

DR. E. M. LONG
DENTIST
Over Webman's Hardware Store
Union City, Tenn.
Telephone—
Office 144; Residence 689-J

THE COMMERCIAL

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NOMINEE FOR U. S. SENATE

McKellar a Hard Worker Since His Early Boyhood.

Kenneth Douglas McKellar, who was chosen by the Democracy of Tennessee as its standardbearer in the approaching Senatorial contest, is a native of Richmond, Dallas County, Ala. His father, who had been a lawyer of distinction and a man of means, lost both health and fortune, and while young Kenneth was a small child, or at the age of 11, the boy was compelled to go out and work by the day on the farms of his neighbors to earn his livelihood.

After two years of this laborious life young McKellar undertook and successfully raised a crop of cotton on the farm to which his father, then a helpless cripple with rheumatism, had retired. For seven years the young farmer continued to till the soil and was so successful that, when he attained the age of 18, he had saved enough money to carry him thru a course in the University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa, where he graduated with the degrees of B. A., M. A. and L. L. B.

MOVES TO MEMPHIS.

Mr. McKellar at once went to Memphis and began the practice of law, soon taking rank among the leading lawyers of Tennessee. He early became a prominent worker for the Democratic party. In 1904 he was made a Presidential elector, and in 1908 was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention at Denver.

In 1911, while Mr. McKellar was absent from the State on a vacation, he was nominated by the Democrats of the Tenth Congressional District to succeed Gen. George W. Gordon, who had died in office, and on November 9, 1911, was elected to fill Congressman Gordon's unexpired term. At the next regular election, in 1912, he was elected to a full term in the House and re-elected again in 1914 by a majority of 17,710.

Congressman McKellar announced himself a candidate for the present Democratic Senatorial nomination, and made the opening speech of his campaign at Gallatin on September 18, last, Senator Luke Lea and ex-Gov. Malcolm R. Patterson having also entered the race. The contest that followed was vigorously waged.

FIRST PRIMARY.

The first primary, held on November 20, gave Congressman McKellar a plurality of about 2,700 votes over Patterson and eliminated Senator Lea, he having run third in the contest. The run-off primary which ensued between Patterson and McKellar was more vigorously fought out than the initial race, and the overwhelming majority was a surprise to many of Mr. McKellar's supporters, who figured that he would win by nearer 10,000 than 20,000.

Mr. McKellar's campaign was managed by Edward Albright, the well-known Gallatin editor.

The results in both the November 10 primary and in that of December 15 speak volumes for his ability.

NEWS NOTES.

The Austro-Hungarian Government's reply to the American note demanding a disavowal of the sinking of the Italian steamer Ancona, the punishment of the officer in command of the submarine and the payment of an indemnity for the American lives lost in the disaster is unacceptable to the American Government, as it does not accede to any of the demands. In consequence of a discussion of the reply by President Wilson and his Cabinet another communication, more vigorous than the first note, was dispatched to Austria-Hungary. While it will give some of the facts which Austria has requested, it is said that it will request prompt acquiescence in the original demands.

Unofficial advices indicate that Germany is dissatisfied with Saloniki being used to harbor her enemies. The German minister at Athens is declared to have told the Greek Premier that the construction of fortifications at Saloniki would compel Germany to take action to drive out the Allied forces there. The Premier is reported as having said Greece would not allow the Bulgarians on Greek soil.

Germany has offered to release Dr. Henri S. Beland, former Postmaster General of Canada, captured at the fall of Antwerp, if England will accord freedom to Capt. von Rintelen, who was removed from a

steamer and indicted in New York for obtaining an alleged false passport.

Further arguments and statistics in support of Great Britain's denial of statements that her merchants are profiting by British war restrictions upon commerce at the expense of American trade have been submitted to the State Department by the British Embassy to a memorandum from Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the Ambassador.

American shipyards have under construction more vessels than ever before were building in the United States to add to an American merchant marine whose gross tonnage already is the largest in the country's history, said a report issued by the Commissioner of Navigation.

The initial impetus to business in the United States came from war orders, but the country generally has developed a spirit of confidence which has not been apparent for years, said G. E. Roberts, formerly director of the U. S. mint, in an address at Worcester.

Establishment of a military training camp next April at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., near Chattahoochee, for students, business and professional men of the Southern States, was announced Sunday night by Maj. Gen. Wood, who will have supervision over the camp.

The system of coast defenses is "the most formidable in the world," but is short 10,800 men of the regular establishment and 9,800 men of the national guard to man all forts and mine defenses, according to War Department reports just made public.

Siegfried Paul London, a naturalized American citizen, is under arrest at Warsaw, Poland, charged with espionage and it is announced from Berlin that the American consulate at Warsaw is being given the widest latitude in the case.

Seeking to clear Chicago of crime and to purge the police department, Chief Charles Healey announced that hereafter charges will be filed against captains whose districts show an increase in crime without a corresponding increasing in arrests.

The American peace pilgrims landed at Christiania, Norway, where Henry Ford again expressed confidence that the expedition would result in getting the men out of the trenches before the winter was over.

Charged with conspiring to blow up the Welland Canal, Paul Koenig, former head of the secret service of the Hamburg-American Line, and Richard Emil Lyendecker have been arrested in New York by agents of the Department of Justice.

Patterson's Plans.

Though naturally disappointed in the result of the second primary, former Gov. Patterson was this morning in a good humor and was carrying his defeat gracefully. When seen by a representative of the Banner at the Maxwell House, he made smiling reference to his defeat. His physical condition was reported fine, except for the hoarseness due to the long and strenuous speaking campaign.

When asked as to his plans for the future, Gov. Patterson said: "My plans for the future are not yet determined, and will not be for the present. There is one thing I want to say, since the campaign is over, and that is I am stronger than ever in the belief that we must free our civilization from the curse of liquor and destroy a traffic which blights and corrupts all it touches."

At the time Mr. Patterson decided to enter the Senatorial lists he was lecturing over the country under the auspices of the Anti-Saloon League, and it was generally supposed that he would return to the lecture platform, where he made such a decided success. From his statement given above he has not determined on this.

—Nashville Banner.

Mrs. E. A. McCorkle.

Obion, Tenn., Dec. 17.—Mrs. E. A. McCorkle died suddenly here yesterday morning at 3 o'clock at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Bob Fox. Mrs. McCorkle was highly connected in Obion County and other parts of the State, and her sudden death was a great shock to her relatives and friends. Deceased was 76 years of age and is survived by seven children, as follows: C. H. Martin, of Mobile, Ala.; T. J. Amis, Obion; Mrs. C. C. Brown, Obion; Ed. John and Tolbert, of the Moriah neighborhood, and Mrs. Bob Fox, of Obion.

THE PRESIDENT MARRIED

Couple Honeymoon Down in Old Virginia.

President Woodrow Wilson and Mrs. Edith Bolling Galt were married at the home of Mrs. Galt Saturday night, Dec. 18, and left immediately taking a private car at Alexandria, Va., for Hot Springs, Va., where they are spending their honeymoon. They are sojourning at the Homestead Hotel.

On the first floor of the bride's home, in two communicating rooms, a wedding bower had been arranged with a background of farleyanase and maidenhair ferns which extended from the floor to the ceiling. Overhead there was a canopy of green in the form of a shell lined with Scotch heather. In the background and at the center was placed a large mirror framed with orchids and reflecting the scene. Above the mirror was a spray of orchids across a background of ferns and the corners of the canopy were caught with orchids. American Beauty roses were on both sides of the canopy, beneath which was a prayer rug on which the President and Mrs. Galt knelt during the ceremony.

Just at the hour set for the ceremony the President and his bride appeared at the head of the staircase, which was decorated with ferns, asparagus vines and American Beauty roses. They descended to the lower floor, where the guests were grouped about informally.

The Rev. Herbert Scott Smith, rector of the St. Margaret's Protestant Episcopal Church, of which the bride is a communicant, was waiting beneath the canopy to perform the ceremony and with him, to assist, was the President's pastor, the Rev. James H. Taylor of the Central Presbyterian Church.

MOTHER GIVES BRIDE AWAY.

Mrs. William H. Bolling, the bride's mother, gave her away. The President stood to the right of the clergyman and the bride stood on their left. At once Dr. Smith began the words of the Episcopal marriage service, the President making his responses first and then the bride making hers. After the bride promised to "love, cherish and obey," the President placed the wedding ring, a plain band of gold, upon her finger, and then, after a prayer and while the couple clasped their right hands together, Dr. Smith declared them man and wife. The brief and simple ceremony was over.

The entire party then turned to the dining room, where a buffet supper was served. The decorations there were in pink and on the buffets were banked growing ferns and pink roses. The tables were decorated with Lady Stanley roses and blossoms. On a table in the center was the wedding cake—a fruit cake several layers high—ornamented with sprays of pink, orchids in the center. Mrs. Wilson cut the cake without formality and no arrangement was made for bestowing bits of it upon those other than the wedding party.

MARRIED IN TRAVELING DRESS.

During the ceremony and at the luncheon afterward, during which a stringed orchestra played, the bride wore a traveling dress, a black silk velvet gown, with a picture hat of black beaver, with no trimmings whatever except one feather slightly upturned on the left side. At her throat she wore the President's wedding gift, a magnificent diamond brooch.

The skirt of her gown was of walking length and cut on full lines. The waist had silken embroidery of blue shading from the deep tones of royal blue to delicate shades of pastel and was threaded with silver.

The lower part of the waist was embroidered on black net over a band of silver in the design of lilies, below which was a girdle of black velvet. The sleeves of the gown were of black net fashioned in tiny tucks with long, bell shaped cuffs of embroidered velvet which came well down over the hand. Her collar, which was high and upstanding, was of black lace. When she left on her honeymoon journey Mrs. Wilson wore over her gown a fur coat of broad tail with bands of Yukon and muff to match. She wore a chinchin collar.

Legislation to protect the industrial and commercial markets of the United States from a "destructive type of struggle and unfair competition" at the close of the European war was recommended to Congress by Secretary Redfield.

Navy Notes.

The U. S. S. Delaware got under way from Portsmouth Navy Yard, Va., for Hampton Roads. The U. S. S. Pennsylvania went in dry dock for three days last week at Portsmouth Navy Yard, Va., and returned to Newport News Ship Yards. She will go in commission about February, 1916, and will be made flagship of the U. S. Atlantic Fleet. The U. S. S. Vermont is now a recruiting ship and has already enlisted about 250 men.

Boys at home, I am from the county of Obion and glad of it, because I am now in the United States Navy. It is a great honor to any young man who wishes to come into the Navy to go ahead and enlist at once. I will never regret the day I was sworn in to help guard our honored flag and country. The experience of four years in the U. S. Navy is a most valuable thing to any young man. The sights I have seen I would not sell at any price, if it were possible to sell them. They are simply grand and cannot be seen any other way outside of the U. S. Navy. I am happy and contented with the U. S. sailor's life, and I am sure others will find it the same if they give it the same trial I have. The wages a man draws in the Navy are clear money and steady pay. Should some young friend wish to learn more about the Navy, here is a jolly young jack ready to advance any information wished for. Just write in, care of editor, to

J. C. TOWNSEND,
U. S. S. Vermont, Portsmouth, Va.

Hog Roots Up Gold.

Paris, Tenn., Dec. 18.—News has reached Paris of the finding of a tin can containing \$300 in gold coins on the farm of Bud Ray, in the northern part of Henry County, near Jones' mill. According to what information can be obtained, the can of gold was unearthed by a hog.

It appears that Mr. Ray had moved his hog pen a few days before the finding if the gold because the old pen was very muddy, and that the hogs in rooting about in the new pen, just across the road from the old one, came upon the gold.

According to the claims of Mrs. Richard Collins, who formerly owned the place where the gold was found, she loaned \$300 in gold to her first husband, a Mr. Paschall, only a few days before his death, and it was never heard of any more, although he is said to have made a record in a book reading "three hundred dollars canted."

At least this is what is understood to have taken place. This was about 30 years ago. Mrs. Collins claims the gold found on the farm, and it is possible that the matter may go to the courts for a decision.

"A Pair of Sixes."

The Reynolds offers for one performance, Jan. 4, H. H. Frazee's international comedy hit, "A Pair of Sixes." This unusual and novel comedy, which ran for nearly a year on Broadway at the Longacre Theater, was acknowledged by New York City critics to be something new in farce, and although these blase gentlemen of the press do not usually indulge in hyperbole, the consensus of their opinion seemed to be that not since the days of the lamented Chas. H. Hoyt had anything so agreeable in the way of farce been offered the Metropolitan show goer. The tremendous success which has greeted the comedy wherever it has appeared has proven them exactly right in their opinions. The story is unusual and full of satire and humor of the highest class and the logical plot is sufficiently surprising in the climaxes of the situations involved to command the eager and undivided attention of the audience thruout the action of the piece. "A Pair of Sixes" sets forth the troubles of two partners in the pill business whose natures are so antagonistic that they are absolutely unable to get along together. Finally so heated do their daily altercations become that they call in their lawyer to settle their partnership. He finds this to be an impossible task as neither of the partners will sell his interest to the other. He finally hits on an idea which he induces the belligerents to accept and so novel does it prove that it not only furnishes more laughs than comedy generally affords but provides the name for the piece as well.

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