### SOME SPECIAL FEATURES THEREIN

Sketches by Mrs. Bryan Which Dwell Extensively on the Capacious Entrance to Her Husband's Face.

Other Features.

Chicago, Jan. 25.-The last pages of the "First Battle," the Hon, William J. Bryan's book, have gone to press and W. B. Conkey & Co., publishers, expect to have the first copy bound in about a week. The book embodies a story of the campaign of 1896, its imporant events and issues, and includes the most noteworthy incidents of Mr. Bryan's famous tour. It also contains the principal addresses and documents relating to the silver movement and some of Mr. Bryan's speeches. Considerable space is given to his connection with the silver agitation while in congress and prior to the Chicago convention and to a discussion of the election returns and an analysis of the political situation. One of the interesting

ten by Mrs. Bryan, who thus describes their first meeting:
"My personal knowledge of Mr. Bryan dates from September 8, 1879. He was then entering upon his junior year. I saw him first in the parlor of the young ladles' school, which I attended in Jacksonville. He entered the room with several other students, was taller than the rest and attracted my attention at first. His face was paic and thin, a pair of keen, dark eyes looked out from beneath heavy brows, his nose was prominent, too large to look well, I thought, a broad, thid lipped mouth and a square chin completed the contour of his face. He was neatly though not fastidiously He was neatly though not fastidiously ressed and stood firmly and with dignity. noted particularly his hair and his smile The former black in color, fine in quality and parted distressingly straight, the latter expansive and expressive. In two years the smile has been the subject of considerable comment, but no one has seen the real breadth of the smile who did not see it in the early days. On one oceasion a heartless observer was heard to remark, 'that man whispers in his own remark, 'that man whispers in his own ear,' But that was a cruel observation.' In regard to the criticism that Mr. Bryan had not distinguished himself, she says: "Those who suggest such things should observe that he began practice at ZI and left off at 30, and during that period became more than once sed-supporting. Also his career in congress."

porting. Also his career in congress."
She concludes the sketch thus:
"Giving a sketch of his character and his mental endowment would be beyond the scope of this article. I may be justified, however, in saying that his life has been one of earnest purpose with that sort of genius which has been called a capacity for hard work."
"The First Battle" is dedicated to the Hon, Richard P. Bland of Missouri, Gen. James B. Weaver of Iowa and the Hon, Henry M. Teller of Colorado, whom the author considers "the foremost champions of bimetallism in their respective parties."

spective parties."
The early chapters are devoted to an account of Mr. Bryan's connection with the silver movement and the development of the silver sentiment. Then follow chapters devoted to the republican and democratic national conventions, inluding the memorable contest over the Anicago platform Referring to the fact that the concluding sentence of his convention speech had been widely criticised. Mr. Bryan says:

"I had used the idea (cross of gold and

"I had used the idea (cross of gold and crown of thorns) in substantially the same form in a speech in congress, but did not recall the fact when I used it in the convention. A part of the speech was extemporaneous, and parts of it had been prepared for another occasion."

A chapter is devoted to the silver party onvention and another to the populist

In one, entitled "Triple Demand for inancial Independence," bimetallism is

convention.

"In a speech made in Ohio, I think, in 1835, Senator Sherman used language something like this—I quote from

memory:

"The parity between gold and silver
can only be maintained by the use of
gold as a standard, also silver in limited
quantities as a limited legal tender. This
can properly be called bimetallism."

"This definition of bimetallism has

within the last four years become quite common among those who favor the gold standard, but are not willing to be known as monometallists. Bimetallism means two metals just as certainly as the word hiped means an animal with two feet. It means the use of two metals as a standard money and to be standard money they must be treated alike. If to use gold as a standard, with silver coin to use goth as a standard, with silver comin limited quantities as a limited legal
tender, is bimetallism. Then Englandnow has bimetallism. No system can
be properly called bimetallism by the
use of copper in limited quantities as
limited legal tender with another metal.
It was the attempt of the opponents of free coinage to misconstrue the terms formerly used that led to the declaration of a specific ratio. Then, too, many in-sisted upon calling themselves bimetal-lists who were unwilling to vote for bimetallism without an international agree-ment. This made it necessary to adopt some means of distinguishment between independent bimetallists and interna-tional hipstallists. tional bimetallists

Interesting incidents of the tour east and west are given. Another chapter is given to bolting democrats. In this connection he says:

Awarded Highest 'lonors-World's Fair, DR

BAKING

MOST PERFECT MADE. pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free Som Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant, 40 YEA'S THE .WCARD.

le the treasurer's office, standing by tate as ms. carmon,

# PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Seek Cough Syrup. Thates Good. Use in time. Bold by druggists.

"The only objection I wish here to record is that the gold democrats sought record is that the gold democrats sought to use the party name for the purpose of deception. The party name belongs to the majority of the party and the minority can not fairly, honestly or hon-orably use that name in such a way as to mislead voters. I had at all times defended the sovereign right of the citi-zen to follow his conscience and his judg-ment in political matters and to make his ment in political matters and to make his party affiliations conform to his con-science, but a fraud perpetrated on the voters is no more defensible than a fraud attempted by the business man. If the independent convention had en-dorsed the republican party we might have found no fault with their action; but no merty has the right to somicate. but no party has the right to nominate a ticket with no intention of voting for it and hold public meetings for the os-tensible purpose of aiding it, but for the secret purpose of helping another ticket. This is, in national affairs, a new kind of political warfare which, in my opinion, history will condemn."

Regarding the sentence in McKinley's letter of acceptance that "we should open the mills and not the mints," Mr. Bryan

"This is an enigmetical sentence and did much toward turning the attention of the public from the real issue of the eampaign. In concluding, he says:

"Our country has much to fear, in my opinion, from the influence of corporations. Their power is extending. In appointments to public office, corporation attorneys have not only the advantage political situation. One of the interesting features of the book is the sketches written by Mrs. Bryan, who thus describes their professional prominence gives them, but they also have the advantage of friendly relations with the prominent officials of other corporations. Thus it may be personal knowledge of Mr. Bryan appointing power (and it may happen more easily with the intention of the apmore easily with the intention of the ap-pointing power) that officers appointed to enforce the Jaw may be biased against the law which is to be enforced. It may also happen that judges may be ap-pointed on experience acquired in corpo-rate practice. I believe that the con-tinued existence of trusts is largely due to the fact that many public officials. to the fact that many public officials, without openly defending them, are at heart friendly to them."

heart friendly to them."

Regarding the civil service, he says:
"The fact that the people make frequent changes in their public officers in executive offices is conclusive proof that life tenure is not popular. If they desired to have their public servants hold office for life, they would manifest that desire by keeping executive officers in office permanently. As long as the public mind is as it is, it will not be safe to place public officints in a nosition where place public officials in a position where they are entirely independent of those whom they serve. The man who is per-manently provided for, no matter what changes may take place in politics, is apt changes may take piace in points, is apt to become indifferent to public questions and be concerned only in the size and continuance of his salary."

One of the last chapters is given up

o "the election returns," and in this Mr

Brynu says;
"As the evening progressed the indications pointed more and more strongly to defent and by 11 o'clock I realized that while the returns from the country might change the result, the success of my opponent was more and more assured. While the compassless current sped hither While the compassless current sped hither and thither, bearing its bank of gladness to fee and its message of sadness to friend, there arose to my vision a pres-ident in the White House, surrounded by the cares of state, and that of a citizen seated at his fireside, freed from all re-sponsibilities, and I fell asleep."

The book closes with the verses writ-ten by Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

JOLIET IN DARKNESS.

Joliet, Ill., Jan. 25.—The Economy Light and Power company's plant was destroyed by fire this noon, causing a loss of \$150,000. As a result the city is in darkness tonight.

WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE DEFEATED. Guthrie, Ok., Jan. 25.—The woman's suffrage bill was defeated in the house of the territorial legislature today by a

LOOK LI STRUNG HIGH. Nelson, B. C., Jan. 24.—Superintendent Hussey of the provincial police is en-denvoring to locate the prime movers in a lynching that took place recently at Pavilion Point, A Chinaman named Look Li, who had jumped a fellow Celestial's claim, was found hanging to the end of a rope. It is supposed that Chinese placer miners are at the bottom of the lynching, and two of them have been ar-

Thousands of cases or meumatism Thousand: of cases of incumation have been cured by Eimer & Armend's "Prescription No. 2851." All sufferers should try a bottle of same, E. F. Schmidt, Houston, T.x., sole agent.

DEL VALLE NOTES.

Del Vabo, Tex., adn. 25, -(Weekly Correspondence.)—Mrs. W. M. Maxwell has returned from a month's visit to her brother in Chattanooga.

Messrs, Marshall and Hunt of Three Island Bottom bave returned from their overland trup to Karnes county. They report that game is very plentiful in that section, incl. while there they succeeded in netting over 200 quall.

Miss Daise Shaw has gone to Cavert to visit her si-jer's family.

Last Saturday night a crowd of drunken Mexicans gathered about Seeling's saloon and two of them became engaged in a quarrel, which was terminated

gaged in a quarrel, which was terminated by one of them drawing his pistol and firing twice at the other, one of the shots entering the left chest. The wounded man, whose name is Catarina Gonzales, is doing as well as could be expected. Another Mexican was accidentally shot in the wrist by trying to pull a rifle through a barbed wire fence in Hornsby's Bend this week.

Your corespondent started last week that Mr. W. D. Weaver, the well known Austin merchant, had purchased real es-tate here, but the purchaser's name should have been D. W. Weaver of Gar-

COURT AT GEORGETOWS. Georgetown, Tex., Jan. 25.—(Special.) District court, now in session, took up

District court, now in session, took up the criminal docket this morning with a vim characteristic of the officers in charge—Judge Brooks, Attorney Burleson and Sheriff Purl.

The following pleaded guilty and were sentenced to the penitentiary: Juan Poloco, theft of horse, five years: Richard Womack, burglary, two years: Richard Womack, burglary, two years: also their of over \$50, two years: Wm. Diser, theft, two years; burglary, two years: Zepaadico Rodriguez, burglary, two years: The following were senfenced to the reformatory: Walter Robinson, burglary, two years; Van Streeter, burglary, two years; San Streeter, burglary, two years. The trial of Ad Moore, for tape and incest, is now in progress.

DIED OF HIS WOUND. Jefferson, Tex., Jan. 25.—(Special.)—Saturday night Tom Kirkpatrick of Cass county was shot in this city and died Sunday night. Felbert Braude, a 16-year-old boy, was arrested, charged with the

EXTENDS OVER THE ENTIRE UNITED STATES, FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN.

evere Weather Reported All Over Texas. The Worst Storm in Recent Years Reported in Dakota-Train Badly Blockaded.

Washington, Jan. 25 .- The reports reeived by the weather bureau show the intense cold wave to be general over the entire United States and there are no indications of relief within the next twenty-four hours. The temperature has fallen decidedly in the southern and middle Atlantic states and it has risen slowly in the Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys and over the greater portion of the lake regions. It continues below zero as far south as the Ohio valley and it is below freezing on the Texas coast and generally in the interior of the gulf states. The weather is generally clear tonight except in the St. Lawrence valley, the gulf states and central Rocky Mountain districts, where local storms are

The indications are that generally fair weather will prevail tomorrow in the central valleys and on the Atlantic coast north of Florida. The temperature will continue low, but will rise slowly in the states of the central and upper Mississippi valley. It will be much colder in the south Atlantic and east gulf states, with freezing weather in northern Florida tomorrow night. Throughout northern Ohio and the lake regions the prevailing cold wave has been accompanied by lower temperatures than any previously recorded by the weather bureau for this season of the year.

SEVEREST IN RECENT YEARS.

Fury of the Storm in North Dakota Was Terrific-Many Probably Perished.

Bismarck, N. D., Jan. 25.—Yesterday's storm was the severest in recent years, the wind blowing thirty-four miles an hour, with 30 degrees below zero. It has abated somewhat today, but the wind is still blowing thirty miles an hour and the temperature is 22 below. Two inches of dry show fell Saturday and yesterday's wind piled this in great drifts, ef-fectually blockading all trains. It will probably be three days before the Northern Pacific is clear again. Northern Pacific coast trains, which left St. Paul Thursday and Friday last, are in a snow drift at New Salem, forty miles west of Mandan, and trains due at St. Paul Saturday night and last night have been held at Jamestown and the one due there tonight is held at Dickinson. All west bound trains were held at Fargo. There is much suffering among farmers and others exposed to the storm's fury and many have probably perished. The loss As a result the city is in of cattle on the ranges will be frightful.

TWENTY BELOW.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Jan. 25.—The storm which began Friday night has abated, but the intense cold continues throughout the state. Thermometers register 20 below. Trains are all behind time and there is much suffering among exposed

THE BLOCKADE IS COMPLETE.
Huron, S. D., Jan. 25.—The most complete snow blockade in the history of this portion of the northwest since 1891 now prevails. Saturday and Sunday's storm covered this portion of the state from the Missouri and Sioux rivers and north into North Dakota. Here the temper-ature registered 26 below zero and touched 30 in other sections. Fears are touched 30 in other sections. Fears are entertained for settlers in the remote dis-tricts where fuel is scarce. The loss of stock will be heavy. All railronds are blockaded.

COLDEST OF THE SEASON.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 25—Reports
from Western Tennessee, northern Mississippi and Arkansas indicates that the coldest weather of the season is prevail-ing tonight. There is no suffering how-ever, reported and the indications are that the temperature will rise considerably to-morrow. In Memphis and vicinity the theremometer registers 12 degrees above

MIGHTY COLD WEATHER. St. Paul, Minn, Jan. 25.—In the sub-urbs today, the mercury was reported all the way from 30 to 40 degrees below zero, but the official the remometer at the weather bureau office gave 26 below zero as the lowest, that being the figure this morning. Education, with 38 below, was the coldest place officially in the north-west. Duluth and Moorhead both record-ed 28 and Bismarck, Miles City, Helena, Huron gave 24. At Bayfield, Wis., work has been surpended on the construction of the Bayfield Transfer railway on ne-

NORTH TEXAS WEATHER. Dallas, Tex., Jan. 25.—(Special.)—From Weatherford, Vergon, Wiebith Falls Denison, Paris, Cersicana, Cleburne and many other points throughout northwest. northeast, west, east and centra! Texas reports come of intense cold with sleeand snow and great suffering to livestock where it is very cold.

THE COLDEST IN YEARS.
San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 25, (Special.)
—Today has been the coldest in San Antonio for many years. The minimum temperature during the day was 18 degrees above zero, but the indications are that it will be colder tonight. A light snow, the flakes as hard as hail, has been falling all the distribution. The ground is falling all the afternoon. The ground i frozen and covered with a coating of sleethat makes traffic almost impossible.

Stock on the big ranches west of here are reported to be suffering greatly and much damage will result.

AT EAGLE PASS. Eagle Pass, Tex., Jan. 25.—(Special.)— A blizzard struck Eagle Pass last night the coldest of the winter. The ther mometer registering 20 this morning. I has been sleeting nearly all day;

HUGE SNOW BRIFTS.— Bozeman, Mont. Jan. 25.—The ther-cometer registers 28 below zero and the

snow has piled in huge drifts by the heavy wind that has prevailed for forty-eight hours.

THE COLDEST SINCE '72

In Chicago-Fifty-Three Persons Overcome by Cold-Relief Work.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—With a minimum of 20 degrees below zero and a maximum of 10 below, today was the coldest known in 10 below, today was the coldest known in Chicago for years. Last night the ther-mometer was 12 degrees below zero and continued falling during the night. On December 14, 1872, the thermometer reached 23 degrees below zero, and that was the only previous record of colder weather. But then it lasted only for a

weather. But then it lasted only for a short time, and the average for the day was much warmer than today.

Realizing that on account of the severe weather much suffering was liable to result from want of fuel and food, steps have been teken to meet the emergency. Mayor Swift issued an asseal for aid. This had been anticipated in many quarters and subscriptions rolled in all day. On the board of trade a subscription was started and \$2000 was made up in a short time. Wholesale and retail merchants have also come to the front liberally. Chief of Police Badenoch is investigat-

Chief of Police Badenoch is investigating and affording relief wherever needed. The chief has eleaborated a system by which the precincts may be in ready communication with headquarters and the mayor hopes to prevent loss of life that might ensue through a more tardy process of dealing with the matter. The police will be in possession of whatever sums may be necessary to expend to relieve extreme cases of need and save the poor from freezing or starving.

Fifteen hundred homeless men partook of the hospitality of the city last might and slept under the roofs of the police

Fifty-three persons were listed as overcome by the terrible cold in Chicago yesterday and were rescued in a partly frozen condition. One death occurred which was due to the cold and a number of people are likely to die as the result of frozen limbs or exposure. Most of the sufferers succumbed to the cold while about their usual tasks, but a number of the victims were homeless wanderers. The intense cold has moderated a trifle

in the lower lake region, but to no extent to be appreciated by anything except a theremometer. In all other parts of the west and northwest the cold wave continues in full force. In Minnesota the lowest temperature reported is at Virginia, where the mercury touched 46 degrees below zero. At Duluth it was 26: Morehead, 38; Fargo, 39.

Rock Ish nd registers the lowest in Illinois, 28 below. Chicago comes next with 20 degrees below zero. Clear down to the Ohio river not a town registered above 10 degrees below zero.

In Missouri some streaks of cold weather were observed. At St. Joseph it was 10 below, and at Kansas City, sixty miles tway, it was 6 above.

South Dekota & pors 20 to 30 below. and North Dakota an average of 5 degrees lower than that.

MISSISSIPPI ICE GORGE. St. Louis, Jan. 25.-River business was

at a standstill today on account of the cold weather. The river is filled with floating ice and river men predict that in a few days the river will be c With the arrival of the ice, boats with the arrival of the ice, boats were sent down the river to points of shelter and steamers on their way were wired to put up. Ferry boats kept running to-day, though navigation was dangerous. Great destinution and suffering among the poor is reported and the police say if the cold weather continues much longer the suffering from hunger, cold and ex-posure will be great.

DR. R. C. FLOWER

Of Boston Mass.-Dr. R. C. Flower b Make a Professional Trip Through Texas.

The patients of Dr. R. C. Flower will be glad to know that he has arranged a professional visit through the state of Texas, as follows: Cleburne—Cleburne House, Tuesday, ebruary 9. February 9.
Fort Worth-Hotel Worth, Wednesday

and Thursday, February 10 and 11. Waco-Hotel Royal, Friday and Satur-

Waco-Hotel Royal, Friday and Saturday, February 12 and 13.
Austin-Driskill House, Monday and Tuesday, February 15 and 16.
San Autonio-Menger hotel, Wednesday and Thursday, February 17 and 18.
Luling-Addington House, Friday, February 19.
There is no observation.

There is no physician in the United States better known than Dr. R. C. Flow-er. His cures are so numerous and often of such a miraculous nature that many writers have claimed that many of his

cures were miracles.

Dr. Flower's ability to tell a patient his disease without asking a questions, is as well established a that Dr. Flower trees. This Austin visit of the doctor will afford an excellent opportunity to many to consult this eminent specialist close to

TILLMAN'S LIQUOR BILL Washington, Jan. 25.—Senator Till-man has introduced a bill to meet the de-fect in the South Carolina dispensary law pointed out by the recent decision in the United States supreme court. The bill

provides:
That all fermented, distilled or other intoxicating liquers or liquids transported into any state or territory or remaining therein for use, consumption, sale or storage therein shall, upon arrival within the limits of said state or territory, be subjected to the operation and effect of the laws of such state or territory be enacted for the control and policing of the liquor traffic absolutely to the same ex-tent and in the same manner as though said liquors or liquids had been produced in original packages for private use, and such states shall have absolute control of

such liquors or liquids within their bor-ders by whomsoever produced and for whatever use imported "Provided that nothing herein con-mined shall be construed as affecting the internal revenue laws

LEGISLATIVE COMPLICATION. LEGISLATIVE COMPLICATION.
Salem, Ore., Jan. 25:—Complications are bobbing up in the legislature. The senate refuses to recognize the house of which H. L. Benson is speaker and later the speaker of the senate refused to accept a message from the Benson house notifying the senate that organization had not been complained. had not been completed.

## FAMINE NEWS EXAGGERATED

SO SAYS AN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPRESENTATIVE, WRITING FROM INDIA.

### NOT A DEATH FROM STARVATION.

The Plague Ravages Are Reported on the Increase-"The Duchess" Died in Dublin-Other Foreign Items of Interest.

London, Jan. 24.—(Copyrighted, 1897, by the Associated Press.)—The special representative of the Associated Press, who is travelling through the famine districts in India, accompanied by the government's party of inspectors, sends a dispatch today from Kholapur.

He care the property which have been

patch today from Kholapur.

He says the reports which have been sent to England and the United States that acute distress from famine exists in the Southern Maharashtra states have been exaggerated so far as his observations have extended. A scarcity of grain does indeed prevail in the extreme eastern portion of this region, but the people there were able to escape want by migrating, most of them to the fertile Kancon plains and elsewhere, where the shortness of the grain supply is not felt. shortness of the grain supply is not felt.

Rice also is plentiful and means and measures for the relief of the hungry are propounted adequate. pronounced adequate where needed.

pronounced adequate where needed.

The maharajah, in an interview with the Associated Press representative on the prospects of his people escaping starvation, said that his state expected a famine every few years and were, therefore, not taken unawares or unprepared when it came. They were prepared, he said, to spend five lakhs of rupees for relief in his territory.

The British residents were also inter-

The British residents were also interviewed and contirmed the statements of the maharajah as to the situation, adding that the relief organization was most ef-fective in the Bombay presidency and that the difficulties from famine and of securing and of distributing relief was lighter than in former famines. This representative summed up his views as follows:

"My observation has been in travelling over the whole western side that the famine is not severe there, though it may increase towards June. But in the districts in which I have travelled I have not heard of a single death from starvation."

tion."

The weekly report from the governor general, Lord Elgin, of the famine outlook in India, says that from one to three inches of rain has fallen in the Punjab, except in the Delhi district, and light showers elsewhere. There is a slight fall in the prices in the northern Punjab, while elsewhere they are stationary.

"THE DUCHESS" DEAD. Dublin, Jan. 24.-Mrs. Hungerford, the novelist, is dead.

A BRIEF SKETCH.

New York, Jan. 24.—Mrs. Hunger-ford's nom de plume, "The Duchess," first became widely known to the readers first became widely known to the readers of light literature through her novels "Mollie Bawn" and "Phyllis," pretty tales of lovers, told in a light, chatty way, which found favor on the two continents, and for many years the novels of "The Duchess" have sold in many editions.

Mrs. Hungerford lived at St. Breudas Bandon, county Cork. She married when very young and was early left a widow with three small children to care for. In 1883 she married Henry Hungerford of

BARK GONE ASHORE.

Cherbourg, France, Jan. 24.—The Norwegian bark, Capt. Anderson, which foundered on the east side of the Isle of fully nervous. She had an abnormal appropriate the control of the cont Pelee, while bound from Pensacola, Fla., for Wismar, Germany, has broken up and is coming ashore.

EARTHQAKES CONTINUE.
City of Mexico, Jan. 24.—Earthquakes continue in the state of Oaxaca and that city has been shaken by the trepidatory shocks. Scientists believe that a volcano is forming among the hills, and the continued seismic activity has excited alarm in several districts, while on the Pacific coast the ocean is in a continual commotion, caused by submarine explosions, sending huge waves on the explosions, sending huge waves on the shore and terrifying fishermen, who still boldly venture out.

BAD SEASON FOR BARKS. BAD SEASON FOR BARKS.
London, Jan. 24.—The American bark
Hayden Brown, Capt. Claxton, which
left Trapini on December 30 for Gloucester, Mass., has arrived at Gibraltar
with her sails and rigging damaged and
her cargo slightly shifted.

The British bark John Grant has
been humed and steel at Technique.

been burned and sunk at Tocopilla. The captain perished, but all the others on board the vessel were saved,

ORDERED TO BE PRESENTED. Paris, Jan. 24.—It is semi-officially announced here that Baron de Mohenrheim, the Russian ambassader, has informed M. Hanotoux, the minister of foreign affairs, that the czar has ordered Count Murathat the czar has ordered Count Mura-heiff, the newly appointed Russian minis-ter of foreign affairs, to visit Paris so us to be presented to President Faure and enter into relations with the French ministers before returning to St. Petersburg.

AMERICAN FOUND DEAD.

Nice, Jan. 24.—The fragments of a human body have been found on the railway near St. Laurient. With the remains there was found a torn bill of the Hotel Universe of Nice. Only 2 centimes were found on the body. Inquiries here find out that the deceased was M. Rheim of New York, and he is supposed to have committed suicide. His trunk bears numerous hotel marks, both American and European.

POLICE FORCE FOR TANGIERS.
Tangiers, Morocco, Jan. 24.—Dávid
Burke, United States consul general, at
the request of the diplomatic body here, is compiling a scheme for the formation of a police force in Tangiers.

LONDON FINANCES.
London, Jan. 24.—It is fully expected that the Bank of Engiand rate of discount will be reduced to 3 per cent within two or three weeks. Money continues easy but all cold arrivals are readily at in two of three weeks. Money continues easy, but all gold arrivals are readily absorbed by Japan and Russia. Business on the stock exchange has been small with a good tone. Home railways and investment stocks generally advanced. Brazilian securities advanced 1 to 2 1-2

If it's a matter of rough kin, redness or sunburn. use HEISKELL'S Soap. It whitens and softens the skin. If it's eczema, tetter or pimples use the ointment-HEISKELL'S Oint-ment. It will cure any disease of the skin. Case Of the Salis.

Soap 25., Ointment 50c. At druggists or by mail. of finance as freesures 10035705, Relieway & Co., 50 Command St., Philads. heads the list with \$1000.

# REMARKABLE GURES. SCIENCE VS. EXPERIMENT.

What Physicians Say About These

Cures.

During Dr. R. C. Flower's recent visit to Fort Worth the Mail-Telegram representatives were at the Worth hotel mingsentatives were at the Worth hotel mingling among his patients and talking freely with them. Nearly 400 people consulted Dr. Flower during his three days stay in our city, says the Mail-Telegram of Fort Worth, Tex. On every hand you would hear such expressions as "Dr. Flower saved my life:" "I would have been under the ground today had it not been under the ground today had experienced my boy of paralysis after eight doctors had given him up as incurable;" "Dr. Flower cured my wife of a cancer after three operations had made her worse and the doctors had given her up to die;" "Dr. Flower cured my mother of a tumor after our home doctors and the best doctors of St. Louis said nothing could help her except the knife, and that he would most likely die in the operacould help her except the knife, and that she would most likely die in the opera-

The following testimonials of patients cured by Dr. R. C. Flower voice the sentiment of thousands of his patients. sentiment of thousands of his patients.

Dr. J. S. Holman, a prominent physician of Rockdale, Tex., raid; "Dr. R. C. Flower is one of the most successful men in this country. He cured me of phthisis, lung and bronchial trouble, I was also suffering with gastritis, suppressed urine and catarrh. My cure is a marvel to myself and my friends. I consider Dr. Flower the most wonderful physician of this age." this age.

Mrs. S. R. Curtis, Rush, Tex., cured of bronchial lung consumption, catarrh of stomach and prolapsus uteri.

J. Copeland, Caddo, Tex., cured of gas-tritis, throat and bronchial trouble, nnemic condition, nervous prostration

and exhaustion.

and exhaustion.

Mrs. T. S. Long, Beaumont, Tex. To hear this interesting and cultured lady tell of the cure of throat and bronchial trouble, prolapsus uteri, partial paralysis, stomach and nervous troubles, by Dr. Flower, sounds to the listener like one of the cures of Bible times.

John W. Sloan, Jr., Victoria, Tex., cured of lung trouble, tuberculosis, hemorrhages, night sweats, rectal ulcers, catarrh, when the leading physicians of the state had given him up to die.

the state had given him up to die.

G. W. Mills, Lockhart, Tex., said he was nearly a dead man when he went to see Dr. R. C. Flower, his disease being stability and begins of the second of the secon phthisis and bronchial consumption. He suffered with a violent cough and kidney trouble. That Dr. Flower had not only saved his life but had cured his wife as well. He had inherited phthisis, bronchial and asthmatic trouble and coughed up a pint of mucus a day, almost tuberculo-

sis, acid kidney.
Mrs. S. A. Pinchon, Yoakum, Tex.,
cured of prolapsus uteri, nervous prostration, valvular heart trouble, gastritic ea-

tarrh and kidney trouble.

Mrs. J. C. Warden, Victoria, Tex., cured of catarrh and bad throat trouble, bronchitis, prolapsus uteri, acid crystals in kidneys, pains in left shoulder blade and large concerns tumor of the womb and large cancerous tumor of the womb. Mrs. W. A. Pettus, Goliad, Tex., cured of floating kidney, fungus growth in bowels and ovaries, after having been given up to die.

Mrs. J. S. Venable, Coleman, Tex., catarrh, throat, bronchial and lung, tendency to tuberculosis, gastritis and fungus stomach, enlargement of the uterus. In addition to the above our reporter was told of a miraculous cure per-formed by Dr. R. C. Flower, upon May Taylor, the little daughter of Dr. T. B. Taylor of Paige, Tex. The child was not over 10 years of age, was suffering from a monstrous tumor. She was a great sufferer pearly believes and pit. fully nervous. She had an abnormal appetite for eating gravel, chalk, pencils, etc. After doing everything possible fo, his child, the father carried her to the his child, the father carried her to the leading physicians in the state. They all failed to stop the ravages of the disease and pronounced the child incurable. In this condition of despair, Dr. Taylor took his daughter to see Dr. Flower. Without a question the doctor told her life's history. She went immediately under his treatment, and in a few months he restored this beautiful little girl to perfect health.

But let the curtain drop-why longer multiply evidence. Here are dozens of Texas' best men and women declaring what Dr. R. C. Flower has done for them what Dr. R. C. Flower has done for them and many of them say they would have been in their graves today if it had not been for him. Dr. Flower don't claim to cure everybody, but an investigation will show that he rarefy ever fails.

fect health.

will show that he rarely ever fails.

Any one sending a 2-cent stamp to the Flower Medical company, 729 Boylston street. Boston, Mass., will receive free Dr. Flower's work entitled "Youth and Beauty of Woman Forever," which every sick person should read.

There are other Dr. Flower's in the country, consequently putients should

There are other Dr. Flowers in the country, consequently patients should notice the initials. Professor E. Remdselle says there is but one Dr. R. C. Flower, the most wonderful diagnostician and physician in the treatment and cure of chronic diseases this world has ever produced, and it is not likely this generation will produce another. We understand that Dr. R. C. Flower will visit Texas the latter part of January and February, this winter.

per cent: Argentine railways declined on reports of droughts and locusts. American securities were quiet with some par-ticular selling on New York account. Union Pacifics were better on the belief that the reorganization scheme would be adopted with the consent of the government. Illinois Central rose 1 1-2 per cent. Other changes were unimportant.

RUSSIAN ARTILLERY RUMOR. RUSSIAN ARTHLERY RUMOR.
London, Jan. 25.—A dispatch from St.
Petersburg to the Times, with reference
to the rumor that Russia will spend 100,000,000 roubles in re-arming the artillery
with the French quick-firing gun, says:
"The report requires confirmation, but
although the resource of the resource of the report requires are reported to the resource of the report requires are reported to the report requires." "The report requires confirmation, but although the powerful M. de Witt, minister of finance, opposes the idea, his opposition would be of little avail against the minister of war, Gen. Von Novosky."

Pierre, S. D., Jan. 25.—At the conclusion of the populist senatorial caucus on the last ballot Lock's forces went to Bowman, giving him 23, or one more than Kyle. It is thought a nomination It is thought a nombation

will be made tomorrow. THE BRIDGE GAVE WAY.
Spartanburg, S. C., Jan. 25.—While a
reight train on the Charleston and Western Carolina railway was crossing a bridge over the Tiger river, twelve miles from here, this afternoon, the bridge fell, precipitating the train into the bridge fell. Two unknown tramps were killed.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 24.—At the sugges-tion of the governor-general the Domin-ion government has consider national Inion government has opened a national In-dian relief fund, with the doputy minister Lord Aberdeen