THE SEMI WEEKLY HERALD NOW HAS A SWORN CIRCULATION OF OVER 12,500 COPIES A WEEK. B. H. ROBERTS, EDITOR.

THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

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THE ELECTION NEWS

The Democrats Continue to Make Gains in Iowa.

CAMPBELL TO MAJOR M'KINLEY

Flower's Plurality Nearly Fifty Thousand—Hahn Insults Mills and Crisp—Cleveland's Opinion on the Election.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—An extra of the *World* just out (9:30 a. m.) says: The latest returns this morning show Flower's plurality over Fassett in the state is 49,655. The whole Democratic state ticket is elected. In this city Flower's plurality is 58,857, showing a Democratic falling off of more than ten thousand from the vote for Hill in 1888. The assembly goes Democratic by eight, although the Republicans claim they have it.

Conflicting Claims in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Returns received by the Associated Press up to noon to-day show the Democrats elect 14 senators and the Republicans 14. Four districts are still in doubt, but returns so far received indicate the Democrats will carry three of those and the Republicans one. The same returns indicate the the assembly will stand 63 Republicans, 64 Democrats, and 1 County Democrat who was endorsed by Republicans. Of Democratic seats four are still in doubt, and of the Republicans one.

At midnight Associated Press returns for New York state show 15 Democrats are elected to the senate and 17 Republicans. There is still some doubt about two Republicans and one Democrat. In the Assembly there is a tie. On these figures the Republicans have a majority on joint ballot.

Cleveland's Opinion on the Election.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland to-day gave his opinion on the result of Tuesday's election as follows: "Any one who still thinks tariff reform is a settled and absolute issue, or that the importance of a sound and safe money is a question upon which the people can be fooled, is either wilfully wrong or dangerously dull. It seems to me, too, the Democrats ought to be satisfied that a staunch adherence to the principles of their party does not require the abuse of those who show an inclination to help us. I very much regret the defeat of Governor Campbell. He is a brave honest official. This was a splendid canvass he made and entitled him to success. While the election of Flower, Russell and Boies ought to cause the utmost rejoicing among Democrats, they should not forget with these things come obligations to be true to the people, honest in the advocacy of our principles and decent in all things."

The Democratic Gains in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Nov. 4.—The *State Register* has complete returns from eighty-three counties received. These give a net Democratic gain of 8.8. If the gain is kept up in the remaining sixteen counties, as it probably will be, Boies' plurality will be in the neighborhood of 8,000, a gain of 2,000 over two years ago. If Boies' plurality is 8,000, the rest of the Democratic ticket is elected by small pluralities. The Republicans have some hopes for Van Houten, lieutenant-governor. They also claim Sabin, Republican, for superintendent of instruction. The Democrats claim the whole state ticket. The Republicans control the house, the Democrats the senate. The Farmers' Alliance candidate, Westfall, for governor received 15,000 votes. The Prohibition vote is not reported except in a few instances, but is probably very light.

Returns From Fifty Counties in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Nov. 4.—Fifty counties complete in Iowa out of a total of ninety-nine in the state give Boies, Democrat, a plurality over Wheeler of 7,488. This is a Democratic gain over 1889 of 2,327. The remaining counties in 1889 gave Boies a plurality of 1,561.

Accused Murderers Lynched.

BASTROP, La., Nov. 4.—W. S. Felton and J. T. Smith were taken from jail here by a mob and hanged. The parties were accused of having murdered J. Dykes a month ago.

Cook County Elects Republicans.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Complete returns from nearly every precinct in Cook county show the entire Republican ticket was elected yesterday. The Republican candidates for county commissioners in the city district appear to have received majorities varying from 7,000 to 14,000. The only Democrat elected was Lyman E. Cooley, drainage trustee, who comes in as a minority representative. A significant feature of the election is that nearly every man endorsed by the American "Know-nothing" association appear to have been elected.

Democratic Plurality in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 4.—The Democratic plurality in Maryland is 12,000 to 15,000, based on the partial and estimated returns. The legislature is Democratic.

Post's Majority in Nebraska.

OMAHA, Nov. 3.—Returns from the city and state are still meagre but careful estimates give Post, Republican for supreme judge, 6,000 majority over Edgerton, Independent People's. The entire Republican city and county ticket is elected.

Favor Abolishing the Poll Tax.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—Dispatches indicate the popular vote yesterday favored an amendment to the constitution abolishing poll tax.

No Change in Ohio Results.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 4.—Nothing in the returns from the missing precincts has been heard since 6 o'clock to alter the result already reported. The indications are McKinley's plurality is about 19,000 and the legislature as already reported.

Russell's Election Conceded by 8,000.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—The *Journal* (Republican) at noon concedes the election of Russell by 8,000.

McKinley's Pluralities.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 4.—Figures by counties were received to-day, twenty-seven counties official, the others estimated. The counties not heard from gave last year Democratic pluralities of 6,785 and Republican pluralities of 833. Putting these into footings give McKinley a plurality of 18,588.

Hahn to President Harrison.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—President Harrison has received the following telegram from Chairman Hahn, of the Ohio Republican central committee: "The Republicans of Ohio won a magnificent victory, the entire Republican state ticket being elected. The general assembly is Republican on joint ballot by 35 to 37, insuring the election of a resident of Ohio and a Republican to the United States senate."

The President replied as follows: "Thanks for the good news and congratulations for yourself and party upon the victory won by the courageous advocacy of right principles."

The President this afternoon sent the following to McKinley: "I congratulate you most heartily upon your splendid victory, won by a manly appeal to the intelligence and patriotism of the people, always responsive to such appeals."

Hahn's Insult to Mills and Crisp.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 4.—Chairman Hahn, of the Republican state committee, has received a large number of congratulatory telegrams. Among the senders were President Harrison, and Joseph Manley, of Maine. Hahn sent the following ironical telegram to Roger Q. Mills and Congressman Crisp, who assisted the Democrats in the campaign: "Allow me to congratulate you on the able assistance you rendered us in the Ohio campaign. McKinley's plurality is 20,000 to 25,000. The general assembly is Republican by 35 to 37 on joint ballot. Can you be with us next year?"

Governor Campbell sent the following to his successful opponent: "William McKinley, I heartily congratulate you upon your election. I have no doubt you will serve the people of Ohio with fidelity and honesty."

Governor Campbell received telegrams of sympathy on his defeat from ex-President Cleveland, and Governor Boies, of Iowa. The Randall club sent condolences and the hope that its members would be present at his inauguration to the holiest office in the nation.

Campbell Takes the Situation Philosophically.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 4.—Governor Campbell takes the situation philosophically, and says the Democratic party was laboring under too great a handicap in Ohio because of lack of funds to pay legitimate expenses of the campaign. He says they made the best fight they could in the face of a Republican majority of 11,000 to start on and the combined opposition of manufacturers and capitalists. Besides all this, it was a life and death struggle with the Republican party. To defeat Major McKinley, one of its national leaders and the representative of its chosen idea, protection, meant the downfall and disintegration of the party itself. Party lines were closely drawn, he said.

McKinley Receiving Congratulations.

CANTON, Ohio, Nov. 4.—Major McKinley has gone to his hotel in order to accommodate the crowds of people calling to congratulate him. He is receiving numerous telegrams of congratulation.

New Jersey Legislature Democratic.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Almost complete returns from New Jersey show in the legislature the Democrats will have a majority of 35 on joint ballot.

McKinley Kept Busy Receiving Dispatches.

CANTON, Ohio, Nov. 4.—McKinley spent the day receiving friends and congratulatory telegrams. Two operators were kept busy all day receiving messages for the governor elect. Among the senders were General R. A. Alger, of Michigan, and J. Sloat Fassett, the defeated candidate for governor of New York.

Democrats Concede Jolley's Election.

YANKTON, S. D., Nov. 5.—At Democratic quarters the election of Jolley, Republican, to Congress by 3,500 is conceded.

Jolley's Plurality.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 4.—Reports from the congressional election in South Dakota are very slow in coming in, but enough is received to indicate the certain election of Jolley, Republican, to Congress by a good vote. The vote for Smith, Independent, is away below what had been claimed and conceded for him. Jolley's plurality will probably be from 3,000 to 5,000.

Notice of Contest of Seats.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Notices of contest of seats of six members-elect to the House in the Fifty-second Congress have been filed, as follows: Henry T. Noyes vs. H. H. Rockwell, Twenty-eighth New York district; John B. Reynolds vs. George W. Shonk, Twelfth Pennsylvania; Thomas ... Greevy vs. Edward Scull, Twentieth Pennsylvania; Alexander Craig vs. Andrew Stewart, Twenty-fourth Pennsylvania; Thomas E. Miller vs. W. Elliott, Seventh South Carolina; John V. McDuffy vs. Louis Tourpin, Ninth Alabama. In Pennsylvania the cases contestees are Republicans; in the other cases the contestees are Democrats.

Governor Russell Interviewed.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—Governor Russell this morning claims his election by about 6,000. He said: "It means that Massachusetts is earnestly for tariff reform on the line of free raw material, which has been the chief issue in this state. It also means she is firmly and aggressively for sound currency."

The Herald's Comment.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The *Herald* says: We are convinced the election of Flower will prove to be a sort of boomerang to the Democratic party in the presidential campaign next year, and a blessing in disguise to the Republicans.

Comments of the London Press.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Commenting on the elections in the United States, the *Daily News* says: "It is not easy to draw a moral where the most important contests yield diametrically opposite results. McKinley's victory is a most striking event for Europe, but it may easily be exaggerated or misunderstood. He was probably elected not as a protectionist, but as a moderate opponent to free silver."

The *Chronicle* says: "The election of Flower cannot be considered a counterblast to the result in Ohio, because it was secured by as corrupt means as ever American political records can show. All honest people desirous of decent government, wanted the election of Fassett, but Tammany Hall was too much for the reformers. It is now probable we shall hear of McKinley as a Presidential candidate. To certain Republicans he will stand on the high tariff platform. McKinley's election indicates the overwhelming power of money, monopoly and vested interests in American politics."

The *Standard* says: "The result will cause a waiting policy on the side of the Republicans, who may hope in November next to take advantage of some Democratic mistake or some sudden accession of popularity on the part of the government to reverse the decision now recorded."

The *Times* thinks it is possible a Democratic victory in Ohio would not have pleased all sections of the party, because it would have foreshadowed a schism at next year's convention. It is doubtful whether McKinley's achievement is striking enough to vindicate his policy or to advance his claims to a presidential nomination. It may be taken for granted the result will thrust into the background the United States government's policy of bullying Chili.

Republican Plurality in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—Complete figures from fifty-three counties and estimates from the other fourteen counties show the Republican plurality is fifty to fifty-five thousand.

Governor Boies' Plurality.

WATERLOO, Iowa, Nov. 4.—Advices received by Governor Boies from sixty-five counties, with estimates from the remaining thirty-four, place his majority at nine to ten thousand. As to the legislature, the governor is advised the senate will be 25 Democrats, 24 Republicans; the house is about evenly divided between the two parties, with the exception that five members are elected by the Union Labor and Farmers' Alliance parties.

Governor Russell's Plurality.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—It is estimated in the whole state Russell received 156,000 and Allen 151,000, leaving the governor a plurality of about 5,000. Lieutenant-Governor Hale and the balance of the Republican state ticket are elected by ample pluralities. State Auditor Trefry, Democrat, is defeated. Returns for the legislature are very incomplete. The senate will be Republican. The house has complete returns from 127 members, a little more than half and these stand 92 Republicans to 45 Democrats. The executive council will probably stand 7 Republicans to 1 Democrat.

Helm's Majority in Colorado.

DENVER, Nov. 4.—Returns still come in slowly but sufficient has been received to determine Helm, Republican, is chosen chief justice by seven to ten thousand majority. With the exception of Lake and Las Animas counties the Republicans elected the entire ticket in every county in the state.

Crushing Defeat for the Kansas Alliance.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 4.—The Alliance met a crushing defeat yesterday. The general result has been indicated by returns from ten judicial districts. In only one was the Alliance candidate successful, electing W. Bashore. In nine districts the remaining seven successful candidates are Republicans and two Democrats. In two districts the Republicans and Democrats combined against the Alliance.

A special to the *Star* (independent) from Topeka says Democrats and Republicans alike profess to believe the People's party is out of power to stay out and the fight next year will be on the old lines.

Russell's Plurality Gaining.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—At 2:32 a. m. returns from all but four towns show Russell's plurality 5,091. The four missing towns last year gave Russell a plurality of 138.

Latest New York Returns.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The *Herald's* returns from the state say the senate is a tie and in the house the Republicans are 69, Democrats 59. Flower's plurality is given as 48,449.

Cattle for Breeding.

BERLIN, Nov. 4.—The Bremen Senate has issued a decree permitting the importation of British and American cattle for breeding purposes, on presentation of a certificate of origin and a satisfactory report from the state veterinarian. The cattle imported for other purposes than breeding will be isolated one month at the expense of parties owning same.

Canadian Cabinet Crisis Over.

OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 4.—The cabinet differences have been arranged and the political crisis is over temporarily. At a conference this morning Secretary of State Chapleau agreed to continue in his present position for a time and to succeed Hon. Edgar Dewdney as minister of the interior when the latter retired to become lieutenant-governor of British Columbia. J. A. Ouimett, ex-speaker of the house of commons, will succeed Chapleau as secretary of state. A. R. Angers, at present lieutenant-governor of Quebec, will become minister of agriculture, replacing Senator John Carling.

A TRAIN IS HELD UP

It was by Masked Men Just Out of Omaha.

MANY THOUSANDS WERE SECURED

A Man in Topeka Murders His Baby—Denver's City Jailer Gets Drunk and Begins Shooting Promiscuously.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 4.—[Special telegram to THE HERALD.]—Kansas City and St. Joseph passengers on the Missouri Pacific train which left Omaha at 10:30 to-night were treated to an old fashioned hold-up at West Side, a suburb, at 11 o'clock. Four masked men took charge of the train when it stopped at the station, and they covered the engines and fireman with Winchesters while the others proceeded to plunder the train with drawn revolvers. They approached the coaches and ordered the passengers to throw up their hands. At the door they retreated and attacked the coach. By threatening to blow open the door with dynamite, the messenger was induced to admit the robbers and the car was plundered. The officers refuse to give any information as to the amount of booty secured, but it is said that large sums for Kansas City and St. Louis banks were secured. The officers are chasing the robbers in the river bottom at midnight. The robbers are armed with Winchesters and revolvers, but are on foot. All were masked. The robbers are known to have gotten the entire contents of the strong box containing many thousands of dollars.

The Accident at the Anaconda Mine.

BUTTE, Mont., Nov. 4.—[Special telegram to THE HERALD.]—At an early hour this morning one of the most disastrous mine accidents that ever occurred in Montana took place at the Anaconda copper mine, located on the hillside just above the city, nine men being hurled from a cage and instantly killed. The cage contained twenty-one persons, ten on one deck and eleven on the other, and was being hoisted from the 1,000 foot level to the surface. When within 300 feet of the surface, however, a broken guide timber was encountered with the result that nine men were swept from the decks by the jar and dropped 700 feet. As a natural consequence of such a fall the bodies were dashed to pieces, brains and skulls flying in all directions and splattering the timbers and stations below. The names of the victims are: James O'Donnell, James G. Sullivan, John Ritchie, James Roach, William M. Martin, Pat Mulligan, M. McEvoy and Charles M. Evans, of Clear Creek, Colo. One of the men has not yet been identified, but he is supposed to be a Finlander. With the exception of two the heads of all the men were mashed out of all semblance to humanity and they could be recognized only by pieces of clothing.

Denver's Jailor on a Tear.

DENVER, Nov. 4.—[Special telegram to THE HERALD.]—Pete Daily, jailor of the city, celebrated to-day by getting very drunk. In front of John Murphy's saloon on Larimer street, at about 11 o'clock to night, he had a row with one Weton, a dive-keeper, and pulling his pistol began firing promiscuously. He hit two men, one a reporter named Weton, and another whose name cannot be learned.

Murdered His Baby.

TOPEKA, Kans., Nov. 4.—Frank McLain, a scavenger, is under arrest for the murder of his nine months old son. The child died yesterday. McLain has three daughters who told in school yesterday that their father had taken the baby by the heels and pounded it against the door. The story was spread by the school children and this morning the body was taken charge of by the police, and a post mortem proved beyond a doubt the child had been treated in a most brutal manner. The face was covered with scars, the left ear was deeply gashed, the body bruised in several places and the left leg broken. The coroner's jury decided death was the result of willful and malicious inhuman treatment at the hands of McLain. As soon as the inquest's result was generally known, a mob began to collect around the city jail, clamoring for the murderer's life. The officers assured the leaders that McLain was not confined there. A committee searched the jail and reported the prisoner was not to be found. The mob then made a search of the court house. The sheriff assured them he was removed beyond their reach. It is believed McLain is secreted in an insane asylum and the mob may determine to search that place. At midnight the mob dispersed, having concluded it was useless to make a further search for the murderer.

Killed in the Anaconda Shaft.

BUTTE, Mont., Nov. 4.—At midnight last night, when one shift of men at the Anaconda mine was relieving another, seventeen men were killed by the falling of the cage and two fatally injured. A cage full of miners returning from work stepped out into the open air. Their places were at once taken by nineteen men who were to take up the work they had just abandoned, and the cage started toward the depths below. The rope had been unwound, but a couple of times from the slowly revolving windlass when there was a sudden snap, and a cry of horror from the shaft. The rope had broken and the cage with its nineteen inmates precipitated to the bottom of the mine. It was some little time before assistance could be sent them. A number of miners who were through work and waiting to be relieved, were at the bottom of the shaft waiting for the cage to take them out. Amidst them, narrowly missing some, the cage crashed. Little could be done. Of the nineteen men who made the fearful ride, seventeen were dead. Their forms were crushed out of all semblance of human beings, while two were breathing, they have no hope of recovery.

Ground Broken on the Inter-continental Railroad.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Nov. 4.—Ground yesterday was broken and work commenced on the Inter-continental railroad, which is to connect the United States with Mexico and Central America.

Religious Riot in Persia.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—In a religious riot at Mazanderan, Persia, the mob set fire to the house of General Sardal Gooly Khan, who was killed, with twenty dependents.

Barillas Less Dictatorial.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—A special from the City of Mexico says: Advices received from Guatemala say that where President Barillas heretofore muzzled the press and banished journalists, the most absolute liberty in writing is now allowed, and newspaper men are taking advantage of the opportunity to score the government. His change of heart is occasioned by his terror that he will be deposed before his term of office expires in December. His previous arbitrary acts here made him so unpopular that should he attempt to imprison another journalist a revolution would follow. Barillas is advised by his friends and cabinet to leave Guatemala but this he refuses to do until after the election. His mode at present is simply the only means he can devise to hold the presidency until the the expiration of his term. He also assured Salvador, through her lately appointed minister, that he does not desire war with that country.

Chinese Anti-Christian Manifesto.

[Special to THE HERALD—Examiner Cable.]

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The *Times* publishes this morning the following from Singapore: "Advices from Hunan, twelve days old, say that the literati and gentry there have issued a manifesto ordering a search for and expulsion of native Christians resident in Hunan or visiting there. Christian native officials are threatened with disfavor at Pekin. The manifesto says that all Christian churches should be destroyed and their property seized. The humanes will defend China and expel the "foreign devils." Tiensin advices, fifteen days old, say that General Tcheng Ki Koug has been brought there for trial by Li Hung Chang. The trial is expected to lapse.

Accidentally Shot

[Special to THE HERALD—Examiner Dispatch.]

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, Colo., Nov. 4.—On last Saturday G. W. Price, son of Dr. Price, of Chicago, and a member of the Price Baking Powder company; A. C. Fleigner, of the noted extract company of Chicago, and J. B. Cobb, of the Denver Omnibus and Carriage company, with W. H. Hubbard, of Spring Valley, near Glenwood Springs, as guide, outfitted here and started for a two weeks' hunt on the Big Muddy. Last night they camped in Gerome park at the head of Thompson creek, in Pitkin county, in a place called Dunn's Dug-out. Some time during the night Mr. Price, who, it is claimed, was a somnambulist, went outside of the dug-out, leaving the others asleep. Upon his return he crawled into the room on all fours. Hubbard awoke and called out "Who's there?" and called to the dog, but as the dog became frightened and no answer was given, Hubbard exclaimed, "Boys, I believe it's a bear; give me a gun quick," and Cobb hastily handed him a 45-calibre Colt's revolver, and without further thought Hubbard fired two shots one of which passed through the top of Price's head into his body, causing death in about two hours. The party returned immediately with the body to Marion, where an engine was procured and all came to Glenwood Springs this afternoon. Coroner G. Clark immediately summoned a jury and a verdict of accidental shooting was rendered.

An Oregon Bank Robbed.

LAGRANDE, Nov. 4.—Information was received here this morning that the Farmers' Mortgage and Savings bank of Summerville, Ore., was entered last night by two masked men who at the point of a pistol compelled the cashier to give up about $4,800.

The Case Against A. Trumbull Dismissed.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 4.—Judge Ross, of the United States district court, dismissed the case against Richard Trumbull and George N. Burt, charged with violating the neutrality laws and discharged the defendants on the ground that the evidence was insufficient.

Maverick Bank Affairs.

BOSTON, Dec. 4.—Examiner Ewer, of the Maverick National bank, says he hopes to get out within three or four days some sort of a statement that will enable the other banks to judge of the advances that shall be made depositors. He intimates it will be a good deal worse than has been anticipated.

Tony Hart Dead.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 4.—Tony Hart died this morning at the Worcester lunatic hospital, where he has been confined for many months.

What I. A. Evans' Creditors Will Get.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—Assignee Pope estimates the creditors of Irving A. Evans & Co., will get 50 cents on the dollar.

THE CONVENTIONS.

San Francisco Endeavoring to Secure Both.

Democrats and Republicans Unite for This Purpose—De Young Authorized to Offer Inducements to the Republican National Committee.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—A large and enthusiastic meeting, including nearly all the prominent Democrats and Republicans in the city, was held to-night to consider what inducements San Francisco could offer to persuade both political parties to hold their national conventions here next year. Mayor Sanderson called the meeting to order. Irving M. Scott was elected chairman. A long discussion followed. M. H. DeYoung called attention to the offers of eastern cities to pay a large part of the expenses of the delegates and said he thought it would be necessary for success that San Francisco should pay all expenses, including the transportation, hotel bills, etc., of the entire convention of either one or both political parties. He estimates this would amount to $100,000 for each. After DeYoung's speech the meeting unanimously adopted the following resolution:

Whereas, the Republican national committee meets in two weeks and this body has not time to formulate immediately the various inducements that the citizens of this city will offer for holding the Republican national convention in this city.

Resolved, That M. H. DeYoung, the California representative in the Republican national committee, be authorized to offer such inducements as in his judgment will procure the holding of the next national convention in this city, and we pledge ourselves to sustain and carry out all such offers by every means in our power."

The Democratic national convention will be considered at a future meeting, there being no necessity for haste in that case.

Trial of Prof. C. A. Briggs.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The New York Presbytery assembled this morning in the Scotch Presbyterian church for the purpose of beginning the trial of Prof. Charles A. Briggs on the charge of heresy, based upon language used by him in his inaugural address in Union Theological seminary. Dr. John C. Bliss presided as moderator. There was a full attendance.

One of the chief charges against Dr. Briggs is that he disputes the inerrancy of the Bible. The professor read a paper objecting to the form of the charges preferred, stating the report of the committee which formulated the indictment against him charges offenses which are not now proposed for trial. The committee charges him with uttering doctrinal teaching respecting miracles, original condition of man, etc., without attempting to prove the charge. This Dr. Briggs said did him great injustice and was apt to prejudice the decision of the members. He said if he caused widespread anxiety in the presbytery he was sorry, but in his conscience he felt no guilt in regard to disturbing the peace and harmony of the church. He further added that the charges were general and obscure and irregular in form throughout. There is nothing in the specifications that can be tested by the defendant. He admitted the extracts from his address were made on the occasion of his inaugural as president of Biblical theology in Union Theological seminary. The facts relied upon to sustain the charges were missing in the indictment. He said also the indictment contained insinuations wholly unwarranted. He denied he ever taught doctrines conflicting with the Holy Scriptures as the only infallible rule of faith and practice.

This afternoon the resolutions of Dr. Van Dyke were taken up. Dr. Van Dyke made a dignified, earnest plea in support of the proposition to dismiss the case against Dr. Briggs. After an extended discussion the resolution to dismiss was read and a vote taken, resulting 94 for to 39 against. The action, however, does not end the controversy, as it will undoubtedly be taken before the New York synod.

Ex-Governor Marks Dead.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 4.—Ex-Governor Albert S. Marks died suddenly at the Maxwell house early this morning.

Hirschfield & Co. Suspend.

BERLIN, Nov. 4.—The suspension announced yesterday was that of Hirschfield & Wolff, bankers. Their liabilities amount to 300,000 marks. The losses fall upon aristocratic depositors.

Run on a Bank.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—The run on the Five Cent Savings bank continues this afternoon. The savings bank commissioners when they examined the bank declared it sound.

An Appeal in the Itata Case.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—An appeal has been ordered by the attorney general from the decision of the court at Los Angeles in the Itata case.

Washington Races.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Five furlongs—Promenade won, Balbriggan second, Schuylkill third. Time—1:03.

Five Furlongs—Mollie V. won, Noonday second, Ballerat third. Time—1:03.

Mile and an eighth—Senorita won, Abi second, Judge Morrow third. Time—1:55½.

Mile—Mary Stone won, Prather second, George W. third. Time—1:42.

Mile and a half over hurdles—St. Luke won, Hercule second, Futurity third. Time 2:51½.

Garfield Park Races.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Six furlongs—J. J. won, Speedwest second, Morse third. Time—1:17½.

Six furlongs—Mayor Nolan won, Indus second, Vontromp third. Time—1:16.

Six furlongs—Costa Rica won, Anne Elizabeth second, Ed Leonard third. Time—1:15.

Mile—Rio Grande won, Fillide second, W. B. third. Time—1:44¼.

Six furlongs—Castout won, Jim Dunn second, Haselhurst third. Time—1:15.

Mile and an eighth, hurdles—Winslow won, Longshot second, Spectator third. Time—2:10.

Disposition of Seized Lottery Matter.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The treasury department has directed that lottery matter seized in violation of the postal union convention shall be held as illegal importations, and for the present, treated as unclaimed merchandise, but excluded from sale until further orders.

THE IRISH CAMPAIGN

O'Brien Reiterates His Charges Made at Longford.

THE BOULOGNE CONFERENCE

He Tells What Passed There—Redmond and Harrington Reply—The Chief of Ordnance's Report.

DUBLIN, Nov. 4.—Dispatches from Waterford where the convention of the National federation is being held, say great excitement prevails. The streets are crowded with uproarous mobs ready for any kind of disturbance. Timothy Healy, who was horsewhipped yesterday by McDermott, nephew of Parnell, was one of the speakers. He said he had not been deterred by violence from pursuing the course he mapped out for himself and repeated his language in reference to the widow of the Irish leader which he used at Longford Sunday and which led to his chastisement at the hands of McDermott.

Dillon on arriving at Waterford was received with mingled cheers and hisses. Three hundred police guarded the federation delegates on their way to the convention. The police repelled repeated charges by the mob. Parnellite sympathizes tried to rush through the entrance to the city hall, but were beaten back. The convention proceeding, Dillon confirmed O'Brien's Boulogne revelations and added the men now calling him traitor telegraphed him while in New York offering him the leadership in succession to Parnell. Harrington, Redmond and other prominent Parnellites joined in the request, which was made after he declared against the leadership of Parnell, all promised if he (Dillon) took the chairmanship they would be his loyal followers. He had done nothing since that.

Dillon left the convention hall and on his way to the railway station was guarded by the police and a hundred priests. The mob followed and kept up a continuous attack until Dillon obtained shelter in the station. A number of skulls were cracked. Thirty delegates while crossing the toll bridge were thrown to the ground and tramped upon. Many were badly hurt and bleeding profusely when rescued by the police. Several thousand Parnellites held the approaches to the convention hall, and everywhere struck down their opponents. The whole quay, a mile in length, was the scene of savage fighting. Many persons were taken to the hospital.

Redmond and Harrington's Statement.

DUBLIN, Nov. 4.—John Redmond and Timothy Harrington have issued a statement in reply to O'Brien's recent revelations in connection with the Boulogne negotiations. They characterize O'Brien's statements as artful and dishonest misrepresentations, a shameless breach of confidence, and a wanton outrage on the memory of the dead leader. They accuse Dillon and O'Brien with suppressing various letters which passed between the Parnellites and Messrs. Gladstone and Morley. They also allege O'Brien was not satisfied with the promises of the Liberals, and in support of their statement challenge him to publish the letter which they say he wrote to Morley begging him to amend his assurances, and Morley's reply in which he refused to alter a single comma.

Report of Chief of Ordnance.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—General Flagler, chief of ordnance, in his annual report to the secretary of war, says the labor involved and the difficulties to be surmounted in supplying the fortifications with new model disappearing carriages for large guns, is perhaps greater than that of supplying the guns themselves. Unfortunately this work is some years behind the guns. The department is in great need of a well equipped sea coast carriage factory for this work and the report recommends an appropriation for further enlarging the facilities for the manufacture of carriages at the Watertown arsenal.

The department thus far has completed but two 8-inch and one 10-inch breech loading steel rifled guns. The first 8-inch gun was tested with German smokeless powder with the significant result of fifty pounds of the compound giving the projectile a higher velocity with about the same pressure as 125 pounds of black powder.

The time allowed the Pneumatic Dynamite gun company for the delivery of ten guns has been extended to January next for the first deliveries, and to July for the last. Among estimates submitted is $326,000 for the equipment of the south wing of the army gun foundry and $1,122,000 for oil tempered and annealed steel for 8, 10 and 12-inch guns, including the parts required for the manufacture of a type of 16 inch gun. The recent improvement in the resisting power of ships' armor would seem to still further emphasize the already recognized necessity for guns of this calibre as it would be foolish to conclude that improvement in the resisting power of armor has reached its final limit and as much time is required for completing a type of gun of such high power as may have become an absolute necessity for overcoming such resistance, the sooner work is commenced the better. Other estimates are, for steel 12-inch sea coast mortars, $725,000, their carriages $449,500. Carriages for new 8, 10 and 12-inch guns $1,805,000. Enlargement of the carriage plant at Watertown, Mass., $161,000; armor piercing projectiles, $80,000; deck piercing 12-inch shells, $100,000; alteration of 15 and 16-inch carriages, $100,000.

The report describes at length the exhaustive experiments made by the department with magazine small arms, including the latest European models. On this subject the report says: "Reports from our army of how an expert soldier can fire the present service Springfield single loader with the accuracy generally needed in action, is about twenty times per minute. As far as rapidity of firing alone is concerned, these reports reduce somewhat the almost universally stated necessity for an immediate change to the magazine system. It is important to state that up to the present time the investigations made and the knowledge gained by this department have not demonstrated so much excellence in the magazine arms which have been adopted by foreign nations as was expected, and have not shown such perfection in any one of them as could warrant its adoption for our service. It is hoped this country can produce better arms, and until it has been demonstrated it cannot, it would be wise to defer a change from the excellent single-loader now in service to the magazine system. No effort will be spared to arrive at an excellent magazine arm. The new calibre 30 Springfield is said to have been very successful with smokeless powder."

McDermott to Have a Silver Whip.

DUBLIN, Nov. 4.—The ladies of Longford have decided to present McDermott with a silver whip.

Withdrawal of Commissioners Denied.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The dispatch stating the three commissioners for the World's fair in Chili had been withdrawn by order of the director general is pronounced at the headquarters of the Latin American bureau in this city as absolutely false in every particular.

A Mexican Consul Recognized.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The President has recognized Carlos Fernandez Pasologna as consul for Mexico at Deming, N. M.

Sending Crews Through Canada.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The English admiralty has decided to send a crew to the man-of-war Champion via Halifax, Canadian Pacific railway and Esquimault. Hitherto it has been the custom to send the crews of ships recommissioned to the Pacific by way of Colon.

Effect of the Failure on the Bourse.

BERLIN, Nov. 4.—The suspension of E. F. Hirschfield & Wolf, bankers, though it does not effect the bourse generally, caused a drop in the shares of the Palsinhaffer brewery, the best of its kind in the market, of 80 per cent. It is reported the Emperor and Prince Henry lost a large amount by the suspension, and that the minister of worship lost his entire fortune. Many leading aristocracts are badly involved in the suspension.

Judgment Against the Scranton Steel Co.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—A judgment for $125,000 has been entered against the Scranton Steel company on notes for pig iron furnished by W. R. Hart & Co., of Philadelphia.

Headless Body of a Man.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—The headless body of a man, entirely nude, was found in a cellar in Rue Charone.

International Peace Congress.

ROME, Nov. 4.—The International Peace congress, on motion of the German delegates, decided the French language should be spoken during the proceedings.

Changing Importers' Oaths.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—In view of the fact that the present tariff act changes in some respects the conditions under which free entry can be made of wearing apparel, personal effects, books and household effects, the treasury department has modified the form of oath or declaration heretofore employed, so it shall correspond to the present laws. In the case of wearing apparel and personal effects, an importer is required to declare the articles actually in use and necessary and appropriate for the journey, comfort and convenience of the importer, and not intended for any other person or for sale. In the matter of books and household effects, an importer is required to declare they were owned and used abroad for not less than one year prior to importation.

Serious Riot in Funkien, China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—The following Chinese advices have been received per steamer City of Janeiro. Particulars of a serious riot in the province of Funkien have reached Hong Kong. The scene of the trouble is Tehnua, which was attacked by 2,000 insurgents. One unfortunate fell in the hands of the insurgents who nailed his hands and feet to a board and cut him up by piece meal. For three days the city held out. The insurgents seized a favorable moment to send a large force under cover of their own fire to storm the defenses. A bloody struggle ensued, resulting in favor of the attacking party. They liberated all prisoners. At last accounts 1,000 imperial troops were on the march against the rebels.

Damage by the Storm in Japan.

YOKOHAMA, Nov. 4.—The damage caused by the storm September 14, was very serious. It is now definitely known eighty-two lives were lost and that 3,700 houses were destroyed and 760 vessels carried out to sea or sunk. Great damage was caused to crops. The loss to property is roughly estimated at $1,000,000.

Orleans Sued for Damages.

VIENNA, Nov. 4.—The *Neue Freie Presse* states on arriving in Vienna the Duke of Orleans was served with a citation for damages of £20,000 in the Melbau divorce case.

Speculation Ruined the Maverick.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—The *Journal* says of the Maverick bank failure: Speculation is the one word that explains all, speculation in stocks and grain with Maverick bank funds backing the deals. The first great speculation of the bank was by French and Potter, in New York and New England railroad stocks. It was successful from a financial point of view, but in that success lay concealed the ultimate ruin of the bank. In the New York and New England deal the bank funds were used to a startling degree.

No Exequation for Consul Rand.

MADRID, Nov. 4.—The government organ declares the government will not consent to give an exequation to Mr. Rand, American consul to the Caroline Islands, on account of his supposed connection with the Methodist missionaries whose influence over natives is a cause of worry to the Spanish authorities and Catholic monks there.

A BUSINESS BATTLE.

The Traffic Association of California.

Merchants, Manufacturers and Producers to Lock Horns With the Great Railroad Combination.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—The working plan of the traffic association of California was made public to-day. The purposes and aims of the association are set forth in an address signed by all the members of the executive committee. The text of the address is as follows:

"To the Merchants, Manufacturers and Producers of California:

The necessary arrangement preliminary to the permanent organization of the California Traffic association having been accomplished, the committee now calls for the enrollment of the names of all merchants, manufacturers and producers who wish to lend their support, both moral and financial, to the movement destined to mark an epoch in the commercial history of our state. The great railway lines which reach this state have formed a gigantic combination, whose ramifications extend to Canada. The combination has subsidiary steamships by way of Panama, rates of freight have been arbitrarily determined and in endeavoring to secure a readjustment you have had to contend with this powerful combination individually and alone. To you is now offered the opportunity of placing yourselves in a position so that you may stand upon equal ground with the combination. It is not proposed to use the power which this association will have in a hasty or ill-advised manner. Only when all negotiations fail will this association make its full power felt. It proposes to deal with transportation companies on business propositions, as business men, and it hopes by business methods to secure such rates and facilities as will afford California an enlarged market. The association does not intend to confine itself to transcontinental traffic alone but take within its scope matters pertaining to local coastwise and trans-Pacific traffic.

A STAGE ROBBER.

Bill Howard is Killed at His Father's House by Officers.

He Was Charged with Robbing the Stage Between Redding and Lakeview, Cal., Last October.

REDDING, Cala., Nov. 4.—Bill Howard, who with Abe Jones is charged with robbing the stage between Lakeview and Redding October 7, is also suspected of being concerned in the stage robberies of October 19 and 22, was shot and killed at his father's house three miles from Redding last by officers who had been watching for him. A week ago to day Howard, Jones and a man named Jack Rice were arrested near Alturas, Modoc county, but Jones and Howard escaped. Howard's father was arrested and an officer concealed in the house when Howard went there shot him while he was turning to run away. When he discovered this fact Rice made a confession implicating Howar and Jones in six sensational robberies which occurred lately. The search for Jones will be continued.

Suicides on a Sacred Mount.

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 4.—The steamer Sussex, just arrived from Japan, brings word that five English naval officers named Casselton met with an American from Philadelphia and formed a plan to climb to the summit of Yiami, the sacred mount of Japan, taking with them fireworks to explode from the summit. They started with two guides from among the group of astounded natives. The guides at the end of two days signified their intention to commit suicide if the party did not turn back. The threat having no effect, the guides walked in front of the tourists and with the stroke of a sharp knife each disembowled himself, dying instantly. The youngest of the Casselton brothers, aged 18, pulling his revolver, shot himself. The rest of the party sickened by this fearful scene, turned back and after two days' hard work succeeded in making the descent.

Kentucky Racing Association Assigns.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 4.—The Kentucky Association of Racing to-day made an assignment for the benefit of creditors. Liabilities, $62,000; assets, $90,000 to $100,000. It is thought private parties will buy the course and put it on a firmer basis.

A Russian Military Train Wrecked.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 4.—A military train was wrecked at Ivangorod; three soldiers being killed and fifteen injured.

A number of provincial assemblies propose to close all saloons in the famine districts to prevent peasants spending relief money for drink.

French's Bondsmen Rejected.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—Both bondsmen offered for Jonas H. French, the Maverick bank director, were rejected by Commissioner Hallett. Up to a late hour to-night French was unable to obtain satisfactory bondsmen and remains in the custody of a United States deputy marshal.

TROUBLE IN BRAZIL

A Revolution Breaks Out and Martial Law Reigns.

AMERICAN SHIPS NEEDED THERE

A Law Depriving the President of the Veto Power the Cause—The Baltimore Said to be in Great Danger.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—A dispatch received here from Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, brings news of what seems to be another revolution. Congress, the dispatch says, is dissolved and martial law proclaimed at Rio de Janeiro and throughout the provinces. The cablegram announces a dictorship has been established in Brazil.

Further dispatches regarding the revolution announced to have broken out in Brazil are anxiously awaited here by the financiers and merchants who have large interests at stake in that country. The hope is expressed that the alarming reports received may not turn out as serious as at present outlined.

Need of American Ships in Brazil.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The reported revolutionary movement in Brazil, accompanied by a declaration of martial law and the establishment of a dictatorship, is likely to cause another demand upon the already strained resources of the navy, for it is regarded as necessary for the protection of American interests that a United States naval force be at hand there, in case of a formidable outbreak. The only vessels attached to the South Atlantic station in the vicinity of Rio de Janeiro are the Essex and Tallahoosa. The first is an old wooden cruiser, the second is worn out and offered for sale. The Boston is somewhere off the Brazilian coast enroute to the Pacific, but it is not probable she will be detained. The Yorktown, however, was at Bahia, Brazil, Saturday and probably will be ordered by cable to remain there or return to Santos, notwithstanding the fact that she also is on her way to the Pacific station. Meanwhile the work of repair on the Newark at Boston is being pressed, and in case of an emergency Admiral Gherardi's flagship, the Philadelphia, now on her way to the West Indies from New York, could be ordered by cable to proceed to Rio de Janeiro.

Cause of the Brazilian Crisis.

LISBON, Nov. 4.—A cipher dispatch from Rio de Janeiro attributes the crisis there to the Brazilian Congress in passing a bill depriving the President of the right of veto. All telegrams are subject to strict censorship.

Troops Guarding Public Buildings.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The *Times'* Rio de Janeiro correspondent says troops are guarding the public buildings.

Nashville Races.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 4.—Thirteen-sixteenths of a mile—Queenie Trowbridge won, Jack Star second, Ora third. Time—1:23.

Mile and one-sixteenth—Hydy won, Hueneme second, Somerset third. Time—1:50.

Handicap, eleven-sixteenths of a mile—Little Billy won, Tom B. second, Ceverton third. Time—1:10.

Handicap, nine furlongs—Van Baren won, Melanie second, Princess Limo third. Time—1:51.

Five furlongs—Clinty won, Alary second, Buckhound third. Time—1:02.

The Baltimore in Serious Danger.

[Special to THE HERALD—Examiner Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The *Sun* publishes the following from London: A private dispatch received from Valparaiso says that the American cruiser Baltimore is in serious danger and that the Chilians, believing war inevitable, will not allow the United States to select their own time to declare war, but will suddenly give Egan his passport and at once attack the Baltimore, so as to have the first blow at advantage. It is not believed among the foreign residents of Valparaiso that the other foreign men-of-war at Valparaiso harbor would permit a treacherous act upon Captain Schley, but would demand that fair notice be given him to quit Valparaiso. Captain Schley, however, is keeping a vigilant outlook.

The Tory press continues to pour the vials of its wrath upon the United States in connection with Chili, the articles being apparently intended rather for consumption in Chili than England or America, and being well calculated to puff that country with a great idea of Chili's capacity for defeating the Americans.

CAPTAIN W. S. SCHLEY OF THE BALTIMORE.

The gentleman of the picture may be heard of again any time in connection with the trouble with Chili. Men of his ship, the Baltimore, were the American seamen assailed in the streets of Valparaiso, and the report written by him is the document on which is based the demands made by the United States government against that of Chili. The latest from the captain, who has become a prominent man so unexpectedly, is that he has applied to the Intendente of Valparaiso to protect the officers and men of his ship who go ashore or necessary business.

An evasive answer having been given by the Chilian official, Captain Schley is reported to be taking such steps as will enforce the proper treatment of officers and men of the Baltimore who may be sent into Valparaiso on business which must be done. The captain is a prudent man, and will avoid giving occasion of offense to the Chilians, but purchases must be made for the use of the ship and communication maintained between him and Minister Egan. These necessary things will be accomplished, and Captain Schley will have the doing of them. If reports as to the heated condition of Chilian feeling towards the United States are not gross exaggerations, more exciting news may be expected from Valparaiso.

Of the difficulty with Chili, generally regarded, the United States can afford to be patient with the weaker power and wait until the Chilian authorities have completed the investigation of the Valparaiso outrage, which is now in progress, before taking occasion to adopt extreme measures. There seems to be no reason to believe that the junta are not acting in good faith in requiring time for investigation, just as our own government assumed the same right in our difficulty with Italy regarding the Italians who were killed by the citizens of New Orleans.

Activity in the Navy.

[Special to THE HERALD—Examiner Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—The Philadelphia, the flagship of the North Atlantic squadron, sailed from the navy yard at Brooklyn at 9:30 yesterday morning on her way to Barbadoes, her first stopping place, in the West Indies. There she will be a thousand miles or so nearer Chili than she is here. The Philadelphia when she got to sea had on board 316 more shells than she ever carried before. Her magazine has been enlarged, the added ammunition being for the 6-inch guns. She has 1,000 rounds of ammunition for her big guns and one hundred armor piercing projectiles. Her armament consists of twelve 6 inch breech-loading rifles, four six-pound rapid firing guns, two one-pound rapid firing guns, three revolving cannon and four Gatling guns. The crew now numbers 360 men.

All the ships at the navy yard are preparing rapidly to go to sea or to be in readiness for orders to do so. The Petrel, which was taking ammunition at Fort Wadworth on Sunday and was on her way to China, was ordered back to the navy yard by a dispatch from Washington.