As a Matter of Course.

The Herald published the fullest and the only accurate election returns. If you didn't read The Herald you didn't read correct figures.

THE SALT LAKE HERALD

Next Sunday's Herald,

Will, as usual, be the best Sunday paper published in the intermountain states. There will be something good for every class of readers.

TWENTY-EIGHTH YEAR | SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1897 | NUMBER 345

UTE CHIEFS ARE DANDY INDIANS

No Nobler Aborigines Ever Seen in Washington.

INTERVIEWED BLISS, TALKED ALLOTMENTS

It Is Believed They Will Carry Back a Favorable Report.

Final Talk Takes Place This Afternoon—Colorow the Only Chief Whose Course Seems to Be in Doubt—Atichee Won Over to Allotment—Uncompahgres Were Not Concerned in Recent Trouble—Fight at Thompson's Much Exaggerated.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, Nov. 4.—Secretary of the interior Illies returned from New York this morning. Early this afternoon Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones called on him to make arrangement for the presentation of the Uncompahgre chiefs. The Indians have been here awaiting their coming for nearly two weeks. The secretary, therefore, promptly arranged to expedite their presentation and set 4 o'clock this afternoon for their first hearing. The formal presentation of the chiefs occurred at that hour.

They all appeared in the secretary's office wearing citizens' clothes and making a

FINE APPEARANCE.

They are as good looking a body of Indians as have been introduced to any secretary in many years. The principal chief, Chavaneaux, was especially noticed, as he passed through the marble corridors of the great interior department building. He has a strongly marked face and sturdy figure that occasioned many admiring comments.

On arriving in the secretary's room the Indians took seats on the richly upholstered divans of the secretary's room. They were accompanied by Allotment Commissioner Jeffreys, Captain W. H. Beck, the Indian agent at the reservation, Sub-agent Gogarty, and the interpreter, Alhandra. McAndrews was absent.

The secretary received the chiefs cordially, each being introduced in turn by Captain Beck. The statute providing for the

UNCOMPAHGRE ALLOTMENTS

was read, translated and its meaning explained. The secretary told Chavaneaux and his associate chiefs that he was glad they had come on to Washington to talk over the matter of the allotments. He assured them that while he represented the authority of the government and must enforce the laws, he was also the representative of the Indians and should take care to see that their interests were fully and adequately protected.

Only two of the chiefs spoke, Chavaneaux and Colorow, each expressing the pleasure it had given them to come to the capital to talk the matter over with the heads of the government, and confidence that all matters of difference would be disposed of as a result of the visit. The secretary then arranged with the Indians for a full and

FINAL TALK

at 4 o'clock tomorrow, and the interview came to a close.

It is believed that the Indians will carry back to the reservation an unanimously favorable report. The only chief whose course seems to be at all in doubt is Colorow, who is to some extent influenced and controlled by Red Moon.

Atichee, who was reported to be opposed to allotment, appears to have been favorably impressed by what he has seen and heard while here, and is likely to favor the allotment. Chavaneaux and McCook will act together, and are known to be favorable to accepting the situation and allowing the allotment to proceed without further opposition.

PEACEABLE INDIANS.

Wyasket, the war chief of the Uncompahgres, who is a brother of Chief Chavaneaux, has sent a telegram to Commissioner Guffy at Fort Duchesne relative to the troubles in the reservation. The commissioner has forwarded the information in the following dispatch to Captain Beck:

"Wyasket has telegraphed me to say to you and those with you that the Uncompahgres are not concerned in recent troubles and have no feeling whatever."

The chiefs will leave for home Saturday night. On the return trip Captain Beck will stop a short time at Denver, and before returning to the reservation Gogarty will spend some time with his family at Salt Lake.

TROUBLE EXAGGERATED.

Fight at Thompson's Raised More Talk Than Hair.

(Special to The Herald.)

Lilly Park, Colo. (via Vernal, Utah), Nov. 4.—Thompson's ranch is at last reached after six days' riding in mud and slush. His haystacks and barns were burned as reported in dispatches, but from all that could be learned by examination of the ground around the place, it is not believed that the Indians had any hand in the affair. There has been no snow or rain to obliterate tracks and other places where Indians were known to have been. Their tracks were plainly visible, but no signs could be found around Thompson's of the visitation of Indians. Mr. Thompson himself said that he in no wise blamed the Indians for his loss; that it was a white man, in his opinion, who took advantage of the Indian scare to do a malicious act. He is so fully convinced of this that he intends having the man arrested as a firebug.

When Vaughn's ranch was passed by the command, all the settlers of Lilly park and the surrounding country were gathered there, but since the arrival of Captain Wright and his soldiers, they have all returned to their homes. If the sending of regulars to Lilly park had no other effect, it restored confidence to the people, thereby thoroughly scouring the country and ascertaining that no Indians remained. The troops have been scouting the country for two days and find no recent indication of Indians, and Mr. Vest, the minister from Ouray agency, has just arrived and reports that all the Indians are on the reservation. After looking over the country and hearing Captain Wright's report, he returns to Duchesne fully convinced that the trouble is entirely over in Colorado.

Your correspondent visited the Indian camp where the recent slaughter of unarmed and defenseless Indians occurred. The ground was marked by three separate stains of blood, marking the place where the Indians had fallen after the terrible onslaught of the game wardens. From the number of lodge poles, there were about eight tepees in this camp, and the scene of confusion which met the eye showed only too plainly of the hurried manner in which the survivors left the country. Buckskins, moccasins, saddles, camp equipment, etc., had been abandoned in their flight.

Captain Wright starts on the homeward trip tomorrow satisfied that there is no further danger to the settlers. The whole trouble amounts to this: Game wardens murdered two Indian bucks and wounded two squaws; a white man burned another white man's hay and barns

CLOCKS STOPPED IN MONTANA

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS FRIGHTEN OUR NEIGHBORS.

Nothing More Serious Than the Anger of Housewives Over Broken Dishes and Window Panes.

(Special to The Herald.)

Pocatello, Ida., Nov. 4.—From Silver Bow, Mon., south as far as Monida on the line of the Oregon Short Line, two shocks of earthquake were felt this morning, one at 2:25 lasting about 45 seconds, the other at 7 o'clock.

At Divide, 20 miles south of Silver Bow, the shock was quite severe, but no damage was done.

At Dillon the people exhibited considerable fear; the buildings swayed to and fro, clocks stopped and dishes rattled and the town was pretty thoroughly aroused. The walls of the court house were cracked and plaster broken off.

At Red Rock broken windows and dishes gave evidence of the shocks.

A number of time pieces at Lima indicated the time of the visitations and required a fresh start, while glassware rattled and more or less anxiety was felt by the inhabitants.

Flower pots were shaken from their stands at Monida and the sway of the depot building was very perceptible. Nothing of a serious nature has been reported.

LOVERING'S CHARACTER

Described by Those Who Knew Him at Boise Barracks.

(Special to The Herald.)

Boise, Ida., Nov. 4.—Captain Lovering, whom the president today ordered court-martialed for the injuries inflicted upon Private Hammond at Fort Sheridan, was for two years stationed at Boise, being transferred to Sheridan with his regiment less than a year ago. Men who knew him at Boise barracks here, say he was ordinarily mild-mannered, but when mad became greatly excited and appeared to lose his head entirely. At such times he became very violent and swore like a pirate at the trembling objects of his wrath.

NOTABLE DEAD.

"Colonel Rip Ford."

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 4.—Colonel John S. Ford, known throughout Texas as "Colonel Rip Ford, the Indian fighter," has died at his home after a month's illness. Colonel Ford was stricken with paralysis Oct. 1, since which time he gradually sank. The deceased was 82 years of age, a native of South Carolina, from which state he emigrated to Texas in 1836.

Prof. George F. Holmes.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 4.—Professor George Frederick Holmes, of the University of Virginia, died here at 2 o'clock today.

THE HUDSON DISASTER.

Coroner's Investigation Going on at Cold Springs.

Cold Springs, N. Y., Nov. 4.—The coroner's inquest into the cause of the death of the 21 victims of the recent disaster on the New York Central railroad near Garrison, was resumed here tonight. The most important testimony was that of Michael Clare, a former section master, and three men who had worked under him on the Garrison section. They testified that the embankment which collapsed had always been troublesome, and that parts of two walls previously built there to retain the roadbed had slid over into the river.

The railroad company's attorneys were not permitted to examine the witnesses, though they desired to show that Clare had been discharged for inebriety.

The Capetown Railway.

Capetown, Nov. 4.—A dispatch from Buluwayo says the newly constructed Buluwayo railroad was formally opened today in the presence of Sir Alfred Miller, governor of Cape Colony and high commissioner of South Africa, and a large assemblage of South African officials, railway magnates and capitalists.

A cable message of congratulation was received by Sir Alfred Milne from Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, British secretary of state for the colonies. Cecil Rhodes, owing to illness, was unable to be present at the ceremonies, but his name and that of Mr. Chamberlain were cheered with the greatest enthusiasm.

The Blair Road.

New York, Nov. 4.—The Mail and Express says: It is reported this afternoon that at a meeting of the directors of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad, held in this city today, arrangements were made to obtain control of the Blair, otherwise known as the Kansas City, Osceola & Southern. This line, runs from Kansas City to Osceola, a distance of 112 miles, and by building a spur, the 'Frisco could connect with it, and thereby secure an entrance into Kansas City.

Saved From Lynching.

Ripley, W. Va., Nov. 4.—John Morgan, confessed murderer of the Green family, was indicted today by the grand jury and his trial will begin tomorrow before Judge Blizzard. Nothing but this promptness could have prevented his being lynched. Miss Katie Green, the only one of the family that was not killed outright last Tuesday night, died today, making a clean sweep of the family of four in Tuesday night's tragedy.

THE UNION PACIFIC

Amount Received by the Government From the Sale.

IT IS NEARLY $54,000,000

SALE OF THE KANSAS BRANCH SET FOR DECEMBER 16.

First Call on the Syndicate For Cash—Transfer to Banks Will Not Create a Ripple—Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf Reorganization—The Latest by Wire—Local Notes.

Washington, Nov. 4.—Assistant Secretary Vanderlip has returned from a brief visit to New York, where he arranged for the transfer by the reorganization committee of the government's share of the purchase price of the Union Pacific railroad. Several other prominent New York City banks have made applications for the deposit with them of such amounts of the purchase money as the treasury department may deem necessary in order that there may be no disturbance of the money market in consequence of the reorganization committee's heavy withdrawals. The National City bank will accept $15,000,000; the Chase National $2,000,000; the Hanover National $2,000,000; the National Bank of the Republic $800,000, and the American Exchange National and Seaboard National $500,000 each, making a total of $20,800,000. Other banks will also apply for considerable amounts and furnish the required indemnity bonds, should it be deemed necessary. The fact, however, that the reorganization committee has decided to make its payments according to the dates fixed by the court, instead of paying the whole amount at once, will relieve the situation very materially.

According to the treasury calculations, the exact amount of the government's share of the purchase money is $58,448,223. Of this amount, $23,236,512 is principal outstanding; $30,830,181 interest due and unpaid, and $381,530 interest accrued but not due. Against this gross sum there is a credit of $4,537,921, representing the cash in the sinking fund, and $11,446, being the amount of interest on the bonds in the sinking fund due Nov. 1, making a total credit of $4,549,368, which, being taken from the gross amount of the purchase price, leaves a balance of $53,898,855. Of this amount, $5,084,828, less the amount of cash in the sinking fund, will be due in 15 days after the confirmation of the sale, which is expected to take place within the next few days. These second payments will be made 15 days after the first and will aggregate $12,590,848. The three remaining payments will be made within 40, 50 and 60 days, respectively, from the date of the confirmation of the sale, and will be for $12,590,848 each.

The amount of government bonds issued in aid of the Pacific railroads, which mature on Jan. 1 next, is $59,904,352, as follows:

Central Pacific, $10,614,120; Union Pacific, $15,919,512; Kansas Pacific, $1,423,000; Central branch Union Pacific, $320,000; Sioux City & Pacific, $1,628,320.

WITHOUT A RIPPLE.

A Big Sensation Did Not Disturb Conditions.

New York, Nov. 4.—A member of the Union Pacific syndicate, speaking today of the arrangements for depositing in banks the $58,000,000 which is to be paid the government for the release of its lien upon the Union Pacific said:

"The transactions will be carried out without a ripple in the financial condition of the market. The money will be deposited in eight or nine banks and more if they care to qualify as such depository. One bank is ready with bonds to take $15,000,000 of the money and it can arrange to take $30,000,000 if necessary. I do not think any of the money will be deposited in Chicago banks, for the reason that the money is in New York and Chicago does not want it now any more than the New York banks do. Some little, of course, may be deposited in Chicago and one or two other cities, perhaps, if there are any payments to be made on that account in those cities. It should not be forgotten that virtually what ever money is to be deposited this month is already here in banks and trust companies on account of the reorganization committee and the underwriting syndicate, and the depositing of it in banks for the government, simply means a bookkeeping affair for the most part of it, and the transfer from one bank to another. Some of the money received has yet to be paid by European interests and for that the underwriting syndicate will draw exchange."

THE KANSAS BRANCH.

Sale Has Been Postponed Until December 16.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 4.—The sale of the Kansas Pacific branch of the Union Pacific railroad under the government foreclosure set for today in this city, was postponed until Thursday, Dec. 16.

W. D. Cornish of St. Paul, special master, was present and at 11 o'clock appeared at the depot of the Union Pacific. Mr. Cornish, as anticipated, simply formally announced that under the authority of the court he adjourned the sale.

TO THE DALLES.

Tacoma & Lake Park Road to Be Extended.

Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 4.—Colonel William Bailey, of New York, who bought the Tacoma and Lake Park railway at auction several days ago, will extend the line to opposite The Dalles, on the Columbia river. The name of the road has been changed to the Tacoma & Columbia River railway.

The road is of standard gauge, and now extends from Tacoma to Lake Park.

It is intended to prosecute the work steadily all winter and until the line is completed. A branch line will eventually be built to Mount Tacoma. The exact route of the extension has not been made public.

THE GULF ROAD.

Majority of the Bonds and Stocks Deposited.

New York, Nov. 4.—The reorganization committee of the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf Railroad company issued notice today that a majority of the consolidated mortgage bonds and stock of the company had been deposited under the plan of reorganization and that certificates of deposit on the Central Trust company have been listed on the New York stock exchange. The executive committee had extended the time for depositing securities until Nov. 15, after which time none will be received except at the discretion of the company and upon a penalty of $50 for each consolidated mortgage bond and $1 for each share of stock.

The Oregon Improvement company has called the third installment of the assessment of $25 on each consolidated bond, $2.50 on each share of stock and $2 on each share of common stock, payable on or before Nov. 15, at the Manhattan Trust company or the old Colony Trust company of Boston.

Decision Affirmed.

Washington, Nov. 4.—The United States supreme court today dismissed the case of the St. Paul & Northern railroad as appellate, against the St. Paul & Minneapolis & Manitoba Railroad company, appellee, involving the ownership of the railroad land from Watabab, Minn., to Brainerd, in the same state, thus affirming the decision of the United States circuit court of appeals for the Eighth circuit. These lands had been conveyed to the Manitoba company by the governor of the state, but it was claimed by the St. Paul and Northern Pacific that they had not been earned, as the road has not been constructed by the Manitoba company, but rather by the St. Paul & Northern Pacific company itself. The state legislature sought, by an act in 1877, to transfer the lands notwithstanding the governor's conveyance, but the court held that the Northern Pacific did not, by the provisions of this act, acquire any such title to the land as to enable it to maintain a suit. The dismissal of the case by the supreme court sustains this view. The dismissal was, however, the result of an agreement between the contending parties, and this fact suggests a compromise.

The First Call.

New York, Nov. 4.—The managers of the Union Pacific reorganization plan have called for the first 25 per cent from the syndicate to pay the payment of the government lien. The $45,000,000 syndicate received 100 per cent in new 4 per cent bonds and 50 per cent in preferred stock.

The syndicate for $8,000,000 receives 100 per cent in new 4's and 33 1-3 in preferred stock. The first installment calls for payment of over $13,000,000.

In Railway Circles.

H. B. Korser, commercial agent of the Missouri Pacific, left last night on a business trip to Portland.

General Passenger Agent Bailey of the Short Line will leave for Portland on business, in a day or two.

General Agent Brown of the Midland is still confined to his bed with inflammatory rheumatism, but was reported to be slightly improved yesterday.

Edward L. Fries, for many years with the accounting department of the Union Pacific at Omaha, has accepted a position with the engineering department of the Short Line, and will hereafter make his home in this city.

J. A. Lewis, formerly general agent of the Short Line at Butte, is a visitor. Mr. Lewis is accompanied by his mother and sister. Since severing his connection with the Short Line, Mr. Lewis has formed a partnership with ex-Governor Rickards. The party is staying at the Knutsford.

Steamship Arrivals.

New York.—Arrived, Trave and Weimar from Bremen; Thingvalla, Copenhagen. Sailed, Massilia, Marseilles.

UNION PACIFIC REORGANIZATION COMMITTEE.

MILES SCENTS DANGER

Recommends Gatling Guns to Protect Our Money Chests.

UNCLE SAM'S BON BONS

FAIR DISTRIBUTION OF UTAH POSTMASTERS.

Civil Service Examiner Designated For Salt Lake Postoffice—Agricultural College of Wyoming Aided With Patented Lands—Washington Briefs.

New York, Nov. 4.—A dispatch to the World from Washington says:

General Nelson A. Miles was asked last night to give his reasons for recommending the fortification of the new federal building in Chicago with Gatling guns. He said:

"There are nine places in this country where the treasury chests of Uncle Sam are located and for the past 20 years I have urged the necessity of protecting these depositories with the most approved pattern of firearms. When the subject of a new public building at Chicago was broached, one of my first thoughts was for protective measures in case there should be an attempt directed against the sub-treasury holdings which will be put in the building.

"While I was in Constantinople the details of the attack of the Turkish bank in that city were related to me, and brought back to me the necessity for some means for defense of the public institutions of the United States. Gatling guns could be placed where they would be available at a moment's notice."

General Miles did not believe there is any necessity to fortifying postoffices or other federal structures, except those in which are large sums of government money. He thinks that in each where there are sub-treasuries a detail of regular troops should be maintained. According to his plan, this would involve an additional expense to the government. Supervising Architect Taylor of the treasury department, calls attention to the fact that the mint at Philadelphia was constructed to permit of its occupancy by light artillerymen in case of an emergency.

UNCLE SAM'S BON BONS.

Liberal Distribution of Gifts to Utah, Wyoming and Idaho.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, Nov. 4.—William S. Naylor has been designated by the civil service commission as a member of the board of civil service examiners in the postoffice at Salt Lake City.

Miss Effie E. Plummer of Joliet, Ida., has been appointed a teacher in the Indian school at Warm Springs, Ore., at $600 per annum.

Fourth-class postmasters were appointed in Utah today as follows:

Argenta, Salt Lake county, J. Erickson, vice J. T. Monk, removed.

Draper, Salt Lake county, C. H. Sadler, vice F. C. Mickleson, resigned.

Ephraim, Sanpete county, A. Hanson, vice H. P. Larson, resigned.

Fountain Green, Sanpete county, Eliza M. Anderson, vice George Carter, removed.

Spanish Fork, Utah county, F. M. Snell, vice J. B. Mustard, removed.

Joseph H. Brown has been commissioned postmaster at Bellevue, Ida.

Secretary Bliss today ordered patented to the state of Wyoming a list of lands containing 626 acres, in the Douglas district, in aid of the agricultural college.

ARBITRATION AGAIN.

Reopening of Negotiations May Occur at an Early Day.

Washington, Nov. 4.—Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, who is just back from London, probably will confer with Secretary Sherman at an early day concerning the re-opening of negotiations for an Anglo-American treaty of arbitration. Mr. Sherman made known to the British authorities that the president would view with favor a re-opening of the negotiations and was hopeful that a peace treaty would be secured. Since then Sir Julian has visited London and has had an opportunity to learn the opinion of the foreign office, as well as British feeling on the subject. All tendencies on that side are favorable to arbitration, although there is a general indisposition to take up the treaty question as long as there is a chance that it would meet the same fate as the Olney-Pauncefote treaty.

COVERED WITH DIAMONDS.

Appearance of the Bishop of Alaska at McKinley's Court.

Washington, Nov. 4.—Nicholas, bishop of Alaska, and the Aleutian Islands, who has just arrived in Washington from San Francisco, was among the callers on President McKinley today. He was accompanied by Mr. De Wallant, charge d'affaires of the Russian legation, and presented a striking appearance, clad in full canonical robes of royal purple velvet, with high head dress and flowing black veil, and with his broad chest fairly covered with diamonds, pearls and other precious stones of great value. The bishop is the only official representative bishop of the Russian church in the territory of the United States, and he attracted much attention as he visited the executive departments to pay his respects to the cabinet officers.

New Army Society.

Washington, Nov. 4.—The national corps of the regular army and navy union has been incorporated under an act of congress as a result of the split which recently occurred at Kansas City. The organization has established headquarters in Washington. An injunction will be asked to prevent the other organization from using the name.

Trade of United Kingdom.

Washington, Nov. 4.—Consul General Osborne at London has made a report to the department upon the trade of the United Kingdom in 1896. It shows that the imports were $125,596,730 more than in 1895, and from the United States alone the excess was $68,592,436. The exports show a large increase, being valued at $1,200,727,755, an excess of $76,000,000 over the previous year. The balance in favor of the United States last year was $370,000,000 greater than at any time during the past 15 years, and probably at any time previous to that period.

Washington Briefs.

Secretary Bliss has issued an order as to the removal of employees in the classified service and calling attention to the president's order of last July, providing against removals without due charges and prior hearing. The secretary directs a rigid enforcement of this, and allows employees complained of three days within which to submit, through the proper officer, to the department a defense in writing, failure to do which will be held to be a waiver of defense.

Statement of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $204,950,548; gold reserve, $154,634,312.

The postoffice department will shortly advertise for proposals for ocean mail service between this country and Jamaica. The service for the first time will have to be performed in American ships.

Rev. Dr. Charles A. Gerry, an English clergyman, according to report, has been invited to act as senate chaplain for a few days during the next session. He will conduct a series of mass meetings throughout the country in the interest of the arbitration movement.

The United States consul at San Juan del Norte, Nicaragua, has informed the state department that Noberto Anguello, who killed William Wilson, an American citizen, at Rama in 1894, has been arrested and sent to the interior as a prisoner.

Small Pox Among Indians.

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 4.—Captain C. E. Nordstrom, Indian agent, who has returned from a trip in the northern part of the territory, says that smallpox has broken out among the Ute Indians and that a quarantine has been established to keep the disease from being communicated to the Jicarilla Apaches.

THE HERALD BULLETIN.

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BOXING RESUMED IN GOTHAM

TEN-ROUND BOUT AT WALDORF ATHLETIC CLUB.

Draw Between Tommy Ryan and Harry Peterson—Races at Ingleside—Sporting News.

New York, Nov. 4.—Boxing was resumed in New York tonight after an interval of several months. Tommy Ryan of Philadelphia and Harry Peterson of Brooklyn, met in a 10-round bout at the Waldorf Athletic club. Both weighed in at 140 pounds.

Ryan was favorite in the betting. Up to the fifth round the boxing was very tame. In the sixth and seventh both boys did some slugging but after this they grew weary. The bout was declared a draw. Billy Barrett and Jack Ward sparred a 10-round draw.

Benny Leon bested Jimmy Dover in a 10-round bout and Frank Patterson easily got away with Eddie Gardiner of Omaha in a bout of the same length.

BASEBALL LEAGUE.

New Scheme Proposed For Next Season.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 4.—President Frank De Haas Robinson will propose a new scheme at the coming annual meeting of the national baseball league. It is that the fining of players by the umpires be done away with, and that the umpire be fined $50 for every case in which he fails to enforce the rules. Every time a player breaks a rule, especially those regarding personal conduct towards the umpire, the umpire must put him out of the game. When enough players are put out of the game to make it impossible to proceed, the game must be stopped and the admission money returned to the spectators and made good to the management out of the salaries of the players.

Mr. Robinson firmly believes this plan will do away with the disorderly tactics which have lately been on the increase in the league games.

Races at San Francisco.

San Francisco, Nov. 4.—Weather cloudy; track muddy at Ingleside today. Results:

First Race, Five Furlongs.—Catawbas won, Al Koran second, Bodacia third. Time—1:03½.

Second Race, Six Furlongs, Selling.—Monitor won, O'Fleeta second, Grailly third. Time—1:18.

Third Race, One Mile.—Fonsavonnah won, Don Luis second, Summertime third. Time—1:45½.

Fourth Race, Six Furlongs.—Montgomery won, Don Fulano second, Wernberg third. Time—1:16½.

Fifth Race, Seven Furlongs.—Fleur de Lis won, Aquinas second, Ozric II third. Time—1:31.

French Cyclist in Six-Day Race.

New York, Nov. 4.—Gaston Rivierre, the French long distance cyclist, has decided to take part in the six-day race in Madison Square Garden next month. He will train on an indoor track at Atlanta, Ga.

THE PLAGUE RECORD.

Yesterday's Report Shows No Let Up in New Cases.

New Orleans, Nov. 4.—The yellow fever situation has not improved any since yesterday and the unfavorable turn of affairs following in the wake of the cold wave and the light frost is very disappointing to Dr. Olliphant, president of the board of health. He reiterates, however, that the effects of the cold snap will become apparent in a few days. The record shows that the number of fatalities is greater than that of yesterday and there is no let up in the new cases, there being 40 and 7 deaths.

Dr. Olliphant issued an order tonight raising the quarantine against all points except that passengers coming to New Orleans from Mobile, Montgomery and coast points will be required to have health certificates from their local health officers showing that for ten days there has been no yellow fever in the house in which they have resided. The fumigation of all baggage will be continued.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 4.—The governor issued a proclamation today, raising the state yellow fever quarantine so far as it applied to all points north of Montgomery. The mayor of Birmingham today raised the quarantine against all points, there having been several heavy frosts there. In Montgomery there were two new cases today and one death. At Mobile there were eleven cases and one death. Oslan Huggins. At Selma there was a heavy frost this morning and ice formed in many places.

CRISIS IN THE BUCKEYE STATE

Intense Interest in the Count of Close Counties.

THE GREAT VALUE OF SEVENTY-TWO VOTES

Properly Distributed in Three Counties Would Elect Democrats.

Republican Chairman Claims a Majority of Five on Joint Ballot—Democratic Chairman Charges Fraud in Close Counties Where Republicans Have the Election Machinery — Contest Against Hanna Lost Sight of For Time Being—Election Returns.

Columbus, O., Nov. 4.—Many talk about a crisis in Ohio. Some believe that a crisis is impending. The talk about a combine in the legislature against Senator Hanna has subsided, pending the interest in the official counting of the vote in close counties. As the official canvass of the vote in 88 counties proceeded today, the Republican pluralities on the state ticket increased, and on the legislative tickets it appeared to be getting toward a very close shave.

While the Republican plurality on the state ticket exceeds 28,000, the vote on the legislative is almost as close as it could be. For this reason there is still unusual anxiety at the state headquarters of both parties.

REPUBLICAN CLAIM.

The Republicans still claim that the legislature stands 75 Republicans to 70 Democrats on joint ballot for senator, and that their candidates for representatives in three of the close counties have been elected by the following pluralities: Delaware county, 29; Wood county, 28; Noble county, 85, a total of 142 on the pluralities of these three counties. A change of 72 votes, properly distributed in these three counties, would, therefore, have turned the result in the legislature by giving these three representatives to the Democrats. Then the legislature would have stood 72 Republicans and 73 Democrats on joint ballot for senator.

When it is remembered that the total vote of Ohio last year was over 1,000,000 and that it was almost 1,000,000 this year, it is readily seen that 71 is such a small percentage that it cannot be clearly expressed in figures, or fractions, or language. And this is what makes the Democratic state committee continue to claim the legislature, and the Republican state committee to be so closely on guard in watching the counting in the

CLOSE COUNTIES.

The official count of Delaware county is in, but with protests and notices of contest from the Democrats, and the same is true of Noble county. The official count of Wood county will not be completed till Saturday, although they expect to get through tomorrow.

In Wood county today, the Democrats protested against counting the vote of a precinct, where the place of voting was outside of the precinct, but within the ward. Had this precinct been thrown out, it would have elected the Democratic candidate for representative by a plurality of five, instead of the Republican candidate by 28. The vote of the precinct was counted, and the Democratic protest filed. Other technicalities are expected in the progress of the vote in that county tomorrow. In Noble county there was a long contest over 27 scratched tickets that were finally thrown out because they were not properly marked. This was a Republican county. Every point is being contested in the official count of the close counties.

WHAT NASH SAYS.

Chairman Nash says tonight that the Republicans have a safe majority of five on joint ballot in the legislature. He admits that the pluralities are small in some counties but claims they are safe. He has no doubt of the result in any counties which he claims except possibly Wood county, and in the event of the loss of that representative, he says the legislature would still stand 74 Republicans to 71 Democrats and have a majority of three on joint ballot for senator. Chairman Nash said the returns from the Thirteenth district showed that the Republicans had a plurality of 432, so that there is no longer any of the state senators in doubt and the senate will stand 19 Democrats and 17 Republicans.

At Republican state headquarters, Summit county is not considered so doubtful as heretofore, and its two representatives are being conceded to the Democrats. This would make the house 58 Republicans and 51 Democrats.

M'CONVILLE'S CLAIM.

Chairman McConville does not admit that the Republicans have carried the Thirteenth district for their candidate for state senator, and he still claims the representatives from Noble, Delaware, Wood, Muskingum and other counties claimed by the Republicans. He also expects the official count to give the Democrats two of the 12 members of the legislature from Cuyahoga county. In all these counties and in others he says there will be contests for the seats in the event of the certificates of election being given to the Republicans.

Chairman McConville charges fraud in the close counties and in some Republican counties. He says nearly all the close counties have gone Republican heretofore and the Republicans still have the machinery in those counties. He says the returns have been held back and it looks suspicious. Other counties have completed their counting, while the doubtful counties are still at it. He says the result was known definitely in Cincinnati yesterday morning and he cannot get definite results even tonight from Cleveland, where he expects the vote to be very close on two or three members of the legislature. Chairman McConville will remain here on duty until the official count of all the counties is completed.

REPUBLICAN COUNTIES.

The Republicans claim the election of representatives from the following counties:

Adams and Pike, Carroll and Harrison, Geaugar Lake, Ashtabula, Athens, Belmont, 2; Champaign, Clark, 2; Clin-