies, to remove from office any person holding authority derived from any State or government. It is made the President's duty to detail a sufficient military force to secure the effectual execution of this act. The acts, by officers of the army, already done in removing in said districts persons exercising functions of civil officers, and appointing others in their stead, are ratified, confirmed and legalized.

Mr. Frelinghuysen's bill also introduced to-day, is of a similar nature, giving power to military commanders to remove or suspend civil officers and set aside the proceedings of State governments.

Mr. Sumner offered a resolution in the Senate, which was tabled for the present, that it would be for the best interests of the country if the President would require every landed proprietor, who has been engaged in the rebellion, before receiving pardon, to convey to the freedmen, his former slaves, a certain portion of the land on which they have worked.

A resolution offered by Mr. Howard was adopted, calling for copies of all instructions, etc., to commanders of military districts, and the opinions of the Attorney General on the reconstruction acts; also the correspondence relating to the execution of said acts, and the orders by commanders for carrying them out; also that the President inform them what progress had been made in the matter of registration, and whether the sum appropricted for carrying out the reconstruction acts is sufficient.

OVERTON COUNTY.—We understand that Bowles, the incarnation of Brownlowism—well known for some years as the most stupid, ignorant and brutal person that ever occupied a seat in the Tennessee Legislature, and during the war, as a guerilla and bush-whacker of the most savage type—has taken military possession of Overton county, and has declared a war of extermination, literal and violent, against Conservatism. He is one after Brownlow's own heart.

Our correspondent at Lebanon gives us an admirable account of Etheridge's meeting with the people at that place on the 4th. The indomitable champion of public liberty is determined to press his appeals till the last day. Whatever may be the result, he will stand higher in history and in the affections and confidence of his countrymen than mere success could secure to him.

ROBERTSON COUNTY.—It is with sincere gratification that we learn that Hon. John Woodward has been induced to run as the Conservative candidate for the Legislature from Robertson county. He is a man of intelligence, patriotism and stirling worth. He is deservedly popular with all classes of citizens, and there is not a man in the county, who would make a more faithful, efficient and acceptable Representative. He will be the choice of a large majority of the people, black and white, and will be triumphantly returned, if there is the semblance of freedom at the ballot-box.

THE CANVASS.

Mr. Etheridge at Lebanon—Three Thousand People Present to Hear—Undivided Attention and Happy Results—The Prospects in Wilson—Stokes Reported to be in the Bushes, etc., etc.

Correspondence of the Union and Dispatch.

LEBANON, TENN., July 4, 1867.—Mr. Etheridge reached our town late last evening, and addressed nearly three thousand of his fellow citizens of this county to-day at one o'clock.

A stand was erected and seats prepared in a grove upon the premises of Hon. R. A. Caruthers, by the joint contribution of labor and money from whites and blacks. The blacks occupied the grounds in the forenoon, in celebrating the day, and closed their exercises at one o'clock, the hour fixed for the speaking. The large company assembled was about equally divided between the two races, and they gave to the speaker uninterrupted and profound attention throughout. The writer of this was furnished a seat upon the stand, and was enabled to observe the character and deportment of the vast multitude, and to hear every word of the able, eloquent and forcible argument of the great standard-bearer of the Conservative Union party.

Gov. Wm. B. Campbell and many other worthy citizens were upon the stand, and interspersed through the crowd, were the gray hairs and familiar faces of many old veterans of the Whig and Democratic parties, who with earnest eagerness, were pressing forward and close round the stand to catch the first words of the orator. As I looked out upon these old men I could not repress a sensation of sadness. Some of them I knew to belong to the excluded class. All of them I have known to be worthy citizens from my earliest boyhood. I have known them when their fortunes were not broken, and when their lives were not darkened with the cruel fruits of tyranny and oppression. Upon some of their faces I have seen, and from some of their lips I have heard the expressed conviction that they had outlived the liberties of their people. But like an April sun breaking through clouds, I though I saw the effect of the manly and confident tone of Mr. Etheridge's speech upon the sea of upturned faces. Shadows melted before it, and the burthen of many a heart was removed.

Mr. Etheridge was introduced by Gov. Campbell in a brief, but wall-pronounced eulogy upon his character, capacity and services. Mr. E. came to the front of the stand, and with graceful ease and pure English acknowledged the compliment of Gov. C. as the tribute of an ancient and unbroken friendship. His manner was electrical, and the sound of his voice penetrated the hearts of his hearers.

I cannot undertake to give you even a synopsis of his speech. The points presented, I believe, were the same which he has made use of on former occasions, and have been reported from other places more faithfully than they could be by me. The manner of his delivery is inimitable, and cannot be set down on paper.

He bitterly denounced the present State government as a foul and irresponsible despotism, whose cruelty kept pace with its fears. A despotism controlled by a set of men who were destitute of the slightest emotion of manhood or honor. He announced that the brightest lights and leaders of the Radical party were instigators of the rebellion, who seduced the young men of the country into the Rebel ranks, and deserted them in the hour of danger. They hung around Confederate camps, like jackals that follow in the track and feed upon the refuse of the noble lion. The Radical party was comprised, with a very few notable exceptions, of a class of men who were spewed to the surface by the revolution, and but for that would have never been heard of a mile from their homes. They were but vermin bred in dead dogs—a set of craven imbeciles. But they had nearly crushed the liberties of the people, and all were slaves—yea, even the despotic master himself, who was a slave to his cowardly fears.

It was a noteable fact that the Radicals were cruel and oppressive in proportion to their apostacy and treason against the Rebel cause. Mr. E. here proceeded with the skillful hand of an experienced surgeon to illustrate his proposition, by a careful disection of the political record of Maynard, Stokes, and Brownlow, showing to the satisfaction of all who heard him, that these gentlemen were blatant Rebels in 1861, and deserted the cause after they had seduced many of they countrymen into the great sin of rebellion.

Leaving these distinguished worthies, the speaker passed to a review of the State and national debt, showing that the annual interest upon the national debt was three times as great as the entire annual cost of the government before the war. He gave especial attention to Brownlow's staff announcing that that little luxury had cost the people of Tennessee in one year and five months, the sum of $22,000. That Brownlow's son *James* received as a member of that staff about $2500, and a son of Maynard about $3000 per year. These items of intelligence had their effect, and they will tell on the day of election.

The Legislature of the State, and their mean, narrow-minded and despicable legislation came in for a minute and scathing excoriation. Cowards only oppress a fallen foe. Those brave soldiers, Grant and Sherman, and the veterans who followed them, will never do so. Good men everywhere rejoiced when the war was over, and said, let the dead past bury the dead. Brownlow and his minions in all the land alone lift their voices for blood.

Mr. Brownlow's slavery record, the State militia, the morals of the party, all in their turn received the attention of the speaker. His speech was closed with a beautiful and touching appeal to all classes, parties and colors, to bare their arms with him in relieving the distresses of his people. Let the bloody past be gone forever; the gloomy present offered a work for all good citizens, and he believed the future held in store the sunshine of brighter days. He said he had entered the field to beat Brownlow, and he intended to do so. The voice of the loyal people were for him. He did not deny that it was in the power of the vile depot who ruled Tennessee to thwart the will of her people, but it would be the last struggle of despotism in Tennessee, and the throne of Brownlow would totter and crumble beneath his craven limbs. He said he could, to the end of the canvass, bear aloft the banner of his party, though there be none to cheer, for his cause was public liberty and the good of his people.

I have, in my lifetime, listened to many political speeches, but never before have I heard a discourse of such thrilling interest. His speech consumed a little more than two hours. The interest was not only sustained, but it was intensified to the very last words he uttered. The seats that had been arranged for the people was abandoned by them in the outset, and at the close of the speech there was scarcely a person in all the vast audience who was seated. Personal comfort was forgotton in their eargerness to catch every word that fell from the speaker. A large number of negroes gave their attention, and exhibited an unusual degree of interest. Everybody, black and white, express satisfaction at the result of the day's work, and it is the common sentiment of all that much good has been done. I have no doubt we will carry our county for the Conservative ticket throughout. We have about nine hundred whites and four hundred blacks registered in the county. A respectable portion of the black vote will be Conservative, and we have only about two hundred or two hundred and fifty white Radicals in the county. It is not only possible, but I believe highly probable, that Etheridge will be the next Governor of Tennessee. It is a great work, and it is within our reach. Certainly whilethere is hope there should be no lethargy in the struggle of redeeming our State and the liberties of our people.

Mr. Etheridge left, immediately after closing his speech, for Murfreesboro, where he speaks to-morrow. He is holding up well under the labor, and thinks he will do so to the end.

It is reported that Bill Stokes made a speech at Watertown, in this county, today. I cannot vouch for the truth of the report. But it is very well understood that he has no disposition to meet his competitor, Capt. Flemming, and the report is not improbable. If the report is true, it may have been a Radical trick to draw off the people from Etheridge. If Etheridge is as successful in other counties as in Wilson his election is a certainty.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

From Mexico—Santa Anna Executed.

NEW ORLEANS, July 5.—The French corvette Phlequeton, of eight guns, four days from Vera Cruz with dispatches for the Consul General of France, arrived at Southwest Pass this morning, and has on board Gen. Herrera and other Mexican refugees. She brings news of the fall of Vera Cruz on the 27th ult. The city surrendered without bloodshed, and is quiet. The soldiers who were captured were sent to Mobile by the French sloop-of-war Tobesco. The foreign men-of-war in port were the United States steamer Tacony, English steamer Jason and Spanish Selaire.

Santa Anna was shot on the morning of the 20th ult., at Sisal.

Washington Items.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Judge Swayne, of the Supreme Court, died in Washington this afternoon of typhoid fever.

Ex-Governor J. A. King had a severe paralytic stroke yesterday afternoon, and his symptoms are unfavorable.

U. S. Marshal Murry, Colonel Wood, Deputy Marshals Prior and Newcomb, and four officers were arrested to day on a charge of kidnapping.

Edward Given was robbed on Fourth avenue, on the evening of the 4th of July, of $27,300. One of the thieves has been arrested but none of the money was recovered.

Joseph Williams, colored, was executed to-day at New Brunswick, N. J., for the murder of another colored man.

A letter has been received by Collector Smythe from the American Consul at Kingston, Jamaica, stating that the yellow fever prevailed there. It is of typhus form and quite malignant; about 25 per cent. of the cases have proved fatal so far.

Surratt's Trial.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—In the Surratt trial Mr. Carrington said the prosecution proposes to close their case by offering in evidence the record of the conviction by the military commission of the other assassination conspirators.

Mr. Pierpont proposed to put in as evidence an almanac for 1865, for the purpose of showing when the moon rose on the night of the 14th of April, and the condition of the moon about that time in Washington. Mr. Merrick objected.

Jno. C. Thompson, Wm. S. Thompson and Andrew Caldenberrick testified to some unimportant matters.

Judge Olin was sworn, and testified to some facts connected with the box at the theatre where the assassination occurred.

Walter H. Coleman, head of division in the treasury, testified being in company with Geo. Cushing after dinner on the day of the assassination; we set out on horseback, talking earnestly to a man who stood on the curbstone; this was at six o'clock, and on Pennsylvania avenue between 10th and 11th streets; Booth's face was so very pallid as to excite remark; the man who was conversing with Booth was a young man, dressed in gray clothes, and with a small felt hat on. Question—Have you ever seen that man since, till today? Answer—No, Sir. Question—Do you see a man like him now? Answer—I would like for the prisoner to stand sideways to me. The prisoner did so. I think that is the man; he is like him in appearance and I am not sure but that he is the man; I have doubts yet, but think he is the man.

Arrival of Maximilian's Foreign Legion.

MOBILE, July 5.—The steamer Tobasco, bearing the Mexican flag, arrived yesterday morning with about five hundred of the foreign legion from Maximilian's command. The garrison of Vera Cruz left that city on the 28th of June. The capitulation was signed on the 27th, and they marched out with colors flying and were saluted by the Liberals They were allowed to retain their arms, and furnished with national vessels to leave Mexico. Lieut. Col. J. E. Suddy, of the French army commands them, and it is said they will be mustered out here.

Church Street Lots

AT AUCTION,

ON TUESDAY, 9th JULY.

WE WILL SELL ON THE ABOVE DAY, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, TWO LOTS, fronting each forty (40) feet on Church street, opposite Polk Avenue, being the property now occupied by Mrs. W. D. Cross, and formerly by John Harding, Esq.

TERMS—One third cash, balance one and two years with interest.

A. NELSON & CO., Agents.
ANDERSON, JOHNSON & SMITH.
july3 1w

NOTICE.

THE GENERAL CONVENTION OF THE Sigma Alpha Epsilon Fraternity will be held in this place on the 15th July, 1867. All old members are respectfully requested to attend.

TH. H. BAYLY BROWNE,
C. C. A. of S. C.
Nashville, Tenn., June, 1867. je25 td

WOOL WANTED.

WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET price for Fifty Thousand Pounds Washed and Unwashed WOOL, without burs, delivered in our Warehouse, No. 39 Market street.

HUGH McCREA & CO.
apr26 3m

In Chancery at Nashville.

State of Tennessee—Clerk's Office, Chancery Court at Nashville, May the 29th, 1867.

Tracey, Irwin & Co., complainants, vs. John E. Sands et als., defendants.

IT APPEARING FROM AFFIDAVIT FILED in this cause that the defendants, John E. Sands and Mary A. Sands, are non-residents of the State of Tennessee: it is therefore ordered that they enter their appearance herein before or within the first three days of the next term of said Court, to be held on the first Monday in November next, 1867, and plead, answer or demur to complainants' bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to them and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published for four consecutive weeks in the Nashville Union and Dispatch.

A copy—Attest: M. B. HOWELL,
Clerk and Master.
G. M. FOGG, Sol'r for compl'ts. jun6 w4t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

OFFICE OF THE NASHVILLE AND NORTHWESTERN R. R. CO.
NASHVILLE, July 1st, 1867.

THE Stockholders of the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad Company are notified that the next annual meeting will be held at Huntingdon, on Monday, the 22d inst.

H. L. CLAIBORNE,
jy6 td Secretary.

Shelby Female Institute,
NASHVILLE, TENN.

THE next session of this institution will open **on the first Monday in September next.** Each department is provided with competent and experienced teachers, and the educational advantages are of a very superior character. Instruction in Vocal Music by the same highly qualified lady as last session. Particulars in catalogue and future advertisement.

GEORGE G. BUTLER, A. M.,
jy6 d1w w2t Principal.

NEW FIRM.

O. EWING, Jr., Late of Ewing & Co.
M. A. McCLAUGHERTY, Late of Evans, Fite & Co.

Ewing & McClaugherty,
[Successors to O. EWING & CO.,]
IMPORTERS OF
HARDWARE,
No. 18, South Side Public Square,
NASHVILLE, TENN.

WE have in store a large and well selected stock of HARDWARE, to which we invite the attention of the trade. We have our orders out, and will soon be receiving direct from the best English and American manufacturers, a complete stock for the fall trade.

We hope to receive a liberal portion of the patronage of the merchants visiting this market, and respectfully solicit all to call and examine our stock before purchasing.

july 5 tf EWING & McCLAUGHERTY.

First Quarterly Statement
OF THE
FOURTH NATIONAL BANK
OF NASHVILLE, TENN.,
From May 22d—Ending Monday, July 1st, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$ 48,723 69
Due from other Banks	198,138 35
U. S. bonds deposited with the Treasurer	47,000 00
U. S. bonds and securities on hand	3,500 00
Davidson county bonds	6,000 00
Furniture, fixtures and outfit	11,054 00
Expenses	2,322 88
Premiums	5,065 71
Revenue stamps	429 88
Cash	91,262 65
	$412,076 96

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,400 00
Individual deposits	240,573 19
Interest and exchange	2,424 02
Discount	1,562 00
Due to other banks	117 75
	$412,076 96

JOHN PORTERFIELD, Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed to before me, this July 1st, 1867. A. C. NORVELL,
jy6 3t Notary Public.

St. Cecilia Academy
AT
CHANCERY SALE.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECREE OF THE Chancery Court at Nashville, in the cause of J. H. Buddeke and others vs. James Whelan, I will sell at the Courthouse at Nashville, at 12 o'clock, on

Saturday, July 27th, 1867,

the lot or parcel of land fronting about 667 feet on Clay street, and containing about six acres, a plan of which is registered in book 21, page 50, in the Register's office, and having upon it the St. Cecilia Academy.

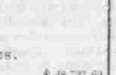
TERMS OF SALE.—One-half of the purchase money in six months, one-fourth in twelve, and the residue in twenty-four months, with interest from day of sale. Notes with approved security and a lien retained. Sale free from redemption. MORTON B. HOWELL,
jy6 td Clerk and Master.

For Clarksville and Paducah.

THE FINE LIGHT DRAUGHT Passenger steamer, ALERT, JAMES LOVELL, Master, BILLY BOWMAN, Clerk, will leave as above on SATURDAY, the 6th inst., positively at 12 o'clock M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to CORBETT & BOYD,
jy6 1t 41 and 42 Front street.

CLARKSVILLE AND PADUCAH PACKET.



THE J. L. GRAHAM, CAPT. BEN. L. GOAD, will hereafter run as a regular semi-weekly packet between Clarksville and Paducah.

For freight or passage, apply on board.
may28 1m

INSURE YOUR LIFE,

Nashville Blood Horse Association.

A MEETING OF THE NASHVILLE BLOOD Horse Association will take place at RIDLEBERGER'S, on SATURDAY next, at 11 A. M. Members will please attend punctually.

july4 2t GEO. W. DARDEN, Sec'ty.

WANTED

TO EXCHANGE, A NEARLY NEW DOUBLE Buggy for a good leather top single one.

Apply to BAILY, ORDWAY & CO.,
july4 1w 8 Broad street.

COLUMBIA

FEMALE INSTITUTE.

This Institution will be re-opened on the **SECOND MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER NEXT.**

Under the direction of the
REV. GEO. BECKETT.

Every effort will be made to afford the highest advantages for Female Education. The course of study is both thorough and systematic, combined with home care and teaching. Professors of acknowledged ability have been provided for the various departments.

FACULTY:
RT. REV. C. T. QUINTARD, D. D. Visitor.
REV. GEORGE BECKT, Principal.
MRS. LEONIDAS POLK, } Vice Principals
MRS. E. A. BECKETT, }
REV. DAVID PISE, D. D., Belle Lettres.
REV. JAMES N. TEMPLE, Mathematics.
MONS. A. ESTEVE, Musical Director.
MISS SUSAN POLK, English.
MISS —— SHEEGOG, English.
MADAME L. ESTEVE, Vocal Music.

For Circulars and all business transactions address REV. J. N. TEMPLE,
Columbia, Tenn.
—Widow of the late Bishop Polk.
july4 1m

W. E. WARD'S
Seminary for Young Ladies,
NASHVILLE, TENN.

ENGLISH, LATIN, FRENCH, MUSIC, Painting and Boarding Departments unsurpassed in the North or South. Next session opens **First Monday in September.** Send for a Catalogue. july3 3t

INSURE AT HOME.

Thoroughbred Mare
AT
CHANCERY SALE.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECREE OF THE Chancery Court in the case of James Whitworth, Adm'r, vs. Eph. Deming, I will sell at the Courthouse at Nashville, on

SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1867,

All the interest of Eph. Deming in the thoroughbred Mare, KITTY PURYEAR, and her two Colts, purchased by him at the sale of it. T. McGavock's property. The kind and extent of the interest to be sold will be fully explained on the day of sale.

TERMS CASH.
MORTON B. HOWELL,
july3 td Clerk and Master.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE NASHVILLE
Life Insurance Company

ARE NOW PREPARED TO ISSUE POLICIES of Insurance, on good lives, at the most reasonable rates.

OFFICE—MAXWELL HOUSE.

OFFICERS.

JNO. M. BASS, Pres't.
J. W. HOYTE, Sec'y.
T. A. ATCHISON, Med. Examiner.

DIRECTORS.

JOS. W. ALLEN, J. C. McCRORY,
C. A. R. THOMPSON, Dr. T. A. ATCHISON,
JNO. M. BASS, W. H. EVANS,
J. W. HOYTE.

QUARTERLY REPORT
OF THE
Second National Bank
OF NASHVILLE,
On the First Monday of July, 1867

RESOURCES.

Real Estate	$4,801 40
Notes and Bills	225,121 68
Over Drafts	3,762 22
Suspended Debt	4,573 28
Due from Banks and Bankers	86,230 59
United States Bonds deposited to secure Circulation	100,000 00
United States Bonds deposited to secure Deposits	101,000 00
Other United States Securities	2,876 22
Other Securities	111,290 77
Cash and Cash Items	96,931 05
	$745,077 12

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$150,000 00
Surplus Fund	15,000 00
Circulation	87,865 00
Individual Deposits	383,986 54
United States Deposits	69,479 70
Due Banks and Bankers	36,326 66
Profit and Loss and Exchange	3,220 22
	$745,077 12

W. J. THOMAS, Cashier.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, }
COUNTY OF DAVIDSON. }
Sworn and subscribed to before me, this the 1st day of July, 1867.
A. C. NORVELL, N. P.
july2 1t (B., G., P. & T.)

A HOME COMPANY.
CAPITAL, $200,000.

EIGHTH QUARTERLY STATEMENT
OF THE
Third National Bank
OF NASHVILLE.

ASSETS.

Loans and Discounts		$364,723 92
U. S. Bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer	$35,000 00	
U. S. Bonds on hand	340,600 00	
7-30 Treasury Notes	165,250 00	540,850 00
Premium Account:		
Premium on U. S. Bonds		25,123 10
Sight Exchange		100,451 13
Cash Items:		
Compound Interest Notes	$240,960 00	
U. S. Treasury and National Bank Notes	115,301 47	356,261 47
		$1,377,419 62

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock		$100,000 00
Surplus Fund	$18,000 00	
Undivided Profits	27,851 39	45,851 39
Individual Depositors and Certificates of Deposits	$1,225,483 39	
Due to National Banks	6,084 84	1,231,568 23
		$1,377,419 62

I, EDGAR JONES, Cashier of Third National Bank of Nashville, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

EDGAR JONES, Cashier.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, }
COUNTY OF DAVIDSON. }
Sworn to and subscribed before me, July 1, 1867.
A. C. NORVELL,
Notary Public.
july3 1w

WM. STEWART,
MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
Iron Work, Bank Doors,
Jail Work, Prison Cells,
VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS

Wrought and Cast Iron Railings of every pattern, Gratings, etc., and all kinds of Blacksmithing.

COR. MARKET AND ASH STREETS,
NASHVILLE, TENN.
july3 1m*

Notice to Corporation Tax-Payers.

CORPORATION TAXES FOR 1867 ARE now due, and the Book is ready and in the hands of the Collector. Tax-payers are requested to come forward and pay their taxes without delay, and save cost. No INTEREST CHARGED if paid this month. A. V. RUTLAND,
july2 1w Revenue Collector.

**IN YOUR OWN CITY.