

QUIET AND SIMPLE.

No Was the Ceremony that Joined the Lives of Joseph Chamberlain and Mary Endicott.

Several Hundred People Witness the Interesting Event—The President and Mrs. Cleveland Attend.

CHAMBERLAIN ENDICOTT WEDDING.



WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Quietly and simply, in the presence of the bride's relatives and persons...

President and Mrs. Cleveland entered the church just before 2 o'clock and were escorted to seats in one of the pews in the front row.

A reception was held at the residence of the secretary, and the newly married couple received the congratulations of the invited guests.

MILITARY ORDERS. WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The following order has been issued by the secretary of war.

Major-General John M. Schofield, commanding the army, is at his own request relieved from command of the division of the Atlantic.

Major-General Oliver O. Howard is relieved from command of the division of the Pacific and the department of California.

Brigadier-General Nelson A. Miles is relieved from command of the department of Arizona and assigned to command of the division of the Pacific.

Colonel Benjamin H. Grierson, Tenth Cavalry, is assigned to command of the department of Arizona.

MEXICAN PENSIONS. Special to the Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The following Texas pension was issued to-day: Mexican widow—Mary C., widow of John W. Hersey, Duval.

REBELS. Society People Taken by Surprise—An Insulting of the Escopete.

TERRILL, TEX., Nov. 15.—Early yesterday it was noised abroad that one of Terrill's society leaders was to wed before the sun should rise again.

INTERFERING WITH ELECTION. The Charge Upon Which Prominent Arkansas Citizens are Held Over.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Nov. 15.—The preliminary examination of Thomas Reid, Thomas Harvey, William Palmer, William Hobbs and J. L. Lucas, charged with interfering with the election in Conway county, resulted in the binding over of each in the sum of \$1000 by United States Commissioner Waters.

A PEACEFUL SOLUTION. How the River Dispute Between the Two Republics Will be Settled.

EL PASO, TEX., Nov. 15.—The boundary imbroglio about the river between El Paso and Paso del Norte, nearing a peaceful solution.

The following dispatch from Washington to-day:

Report by mail whether the dam complained of differs and how from the wing dam described in your No. 6. The war department will be asked to send an engineer officer to investigate and report fully.

These special engineers will doubtless arrive at conclusion that will satisfy all our people and the Mexicans also. Consul Mackey responded to-day.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Business Houses Burned. JOLIET, ILL., Nov. 15.—The business portion of the village of Plainfield was destroyed by fire yesterday. The losses aggregated \$15,000, with light insurance.

Burns at Tyler. Special to the Gazette.

TYLER, TEX., Nov. 15.—Fire cleaned out a portion of the south side of the public square last night at 1:30. Following are those burned out, all insured:

M. Daniels' saloon. J. Lafrech, grocer. J. Wartelsky, grocer and confectioner. E. W. Rowland and C. L. Caspary lost on buildings, both insured. The houses were wood structures and old landmarks, built in 1857. The total loss is about \$15,000.

Special to the Gazette. Special to the Gazette.

WACO, TEX., Nov. 15.—Late this evening a man of fine appearance by the name of Flood was arrested. It seems that yesterday he succeeded in obtaining sums of money from several parties, among others Mr. J. Baker, representing that he was agent for the Western Newspaper Union at Dallas and telling Mr. Baker that he would receive a check to-day.

Special to the Gazette. BONHAM, TEX., Nov. 15.—Attachments were filed in the District court to-day against J. J. Conklin of Leonard, twelve miles southwest of this place, to the amount of \$500; also about the same time attachments aggregating \$3000 were run on the stock of general merchandise belonging to W. T. Spencer, at Ravenna, eight miles north of Bonham.

Special to the Gazette. HUBBARD CITY, TEX., Nov. 15.—R. A. Phillips of Stephenville arrived here early Wednesday morning, expecting to wed Miss Emma Smith, a popular young lady here. Thinking the county site convention had failed to get his license, and was told that Hillabor was thirty miles away, and owing to bad conditions of the roads, it would be impossible to go there by private conveyance.

Special to the Gazette. DONALDSONVILLE, LA., Nov. 15.—On Tuesday afternoon on a plantation near this town a negro seized an eleven-year-old child of respectable parents, who at the time was playing with her younger sisters. Flourishing a knife he took her into a cornfield.

Special to the Gazette. PILOT POINT, TEX., Nov. 15.—A large grackle was shot on Cal Hildon's farm, adjoining the city, last night by a colored man. It measured six and one-half feet from tip to tip, and its hooked talons were two inches in length.

Special to the Gazette. COLORADO, TEX., Nov. 15.—There is considerable talk here because the Texas and Pacific did not put on sale excursion rates to San Antonio. Quite a number of our citizens wanted to attend the exposition, but no reduction of fare of any kind was made.

Special to the Gazette. PITTSBURG, PA., Nov. 15.—Five hundred puddlers at Jones & Laughlin's American Iron Works struck this morning against a change in working hours made necessary by scarcity of natural gas during the day.

Special to the Gazette. WATERLOO, N. Y., Nov. 15.—Charles Johnson was hanged at 10:20 this morning for the murder of John Walters.

Special to the Gazette. For Kicketts, Harmanus and Wadding Disorders of Children. Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites is unequalled for the rapidity with which children are healed and strength restored.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

The Annual Address of Grand Master Workman Powderly Given to the Press.

Questions of Finance, Land and Transportation Awaiting Solution—Impor-tance of the Session.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Nov. 15.

He delegates and other who are in attendance on the Twelfth General Assembly of Knights of Labor have settled down to work, and their time away from the convention largely devoted to committee work.

There was time for but two reports before adjournment; those being from General Master Workman Powderly and Secretary Litman. Mr. Powderly's report took two hours' time, and Mr. Litman's one hour and twenty minutes.

Both reports are said to be interesting, the former's being a detailed review of the past two years of his administration. The address of Mr. Powderly was given to the press late this afternoon. It opens with a long introduction, giving various reasons why members have left the order, and enumerates the many grievances which have been brought against it.

He says, however, that the order has resulted in good, and he denied all charges of officially involving a thorough examination of all books and accounts. Mr. Powderly changes a frequent change which are recommended at each session. He recommends total abolition of the sections which provide for the appointment and government of local officers, and that the order, as at present framed is a dead letter.

He advocates a more equal division of the wealth produced by labor and denounces the "gambling in money, land, and railroads." He is therefore a duty which we should not neglect to select the questions which I have pointed out and place them prominently before our members for discussion.

He recommends that a special committee of three be appointed to take up the matter. He advocates the concentration of energies on these questions and further recommends the formation of junior assemblies for educating the younger working people.

Matters of interest chiefly to the order come in for a good share of attention, and the speaker favors a change of the time of holding the general assembly, believing it comes too close to the election. He advocates equal pay for equal work for women.

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FROM LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL

REPUBLICAN REASONS

For Cleveland's Defeat and Harrison's Election—The Tariff, Southern Supremacy, Pensions, and Personal Unpopularity Ascribed.

of these men met with but little success, and from that time to the present members of that organization have secretly and untruly worked for the ruin of this order. There are members of that society who are members of this, who do not favor the schemes of the warring factions of the International Workingmen's Association, but they are few and far between, for those who are known are intent only on destruction.

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What causes contributed to the Republican tidal wave? To what causes was the defeat of Grover Cleveland and his party due? These are questions that are pertinent at the present time and interesting to all politicians, political students and the public generally.

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Mr. Cleveland are the stupid and unpatriotic warfare waged by the Democracy among American industries, the denial of justice to the soldiers who preserved the nation, and all the means of common school education to the destitute children of the country, with four years' sad demonstration of the utter incapacity of both candidate and party to administer the government.

THE EDITOR OF THE PHILADELPHIA PRESS. PHILADELPHIA, PA., Nov. 10. To the Editor of the Press: Cleveland was defeated by his December message, followed by the Mills bill. The soldier vote was against him. He had lost his personal hold on the country.

INDIANA'S ATTORNEY-GENERAL. INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Nov. 10. To the Editor of the Press: The tariff question was the chief cause of Cleveland's defeat.

THE FATHER OF THE HOUSE. PHILADELPHIA, NOV. 10, 1888. To the Editor of the Press: Cleveland's defeat is more largely due to his hostility to the protection system and his devotion to internal taxes than to all other causes.

CONNECTICUT'S NEXT GOVERNOR. HARTFORD, CONN., Nov. 10, 1888. To the Editor of the Press: The bold attack of the solid South upon the industrial and business interests of the country through its leadership and control of the Democratic party and its policy, as developed in the message of its president, its platform and the tariff legislation of a Democratic House of Representatives.

SENATOR CULLOM OF ILLINOIS. SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Nov. 10, 1888. To the Editor of the Press: The chief cause of Mr. Cleveland's defeat was his December message to congress, which was accepted by the people of the United States as a movement in the direction of free trade.

CONGRESSMAN BOUTWELL. BANGOR, ME., Nov. 10, 1888. To the Editor of the Press: The chief cause of Republican victory was the popular revolt against the political usurpation of the solid South, which had assumed the share of a desperate assault upon the business interests of the country by seeking to break down the American system of protection to home industries.

INDIANA'S NEXT GOVERNOR. MT. VERNON, IND., Nov. 10, 1888. To the Editor of the Press: In my opinion the principal cause of the defeat of Mr. Cleveland in Indiana last Tuesday was the injustice done by him and his administration to the ex-soldiers of the United States.

CONGRESSMAN BRECKENRIDGE. FINE BLUFF, ARK., Nov. 10. To the Editor of the Press: I do not think Mr. Cleveland's defeat arose from any special Democratic mistakes, but from the extraordinary efforts put forth by the Republicans.

SENATOR EDMUNDS. BURLINGTON, VT., Nov. 10, 1888. To the Editor of the Press: Poor principles and bad practices.

SENATOR ALDRICH. PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 10, 1888. To the Editor of the Press: His last annual message.