

# Fort Worth Daily Gazette.

DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING COMPANY.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS, FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1886.

VOL. XI, NO. 185.

## Still a Chance

To Get Some Grand Bargains from

# C. EVANS CO'S

## Great Closing Sale of Fall and Winter Goods.

propose to place the remainder of our Fall and Winter goods at a price that will secure its early removal. We can no longer guarantee the quality and color of the goods we offer below, as the season is well advanced.

## Remember Early Orders or Callers Have the Choice

### Domestics, Cambrics and Flannels.

Soft finish fine bleached Muslin, 6c.  
Fine bleached Shirting Muslin, 6c.  
Extra heavy bleached Shirting Muslin, 7c.  
Fine Domestic, of a superior finish, at 7c, a cut from 10c.  
Bleached Domestic at 9c, that can't be duplicated for less than 12 1/2c.  
Island Cotton, 16 yards for \$1.00.

These in this Department Values are Entirely Lost Sight of. Note the Prices:

Printed Flannels, cut from 75c to 25c.  
Careful selection of heavy Twill Flannels, in blue, brown, garnet and green, at 75c and \$1.00, will go this week at 40c.  
Flannel that is every thread wool, of an extra finish, at 20c, 25c, 30c and 40c.

## Balmoral Skirts.

The tremendous reductions in this department:  
Black Satin Skirts, with Alpaca tops, cut from \$4.00 to \$2.50.  
Black Skirts of Farmer's Satin, elegantly trimmed with black quilted top, cut from \$3.50 to \$2.00.  
Black Flannel Skirts, beautifully trimmed, cut from \$3.00 to \$2.50, \$3.00 to \$2.00 to \$1.50.  
Black Skirts all go at \$1.00.  
Black Farmer's Satin Skirts, cut from \$1.25 to 50c.  
Black Skirts cut from \$1.25 to 75c.

## Ladies' Heavy-Weight Underwear.

Yests, Silk, stitched, 65c, with Pants to match.  
Merino Yests, Silk, stitched, 75c, with Pants to match.  
Scarlet Yests, all pure wool, \$1.75, cut from \$2.25.

Above goods are worthy the inspection of every one, and all should get of the wonderful bargains we are now offering.

# C. EVANS COMPANY,

113, 115 Houston, 112, 114 Main Streets.  
FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

Corner Houston and Second Sts., Fort Worth, Texas.  
Cash Capital and Surplus \$450,000.

Managers: J. S. Godwin, M. B. Loyd, J. D. Reed, Zane Cetti, D. C. Bennett, George Jackson, S. B. Burnett, E. B. Harrold and E. W. Harrold.

TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

## FORT WORTH NATIONAL BANK,

Successors to Tidball, VanZandt & Co., Fort Worth, Texas.  
Capital Stock Paid Up \$1,250,000.00  
Reserve Fund \$300,000.00

General banking business transacted. Collections made and promptly remitted. Exchange on all the principal cities of Europe.

## JAMES BRANCH,

# FURNITURE.

303 Houston Street, One Door Southeast of Second Street.  
THE NEWEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST!  
Sold on the Installment Plan.



## FIRE-ARMS,

Ammunition and Sporting Goods

# J. ANDERSON,

Wholesale Dealer, Cor. Second and Houston, Fort Worth, Tex.

## FAKES & CO.,

Undertakers and Practical Embalmers.  
HEARNS AND CARRIAGES FURNISHED.  
Call at Night—Entrance on Third, Between Main and Houston Streets.  
Prompt attention to telegraph orders day or night.

## CORRUGATED IRON.

H. W. HARRY & BRO., 707 Main Street.  
We carry in stock 27 B Iron, Tin Plate, Solder and Galvanized Iron, which we offer to the lowest market prices. Wholesale agents for the state of Texas for KIRKLE & HARRISON'S CELEBRATED LEADER STOVES.

## Boots and Shoes.

# Lewis Bros. & Co

115 HOUSTON ST., FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

## NATIONAL CAPITAL.

### Wanted, an Amended Human Nature to Put an End to the Frauds of Mankind.

### A United States Church Finds a Single Notary—Some Patent Office Employees Bounced.

### The International Copyright Under Discussion—Drafts of the Knights of Labor Currency Bill.

### The Department Rattled.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The ingenious persons who contrive to make a living by their wits and employ the newspapers and mails to further their little schemes have been industriously hunted down for years past by the postoffice inspectors, but they survive all such assaults and hang up in a new place. One firm in New York conducts a bogus business under about forty names with as many different addresses. The department recently has adopted the policy of having agents prosecute instead of simply directing postmasters not to deliver registered letters or money orders to them, thus placing three on what is known as the fraud list. The business, however, attracts great numbers, and the department officials think that unless they can amend human nature in some way there is little hope of putting an end to the fraudulent operations.

A petition has been presented to congress by the citizens of Arkansas asking the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

A rank called at the senate district committee-room Tuesday insisted upon the construction of a bill to establish a United States church.

Senator Camden of West Virginia will leave to-morrow for Florida, where he goes by the advice of his physician. He will be absent about three weeks.

The president has presented gold watches to Capt. E. M. Hughes and Second Officer Edward V. Roberts of the British steamship Lord Gough, for rescuing the crew of the American schooner Chaptin in December last.

Thirteen employees in the patent office, none of whom were embraced in the classified service, have been dismissed.

The hearing of the question of international copyright was begun to-day before the senate patent committee. Among the literary gentlemen who presented their views were Messrs. A. G. Sedgwick, Howard Crosby, E. C. Steadman, J. B. Gilder, editor of the Century magazine, and George W. Green, all of the copyright league; and Henry Holt, George Tickner Curtis, Mark Twain and Horace E. Scudder.

### Text of Sherman's Silver Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The following is the full text of Senator Sherman's bill to amend the coinage act of February 28, 1878:

Be it enacted, etc., that the coinage of the silver dollar provided for by the first section of the act to which this is an amendment, be discontinued from and after the passage of this act.

Sec. 2. That the secretary of the treasury is authorized and directed to purchase from time to time silver bullion in bars, not less than 9.10 fine, at the market price thereof not less than 2,000,000 ounces per month and shall issue in payment therefor coin certificates of the United States in denomination of not less than \$10 each, corresponding with the denominations of United States notes, and the bullion so purchased shall be held in the treasury for security and payment of the same, and the amount of such certificates at any time outstanding shall not exceed the cost of the bullion purchased by such certificates. The certificates thus issued shall be receivable for customs, taxes and all public dues, and when so received may be released and the secretary of the treasury shall redeem in coin the same certificates on their presentation for redemption at the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States, in the city of New York, in sums of not less than \$50.

Sec. 3. That any holders of standard silver dollars or gold coin of the United States in gold bullion at its mint value may deposit the same with the treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States in sums of not less than \$10, and receive coin certificates therefor similar in denomination and legal effect to the certificates provided for in the preceding section. The coin deposited for or representing the certificates shall be retained in the treasury for payment of the same on demand.

### Hazen's Defense.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Gen. W. B. Hazen to-day furnished the following statement in regard to Comptroller Maynard's report on the accounts of the disbursing officers of the signal service:

"In the matter of the signal service accounts, alleged in the newspapers to have been reported upon by the second comptroller and of which this office has no other knowledge, there is nothing of any nature or kind but what is always found in an ordinary statement of difference of an officer's public accounts or calling for fuller, clearer explanation or statement. I have been told for the past two months that the case was being prepared by clerks who have been discharged from the signal service, and it has been made purposely hostile and sensational. There is not an act of wrongdoing in these matters, and their framing and publishing just now, with which the comptroller had nothing to do, is purposely hostile and is intended to affect the investigation going on in congress."

### Knights of Labor Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The banking and currency committee of the house to-day gave hearing to Messrs. Paul Bowen, Lee Crandall and others representing the Knights of Labor, in advocacy of a bill proposed to be introduced in the house by Representative Brunon of Pennsylvania, known as the Knights of Labor currency bill. The bill as drafted pro-

vides that any person may deposit gold or silver in the treasury and receive therefor legal-tender United States notes at the rate of \$1 of 425 grains of silver or 25.8 grains of gold. All United States notes are to be convertible into coin or bullion at the holder's option. No more gold or silver certificates or national bank notes are to be issued, but they are to be replaced with United States notes.

### Cabinet Meeting.

The president is understood to be opposed to complying with the requests for such information. He is sustained in that view by all the members of his cabinet. At the meeting to-day letters were formulated in answer to the requests of the senate for papers touching the changes in the southern district of Alabama, and in the office of collector of internal revenue for the district of South Carolina. The exact language of letters cannot be learned, but it is known that they inform the senate that it is not deemed advisable to comply with the requests. It is understood that it is the desire of the administration to force the senate to state its position on this question, so that the matter may be brought up to an issue and settled as soon as possible.

### Forfeiting Land Grants.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The house committee on public lands held an extended session to-day and finally agreed upon a bill declaring forfeited all lands within the grant of the Atlantic & Pacific railway lying opposite the unconstructed portion of the railroad. Chairman Cobb was instructed to report the bill back to the house committee. The committee debated at length the question of declaring forfeited the land grant of the Southern Pacific Railway company, which came up on a proposition of Mr. McClure of Arkansas to declare an absolute forfeiture of the entire grant. Without reaching a conclusion the committee rose and the matter remains the preceding order for next Tuesday's meeting.

### The Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The cabinet meeting to-day lasted about two hours and was devoted almost entirely to the discussion of the question arising out of the recent Indian outbreaks in New Mexico. The question answering the demands of the senate for additional information in regard to appointments was also briefly considered, but no conclusion was reached.

### The New Treasurer Installed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Treasurer Jordan returned to Washington this morning. Mr. Jordan says Mr. Conds, the new assistant treasurer at New York, took formal possession of the office last night. The count of the moneys and securities began at once and will be pushed to completion.

### Mail Agent Bounced.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The postmaster-general ordered the removal of Barney Conroy, mail transfer agent at Indianapolis, Ind., because of his previous record.

### STILL ROUGHING IT.

### No Compromise Reached by the Joint Committee of the Ohio Senate.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 28.—The Ohio senate troubles remain unsettled, with the opinion about equally divided as to whether any compromise measures will be agreed upon. The joint senate met at 10 a. m. and adjourned, pending the conference between the joint committee which had been appointed by the caucuses of the respective sides with a view to learn if some plan could not be agreed upon. The committee was in session all day but held no evening session. The proceedings were held in executive session, and the members have no information to give out with the exception that they have agreed on nothing definitely. The progress they have made will be reported to the Democratic caucus to-morrow morning and was reported to the Republican caucus to-night. The members of the committee felt that they had gone as far as they could in the conference without first consulting the caucus for support in their movements. The conference committee will meet again to-morrow morning and continue their work. The senate will meet at 10 a. m., and it is the expectation that an adjournment of the senate will be taken to-morrow to give the committee plenty of time. In the meantime the representatives of the two sides are preparing their programme of procedure in case a compromise is not reached.

### WHERE IS ROBERTS?

### "So Much for the Kids" Who Are Blamed for an Empty Treasury.

Special to the Gazette

AUSTIN, TEX., Jan. 28.—The state treasury suspended cash payments of all claims to-day. About 2 o'clock a check for \$5,000 was presented by the educational department for the interest due on the available school fund. Payment of the check was refused, and the curtain was rung down on all claims for the time being. The state treasurer stated he did not know when payment would be resumed, but thought before long. In fact the state is on the wrong side of the ledger to the tune of about \$150,000, and not a cent in the treasury to pay it. All this results from the reduction of taxation by the last legislature and which was strenuously opposed by Comptroller Swain as unwise and impolitic. Treasurer Lubbock seems down in the mouth about affairs. The cash balance in 1880, as appears from the records, was over \$904,000, but has now dwindled down to \$159,000, worse than nothing, and with a big bond interest ahead to be settled in July amounting to \$85,000. Its funny. Oh, so very funny. So much for the kids.

### The Slater Club.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 28.—At a meeting of the Slater club, consisting of nearly all the manufacturers of Rhode Island and representing nearly all the large firms, held to-day, committees were appointed on the part of the cotton, woolen, and worsted industries with full power to take definite action for the mutual protection in the labor troubles.

## PLUMP AND SHAPELY.

### The Use of These Adjectives, Applied to Lily Shaw's Limbs, Scandalize the Court.

### The Word of a Minister to Be Heeded Before That of Women of Ill Repute.

### Web and Racy Affidavits Which are unfit for Publication in a Family Newspaper.

### Special to the Gazette.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 28.—The one absorbing theme of conversation through out the city to-day has been the celebrated trial of Rev. James H. Armstrong, charged with immoral revelry. The entire day has been taken up by the quibbling of counsel over the admission of certain exceedingly damaging testimony, which it is understood consists of affidavits from the proprietor of the hotel in Cincinnati where Mr. Armstrong was registered and where it is alleged he became intoxicated before starting out on his little excursion to dip the town in vermillion. Affidavits of the hackman who drove him about from one house of ill fame to another in search of Lily Shaw are also supposed to be amongst the papers which the counsel for the defendant insist shall be excluded. Hon. H. M. Miller of Augusta was selected by the court to act as referee to settle all disputes on points of law, and the choice gives general satisfaction. Under a ruling this afternoon of this referee much evidence that the defense has labored hard to have excluded will be admitted. It is the general impression in the city to-night and after conversation with different persons who are in a position to be well informed as to the feelings of the court that Armstrong's character will be fully vindicated and that the court will prefer to believe the solemn protestations of the clergyman in preference to statements made by irresponsible parties and by women of ill repute. It has developed that Armstrong was a Presbyterian clergyman and experienced a change of faith previous to his appearance in Weehing, Va., in 1860. A gentleman who professes to be well informed as to what is being done before the ecclesiastical tribunal says some of the affidavits are peculiarly racy, and that the language used is utterly unfit for publication and will be omitted in the official report of the trial, which will be printed as soon as an agreement can be reached. The reverend gentlemen composing the court are said to have been quite scandalized by the reference to "Lily's plump and shapely legs," an expression which it appears is used several times in one of the affidavits. Several of the state papers have been giving credence to the rumor that an independent church will be started here for Mr. Armstrong in case the decision is adverse to him.

### FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

### Error in the Reichstag.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Prince Bismarck to-day in the debate in the Prussian Landtag on the expulsion of Poles from Germany, made a remarkable speech, occupying two hours in delivery. He said the primary cause of the government's action was the disloyalty of the Poles to the German crown. They were, he said, constantly engaged in intrigues against the government and had made themselves a steady annoyance to Prussia by acting as accomplices to the opposition in the German parliament. They effected a party against the government and the crown could do nothing less than either deny the demands of such a majority or destroy the evil element which made the majority possible. Polish agitation in Germany, Bismarck said, always appeared to him as an element of danger and had compelled him to keep a watch on Russia. The Poles had been constantly, and not always unsuccessfully, endeavoring to set foreign states against Prussia, hence, continued the chancellor, we have determined to buy out the real estate owned by the Polish nobles in Prussian Poland and place German colonists on the property hitherto occupied by the expelled people. In order to make colonization more permanent to the benefit of the empire the colonists will be prohibited from marrying Poles. The cost of the undertaking will be about 100,000,000 marks, (about \$65,000,000), but the state will lose no more than 10 per centum of this loss made necessary by the exigencies of the case, buying out an alien class and re-selling to Germans, while the gain to the empire will be immeasurable. The government, said the chancellor with great animation, will never concede the restoration of Poland nor a hair-breadth in that direction. The Poles played a suspicious part in Kulturkampf. Whoever refuses to help protect and maintain the state is not entitled to claim anything from the state. As for me, I am ready to save my country although it cost me my head and honor. If anybody dares attack Prussia's frontiers, I shall say, like Gladstone, hands off. Referring to the insinuation that the government's religious prejudices had great influence in its treatment of the Poles, Bismarck said: Religion is in nowise connected with the expulsion as a policy. It became necessary to reduce the Polish element in Germany and increase the German element. This is the real reason for the expulsions, and the government has determined to persist in this work despite the opposition of the reichstag. In conclusion, I will say that before allowing the fatherland to be endangered I would counsel the emperor to make the federal government indopere lest of the obstructionist tactics in the reichstag as far as the constitution and laws of Germany would permit, for I would hold any minister to be a coward who should hesitate to stake everything to save his fatherland from danger. The chancellor's speech is the principal topic of conversation in the capital to-night. It is generally conceded

that the speech is equally capable of being interpreted to foreshadow either the dissolution of the reichstag or a coup d'etat.

The occasion of Prince Bismarck's speech was the discussion of the resolution introduced on Saturday last expressing satisfaction at the passage in the speech from the throne promising measures for the protection of German interests in East Prussia. Herr Achenbach moved that the resolution be adopted and the motion was supported by Herr Wehr. Dr. Windhorst opposed the motion. After Prince Bismarck's speech, the discussion was adjourned until to-morrow.

### Newspaper Comment.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Daily Telegraph says it is the opinion of leading Liberals, including many former ministers, that Gladstone should invite the assistance of Mr. Parnell or Mr. Hoaly in arranging a home-rule scheme for Ireland.

The Standard says Mr. Chamberlain will be Irish secretary in Gladstone's cabinet. It also says: All the continent except Russia regret the resignation of the Tory government.

The Standard says Lord Salisbury and Sir Michael Hicks Beach will announce in parliament to-day the resignation of the government.

The Times correspondent at Constantinople, in a dispatch concerning the understanding arrived at between Turkey and Bulgaria, says the porte will bestow upon Prince Alexander the title of pasha and governor-general of Eastern Rumelias.

A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says a rumor is current there that a skirmish between the Greeks and Turks was taken place at Giassora, on the frontier of Epirus.

The Evening News says it has authority for stating that Lord Salisbury advised the queen to summon Lord Hartington to form a cabinet.

The Freeman's Journal of Dublin admits that Agrarian outrages still occur in the remote districts of the country, but it declares that the National League cannot be held responsible for them. It adds that the league has resolved to do all in its power to repress disorder and remove every semblance of a basis for the government to revive the coercion laws.

The Times urges in view of the general opposition to permitting Lord Granville to resume the office of minister for foreign affairs, that he would make an excellent president of the council and leader in the house of lords. The Times also points out Lord Hartington's splendid chance to construct a national party of Whigs and Conservatives opposed to home-rule. The material for the formation of such a party are abundant, says the Times, and the emergency requires only a leader of energy and courage.

The Politico Correspondence of Vienna says that a European fleet will assemble in Suda bay to-morrow or Saturday, numbering about twenty men-of-war, and that the commanders have received requisite instructions for their guidance.

### Announcement of the Resignation.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Both Mr. Gladstone and Sir Michael Hicks Beach were given invitations as they entered the house of commons this afternoon. Sir Michael Hicks Beach stated that in consequence of Tuesday's vote in the house being adverse to the government, the cabinet had resigned. The house thereupon adjourned until Monday. Lord Salisbury dined with the queen this evening. He will return to London to-morrow morning. Mr. Gladstone will probably then be summoned to form a cabinet. Lord Hartington refuses to cooperate with Gladstone. It is reported in the lobby of the house of commons this evening that the queen is awaiting Lord Hartington as to his willingness to undertake the task of forming a coalition minority.

### Ireland's Last Viceroy.

DUBLIN, Jan. 28.—Lord Carnarvon, ex-viceroy of Ireland, left Dublin castle to-day, accompanied by his wife, for their home in England. He was cheered almost continuously from the time he left Dublin castle until he departed from the Irish coast. The enthusiasm of the populace was phenomenal.

### Flaps Over to France.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Telegrams received this afternoon from Athens state that the war-like views of the Greek cabinet have suddenly changed. The dispatches add that yesterday morning the Hellenic minister issued a declaration that Greece would comply with the wishes of Europe.

### Turkish Fleet Arming.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 28.—Thirty thousand Martini-Henry rifles from America have been forwarded to the front. The fleet is taking on board three months' provisions and a large supply of ammunition.

### Salisbury Will Visit the Queen.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The queen has summoned the marquis of Salisbury to confer with her in Osborne. He will dine with her to-morrow and he is expected to return to-morrow, when he will return to London.

### Cable Notes.

The porte threatens immediate invasion of Thessaly. It is rumored that the British fleet has arrived at Crete. The fall of the Salisbury government in England has raised the hopes of the Greeks.

### Burying the Wisconsin Congressman.

MANTOWOC, Wis., Jan. 28.—Immediately upon arrival here—at 6:30 last evening—the remains of Congressman Joseph Rankin were taken to the Episcopal church, escorted by the congressional and local delegations. The funeral services, which were conducted by Rev. H. T. Bray, were held at the church at 10:30 this morning. Special trains brought hundreds of people from various parts of the state, and the attendance was so large from Mr. Rankin's congressional district that it was impossible for the late-comers to get within a block of the church.

### Most Suspense Immediately.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—At a meeting of the produce exchange this afternoon a resolution was adopted calling for the immediate suspension of the coinage of silver dollars.

Go to J. H. Rouillac for liquid bread at retail or wholesale.