

SPANIARDS TO LEAVE FOR ARGENTINE

Many Go From Torreon District Because of the Anti-Spanish Feeling.

UNREST PREVAILING AMONG COAL MINERS

Torreon, Mex., July 15.—Declaring the belief that they can no longer enjoy proper guarantees in Mexico, 40 Spaniards who have been residents of the Laguna district for several years are leaving for the Argentine republic, where they believe a prosperous future is open to them.

Among those who have already departed is Firmin Aldaz, a ranchman of some means, of Coyote, where numerous disorders have occurred since the signing of peace. Other ranchmen and clerks from San Pedro, Santa Teresa and other parts of the Laguna district are preparing for their departure.

Victims of Outrages.
Spaniards have been the victims of outrages since the close of the revolution. In one assault at Santa Teresa one man was killed and two wounded. The men will engage in agriculture largely, but some will enter commercial fields.

During the past two weeks considerable uneasiness has been felt among the Spaniards in this section owing to the printing of anonymous circulars in the guise of mushroom periodicals threatening the safety of the Spanish colonies in Torreon and Gomez Palacio. Rumors have also been current of an impending attack on Spaniards, but these are not taken seriously. The action of the emigrants was prompted by what has happened rather than the consequences which might arise from the circulation of these rumors.

Unrest Among Miners.
A decided feeling of unrest prevails among thousands of coal miners employed at Rio Escondido, where the men are effecting the reorganization of a union intended to be stronger than that which inaugurated the one day strike at the mines two weeks ago. Only three foreigners, two Scotchmen and one Englishman, remain in the employ of the company besides the Spanish clerks employed.

ORDERS RECEIVED TO FREE GENDARMES

Will Not Be Permitted to Take Charge of Custom House, However.

Douglas, Ariz., July 15.—Four members of the gendarmes fiscal, who were arrested in Agua Prieta while on their way to Cabullona to take charge of the customs house there, acting under orders of Col. Emilio Kosterlitzky, have been released from prison. They will not be allowed to proceed to Cabullona, however. Capt. Herrera, in command of the garrison at Agua Prieta, informed the men that an attempt to take charge of that customs house would mean their summary arrest.

The men were arrested upon representation being made to Herrera that they represented the old regime and were favorable to Diaz. In fact, one of the men is said to have remained on the American side of the line throughout the recent rebellion, returning to Sonora after the settlement of the difficulties and resuming his place among the gendarmes fiscal.

AGUA PRIETA IN STATE BORDERING ON REVOLT

Douglas, Ariz., July 15.—Agua Prieta is in a state of almost open insurrection because many soldiers have been discharged without pay or certificates to show for their service. Friday, upon the arrival of the train from Nacozari, supposed to have 150 troops on board to enforce the order of Col. Kosterlitzky for the appointment of customs guards at Cabullona, the garrison of Agua Prieta, under Capt. Herrera, lined up with rifles presented at the train.

Passengers were badly frightened, but were unmolested when it was found no troops were aboard the train. Customs house officers were arrested last night, but are performing their duties today, but under surveillance.

An alarm last night caused the garrison to turn out under arms, but the supposed body of troops was discovered to be a large herd of cattle.

GATES SPENDS BAD NIGHT BUT RALLIES

Paris, France, July 15.—John W. Gates had a bad night but rallied this morning and at noon his condition was about the same as it has been generally for two or three days.

The patient progressed favorably throughout the afternoon.

DENIARD THAT HOSPITALS BE AIDED

Juarez Insurrectos Threaten to Use Force to Obtain Money for Wounded.

WILSON WIRES TO MADERO FOR MONEY

The Juarez hospitals have received no support from any source for nearly three weeks, and the insurrecto soldiers in the city declare that the Mexican government must support them or they will take the money from the customs house and banks in the city by force.

Since June 25, when Ernesto Madero, a member of de la Barra's cabinet, issued an order cutting off the Juarez hospitals from support by the government, they have not received a cent for their maintenance and have had to run credit accounts for all of the supplies which were necessary for the care of the wounded insurrectos and the sick of the city.

Mercantile Refuse Credit.
Friday, several of the merchants closed down on supplying the hospitals with food and medicines, and the soldiers in the Juarez garrison immediately took up the matter. They called on Col. Jas. L. Wilson, who has charge of the hospitals, and asked for a statement of conditions in regard to the maintenance of the hospitals.

The facts were laid before them and they said that they would see that the money was forthcoming to take care of their wounded and sick comrades, if they had to use force. They declared that they would go to the customs house and demand the money, and if it was not given to them they would take it by force from both the banks and customs house.

Advices Madero.
Col. Wilson told the men not to take any action until he made Francisco I. Madero acquainted with conditions. So Saturday morning he telegraphed the following message to Madero: "Send us 3500 pesos to pay credit shut off. Soldiers know conditions and declare will take money from customs house and banks if nothing is done within 24 hours. The message was signed by Col. Wilson."

The insurrectos are waiting for an answer before they take action. At present there are about 70 patients in Juarez and half of this number are of the wounded insurrectos, who were injured in the battle of Juarez. All of the inmates are entirely dependent on the government for support, and since the merchants have withdrawn their credit it is impossible to get food supplies and medicines for the men.

Gonales Promised Support.
Governor Alberto Gonales said he would contribute \$50 pesos a month for the support of the hospitals, but this was about three weeks ago and no money has been received from him. Francisco I. Madero also telegraphed the doctors in charge of the hospitals that he would see that they were supported, but he has not given any help so far, aside from his promises.

HEAVY RAINS ALONG T. & P. TO FT. WORTH

Port Worth, Tex., July 15.—During Thursday and Friday heavy rains fell all through the section from this city to El Paso. The rain was badly needed, as the rainfall in this section had been below the normal.

At Big Springs and Midland nearly an inch of rain fell, breaking the drought that, it was feared, would do damage to the crops.

AVIATOR MARS WILL RECOVER FROM FALL.
Erie, Pa., July 15.—J. C. Mars, the aviator, hurt in a fall with his aeroplane yesterday, will recover and will be able to leave the hospital in about ten days.

Mars's injuries are not nearly so severe as at first reported. Because of the accident to Mars's machine the aviation meet has been called off.

SHOW POLITICS IS ORDER TO PASTORS

Archbishop Ortiz Issues a Warning to the Clergy to Avoid Political Disputes.

SHOULD KEEP OUT OF MEXICAN DISPUTE

Guadalupe, Mexico, July 15.—At least one of the high ecclesiastics of the Catholic church in Mexico does not believe in the clergy mixing in politics, notwithstanding the fact that the National Catholic party has been formed with the object of gaining greater freedom for the Catholic church in this country. Archbishop Ortiz, of this city, has issued a circular letter warning priests of the Guadalupe diocese again taking any part in the political question of the day. He says: "That priests of this diocese may have a standard, fixed and certain, to guide them in the attitude and conduct they should observe in relation to the political parties that have appeared in connection with coming elections, and principally in relation to the National Catholic party, we have deemed it convenient to remind them of that which was ordered by the plenary council of Latin-America, Nos. 84 and 85."

Then follows a quotation directing priests to refrain from mixing in political questions and parties; from discussing politics inside or outside the church, and from showing favor to one party more than another, except in the event one party is openly hostile to the Catholic religion.

Continuing, the archbishop says: "From the above it is deduced that all priests are prohibited from taking an active part in political parties, and it is our will that all comply with a regulation so prudent."

Do not call or preside at political reunions, accept any charge in connection with them, nor treat of political subjects in the pulpit, the confessional or in religious associations. "The National Catholic party is active throughout the republic, and will have candidates in the coming national and state elections. Some Catholic priests of this state have been accused by local newspapers of working for the Catholic party."

De Lara Called to Stage.
Chihuahua, Mexico, July 15.—At the meeting held at the Teatro de los Heros to reply to the charges made by Guillermo de Lara, the socialist, that the church had been responsible for all the revolutions that have taken place in Mexico, one of the speakers, a member of the staff of "El Monitor," was dismissed from the building, his gun and ammunition being taken from him.

The speakers, when they attempted to present evidence contrary to the charges brought by de Lara, became confused and were laughed at by the audience. De Lara, who was present, was cheered and forced to the stage and was carried from the building on the shoulders of some of his supporters.

CABRAL IN COMMAND OF GARRISON AT CANANEA.
Cananea, Mex., July 15.—Col. Juan G. Cabral has returned from Hermosillo and will have charge of the military here, succeeding Gen. J. P. Lomelin, who has been ordered to go to Mexico City. Cabral was met at the train by political clubs, the municipal band and hundreds of citizens.

PRISONERS RELEASED FROM JAIL DURING DISTURBANCE.
Cananea, Sonora, Mex., July 15.—The local garrison of 250 men, after a midnight conference, waited upon federal authorities here and demanded their back pay. In the disorder here Thursday night, the troops overcame the civilian guard of the town and liberated all prisoners in the jail.

CHINESE CLAIM PRESENTED.
Mexico City, Mex., July 15.—The Chinese minister called upon president de la Barra and presented claims for the massacre of 303 Chinese in Torreon last May and for property destroyed.

He was assured by the chief executive that the claims would be given serious consideration by the Mexican government.

FISHER INVITED TO VISIT IN EL PASO
Secretary of the Interior May Come Here on His Tour.
The postponed meeting of the committee of the chamber of commerce, which has the arrangements for the entertainment of secretary of the Interior, Fisher, in charge, met at the chamber of commerce on Friday.

It was found that secretary Fisher has not yet completed mapping out his route for his western trip, so a letter was drafted by the committee inviting him to stop over in El Paso. Until a reply is received to this letter no definite arrangements can be made by the committee.

SOLDIERS COMING SUNDAY.
Four special troop trains from San Antonio, carrying about 1000 soldiers, will pass through El Paso Sunday noon, bound for the west, where they will all be returned to their respective posts after the great encampment at Ft. Sam Houston.

DEFEEN AGAIN GRIELED ON STAND

White's Alleged Loss of \$30,000 in the Corruption Jackpot Is Taken Up.

TELS OF VETO OF CORPORATION BILL

Washington, D. C., July 15.—Governor Charles S. Deneen, of Illinois, who figured in the Lorimer senatorial fight, again testified today before the senate Lorimer committee.

Governor Deneen said that before the publication of the alleged White confession, editor Kelley, of the Chicago Tribune, suggested to him that a special session of the legislature be called to consider the Lorimer case. The witness said that at a consultation with his advisers, however, the conclusion was reached that the investigating committee would probably consist of men who are guilty and the special session was not called.

The "Jackpot" Incident.
Representative White's reference in his alleged confession to the \$30,000 loss to the corruption "jackpot" because of the governor vetoing "one" bill was taken up, Governor Deneen said he had examined his vetoes, and "guessed" White was referring to the "corporation bill," revising the corporation laws of the state. Governor Deneen said he vetoed it because it allowed "a barber shop to incorporate and buy a railroad."

Many Call Few Remembered.
The witness said a large number of the leading lawyers of the state had seen him in behalf of the bill. "Did Mr. Bancroft, general counsel of the International Harvester company, see about not vetoing the bill?" asked Mr. Haney.

"I do not recall whether he called before or after the bill was passed." The witness added that he did not know whether Bancroft favored the bill which was objectionable to Deneen. Touching on the election of Shurtleff as speaker in the legislature which elected Mr. Lorimer, Mr. Haney asked if Deneen had not said in the presence of J. W. Ford, Jr., and representative D. D. Brownback that he "would demand" if it was necessary to use all the patronage to do it.

Deneen Denies.
"I never did," replied the governor. He added that Ford claimed at one conversation that Deneen was using all the patronage to do it.

Gov. Deneen denied that he had said to representative Durfee when Durfee announced to him that he was going to leave Durfee in the legislature which elected Mr. Lorimer, that the election would be satisfactory to him.

"I tried to prevent Durfee voting for Lorimer," said the governor, "and suggested to him that I probably would have to call a special session of the legislature in the fall to pass on water way matters and in the meantime the senatorial candidates would fight the matter out before the people."

The Nova Conversation.
Conversations Gov. Deneen had with Frank B. Noyes, then publisher of the Chicago Record-Herald, were gone into. The witness denied that Noyes had said to him that Lorimer was the only Republican who could take, or consistently have the office of senator by Democratic votes.

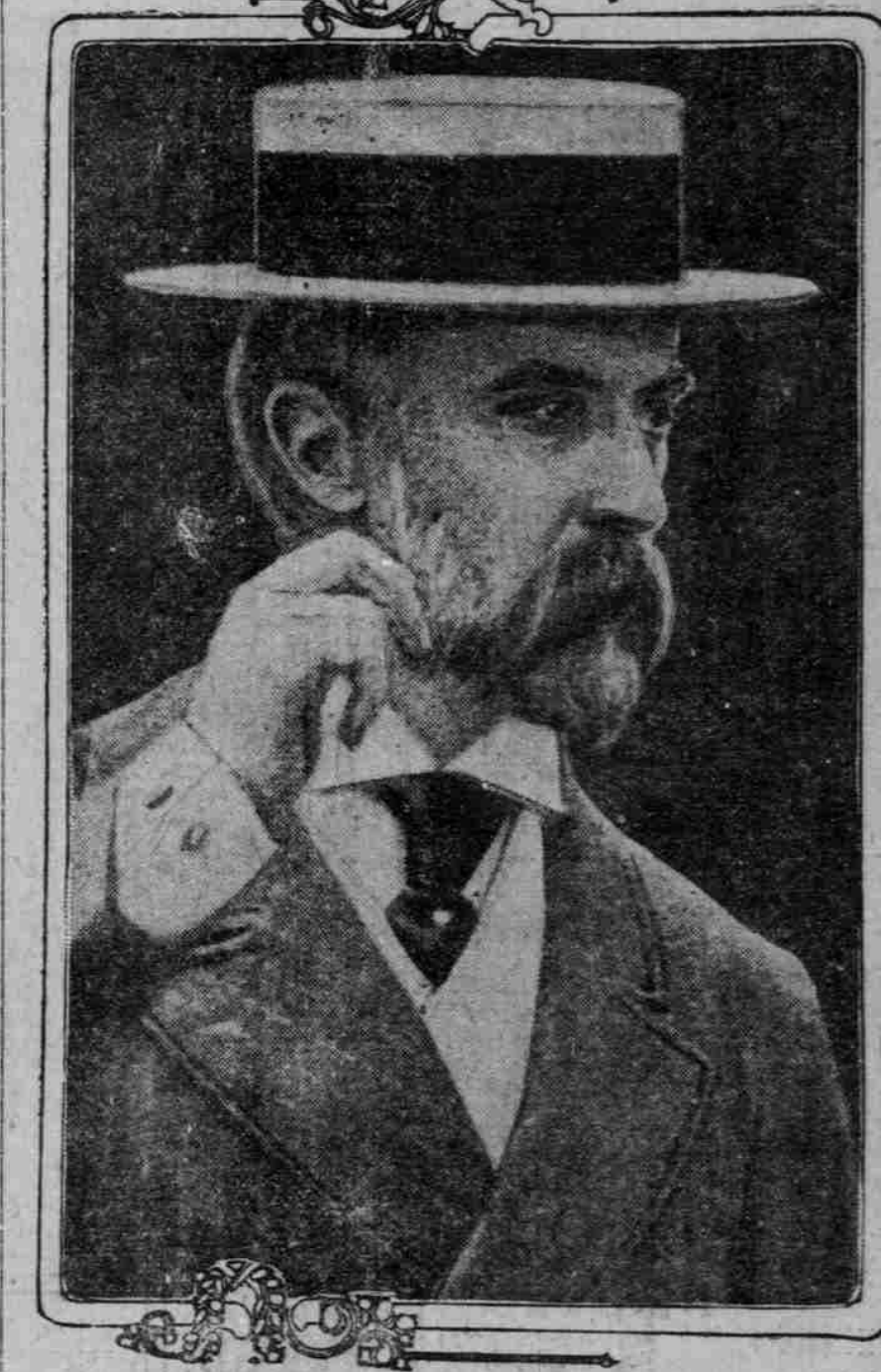
He also denied that Noyes had told him that if an attempt was made by Lorimer to elect Shurtleff senator that every vote the newspapers could control would be thrown to Hopkins and Hopkins would be elected.

"I do not recollect any such conversation and do not recall any conversation in which he claimed that he could control any votes in the legislature," added the governor.

The telephone conversation between Edward Hines, the Chicago lumberman, and Deneen on May 25, the day Lorimer was elected was discussed.

The Hines Matter.
Attorney Haney read an article in the Chicago Tribune written by C. B. Raymond from Springfield on May 25. In this reference was made to the report that a telegram from president Taft confirmatory of the telephone message, Mr. Hines's telephone conversation to me, for I did not tell any one about that," said the governor.

MRS. ARMOUR SUES Son-In-Law Of Morgon Is Under Indictment



New York, N. Y., July 15.—Herbert L. Satterlee, who is under criminal indictment under the Sherman anti-trust law, in connection with the "Wire Trust" is the son-in-law of J. Pierpont Morgan, and president Roosevelt, once made him for a brief time assistant secretary of the navy. Mr. Satterlee and 23 other heads of the wire corporation have appeared before the criminal branch of the United States circuit court in New York and pleaded not guilty to the indictments charging them with violating the Sherman law. The defendants, on application of counsel, were given until September 1 to file demurrers, and were released on bonds of \$1000 each.

INSURRECTOS REPORTED COMING TO DEMAND PAY

The insurrecto soldiers in Juarez have received word that 200 insurrecto soldiers, who were among the Sonora forces, are marching on Juarez to demand their pay.

The men have not received any money since the war, it is said, and have been unable to get any from the Sonora officials.

They say they are coming to Juarez to get their pay. As the men are reported to have left on Thursday, it is thought that they will reach Juarez in about a week.

PREPARE A REPULSE OF NAVAL ATTACKS

New York and San Francisco to Be Battleground of Maneuvers.
New York, N. Y., July 15.—Naval militia began embarking today all along the North Atlantic coast for the coming attack on New York harbor and its defence. The purpose of the maneuvers next week is to ascertain the strength of New York's back door. Seventeen of the biggest battleships ever gathered here on a footing will try to reach the city through Long Island Sound and the battle for the preservation of the metropolis will be started in Gardiner's Bay, at the eastern end of Long Island.

The city will be defended by most of the naval militia details in their own ships, backed by a swarm of torpedo boats, submarines and an aeroplane. Participating in the maneuvers are the naval organizations of New York, Massachusetts, Maine, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New Jersey, Maryland, South Carolina and the District of Columbia.

The maneuvers in these waters will last until July 22.

Attack on Frisco Too.
San Francisco, Calif., July 15.—Nine companies of coast artillery of the state of California, encamped at the Presidio today preparatory to taking part in the maneuvers with the regulars next week when a naval force will attempt to run the blockade of batteries and forts that defend San Francisco and land a force inside the Golden Gate.

STRONG BOX LOOTED OF BIG SUM

Widow of Pork King Sues to Recover \$142,000 From Miss Byington.

CONFESSION AND RESTITUTION MADE

Bought Fine Jewelry She Never Wore and Had Cash Buried in Dog Kennel.

Kansas City, Mo., July 15.—Mrs. Margaret C. Armour, widow of Simon B. Armour, the packer, filed suit in the circuit court here today for \$142,000 against Miss Harriet Byington to cover pecuniations alleged to have been made by Miss Byington while serving as companion and housekeeper to Mrs. Armour.

Deposit Box Looted.
The first intimation the public received concerning pecuniations against Mrs. Armour came about three months ago when local newspapers published stories saying that \$50,000 in bonds and securities had disappeared from Mrs. Armour's safety deposit box at the New England National bank of this city.

Was Trusted Companion.
The fact that the majority of the business of Mrs. Armour's household was conducted by Mrs. Armour's companion, nurse and housekeeper, and the fact that this companion held the keys to Mrs. Armour's safety deposit box was mentioned, but the name of the companion was kept secret. Mrs. Armour refused to believe any charges of dishonesty against Miss Byington. Meanwhile new discoveries increased the amount of missing securities until the Armour attorneys stated it at \$150,000.

Confesses to Pecuniations.
Miss Byington, several days after the discovery of the pecuniations, confessed that during the three years she had been in Mrs. Armour's employ she had had time to time extracted securities from the safety deposit box and sold them to brokers on the pretense she was doing it for Mrs. Armour, who desired the money for private charities.

Found Securities Buried.
Miss Byington then directed investigators to a dog kennel at the Armour home, where about \$15,000 of the securities were found buried. She promised to restore the remainder. It developed that thousands of dollars had been spent by Miss Byington for fine jewelry and works of art for which she had paid fabulous prices, in some cases apparently without the use of her own judgment, and put in storage houses in this city. Under Miss Byington's direction, Mrs. Armour's representatives received \$10,000 worth of jewelry bought from one firm in the course of 15 months, \$2000 worth of oriental rugs and \$5000 memento items.

Flashy art works were found in Miss Byington's apartments at the Armour home. Miss Byington came to Kansas City from Rochester, N. Y., and entered Mrs. Armour's employ about three years ago.

Was Trusted Implicitly.
Mrs. Armour is 75 years old. Gradually she came to lean more and more upon her companion until eventually she gave her a large part of the control of the financial management of the household. When told by her attorneys of the disappearance of securities, Mrs. Armour refused to take any action against Miss Byington and for weeks afterward kept her in her employ.

The amount named in the suit, \$142,000, is stated to cover the entire amount of the alleged pecuniations.

KILBANE AND KLINE WILL FIGHT 20 ROUNDS TODAY
Los Angeles, Cal., July 15.—Johnny Kilbane, of Cleveland, and Patsy Kline, of Newark, will go 20 rounds at Vernon this afternoon in a featherweight elimination contest. The contest is the first of the battle is a chance for a fight with Joe Rivers, the Los Angeles Mexican boy, who has defeated everything put up against him so far, including Kilbane.

EL PASO TO MAKE BID ATTEMPT TO GET 1913 CONVENTION FOR SHRINE MEETING

El Paso will make a bid for the 1913 meeting of the imperial council of the Myrtle Shrine. The 1912 reunion will occur at Los Angeles, and El Paso will send a special train delegation to the California city, with a sufficient number of burros for all the Shriners to ride. The insurrecto cannon and old McGinty will be taken and complete rebel uniforms supplied. These costumes will be worn in the annual parade which is the big feature of Shrine week.

While the El Paso Shrine does not expect to secure the 1913 session of the imperial council, it will make a strong bid for the honor, in order to be in line for the next reunion. As the custom has been in the past to alternate between eastern, western and southern cities for the meeting place, the 1913 reunion will probably go to the south or east. This will put El Paso in line for the 1914 reunion.

BASEBALL RETURNS

The Herald will issue for street sale at 5:30 Daily an Extra Edition containing the returns from all the big league games.