

# LOS GUTIERREZ BEAT THE CARRANZA

## Brother of Provisional President Declares in Favor of Chief.

Gen. Luis Gutierrez, brother of Eulalia Gutierrez, provisional president of Mexico by the Aguascalientes conference, is declared in favor of Carranza. Gen. Luis Gutierrez is chief of arms of the city of Saltillo and his declaration would have been a serious blow to Carranza. That he has declared in favor of the first chief is the information received by the local Carrancista consuls in a telegram from Carranza, sent from Cordoba.

Some days ago Col. Sebastian Carranza, Jr., a nephew of the provisional president, and chief of arms at C. P. Diaz, informed Gen. Luis Gutierrez that he would move his command of 1700 men against Saltillo, unless Gutierrez declared for Carranza. Whether this action had any effect in determining the attitude of Gutierrez is not known, but it is stated that his brother, however, will have an important effect on the attitude of other Carrancista generals, who have been wavering, it is stated. Gutierrez has at Saltillo 3000 men.

**Hated in Big Factor.**  
All reports of defections of Carranza troops to the Villa side are accredited by Carrancistas, who state that the hatred between the northern and southern forces will probably preclude Carranza from the formation of the division of the north, has carefully fostered the hatred of both the men and officers for troops of the south, using as his chief argument the claim that the division of the north was cheated out of the glory of entering Mexico City. It is claimed that this hatred is felt just as keenly by the southern Carrancistas for this reason, it is for none other, the troops of the south will fight with Carranza as long as he is against Villa.

**Large Supplies of Arms and Ammunition.**  
Large supplies of arms and ammunition have been received by Carranza forces in the last few weeks, it is stated.  
At the port of Laredo alone, which is commanded by Col. Antonio Ricón, 5,000,000 rounds of ammunition have been received since Oct. 25. The Laredo garrison, it is declared, numbers 2000 men, while at Villa, Carranza has been reported as preparing to attack Laredo.

**Zapata Capture Supplies.**  
The repeated attacks on the suburbs of Mexico City by Zapata and the apparent disregard for the wasting of ammunition, detract from the reports that the Morillas leader has but a small quantity, it is explained by Carrancistas here by the fact that Zapata has recently captured a large amount of ammunition from federalists. It is stated that at the capture of Cuernavaca, Zapata secured millions of rounds of ammunition that had been left there by Gen. Pedro Ojeda, when the federalists disbanded.

**Those who have taken up arms against the Carranza government are now being referred to as "Conventionalists," while the Carrancistas call themselves "Constitutionalists." The latter term is for the supporters of Gutierrez has just been adopted and was used as an official term for the first time Thursday.**

## REBELS ARE ATTACKING PUEBLA, IS REPORT

VERACRUZ, Mex., Nov. 12.—Higinio Aguilar, supported by Gen. Benjamín Arguero and a contingent of Zapata followers, is attacking Puebla, 87 miles southwest of Mexico City, according to advices received here. The attacking party already is in possession of the outskirts of the city. Carrancista soldiers sent from the capital to reinforce the Puebla garrison are resisting stubbornly.

## TWO MERILLA MEN HELD FOR NEW MEXICO OFFICERS

Luis Lucero and Jose Rojas, of Merilla, N. M., are being held at a military station. They were taken in charge by E. Moreno, a deputy sheriff from Dona Ana county, N. M., who was here on other business.  
Frank Amador, who owns a livery barn in Las Cruces and who is here, says that Lucero and Rojas obtained two horses from his barn to go to Berino to see their father, who was sick. They failed to return, Amador says, and the horses were found here, together with two other horses.

## MEXICAN CATTLE TO LOS ANGELES

Mexican cattle were shipped to Los Angeles Thursday morning over the Southern Pacific line in a train of 25 cars.

**Quickest, Surest Cough Remedy is Home-Made**  
Easily Prepared in a Few Minutes. Cheap but Unequaled

Some people are constantly annoyed from one year's end to the other with a persistent bronchial cough, which is wholly unnecessary. Here is a home-made remedy that gets right at the cause and will make you wonder what became of it.  
Get 2 1/2 ounces Pinex (50 cents worth) from any drugist, pour into a pink bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Start taking it at once. Gradually but surely you will notice the phlegm thin out and then disappear altogether, thus ending a cough that you never thought would end. It also loosens the dry, hoarse or tight cough and heals the inflammation in a painful cough with remarkable rapidity. Ordinary coughs are conquered by it in 24 hours or less. Nothing better for bronchitis, winter coughs and bronchial asthma.

This Pinex and Sugar Syrup mixture makes a full pint—enough to last a family a long time—at a cost of only 54 cents. Keeps perfectly and tastes pleasant. Easily prepared. Full directions with Pinex.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, rich in gualonol, and is famous the world over for its ease, certainty and promptness in overcoming bad coughs, chest and throat ailments.

Get the genuine. Ask your druggist for "2 1/2 ounces Pinex," and do not accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Higgs Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

## Keeweenaw's

Dutch Lunches. Hot Lunch. Hassenpeffer. All Kinds Cheese. Sausages and Budweiser. Smoked White Fish. Marinate Herring.  
Phone 305. 520 N. Stanton St.

# GEN. GUTIERREZ BEAT THE CARRANZA

## Austrian Forces Slaughtered in Battle; Russians Escape.

(Continued From Page One.)

position held by the British army, which repulsed the attacks of the enemy and particularly the offensive movement undertaken by a detachment of the Prussian guard.

"From the canal of La Bousse as far as and up to the river Oise, there have been minor engagements.

"In the region of the river Aisne, in the neighborhood of Vailly, our position was strengthened our position in the territory previously conquered by us.

**Enemy's Cannon Silenced.**  
"In the region of Craonne and on the Fleurbaix farm, our artillery succeeded in reducing to silence the cannon of the enemy. Several of their pieces were even destroyed. We also made some progress in the vicinity of Berry-Aux-Bac.

"In the Argonne, in the Woivre district, in Lorraine and in the Vosges the respective positions show no change."

**Two French Captured.**  
Berlin, Germany, Nov. 12.—A London, 8 p. m.—German general headquarters today advanced from Neuport as far as Lombardvitz, but was driven across the Yser. The eastern part of the Yser, as far as the sea, is now clear of the enemy.

"Our attack across the Yser is progressing.

"In the region east of Ypres we have advanced farther and captured 700 French soldiers, four cannon and four machine guns."

## U. S. CRUISERS SAFE, CAPT. DECKER REPORTS

Washington, D. C., Nov. 12.—The armed cruiser Tennessee in the Mediterranean reported today she had been in wireless communication with the cruiser North Carolina Wednesday night, the ship was safe in Beirut harbor.

The message was sent by Capt. Benton C. Decker, commander of the Tennessee, to the United States by relay of wireless and cable. It simply announced the safety of both ships, making no mention of the reported landing of bluejackets from the North Carolina at Beirut.

## GERMANY AND HOLLAND AID FOOD DISTRIBUTION

London, Eng., Nov. 12.—Jarvis E. Bell, of New York, the first member of the American commission for relief in Belgium to return from Belgium since the distribution of relief began, states that instead of hampering the efforts to relieve the starving population, the German authorities are doing their utmost to assist the commission in its work.

Mr. Bell praises equally the Dutch officials for their assistance in the matter of food shipments. In the case of Coblenz, the first American relief ship to arrive, the officials suspended the usual customs and frontier formalities in history a ship was permitted to discharge her cargo at a Dutch port on Sunday.

## RUSSIANS SEND 50 CARS OF FOOD INTO POLAND

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Nov. 12.—Representatives of the Petrograd relief fund for Poland arrived here today from the capital with 50 carloads of provisions for the destitute families, and 250,000 rubles (\$125,000) in money for the relief of the needy.

Russian soldiers continue to unearth arms and ammunition, which had been concealed by the Germans in mounds on the battlefields, which had the appearance of graves.

## U. S. WON'T ENFORCE NEUTRALITY OF OTHER AMERICAN NATIONS

Washington, Nov. 12.—No representations will be made by the United States to Mexico against the alleged use of a recently discovered wireless tower at Ensenada, Lower California. One of the European belligerents has made representations direct to Mexico City, and it is understood the state department will expect all the European powers to handle the questions of neutrality with Central and South American countries direct.

## 25,000 AUSTRALIAN TROOPS EMBARK, GUARDED BY CRUISERS

San Francisco, Calif., Nov. 12.—Passengers who arrived today on the liner Ventura, which left Sydney October 23, reported that a few days sailing 25,000 Australian troops were embarked in 72 transport convoys, by 14 cruisers, and sailed under cover of night for a destination rumored to be Egypt.

## 4000 WOUNDED REACH LIEGE

Amsterdam, Holland, Nov. 12.—Four thousand severely wounded German soldiers arrived at Liege Tuesday from the battlefields around Dixmude, where most sanguinary fighting has taken place, according to a dispatch from Maastricht to the Nieuwe Van Leeuwen.

## GEN. SCOTT TO BE ARMY CHIEF SOON

Gen. Hugh L. Scott, former commander of the border troops, is expected to succeed Gen. William W. Waterspoon, the present chief of staff, on November 15, when Gen. Waterspoon will retire.

Gen. Scott, it is believed, will soon be raised from the rank of brigadier general to major general, as it has been customary for the chief of staff to hold this rank.

Gen. Frederick Funston, commanding the army of occupation at Veracruz, is the ranking brigadier general of the army and he is also a candidate for promotion to be a major general.

## AMERICANS ESCAPE FROM JUAREZ JAIL

A jail delivery occurred in Juarez Wednesday night, when two Americans and five Mexican prisoners are reported to have escaped.

"They dug a hole in the rear adobe wall and succeeded in reaching the river and escaping to the American side. The Americans were confined in the Juarez jail on minor charges.

# CATTLE MEN ASK FOR OPEN YARDS

## Kansas City Banker Discusses the Cattle Situation in That City.

A. Newman, of Kansas City, is in El Paso, Mr. Newman, by the way, is vice president of the Provisional National Bank of Kansas City, popularly supposed to be a collateral concern of Mortlake Co., and one of the chairmen of the packers' association.

He has found it necessary to establish a stockyard in El Paso, wherever they have packing plants or stockyards, and in many places where they have neither, but where they may be in position to finance the production and extend their control over the cattle market of the great central west and southwest.

**Why He Is Here.**  
While Mr. Newman has not stated his business in El Paso, from the fact that he has entered into the controversy between Morris & Co., who are seeking a franchise for a stockyard within the city limits, and those who are opposed to the establishment of any stockyards or kindred industries where they may prove to be a nuisance, it is assumed that he came to make a study of the situation.

Mr. Newman is in El Paso to see that the wishes of his superiors are carried out, so far as it lies, in his power to control the actions of those who have it in their power to grant the franchise.

**Union Stockyards Good.**  
In his interview in the El Paso Morning Times, Mr. Newman lays great stress upon the fact that the Kansas City stockyard, which he has established within its limits, a "Union Stockyard," he makes a "play upon the word 'Union.'"

"A 'Union Stockyard' is precisely what those who are opposing the granting of the franchise for a stockyard within the city limits are aiming to secure, when they ask that a reserved district, outside the city limits, be designated in the location for all the stockyards, packing houses, etc., which may be established in the El Paso district.

Mr. Newman further says in his interview: "By the issuance of daily quotations the producer knows the market and he can ship his cattle with every guarantee and assurance that he will receive the market price."

**What Do They Call It?**  
It is probably true that the packers do not say to the individual cattle producer, "You cannot trade in this market." There are many insidious methods of discrimination. They may merely refuse to give the independent producer an accommodation, and containing many pretexts. They may claim to have no room. They may offer him such a low price that he feels that he cannot afford to accept it. In many cases packing house buyers have been known to openly say to a boycotted dealer that they had been instructed not to buy his cattle—there are some of the methods of discrimination which may be employed and it is said often are employed.

**Followed by Boycott.**  
No man, however friendly, who cattle dealers who have been driven out of one trust market for any reason, and who have shipped to another trust market, as for instance from St. Joe to Chicago, has found that his shipment has been traced and he himself confronted upon arrival at the new market with precisely the same adverse conditions which drove him out of St. Joe. This may not be "discrimination," but it is as closely akin to it that it will be hard to find another word with which to define it. The packers may call it "elimination."

**Has Been Habit of the Great Confederated Packing and Stockyards Interests.**  
It has been the habit of the great confederated packing and stockyards interests to establish banks of their own where they have control of the packing and stockyards industries. Their buyers have been known to solicit accounts from the cattle dealers, and to become a customer of their bank, with whom they do business. It would be only human nature for them to discriminate against the shipper who would refuse to become a customer of their bank; who would refuse, for instance, to deposit the check he had received for his shipment in the bank controlled by the stockyard concern which had issued the check, thereby opening a new account.

**Would See Great Light.**  
No man, however friendly, might feel toward the old established, independent bank with which he had been doing business for years, and from which he had many times, possibly, re-

**What Is Present Situation.**  
Mr. Newman is right when he says that the Union stockyards of Kansas City were very successful in building up Kansas City as a great cattle center. He forgot to say, however, that for many years after the establishment of an open market in which hundreds of buyers competed for the livestock brought into those yards. Has a similar situation existed since the Kansas City yards came under the domination of Morris & Co.?

The first stock exchange building in Kansas City was a frame structure 24 by 24 feet, having a platform for the purchase of many commission firms. Up to a year and a half ago, when the Union stockyards of Kansas City passed under the control of Morris & Co., so long as the open market was maintained, the business grew to such proportions that a nine-story building, 40 by 24 feet, was required to house with 42 offices was required to house 257 livestock commission men, representing 72 different firms, each one of whom competed for the purchase of the cattle and other livestock, shipped in by independent producers, who knew that because of the intense competition they would get the best possible price based upon supply and demand for their produce.

**Seeds Worth \$1000.**  
Scats in the livestock exchange of Kansas City were worth \$1500 and up. In a statement published in the Kansas City Times of January 19, 1914, by A. D. Byars, of the firm of Byars & Co., just a few months after control of the Union stockyards at Kansas City passed into the hands of Morris & Co., he said that he had offered his firm's seat for sale and in evidence thereof exhibited a classified advertisement taken from the advertisement pages of the Kansas City Star, reading as follows: "Membership for sale—On account of

the packers' boycotting me, I offer for sale my membership in the Kansas City Livestock Exchange. Pletcher Adams."

**Are Now Worthless.**  
Pletcher Adams is Mr. Byars's partner in the business in Kansas City. In explaining why the membership had been offered for sale Mr. Byars said: "I have been in business at the Kansas City Livestock Exchange for 27 years and my partnership with Pletcher Adams has been in business longer. Our memberships in the exchange are worth \$1500 if we can do business. If we are not permitted to do business they are not worth 15 cents to us."

**That is the Kansas City situation.**  
What is the Union stockyards at Kansas City as an open market, permitting free competition, the Union stockyards were of undoubted benefit to the city, and of equally undoubted benefit to the cattle producers, who, in the very nature of things, could not combine and were compelled to compete with each other.

**When K. C. Fixed the Prices.**  
While the Union stockyards of Kansas City were conducted on that basis, allowing full and free competition, they not only built up a great cattle center at Kansas City, but they were also a great benefit to the city, and to the stockyard concerns of St. Joe and St. Louis and other points where the trust exercised untrammeled sway.

**Heedful of the Territory.**  
The stockyard men in the territory tributary to El Paso, and who for a lack of a market in El Paso have been compelled to ship to the east, frequently have avoided flooding of the Kansas City market with too many cattle of one grade, have "split" their shipments, sending a portion to St. Joe, Kansas, it is assumed that they could make a sale in the trust controlled St. Joe market until after the price had been fixed by the competitive market.

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**No Discrimination Now.**  
It thus can be seen that a check the competitive market of Kansas City had great stress upon the fact that the Kansas City has become trust controlled, with competition eliminated, it can make no possible difference now to the shipper as to what market he sends his trainload of cattle.

**In his interview in the Morning Times, Mr. Newman says:**  
"The Kansas City stockyard, which he has established within its limits, a 'Union Stockyard,' he makes a 'play upon the word 'Union.'"

**What Do They Call It?**  
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# PIONEERS PLAN FOR BIG PARADE

## Chinese Are to Be Invited to Make Oriental Display; Pioneers to March.

Final arrangements were made for the Pioneer day to be held on November 18, and reports of the chairman of the different committees were presented at the meeting of the Pioneer's association and volunteer firemen at the city hall Wednesday night at 8 o'clock.

**Chairman Report.**  
Tom Powers, the chairman of the committee on parades, reported that only El Paso products would be used at the barbecue.

**E. Kneesehl, the chairman of the committee on floats, stated that there would probably be 500 or more in the line of march, and that there would be a number of floats representing El Paso business concerns. The parade, which will start at 10 a. m., will be headed by a band of 100 men, followed by parade sections, an ox team, the old overland stage coach, and a coach in which the I. A. R. and G. A. R. will ride.**

**Chinese Invited.**  
Park Pitman suggested that Mayor Kelly see the Chinese and others in regard to display. Mayor Kelly then appointed Pitman, A. W. Reeves and Adrian Pool as a special committee for the Chinese display, and suggested that Mr. Pitman see the Chinese contingent.

**A. W. Reeves, the chairman of the committee on floats, said that it was intended that the expense in connection with these floats be minimized.**

**\$25.00 CREDIT FREE.**  
Give the name of the piano the beautiful lady is playing each day till 9 p. m. in the show window of the Oldest Piano House in El Paso—El Paso Piano Co., W. R. Schell, Prop. 205 Texas St., next to Watson's Grocery. See details on card in window.—Adv.

**\$5-note mahogany player-piano, with free exchange of music rolls, only \$350; terms, F. G. Billings Piano Co., 102 N. Stanton.—Advertisement.**

# Green Trading Stamps Carry Dealers to Court

A sign reading "12 ounces and two green trading stamps do not make a pound," was responsible for a damage suit in the justice court Wednesday afternoon.

**E. Rosenthal and Samuel Kaufman conduct fruit stores on opposite sides of El Paso street. Mr. Rosenthal alleged that he began giving trading stamps to purchasers of fruit for the purpose of attracting trade, and that Mr. Kaufman hung the sign in front of his store.**

**On the witness stand, Mr. Kaufman was asked if he had posted this sign, and replied: "Well, they don't make a pound."**

**The jury awarded Mr. Rosenthal damages in the sum of \$1.**

# SUFFRAGETS OPPOSE ANY ATTACKS ON POLITICIANS

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 12.—By a decisive vote, the executive council of the National American Woman Suffrage association, at the opening of the 46th annual convention here today, declared its policy non-partisanship and went on record as opposed to attacks upon any political party.

**This action was considered a preliminary victory for the suffrage administration forces against the element in opposition and generally supposed to look with favor upon the congressional debate in favor of this resolution was led by Mrs. Medill McCormick, of Chicago, chairman of the congressional committee of the national convention. The opposition took exception to the so-called blacklist sent out by the congressional committee, and containing the names of nine senators and nine representatives who opposed suffrage in congress.**

# RACE OFFICIALS AND 200 HORSES ARRIVE IN EL PASO

The "Elrod Special" arrived in El Paso Thursday afternoon at 2:15 over the Texas & Pacific railroad from Laredo. On board were 200 horses, the cream of the eastern turf, among them being many of the horses that were campaigned across the river last year.

**Col. Matt Winn, manager of the track, his secretary, Harry Breiwegel, and other racetrack officials were on the train.**

**Telephone Subscribers, Attention.**  
The new telephone book is out and everybody will be delivered one within the next 10 days. In connection with the delivery, the Telephone Company has requested that all previous issues be taken up. There is nothing compulsory about this. The idea is that there are nearly 2000 changes and additions in the new book. As long as the old book is in existence, it is liable to be used. You are liable to call one of the wrong numbers. The old directory is a menace to good service, and for that reason the Telephone Company wants to get them in and destroy them. If you have any private memoranda in the old book you want to preserve, please transfer them to the delivery of the new one is left. Remember, this is a request from the Telephone Company to us. We are simply passing it on to you.

**The Franklin Printing Co., Publishers.**  
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# No Need to Buy New FURS this Year

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