HE HITS 'EM HARD.

Sam Gilson's Declaration of Independence.

SOME OF THE LIBERAL TRICKS.

The True Character of the Carpet Bag Party Shown Up by An Old-Time Liberal.

I had not intended to say anything, either on the stump, or through the press, but I have been forced to do so by the slurs and imputations cast upon me by the organs of the Carpet-Bag party. It is also due to some of my friends that I should give the reason for the stand I have taken in the present contest.

The reason I am opposing this burlesque carpet-bag parody on Liberalism, is that I am an American in every sense of the word, and I propose to exercise my rights as an American citizen.

I come of a family who came to America in 1612. In every war, both internal and with foreign powers, since their arrival in America, some of the family blood has been spilled. My father fought through the war of 1812, against the armies of England; in 1830-1, he was in the war against the Sacs and Foxes in Illinois. My life has been passed at the outposts of civilization, battling to advance the interests of mankind, and in the establishment of the laws of our country. In 1853, a boy of seventeen, I crossed the plains to California. I worked in Marysville, Oroville, Lynchburg, Sacramento, Gibsonvale, Downeville, Shasta, and have been known in nearly all the cities and towns of that state; in all portions of Nevada, I am known and have been for years. It is an easy matter to trace my record back. My record in this territory is a part of the history of Utah. For the past twenty-one years, I have been acquainted with all the acts of the Liberal party; also with all the actors who took part in that great drama, in which a few men were pitted against the entire Mormon church. I know the record of every man, both good and bad, who took part in what we considered the struggle for liberty. There was a small number whose watch-word was honor. We had, at times, fair minded judges and district attorneys, good as well as corrupt marshals, corrupt judges at times, at times, sets of officers who were all willing to do what was right, to work honestly and fearlessly. A change of administration would send us dishonest judges and marshals who would undo what had taken years to accomplish. Railroads were built and mines developed; the tide of emigration set towards Utah; we filled our ranks; some men were honest, while others were dishonest. In the past, men sacrificed their business, donated their money, allowed themselves to run for office, and be sacrificed—with success. All this, for American principles.

What were the claims of the Liberal party in early days?

We claimed that the laws of the country must be obeyed; that no theocracy should or would be planted on the American continent; that the power of the Mormon church must be abolished; free government must be established in Utah; that the ballot box must be pure and represent the will of the people; church and state must be separated; and entire freedom of speech and press must prevail. We simply demanded what our constitution guaranteed.

This I, with the rest of you, fought for, believing then, as I do now, that we were right. I saw no change in the sentiments of my friends and co-workers until 1888, when there seemed to be a chance for electing some of the officers of the territory.

Corruption commenced to creep in; men with unsavory records were employed to defeat the ends of justice; men whose records would put to blush anything that infested the west in early days. Then it was that after the little band of patriots had made it possible to live and have the rights of American citizens, the newcomers, like the vultures and hyenas of the desert, swooped down after the battle had been won to devour the slain.

What has become of the little band of patriots? Most of them have disappeared from the scene. Some few, however, are seen standing on the high plane of honor and honesty, looking down from that exalted position upon the sickening scenes going on below. Some of the old guard have joined the band of the devouring fiends, and by every possible means are endeavoring to besmirch and throw filth on those who have taken an honest position. Among those who are wallowing in the filth of the rule or ruin mob, who once stood side by side with us, is that despicable paper, the *Daily Tribune*. The men who own and are running that paper have been personally acquainted with me twenty-five years, and they know when they say that I have never done a day's work in my life, or that I am not known to them to be a workingman, that they wilfully and maliciously lie. They know they lie when they say that I am now or ever have been connected in any way with Mr. O'Brien. They know they infamously lie when they say I am a sorehead, and mad because I did not receive an office at the last city election.

I say that each and every one of them are liars when they try to lead people to believe that I am influenced by any but strictly honest convictions.

Let a discriminating public judge.

Mr. Lannan, Mr. Goodwin, Mr. Nelson, do you not know that before the registration closed for the February election, that I came to you and told you of felonies and frauds being perpetrated? Did I not plead with you to stand by our old platform and discountenance frauds? Did I not tell you that after making the fight of twenty years, as honorable men, that we could not afford to come into office by fraud? Did you not agree with me that if what I told you was true, that you would oppose it? Do you not know that those felonies and frauds were committed, as I told you? Has there ever been a word, or a line, in the *Tribune* discountenancing the wrongs perpetrated by the registrars by registering votes in three counties outside of Salt Lake county? Have you ever said anything in opposition to men being registered by proxy? A few days after, did you not labor with me to convince me of my error, and did you not say you had as much right to commit a fraud as the Mormon people? Did I not tell you then and there that it mattered not what the Mormons had done—that it was ours to do right?

Now, you are well aware that this happened immediately after the first parade, and long before the registration ceased, and before any primaries had been had.

Do you or anyone else know of me doing anything looking towards the nomination for any office?

If you do, please speak out in meeting.

It is not my province now to attack any of the parties who stand to-day upon the carpet-bag ticket. It may hereafter be necessary to do so. I know all of these records. But I will say something for the leaders. A word about this party of carpet-bagers, corruption, crimes and concentrated cussedness. It was conceived by an unscrupulous scrub from Michigan, and taken up by a howling mob of genuine carpet-baggers; honest citizens were dazed by red fire, and in the excitement, believing it was an honest move, they yelled "hurrah." The red fires have died out, men's reasons have returned. They see the corruption and deformity of this monstrous organization, and I do not believe they will support the party.

The reasons besides those given above for my opposition to this carpet-barty are as follows:

I am opposed to hiring corrupt politicians to devise felony and fraud. Some of these felonies are as follows: The central committee sent a car through three counties to register voters for Salt Lake city. Those illegal voters' names still remain on the books of the Second precinct, unless removed recently. This is no "Bonfield-Mormon" lie. The *Tribune* gang knows it to be a fact, for I informed them long before Bonfield was known to be in the city. I know and can prove that men were registered and voted who never saw a registrar or took an oath. I know that men were registered who had not acquired a residence in Utah. I know of men who were not allowed to register who possessed every qualification and right that I do—only that they were suspected of voting the People's ticket. I know that the registration officers have acted in the most barefaced and unconscionable manner. I know that everybody who did not fall in with the carpet-bag steal has been classed with Mormons and ostracized. I know and can prove by a Senate document that one leader is a scoundrel. I know that all the leaders of the carpet-bag party have many unsavory records.

I know that one of the central committee is desirious of going to Congress.

Gentlemen of the Liberal party, how is his record?

Can you, my old friends, see by this statement why I am here, and fighting the carpet-bag party?

Gentlemen, you said during the canvass for the February election, that anyone who dared to vote any but the carpet-bag ticket should be drummed into the People's camp to the tune of the rogues's march. I was not drummed into the People's camp by that tune, but I went out a free man, when you insulted "Yankee Doodle" and desecrated "Sherman's March to the Sea." In one of your resolutions in the last convention you said that anyone who votes any but the carpet-bag ticket should be sent out with the brand of Cain upon him.

Gentlemen, I will take the brand.

S. H. GILSON.

MR. LANNAN'S EDITORIALS.

He Is Not Working for the Good of the People, But for Selfish Ends.

To the Editor of THE HERALD.

I want to call public attention to several thoughts that have been suggested by reading the editorials of Mr. Lannan in the *Tribune* of yesterday.

The anti-Mormon element is Christian. It contains a conglomeration of material running from Catholicism down to theosophy. It is mongrel from end to end. The infidel is hitched with the Methodist and the Presbyterian, but it is all Christian. That is, the Christian churches lead the anti-Mormon forces and declare that they will vote for none but Christians. The alleged "Liberal" party takes its medicine from the spoon of priestcraft, as represented by Catholic and Protestant priests. These two bodies represent a power almost infinitely greater and more dangerous than the Mormon priesthood, even supposing the latter to be inimical to the government, which it is not. In so far as the anti-Mormon element has obtained control of Utah, it has simply put the Christian priesthood in place of the Mormon. Now, hierarcy or theocracy is the same everywhere. Under different names it is ever the same. If the Mormon priesthood controlled the votes of its people, as is charged, the Christian priesthood does the same thing. On every side can be heard the crack of the Christian whip flogging the non-Mormon people into line to vote the "Liberal" ticket of the Christian priesthood. But the latter has done nothing since it got into power to warrant the belief that it will or can do better than the Mormons did. All the public improvements made in Salt Lake were begun by the Mormons. Of the many promises made by the Christian priesthood political party the only one carried out is sprinkling the streets, but even that is done by men imported to swell the voting list and even the work itself has been possible only because nature gave us more snow last winter than for years. The new priesthood control has not secured one drop more water for the city than the Mormons had. The new hierarchy has rewarded its men by creating offices and salaries, and it has given to corporations of its henchmen the public streets even against the protest of citizens. It has given away more of the public funds for celebration in six months than the Mormons did in forty years. If, now, the rule of priesthood is wrong what better are the conditions under christian than Mormon rule? It would be well for the working classes to think this matter over and on Monday elect the ticket that represents neither Mormon nor christian priesthood, the Independent Workingmen's ticket.

It sounds strange to hear Mr. Lannan, a devout Christian, belaboring in his paper, with the language of the gutter-scribe, men whose only offense is that they are to exercise the right of free men and vote as they see their duty to themselves. It only shows that Mr. Lannan's paper is not working for the good of the people, but for the spoils of office. Mr. Lannan's paper is not the tribune of civilization, but of a ring of scrub politicians and priests who, having petered out in the east, find pasture in Utah, and can only insure a continuance of their support as beggars and suckers by keeping up the cry that Mormons are disloyal. If the Independent Workingmen do their duty they will teach Mr. Lannan's Billingsgate sheet that it does not own them, if it does carry the supreme court, the governor and all federal officials in Mr. Lannan's trousers—a rather murky place in such weather as we are having.

I notice that $10,000 Powers was preaching at Bingham Wednesday night and tried his tongue again on the bible. There is an old saw to the effect that when the devil quotes scripture folks had better keep their hands on their pocketbooks. The high priced fellow has evidently heard that the Senate document that pulled him down from the coveted judgship in Utah has reached this country. He attempted to forestall it by threatening to put everybody in the penitentiary who should circulate it. That is pretty good evidence that the document contains damaging facts. This campaign will be the last of Mr. Powers as a political leader in Utah. The christian priesthood party cannot carry him. It was he that caused the formation of the Independent Workingmen's party.

Mr. Lannan's editorial on Mr. Wellock's remark about the *Tribune* at the Clift house meeting is characteristic of the ungrateful fellow. It was this same Wellock who made Mr. Lannan's countryman, Dennis Kearney, and gave California the best constitution among the states. It was Wellock who started the investigation that drove two of San Francisco's city officials to suicide. Is Mr. Lannan fearful that Wellock may do the same thing here by starting an investigation of the anti-Mormon ring? It looks a bit that way. Mr. Lannan calls Wellock a "dog" in his editorial, and says he ought to be in a chain gang. Only last winter Mr. Lannan was glad to have the aid of this man. Wellock never made himself a bankrupt to evade payment of an honest debt as Mr. Lannan's creatures have done. He was never dog enough for that.

Mr. Lannan's paper has much to say about the excellence of its Christian-priesthood $10,000-man's convention. How many thousand dollars did McCallum get for setting out to slaughter Kimball and nominate Page? The trick that threw Connor overboard when the convention had him morally nominated was a bit of chicanery worthy of Tammany in the days of Tweed. Connor! Page! Look on this picture and on that! Eagle and mudhen. Page rode into place on what I believe to be a lie. He attempted to rob Phil. Sheridan, in his grave, of the glory of his immortal ride. Sheridan made that ride alone and was alone when he met his fleeing troopers. Alone he rallied them and turned defeat into victory. If the Independent Workingmen do their duty they will send Page riding up salt river.

PAH UTE.

HOUTEN'S COCOA—Largest sale in the world •

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy can always be depended upon, it is pleasant to take and will cure cramp; cholera morbus, dysentery and diarrhœa in their worst forms. Every family should be provided with it during the summer months. 25 cent, 50 cent and dollar bottles sold by Z. C. M. I. drug department. †

DR. HODGES DENTIST.

Dental parlors 81, West First South street. Teeth extracted without pain. *

PRIVATE INSTRUCTIONS IN BOOKKEEPING.

Harry R. Browne, accountant, 251 Main.*

REX III COMING.

Where do you buy your drugs? Remember that Johnson, Pratt & Co. carry a full stock of everything usually found in a first-class drug store, including the purest and best wines and liquors. 48 Main street. *

POLITICS VS. REALTY.

Trying to Scare the Real Estate Agents to Divy Up.

TWO SOLID TO BE DISTURBED.

Judge Colborn's Silly Prediction That the Election of the Liberal Ticket Meant $10,000,000 to Salt Lake.

It was not the intention of this department to dabble in politics, but in so far as certain statements are being made by prominent dealers that real estate will go to the dogs unless politics take a certain turn, it is eminently proper to disarm these alarmists on that score.

The most irrational statement made by any of the alarmists was that of Judge Colborn, in which he predicted that a Liberal victory meant $10,000,000 to Salt Lake.

There is no question but that the big predictions and great expectations of phenomenal results following the February election had much to do with the wild boom that precipitated prices beyond a normal advance. The wild enthusiasts promised more than they performed, and the reaction which set in during the last few months is the earnest of the inflation. Had the prices not been forced by the wildcat boomers who cared nothing for the future, real estate would have continued to gradually advance, giving the dealers an opportunity to close out their holdings at any time at a legitimate profit. Instead of this the values were in many cases quadrupled in a few months, and as a result the investor must wait until the present building boom has sufficiently matured to realize on his investments.

But the damage done by the Liberal enthusiasts was in placing such high values on property that capitalists who came to the city for the purpose of investing were kept from doing so on account of these high values. Had Judge Colborn said that the February election cost the city of Salt Lake $10,000,000 by inflating values and shutting out legitimate investors he would have come nearer to the facts. Men who come to Salt Lake do not care a fig who records their deeds or sits on coroner's inquests.

They examine values and compare them with prices in cities of like population and if the figures are too high they go elsewhere. There was scarcely a day but that investors who came here to invest in land and buildings went away disgusted. While it is the opinion of conservative investors that Salt Lake property is more valuable than that of any other city of similar population—as its future is more promising—yet, the investor likes to have the benefit of part of the prospective advance. There is, however, no cause for alarm as there is but a small part of the property that will not command all that was paid for it, and a great deal will bring a good profit. Those persons who look well into the future will not fear but that Salt Lake will have 150,000 population in a few years.

Its real estate is on too firm a basis to be greatly affected by the contingencies of local politics.

Any person who says that the election of either ticket will affect values to any great degree must think that real estate is a very buoyant commodity, and without any intrinsic value. A safe, conservative government has certainly a great bearing on values, but elections occur at such frequent intervals that it would be very inconvenient to have the bottom fall out because John Jones got one vote less than Tom Pepper.

It was a combination of natural and acquired advantages that made Salt Lake what it is. In this respect it is like a great many other cities. It is not the exception. Cities in Washington territory have had a more phenomenal growth. The largest cities had a steady growth. Cities are not built in a day and Chicago was not the result of a year's boom. The best evidence that Salt Lake will be a great city is its gradual conservative advance. If it had not been for the solid good sense of the old conservative citizens in demanding one-half cash on all property sold, the boomers would have played havoc with the town. There is a dangerous element that would pick the town up by the tail and shake it for its contents, gather up the lucre and fly away, without any concern as to the flatness of things after their departure.

Water Works Sullivan.

Dennis Sullivan, the Denver capitalist who is at the bottom of the water works syndicate in which several Salt Lake men are interested is in the city looking up the chances for capturing the city council. His presence here on the eve of the election is omnous of the interest that schemers take in local politics.

Real Estate Exchange.

At yesterday's call J. L. Perkes offered lots in Englewood and W. H. Sells offered a mortgage of $1,100 carrying 10 per cent.

Bridge Over City Creek Canon.

Says E. L. Crow: "My proposition for a bridge over City Creek cañon to connect the North Bench and the capitol grounds continues to attract the lively attention of property owners in that section and the prospects are all right.

Some few people want to know what good they will get by it, but they seem to see it after a little talk. My explanation is just this:

Here is an impassible chasm, separating two fine residence parts of the city. On the west side the city realized $250,000 for what was sold. On the east side the area improved will be greater in extent and probably worth still more. However, say $500,000 worth of property in all is waiting for a $10,000 bridge. Why an assessment of only 5 per cent on the property would bring in $25,000, and the very day the bridge is assured, up goes the value of all this property perhaps 50 per cent. Talk of snaps, this is one sure.

The city will undoubtedly soon grade the approaches to Capitol hill, and then the approach to the upper north bench will be via Main or State and over this bridge. This route will become the "scenic" pleasure drive. A car line could make big money over this route, work excursion business at once as the distance is so short. I have good reason to believe the city will help us out in this thing as soon as we get together. The council is reasonable enough to see that some share of the $300,000 realized from the sale of lands in those wards should be returned in improvements. We don't intend, however, to leave the matter with the city, as their hands are already full in many directions.

Our Clearing House.

Yesterday's clearings were, $170,514; cash balances, $59,124.

The Sales Made Yesterday.

H. W. Parker to R. W. Parker, lot 42, block 2, Archer & Kullak's subdivision	$ 1,400
W. R. Chanbourne to Lena M. Morlan, part of block 1, Ahrich's subdivision	3,800
George H. Taylor to A. Swensen, 4x10 rods, lot 2, block 37, plat A	1
Coates & Corum to C. H. Vinson, lots 29 and 30, block 1, Coates & Corum's subdivision	900
J. B. Blair to H. Hefner, lot 11, block 1, Blair & Curtis' subdivision	1,000
W. J. A. Timms and wife to Agnes H. Timms, lot 2, block 56, plat D	1
Agnes H. Timms to Harriet Timms, lot 2, block 56, plat D	1
Joseph Masters to C. S. Hallstrom, 3x10 rods, lot 1, block 21, plat B	1
Estate of S. S. Walker deceased to Boyd Park, lots 34 and 35, block 1, Walker's subdivision	1,170
ElDorado Land and Water company to Bertha Homuth, lots 7 and 8, block 12, plat A	200
Edward Stomnes to C. A. Larson, 136-160 acres, section 1, township 2 south, range 1 west	750
L. P. Kelsey et al. to G. Jones, lots 14 and 15, block 1, Kelsey & Gillespie's subdivision of block 41, plat C	1,250
E. W. Senior to F. L. Leslie, lot 10, block 33, plat A	100
Salt Lake rock company to LeGrande Young, section 24 and other property in township 1 north, range 1 east	1
W. H. H. Spafford and wife to Sarah L. Siegel, 3x7, lot 2, block 54, plat B	3,000
Total	$12,575

Notes.

George McCarroll, of Lynch & McCarroll, has gone to the Sweetwater country, Colorado, to get a fresh batch of fish and bear stories.

CLIFT HOUSE.

Located Cor. Main and Third South Streets.

The Clift is the best $2 per day house west of Chicago. Rooms large, cool and airy, new and handsome furniture, electric lights and all the latest conveniences and accessories. Dining hall spacious and perfect in its appointment. Table first class. Rooms may be secured by telegraph.

ANDREW C. BRIXEN & BRO., Props.

PERSONAL MENTION.

W. L. RAKER is up from Lehi.

T. E. HATTON is down from Logan.

MRS. HENRY SEAMAN is in from Rockport.

COMMISSIONER SANDERS is again at the Continental.

RICHARD DINSDIN came down from Bountiful yesterday.

C. H. RAMPTON came down from Bountiful yesterday.

MR. J. M. BONNER and Miss Bonner are at the Cullen.

MR. D. E. DUSTIN, wife and Miss Dustin, are at the Cullen.

CHIEF OF POLICE INMAN, of Denver, is at the Continental.

MISS MAY TOMPKINS of Eureka is registered at the White house.

MRS. MATILDA MARSH, of Payson, paid a visit to Salt Lake yesterday.

DENNIS SULLIVAN, the waterworks magnate of Denver, Colo., is at the Walker.

MR. OTH HUDSON, wife and family, are sojourning in the city, stopping at the White house.

CHARLES C. HILL, C. H. Graham and C. R. Holden, prominent mining men of Denver, Col., are at the Walker.

JOHN JONES, superintendent of the Spanish Fork Co-operative store, was in town among old friends yesterday.

W. R. VICE, of the California Athletic club, was in Salt Lake yesterday. An evening paper referred to him as being connected with the Golden Gate Athletic club.

AT THE HOTELS.

THE CULLEN—D. E. Dustin and wife, Kansas City; Miss E. Dustin, Kansas City, G. W. Doshar, Ogden; T. A. Beal and wife, London, Eng.; Daniel Dwight, Miss Mary Dwight, Dudley, Mass.; T. S. Smith, San Francisco; A. M. Smith, Ogden; W. E. Rocker, Lehi; B. Buchman, Provo; R. W. Cross, J. W. Herrington, Ogden; M. S. Aschepm, Park City; M. Idleman, Cheyenne; J. M. Bonner, Miss Bonner, New York; M. C. Stanton, Joliet, Ill.; W. R. Vice, M. Adeisdorf, San Francisco; E. M. McDaniel, Ogden; J. H. Avey, Oakloma, Ia.; E. C. Emery, Chicago.

THE WALKER—Gus Kahn, Philadelphia, Pa.; C. C. Van Etten, New York; W. P. Kooser, Somerset, Pa.; J. H. Brancley Ouray, Colo.; J. Siegel, New York; R. H. Kavanagh, San Francisco; H. G. Moore, Miss G. Moore, Nevada, Mo.; H. M. Slawson and wife, Coldwater, Mich; H. Ready and wife, Nasnville, Tenn.; Mrs. S. F. Brown, Miss M. Lushart, Miss P. Borgan, Trinidad, Colo.; C. Henderson, San Francisco; E. L. Baldwin, Detroit; J. E. Clinton, Nephi; D. Sullivan, Denver; Chas. W. Smith, C. H. Graham, Philadelphia, Pa.; C. C. Hill, Leadville; R. R. Holden, E. B. Kirly, Denver; D. Thomas, Omaha; Mrs. L. Conder, Mrs. H. Johnson, Chicago.

THE CLIFF—J. W. Walters, La Plata, Neb.; J. N. Pierce, Pocatello; W. Edwards, John Dudley, James James, Jas B. Smith, Park City; F. M. Prion, Hartford; P. L. Porter, C. G. Leo, Chicago; J. Hatchett, G. Hatchett, Gunisburg, Colo.; T. Collins, wife and daughter, Troy, N. Y.; Wm. Powers and family, Fort Scott, Kansas; M. Phillips, E. Markes, Redding, Colo; Frank Peed, Rock Springs; J. W. Canary, Leadville, Colorado; H. Hampton, Denver; T. J. Olsen, A. Olsen, American Fork; Mrs. Gauge, mother and child, Nephi; J. G. Shervol, M. J. Silver, Lincoln, Neb.; W. C. Gaynor, Ogden; H. Goodhue, B. M. Robbins, William Rankin, Atchison, Ks.; F. P. Malone, Rawlins, Wyo.; J. W. Callaway, Leadville, Colo.; D. G. McGuiley, Wood's Cross; J. N. Price, N. Persell, Pocatello, Idaho; N. Heart, Cleveland, O.; S. Smith, Salida, Colo.; T. E. Roach, Chicago, Ills.; W. W. Selbey, San Francisco; John Scott, Denver; A. J. McPeak, Nebraska; J. O. Morgan, Soda Springs.

THE CONTINENTAL—D. Fordonski, Springville; Peter Clays, J. Stewart, C. Ryan, Bingham; R. D. Cooper, E. W. Cooper and wife, Miss W. P. Cooper, Miss E. Crossett, Independence, Oregon; O. M. Pope, M. E. Pope, J. L. Pope, Forest City, Oregon; Miss J. C. McAlpin, Pendleton, Oregon; Morris Beck, Huntington, Oregon; Miss N. L. Smith, Ogden; Samuel T. Inman, Miss E. E. Inman, Miss K. J. Inman, Dewitt Inman, John J. Hoddart, Denver; J. M. Bonner, Miss Bonner, New Orleans; L. H. Whitey, J. M. Barnett, W. D. Sturns, Grand Rapids; E. Pelton, Denver; G. L. Hooper, Portland; Mrs. Halsted, Ogden; M. Weiner, Buffalo, N. Y.; G. C. Carpenter, Omaha; G. F. Penbale, Denver; C. R. Kelsey and wife, Rock Springs; C. G. David, New York; A. H. Bohn, St. Louis; G. E. Mance and wife, Miss Mance, Ogden; E. M. Jackson, Richmond; W. Nash, Evanston; Miss Nelson, A. Saunders, Omaha; P. F. Dodds, Mount Pleasant; G. F. Bennett and wife Ogden; G. H. Waterbury, Denver; F. C. King, Kansas City; W. H. Jennings, Cincinnati; A. J. Wilcox, New York; Mrs. D. Babcock, Monmouth, Ill.; L. G. Hart, Leadville, Colo.; J. Walsh, L. B. Dare, Ogden; J. O. Staats, Coving, Ia.; G. B. Robbins and wife, Chicago; L. H. Kimball, Miles, Iowa.

THE WHITE—A. O. Bird, Springville; O. Studson, wife and family, Lehi; J. Sparks, Miss Kate Thompson, Nevada; J. A. Almquist and wife, San Francisco; Joe Huffer, North Platte; Miss Slater, Stockton; H. C. Ledgerwood, Mrs. L. A. Scoville, Miss Scoville, E. B. Jones, Bingham; Miss May Simpkins, Eureka; C. S. King, Ogden; Charles Stahl and wife, San Francisco; C. M. Owens, C. G. Pitschke, Denver; George N. Smith, Armenia, N. D.; J. H. Smith, Aspen, Colo.; W. A. Jones, D. Cowley, Kansas City; D. K. Knox, Spokane Falls; S. W. Gailsey, E. Atkins, Helena; A Johnson, J. Hendrikton, Bingham; J. B. Smith, Portland; T. E. Hatton, Logan; Miss B. Moore, Evanston; G. Johnson, Ogden; T. Nugent and son, Murray; N. G. Faust, Huntington, Ind.; Miss J. Hogelson, H. Smith, Denver; J. Savage, Jacksonville, Ill.

WHITE HOUSE,

corner of Main and Second South. Most central location of any hotel in the city. Opposite postoffice. Union ticket and Pullman office in the hotel. Newly remodled and furnished throughout. Table unsurpassed. Electric light, bells and all modern conveniences. Terms $2 to $2.50 per day.

H. L. HALL, Prop.

ARRIVAL AND CLOSING OF MAILS AT SALT LAKE CITY POSTOFFICE.

July 12, 1890.

MAILS.	ARRIVAL AT DEPOT	CLOSE AT OFFICE.
Western, via U. P. Ry	3:30 a.m.	7:10 a.m.
Eastern, via R. G. W	6:55 p.m.	10:00 a.m.
Eastern, through pouch, Denver and Aspen	7:40 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
Western	10.45 a.m.	7:45 p.m.
Ogden	10:40 a.m.	7:10 a.m.
Ogden		4:00 p.m.
Ogden	7:20 p.m.	7:45 p.m.
North and Northwest	7:30 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
Park City	10:30 a.m.	7:10 a.m.
Park City		4:00 p.m.
Southern	4:45 p.m.	6:10 a.m.
Southern closed pouch, Milford, Frisco and beyond	10:00 a.m.	3:15 p.m.
Bingham Cañon and West Jordan	4:30 p.m.	6:40 a.m.
Tooele County	3:45 p.m.	7:10 a.m.
Alta and Wasatch	6:50 p.m.	6:10 a.m.

General Delivery	8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.
Carriers' Window	6:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.
Sunday and holiday hours	11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.
Carriers' Sunday	12:00 m. to 1:00 p.m.

BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!

Builders will do well to call at our yard, examine the material in its make up, and they will be convinced of the superior quality, shape and color of our brick. Furnished in any quantity on short notice. Utah Manufacturing and Building company. Yard at Mill creek. Address Salt Lake City.

San Francisco to Salt Lake, Summit vineyard wines, at 213 Main, next P. O. *

BUT ONE SURE AID.

Glogged Kidneys, Sluggish Liver.

and inactive bowels, speedily manifest in the vitiated and innutritious blood how far impaired are the vital organs, each of which, while seriously affecting the others, is in itself reacted upon disastrously, either directly or through the blood, by all the rest. Medical science is infinitely richer in the nomenclature of the diseases thus induced than in medicines for their cure. There is indeed but one preparation that can be relied upon to act certainly and speedily for the restoration to health and that is Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. In a vast number of cases it has effected cures of the most obstinate and dangerous diseases—particularly those of the kidneys and liver—where all other treatment had proved valueless. For sale by Z. C. M. I. drug store. *

THE AGONY IS OVER.

The County Board Will Hear No More Complaints.

JUDGE BARTCH ON REDUCTION.

He Is Followed by Smith and Howe, Who Go Him One Better—Some Complaints.

The agony is over.

At least in so far as the dear public is concerned.

The dear creatures representing the various abstract companies, who have for so long illumined the probate and county court rooms with their presence, but who were unceremoniously bounced by Judge Bartch in order to make room for taxpayers with grievances, may now return to their old haunts, and the halls and nooks and corners will take on a deserted look.

Although the hearing of complaints has been closed, the work of the board is not by any means over. On Wednesday next, at 10 a.m., they will commence the consideration of the list of protests filed, and which have not yet been acted upon.

There are some knotty problems to be solved, some very peculiar ideas to unravel.

THE WILLIAMSON ESTATE.

As executors of the estate of J. M. Williamson, Boyd Park and Joseph R. Walker protested against the tax on the property of the estate, which this year amounts to $240.33, as against $95.70 a year ago. This they say is an advance of 300 per cent., besides being onerous and unequal, for the reasons that the property is about all there is to support the widow (who is an insane person) and her sister (who is an idiot), while in their opinion, if proper justice were done, they would be supported at the charge of the county and territory.

They ask in view of the above that the tax be remitted. The valuation was not reduced, but the board will consider the question of remitting.

MR. CARTER PROTESTS.

W. A. Carter protested against his assessment of $3,000 on block 190, plat D, which he was willing to sell for $1,400. He also asked that the assessment on some lots in Ehrich's subdivision be reduced from $6,000 to $2,500.

THE BURNED OPERA HOUSE.

Joseph R. Walker and M. H. Walker, executors of the estate of S. S. Walker, deceased, make a general protest, and ask be remitted. They consider that they are that the taxes on the burned opera house not equally assessed with other property holders; that the tax is a burdensome one and totally uncalled for under the circumstances; that it is out of all proportion with last year's.

HE IS TOO RICH.

M. H. Walker also objects, and thinks he is assessed as being $87,900 richer than he was last year.

A PECULIAR CASE.

Jos R. Walker believes that he is assessed 39,500 in excess of last year, and concludes as follows: "We ask your honorable board to make a fair and equitable adjustment of the same, and would respectfully suggest that your honorable body take the necessary steps to make a fair and equitable adjustment of a grievous tax if you have to cause the rate per cent. to be cut down, say to three to four mills on the dollar, in place of seven mills, as I presume you cannot go beyond the law, to reduce the cash value of the property. I believe that by doing this you will avert inevitable law-suits to settle the same."

Just what Mr. Walker means by the above suggestion, that the tax be cut down from seven mills to three or four, is hard to understand. It may be that he has an idea that the county tax is 7 mills; if so, he is greatly mistaken, for it is two mills. If, on the other hand, he is aware of the fact that the entire tax is 7 mills, then is he equally mistaken in supposing that the county has a right to fix a territorial tax.

JUDGE BARTCH'S IDEAS.

The last complaint having been heard—a lady who said she was really unable to pay the tax; who said she was not a widow, "but just about as good, as her husband had been very ill for a long time." Judge Bartch coughed and said he had watched the proceedings of the board with considerable interest; that the assessor had been honest in making the assessments, that he had done good work—as good as any man could have done under the circumstances—he had no fault to find with the assessor—but really, it did seem to him as though the assessment on real property was too high. He did not know how the other members of the board would view the matter, but individually, it struck him that the right and proper thing to do under the circumstances would be to reduce the assessed valuation about 10 per cent. He thought this because he had made comparison with other counties. He had no motion to make, but merely threw this suggestion out as a feeler.

Judge Smith was rather inclined to the belief that the personal property should be included as well, but Judge Bartch begged to differ.

Judge Smith then saw Judge Bartch on the first proposition, and sent him one letter by saying that if it could be done lawfully he would favor a general reduction of from 15 per cent. to 20 per cent.

Selectman Howe, said, "Me, too," and the board adjourned until Wednesday next at 10 a. m.

In the Probate Court.

Estate of A. P. Saderbing; continued till August 1, at 10 a. m.

Estate of Nells Lindberg; continued till August 5.

ARE YOU AWARE

That many diseases prevail in the spring and summer? Head them off by taking Garfield Tea. Z. C. M. I, drug department. Samples free.

ATTENTION.

For sale—four new cottages, with closets artesian water, outbuildings, etc. Lots 40x137, corner Second South and Eighth West streets, two blocks from D. & R. G. depot. Only $500 each cash, balance in payments from one to five years. Stop paying rent, but buy a home on easy terms.

LOUIS F. KULLAK,

• 212 S. Main street, up stairs.

BOILS—BLOOD DISORDER.

I had been troubled with boils which came out on my ears, neck, and in fact all over my body. I tried everything and could get no relief until I was advised by my neighbor, T. N. Arnold, to try Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, made at Rondout, N. Y. After using it less than three months, I can say I am fully cured. I feel so greatful at the relief that I shall be glad to recommend it to anyone suffering from impure and poisoned blood. SAMUEL GRADY, No. 20 Caledonia ave., Rochester, N. Y. For sale by Z. C. M. I. drug store. *

THE DOCTORS HAVE COME.

First Three Months Free of Charge.

A staff of eminent English physicians and surgeons have arrived in Salt Lake city and are permanently located at their residence, No. 135E. First South street. All who visit these eminent doctors before August 1, will receive services until September 1 free of charge. The only favor desired is a recommendation from those whom they cure. They treat all diseases and deformities, but in no instance will an incurable case be accepted. If your disease is beyond all hope they will frankly tell you so; also, caution you against spending more money for useles treatment. Remember the dates and go early, for their offices are crowded from morning till night. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

P. S.—This government staff of English physicians and surgeons is incorporated by an act of legislature. •

SILVER BROS' IRON WORKS.

No. 149 West North Temple. •

IS HE THE COMING MAN?

James Corbett, Who "Knocked Out" Kilrain and Longs to Try Sullivan.

Since the day when James Corbett's big fist left its mark on Jake Kilrain's face one man's stock has been going down and another's has been steadily climbing upwards.

JAMES CORBETT.
[From The Police Gazette.]

Whether it will continue to climb or suddenly come to a stop depends to a great extent on the present champion, John L. Sullivan. The ruling question at present is: "What is Corbett's position with reference to Sullivan?" Corbett evidently feels confident of his position, for he has not only offered to meet the champion, but to best him in four rounds or forfeit the entire receipts. This is a ridiculous offer, for the man never lived who could down John L. in four Queensberry rounds.

The admirable likeness of Corbett which is given with this sketch is taken from The Police Gazette. It shows him in fighting trim. He was born in San Francisco Nov. 6, 1866. When 14 years of age he entered a banking establishment, where he remained six years. At the age of 20 he was the amateur champion heavyweight boxer of the Pacific slope and a member of the Olympic Athletic club. Many inducements were held out to him to become its instructor, but he hesitated to become a professional.

However, the big salary finally won him over, and he resigned his position of bookkeeper in the Nevada bank and accepted the office. As a professional he has met and defeated fifteen men in finish fights. He defeated Joe Choynski, the well known heavyweight, on four occasions. His fight with Billy Wilson raised him another notch, and his easy victory over Kilrain established his claim to championship honors.

A Woman's Dream.

On Warren avenue, in Chicago, lives a good old lady at the home of her only son, a business man in fairly comfortable circumstances. This is the story the old lady tells:

"It was twenty years ago. We lived, my husband and I, with the children, on a little farm near the Wabash river. My husband went away with the wheat one April, hauling all he had to sell in the big wagon. He was to be back Saturday night, and I sat up for him. The children had gone to bed, but I had a little supper all ready for him, and sat before the fire knitting. It was away past midnight, and I was so drowsy I finally went to sleep in the rocking chair. The night was pretty chilly, and I seemed to feel the cold.

"Presently I dreamed I was about my work, shivering, when I heard my husband throw an armful of wood in the box behind the stove, and I thought, 'Now I can have a fire.' I turned to speak to him, but he was gone, and while I wondered how he could have put down the wood and gotten away so soon I heard another sound like wood falling in a box, though no one was near it. Then I waked up. The fire was out and the clock showed it was two hours past midnight. I was a good deal worried, but went to bed. Next morning they brought my husband's body home. He had been struck and killed by the night express while crossing the track on his way home, and his watch showed that the awful accident had happened at just 2 o'clock."—Chicago Herald.

How to Speak Japanese.

Japanese seems to be a tolerably easy language to learn, after all. The following, under the heading of "The Japanese Language in One Lesson," is from The Japan Herald: "'Arimas' means everything. 'Arimasen' means nothing. 'Wakarimas' means to understand in all its moods, tenses, persons, etc. It is a whole conjugation in one word. 'Wakarimasen' is the opposite of 'Wakarimas.' 'Dekimas' means unlimited potentiality, past, present and future, and can be made to express anything. It also is a whole conjugation in itself, and can be applied to everything and everybody (yourself included). 'Dekimasen' means, of course, everything that 'dekimas' doesn't mean. 'Ka' is a vocal note of interrogation, and can be tacked on to anything. 'Ano-ne' can be thrown in anywhere to make conversation.

"After going through the above course the student is competent to say anything. When being spoken to or answered it is advisable to exclaim 'Ho!' (long), 'hai' (medium), or 'ha' (short), which expresses surprise, wonder, assent, sympathy, absorbing interest, honor—in fact, the whole gamut of the feelings, care being taken to ejaculate it in a different tone every time (minor scales preferable), with a varied and appropriate facial expression, the cue for which must be taken from the face of the speaker. When the student is not speaking this word properly played upon will keep the other man going all the time."

Perverse Tailors.

One of the most perverse beings in the city of New York is a man's tailor. The tailor makes man's clothes, but it requires an unusual amount of persistency on the part of the man to have the tailor make the clothes in any other way than as the tailor wishes. Especially does the tailor object to making clothes in the way that the customer wants them. One of the tailors on Madison square undertook to make a coat and a pair of trousers. He took the measurement all right. The coat and trousers were tried on; neither of them fitted. The tailor was told to alter them; they were finished without alterations. They were returned to be altered. The tailor sent them back with word that they had been altered. This process was repeated twice, until the customer went to the tailor's and told him that the legs of the trousers should be made half an inch longer. The trousers were returned without the legs having been made half an inch longer. In the trousers pocket was a memorandum paper by the tailor, "Make right leg only quarter of an inch longer." The tailor had his own way about the trousers at last.—New York Sun.

Soothing Power of a Nurse's Hand.

"I will tell you when there is agitation in the sick room," said a nurse. "It is when the women of the household think that a male patient is fond of a nurse. It is often the case that a sick man, exhausted and feeble, clinging to life like a drowning man to a straw, will want to hold your hand. Now, in such cases my hand performs the same sort of duty that the straw would. I let the patient hold it as I would let a baby hold my watch charm. But if it is the son of the house, and the women folks see it, they literally raise the roof." If it is the head of the house, and they see it and offer any objections, he generally does the roof raising act. I know of a case where the night nurse of a very famous man, who died not long since, could not get him to sleep without sitting by his side and letting him hold her hand. He was afraid he would die if he went to sleep, and he clutched her hand with a grip that left marks of his fingers on it."—Interview in New York Press.

Men of the Hour.

The memoir of an old Italian navigator ends with these words: "His voyages brought no advantage to his country because he was a dreamer and not a man of affairs. Though he had been all over the world he never was in it."

Of Goethe, on the contrary, it was said: "He seized the passing hour as a bee does a flower, held it, wrestled with it, sucked it dry of all its honey and then left it behind forever."

The world has use for the man who looks forward, who is in advance of his time, who gathers facts which another who comes after him may cause to yield their lesson, who theorizes and speculates and discovers new laws.

But it is among the men who live in the present and make it their aim to influence their own generation that we find the Gladstones, the Bismarcks, the Websters, the Lincolns—all the men who force the world to call them great.—Youth's Companion.

Identified by Her Laugh.

The peculiarities of detection and identification were being discussed by several gentlemen when one of them said: "I know of a remarkable case that occurred not long ago. My wife was down town shopping. While in a Farnam street dry goods store something occurred that caused her to laugh heartily, whereupon two or three ladies issued from an adjoining room, and one of them exclaimed, much to the surprise of my wife: 'That's Mary Rhinecker! I know that laugh.' She was right. My wife's name before we were married nineteen years ago was Rhinecker. This lady had not seen her since she was a girl, but remembered her laugh well enough to know its familiar tones instantly. Don't you call that a remarkable incident?"—Omaha Bee.

When She Wears No Sleeve.

Crusty—Beauty! Bah! Don't hunt for beauty when you're looking for a marriageable girl, my boy. Beauty wears her heart upon her sleeve, you know.

Youngblood — Indeed! Then where does she wear it at dress receptions?—Lawrence American.

WHAT IS

SCROFULA

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or the many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. Some of these cures are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula, be sure to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"My daughter Mary was afflicted with scrofulous sore neck from the time she was 22 months old till she became six years of age. Lumps formed in her neck, and one of them after growing to the size of a pigeon's egg, became a running sore for over three years. We gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla, when the lump and all indications of scrofula entirely disappeared, and now she seems to be a healthy child." J. S. CARLILE, Nauright, N. J.

N. B. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

RECEIVER'S SALE OF SHEEP.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE supreme court of Utah territory, in the case of the United States against the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and others, I will receive sealed bids (marked "Proposals for Sheep.") at my office, No. 79 West First South street, Salt Lake city, Utah, until Saturday noon, August 30, 1890, for the purchase of about

24,000 Head of Good Stock Sheep.

The sheep are in good order and herded in different parts of Utah territory, as follows:

About 12,000 head (in four herds) on Chalk creek, twenty miles east of Coalville, Summit county, in charge of Receiver's herders. (The above sheep have been recently dipped).

About 111 head of graded bucks, near same place.

About 7,000 head, in charge of James B. Hunter, Mount Pleasant, Sanpete county.

About 5,000 head in charge of Samuel Bennion estate, herded in Wasatch county.

375 head in charge of Charles Petersen, Herriman, Salt Lake county, now herded near Wasatch, Summit county.

Four (4) sheepherder's wagons and covers, nearly new.

Three (3) horses.

Two (2) sets double harness.

Two (2) herder's tents.

Two (2) No. 7 cook stoves, and camp outfit for eight men now being used at the Receiver's herds on Chalk creek, east of Coalville.

Bidders will state a uniform price per head for sheep and lambs.

Bids will be received for separate and distinct herds of sheep as now herded in the different localities, or bids will be received for the entire lot.

Bidders will be required to give references as to their ability to make good their contracts and be ready to receive the sheep within three days after acceptance of their bids. Sheep to be delivered at their respective herd grounds at date of sale.

TERMS OF SALE, CASH.

One-tenth of purchase money to be paid on acceptance of bids and balance on delivery of sheep.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

HENRY W. LAWRENCE, Receiver.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, July 31, 1890.

Utah Brewery,

317 N. Second West St.,

Manufacturers of the Celebrated Beverages,

MARGETTS' Ale and Porter.

MALT AND HOPS AND BREWERS' SUPPLIES

Always on Hand.

Goods Delivered on Shortest Notice Free to Any Part of the City.

Leave Orders for Our Goods at Philip Margetts' Wine Depot and Margetts Bros.' Book Store.

Estate of R. B. MARGETTS.