THE SALT LAKE HERALD

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JOHN CLARK FOR MAYOR.

"Non-Partisan Committee" Selects Him Behind Closed Doors.

THE VICTIM MAKES A SPEECH.

He Was "Corralled" and Duly Labored With.

Dark Lantern Session Held in the Private Office of the Deseret National Bank—Mr. Clark Was the Only Man Who Was Selected For the November Incineration, But the Others Will Follow Piecemeal as the Committee Feels Like It—City Attorney Tonight—Glendinning Will Make a Report of His Contingent Fund to the City Convention—Watermaster's Men Contend That They Are Being Assessed.

Behind the curtains of the windows of the Deseret National bank last evening, the so-called "non-partisans" of the city decided in secret conclave that John Clark should be selected as the head of the city ticket.

Mr. Clark was there and accepted the nomination.

It was an animated meeting, considering the fact that but few were there. The attendance was small, consisting in the main of General John Q. Cannon and P. H. Lannan, with the able assistance rendered by James E. Jennings. L. S. Hills was also there, as also was Parley L. Williams and a few others.

The "committee" arrived on the ground in column of sections. One section at a time, with more than the prescribed interval between each two. They were met at the door by Arthur Pratt, the suspended chief of police, who was acting in the capacity of corporal of the guard. Arthur saluted each member of the committee as they passed his station, treating all as he would had each been the same as General Cannon, brigadiers.

There were several incidents inside. Of course reporters were barred and they had to ascertain incidents by the shadowgraph on the curtains. One was when the name of John E. Dooly was mentioned for the mayoralty. By the way, Mr. Dooly was there. Something fell with a sound as if a ton or so of iron had struck the floor, and the solicitous newspaper men outside at once concluded that the allusion had caused some members of the aggregation to fall dead, and were about rushing in to help out, but were stopped at the door by a sort of Homocerebus, with whiskers, who stated that the meeting was private. Expostulations on the part of the scribes that some one was in distress brought forth the statement that no one connected with the Deseret National ever was distressed, and they must keep out, so they again sought the soft, mellow light of the moon.

DOREMUS "MENTIONED."

The next incident was when everyone in the committee laughed. The reporters outside solved the question easy. Some one had proposed the name of A. F. Doremus. The laughter was loud and long. Everyone took a hand in it save the party who suggested it.

There was the Cannon guffaw, the Williams chuckle, the Lannan ha ha, the Hill cachinnation and several other varieties, all mingled. It was so good a joke that business was suspended until everyone was satisfied and tired with mirth.

MR. CLARK PRODUCED.

The "committee" got down to business at 9 o'clock, when another "committee" appointed last week came in with the body of John Clark. They reported they had captured him at his place of business, forced him into a corner and talked to him till he had been forced to say he would accept the nomination, and they produced him as evidence of the success they had achieved.

There was some faint cheering at this announcement, and General Cannon unconsciously assumed the position of "attention." When silence had been restored, Mr. Clark, in a voice replete with faintness, told the committee how gratified he was at the selection made by the committee. How he believed the city should be wrested from the hands of the scallawags who were carrying it away in great chunks, and how the poor rich taxpayers were being afflicted. Mr. Clark didn't enthuse very much, but what he said was enough, like Mercutio's sword thrust. Mr. Lannan immediately moved to make the nomination unanimous. It was made. Mr. Clark was then permitted to escape.

ATTORNEYSHIP GOES OVER.

The committee then decided it had done a great day's work. It decided that it was tired. Mr. Williams said the mental exertion on his part was so great that he needed rest. Some one suggested that it would be a good thing to select a man for city attorney. But a kick was made and it was decided to hold another meeting. At this Mr. Hills was noted to look thoughtfully at the burning electric light and make a few figures on a sheet of paper. Perhaps he was merely putting down something connected with the bank which he had forgotten during the day.

But it is safe to announce that another session will be held this evening.

Before and after the meeting Mr. Williams was jubilant. He asserted to a Herald man that "they would just do you fellows" both times. Parley is optimistic in his views. He believes the non-partisan ticket will carry the city by 50,000 majority.

A SCATTERING.

By the way. When the "committee" adjourned, it was the quickest scattering on record. Members flew this way and that and in less than a minute by the watch there wasn't one in sight. They all had an hour in which to catch the last car too, but that seemed to make no difference, for they all ran for home as if they had sickness in their families and had to be there to catch the last words of a near and dear relative.

However, the matter turns out just as foretold in The Herald. The "committee" had to have a Democrat for the head of the ticket. They being a Republican organization in majority, realized that the Democracy is the strongest in the city and wanted to break it. Now for the balance of the ticket. Watch how the Republicans will slide into the vacancies left to be filled.

MR. CLARK INTERVIEWED.

John Clark was seen at his residence last night and in response to an inquiry as to why he had changed his original resolution not to accept the nomination from any party, said that he believed he could now attend to the duties of the mayoralty without detriment to his business. "My objection primarily," he said, "was that my business interests would suffer if I accepted a political office. I was also somewhat averse to actively engaging in politics. But I have decided, on more careful deliberation, to accept the nomination which has been tendered."

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The Democratic city committee held

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THE NON-PARTISAN "CONVENTION."

WHOLE TOWNS WIPED OUT.

Six Dead and Three Injured at Port Arthur.

SABINE PASS IS NOW UNDER WATER.

Young Babies Blown From Their Mothers' Arms.

Relief Trains Sent to Points Along the Gulf Coast in Texas to Rescue Those in Peril and to Assist in Taking Care of the Dead and Injured—Many Towns Through Texas Are Almost if Not Completely Wiped Out of Existence—Feared the Worst Has Not Been Told.

Port Arthur, Tex., Sept. 13.—A tornado, terrible in its intensity, struck this city at an early hour last evening. Six people are known to have been killed, while many others were injured. Buildings were blown down and great damage was wrought by the cyclone.

LIST OF THE DEAD.

FRANK ALLBRIGHT, Kansas City, employed by electric light company.

verity of the storm was terrible. Advices from Winne, Tex., say that nearly all the houses there have been blown down and torn away. At Webb all of the barns and one house were demolished and scattered over the country. Nothing can be heard from Sabine pass, as all telegraphic communication has been interrupted. A relief train left Beaumont tonight for this place and Sabine pass.

Ed Kircherner, a prominent citizen, was on a Gulf & Inter state railway train on his way to Beaumont when the storm struck this section. "Everyone on the train thought we would be blown from the track," he said tonight. "It was pitch dark and raining and the wind was blowing like it never blew before."

WHOLE TOWN WIPED OUT.

It is known that much destruction was wrought at Sabine pass with probable loss of life. The following telegram has been received from Mr. Kircherner at Beaumont: "The relief train has just returned from Sabine pass. It could not get nearer than eight miles from Sabine pass. It is reported that the new town is completely gone. Nothing heard from the old town. From reports things look bad there."

AT SABINE PASS.

Thirty-Eight Persons Are Reported to Be Missing.

New Orleans, Sept. 13.—A dispatch from Beumont tonight said the Southern Pacific at that place received a dispatch from the agent at Sabine Pass, who walked from Sabine Pass to Port Arthur, stating that the track for eight miles is washed away and that about 35 people are missing. He reports the sinking of two tugs and the drowning of Green Moore and Lewis Bettes, prominent steamboat men at Orange. A later message says that the loss of life at the Pass will not be so great as reported, probably not more than six or seven. A later dispatch from Sabine Pass says that the loss of property insmore is slight.

Particulars Not Obtainable.

St. Louis, Sept. 13.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Houston, Tex., says information has reached there that a severe hurricane visited the towns of Port Arthur and Sabine Pass last nigh and blew down all the buildings and killed 30 people. The wires are all prostrated and no particulars have yet been received.

The storm which led to the destruction of the towns blew up about 6 o'clock and by midnight was so fierce as to produce a tidal wave all along the coast, completely wiping out both pieces. Eight persons are known to have been killed and 20 wounded.

The Town of Port Arthur.

Kansas City, Sept. 13.—Port Arthur is a town of about 1,000 to 1,200 people and has probably 300 houses, many of which are substantial structures. The Gulf railroad owns a magnificent $10,000 depot and the principal hotel is a costly structure of 75 rooms. Port Arthur is the southern terminus of the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railroad and is situated 16 miles inland from Sabine City. In 1886 a wave swept over Sabine City, covering the place with six feet of water, destroying many houses and causing several deaths. Great distress was caused and there were many narrow and thrilling escapes.

Strong Winds at Galveston.

Galveston, Tex., Sept. 13.—At an early hour this morning the wind at Galveston gained a velocity of 37 miles an hour. Ships had been forewarned of the expected storm and those along the dock were in good shape. A few small skiffs were sunk and two barges were driven ashore on the flats west of the wharves. The only building to suffer was the Olympia, the big pavilion at the Gulf side. Two sections of the circular roof were carried away.

JAIL BREAK AT POCATELLO.

FOUR PRISONERS ESCAPE WITHOUT MUCH TROUBLE.

Dug a Hole Through the Brick Wall —No Night Guard Employed at the Jail.

(Special to The Herald.)

Pocatello, Ida., Sept. 13.—A jail delivery was effected here this morning, in which four prisoners made good their break for liberty. Monroe, Kendall and Hogan, the three McCammon burglars, and Webb Campbell, who was awaiting the action of the district court on a charge of grand larceny, are the prisoners who escaped. There were three other prisoners confined in the same corridor, who were awakened about 3 o'clock this morning by the noise of breaking iron. Upon the threat of being brained they lay still while Monroe and his companions broke an iron slat off a bed and with it forced the rivets out of a corner of the corridor slats.

Bending the corner back the four crawled out, but they still had to get through the brick walls of the building. This they did by digging out the bricks. In the jail yard only a staple on the gate stood between them and liberty. They broke through and struck out.

As soon as possible Louis Forrest, a Frenchman in for the murder of a sheep herder at Soda Springs, crawled through the same holes and went and woke up jailor Ross at his home. The alarm was soon given and all the county and city officers available started in pursuit. The officers have today scoured all the surrounding country, but there is no trace of the fugitives. Blame attaches only to the county commissioners, who, for the sake of economy, thought it unnecessary to employ a night guard at the jail.

BECKER IS KNOCKED OUT.

Frank Erne Beats the Jersey Kid at Buffalo.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Frank Erne of this city knocked out Harry Becker of Bayonne, N. J., in the fifth round before a packed house at the Olympic Athletic club tonight. The betting was 100 to 70 on Erne and later the odds rose to two to one. The battle was very fast and scientific. In the opening round Erne landed almost at will but with little damage to his opponent. In the three following rounds Becker forced the fighting and had the better. Erne started the fight in the fifth round in lovely fashion and landed right and left swings with terrific force on head and body. A right-hander sent Becker reeling and Frank followed it with short arm jolts that soon had Becker groggy. The referee, to avoid a knockout, declared Erne the victor.

HIS WIFE MISSING.

Supposed to Have Been in the New Castle Wreck.

Glenwood Springs, Colo., Sept. 14.—J. B. Gunning, of Cedar Rapids, Ia., is here looking for traces of his wife who was a passenger on the ill-fated train which was wrecked near New Castle last Friday morning. She was to have met her husband at Ouray, and her failure to arrive caused an investigation which makes it practically certain that she was one of the victims of the disaster.

Medal For Gallantry.

Washington, Sept. 13.—A medal of honor has been awarded to Captain William Parbella, United States army, retired, now living at San Francisco, for gallantry at White Bird canyon, Idaho, in action against the Indians in 1877.

TROOPS SENT TO ECKLEY.

Buck Mountain Miners Force Others to Quit.

STRONG HINTS OF USING DYNAMITE.

Significant Conversation Overheard by Two Women.

"I've Got the Material, But Don't Know How to Use the Stuff"—The Homes of Mine Superintendents Guarded—The Men of Several Camps Said to Be Acting Very Ugly—The Funeral of the Killed Passed Off Without Serious Trouble—Work of the Polish Priests.

Hazelton, Pa., Sept. 13.—Hazelton quivers on the edge of a volcano. Uncertainty is the key note of the situation and the town is sleeplessly awaiting the dawn of a day fraught with unknown and fearful possibilities. At this writing troops are marching on the mines of Coxe Bros. at Eckley, which nestles in a valley about 18 miles from here. Telegrams to brigade headquarters late this evening indicated an alarming condition there. The remoteness of the situation will make difficult the securing of definite news from the scene before morning. Two hundred miners at Buck Mountain, which is about 13 miles from Eckley, went on strike this morning and started towards the Eckley mine. The superintendent of the Eckley colliery telegraphed General Gobin for troops, but later in the day the request was withdrawn, the superintendent notifying the general that the striking miners had stopped marching. At 4 o'clock this afternoon General Gobin received another telegram stating these miners had again assembled, had marched on the Eckley mines and forced the miners to quit work. It was stated in this dispatch that the miners had been roughly handled.

General Gobin has ordered the city troops of Philadelphia to go to the scene of the disturbance. The start will be made shortly after midnight or else just after daybreak. The troops will ride across the mountains, a distance of 18 miles to Eckley. Eckley is a small mining village and lies in a valley. There are a number of collieries there and fears have been entertained for the past 48 hours that trouble would break out. The men have been acting very ugly. The situation tonight in the Hazelton district is one of unrest.

APPREHENSIVE OF DANGER.

All the collieries in this district are apprehisive of danger. Requests have been pouring in to General Gobin from the various mines asking that he send troops to the places in order to prevent any possible outbreak. The general states that he will not send troops to any point unless an outbreak does occur. The general declines to give the names of the collieries, as all the men in them are still at work. The operators, however, are apprehensive of a strike and want to be prepared for any emergency. Two mine superintendents in this immediate vicinity have asked General Gobin to place guards around their houses. This will be done. General Gobin will not make public the names of the superintendents who made the requests.

Two actresses who are playing in the theatre here overheard a conversation on the main street of Hazleton today to this effect. They were passing a group of miners and overheard one of them remark: "I've got the material, but I don't know how to mix the damned stuff. If I did I would blow them up tonight." This information was sent to General Gobin and as he had already heard mutterings from other sources he decided to send guards to the houses of the two mine superintendents. The guards were not placed on duty until after dark.

THE FUNERAL COMPROMISE.

Today has been regarded as the turning point of the situation because of the prohibition issued by General Gibbon against the proposition of the funeral demonstration. A compromise was effected this morning, however, and the day passed off without disturbance. In the meantime the Coxe collieries were being watched with intense anxiety. It was known that 2,000 men employed at No. 7 had made a demand for a 10 per cent increase which was to be submitted to the operators today, with the alternative of "strike." From 5,000 to 7,000 men are employed at all the collieries, and it was understood that such a movement would bring them all out. Whether or not the proposition was formally submitted today could not be learned, because nobody would talk. The men were all at work, but strike talk was rife and a big meeting at Stockton had been scheduled tonight. There was a general impression that nothing decisive would be resolved upon at least until tomorrow, which is pay day. The Coxe men's grievance is that they are on a lower scale than that paid by any other company in the region, but the company store feature does not enter into their case.

MINE MEN TO GO OUT.

Another late afternoon report was that the employees of ex-Congressman Leisenring's Upper Lehigh colliery will go out tomorrow on a sympathetic strike. As an increase of 10 per cent was granted on Saturday to the McAdoo men, they have expressed their intention to return to work tomorrow, although they do not expect to remain in more than a day under the pressure that will be brought to bear by the strikers. Altogether an eventful day is in prospect.

General Gobin this afternoon said: "The rumor that martial law has been declared has been spread by some vicious person. There is martial law only so far as a state of war exists. We are here solely to assist the sheriff in maintaining peace and order. Men can come and go as they please so long as they behave themselves. If there is the least infraction of the peace which the civic authorities are unable to handle, then we will render assistance, but such a condition has not yet arisen." The commander added that neither Sheriff Martin nor any of the deputies would be arrested while the troops were here. "I am under his authority," he

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GAVE UP HALF HIS FORTUNE.

HOW A KLONDIKE MINER REDEEMED HIS PLEDGE.

Hunted Up His Old Partner in Idaho and Gave Him a Fortune—A Romantic Story.

(Special to The Herald.)

Boise, Ida., Sept. 13.—The crowning act of a verbal pledge made between two men who were in business in California some years ago took place at the home of J. F. Taylor Sunday, near Kendrick, Latah county.

About eight years ago J. F. Taylor was engaged in business in California, and being in need of a partner took a man by the name of J. C. New. After two years business grew dull and after a hard struggle they were compelled to give up.

Without dissolving partnership, the men decided to part and made an agreement that should fortune ever smile upon them they would hunt each other up and divide.

Mr. Taylor drifted into Washington, engaging in business at Oakesdale, for a time, and then bought a ranch on Cedar creek, where he now resides.

Mr. New went to Alaska and when the riches of the Klondike were heralded to the world was one of the first in the camp, and succeeded in making a small fortune, besides securing three claims. Faithful to the promise that was made in the shadow of a business failure, he hunted Mr. Taylor up and Sunday, in company with an attorney, went to the home of Taylor to get his power of attorney for the disposal of his interest in some claims on the Klondike. Mr. Taylor also received $27,500 as his half of the earnings of one of the claims. He has been offered $100,000 for the other three claims.

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TODAY'S CABINET MEETING.

The Union Pacific's Foreclosure to Be Considered.

New York, Sept. 14.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: "Several important questions demand the attention of the cabinet which will meet today (Tuesday.) One of these is the settlement of the Union Pacific railroad matter. An arrangement was entered into during Mr. Cleveland's administration whereby the foreclosure proceedings against this road were to proceed, and the government was to receive $45,000,000 from the reorganization syndicate.

"Efforts have been made to induce the present administration to take some steps to prevent the carrying out of this programme. It is one of the matters which Attorney General McKenna went to Pennsylvania to consult with the president about. It is understood that at the cabinet meeting it will be determined not to interfere in any way with the carrying out of this plan.

KLONDIKE NOT IN IT.

Ore Carrying Values of One Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Sept. 13.—Colonel H. S. Ervay, president of the Cripple Creek Consolidated Gold Mining company, returned from Cripple Creek tonight bringing with him a piece of ore weighing over 100 pounds, which it literally alive with free gold and which will carry values aggregating fully $100,000 to the ton. The ore was taken from a new find made Saturday on the May Queen claim and is in many respects the most sensational find ever made in Cripple Creek.

Drawing the Line Finely.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—Collector Jackson has issued an order that hereafter all chronometers taken off foreign vessels to be regulated at this port shall be searched by the customs officials. Small but valuable articles might be smuggled ashore in the chronometer's case, and it is to prevent this that the new rule is to be enforced.

Postoffices and Pensions.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, Sept. 13.—The postoffice at Rankin, Carbon county, Wyo., has been ordered discontinued Sept. 28. Mail will thereafter be sent to Rawlins.

L. E. Marchand was today appointed postmaster at Fletcher, Nez Perces county, Ida., vice W. J. Riley, resigned.

A widow's pension was today granted Ellen Flewellen, of Virginia City, Nev.

Transfers in the Twenty-Fourth.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, Sept. 13.—The following transfers are made in the Twenty-fourth infantry: Second Lieutenant Albert Laws from Company D to Company C; Second Lieutenant John A. Gurney from Company H to Company D; Second Lieutenant Claude H. Miller from Company C to Company H.

School Teacher Drops Dead.

(Special to The Herald.)

Grand Junction, Colo., Sept. 13.—Miss Clara L. Chapman, for the last three years assistant principal of the High school in this city, dropped dead in the school room this afternoon while in the discharge of her duties. Her parents reside in Belleville, N. Y., whither the remains will be shipped tomorrow.

Ada County Wins.

(Special to The Herald.)

Boise, Ida., Sept. 13.—District Judge Stewart today decided the suit of Canyon county vs. Ada county, growing out of the division, in favor of Ada. The suit involved $9,000.

Advices from Buenos Ayres say it is feared that the harvest will be almost entirely destroyed by locusts.

PEOPLE ARE NOW FLEEING.

Situation at New Orleans Bordering on Panic.

ATLANTA ONLY OPEN TO THEM.

All Other Cities Adopt Strict Quarantine Law.

There Are Now Nine Well Developed Cases in the Southern Metropolis and Many Suspected Ones—All of the Cases So Far Plainly Traced to Ocean Springs—Business of All Kinds Almost Paralyzed—Sanitary Officers All Through the South Are Active.

New Orleans, Sept. 13.—The announcement of the ninth case of yellow fever in New Orleans, including the Gelpi death, was officially made by the board of health late this afternoon. It is probable that another case will be added to the list, exhausting the seriously suspicious cases now under investigation. The ninth case is Edward McGinty, a young man living immediately opposite a residence up town where a child died from the fever that had been prevailing at Ocean Springs. McGinty had been a visitor to the family during their residence on the Mississippi coast and since their return to the city has been a constant visitor. It is therefore believed that McGinty contracted the disease from the sick child. Members of the board of health have been in close attendance upon the case and completed their diagnosis this afternoon. As soon as they had done so the board of health took charge of the premises, quarantined the inmates, made liberal application of disinfectants in the neighborhood and took all necessary steps to prevent the spread of the disease. This is the first case reported up town, all other cases being in the lower section, and in this instance, as in all others, the origin of the case has been traced to Ocean Springs. The suspicious case referred to above is that of a physician who has been in attendance upon some of the patients at Ocean Springs.

THE PUBLIC IS ANXIOUS.

The announcement of one more case, and probably another, has made no change in the state of the public mind. There is still an absence of excitement and while there are occasional departures from the city, there has been no general exodus. The board of health anticipate there will be other sporadic cases, owing to the number of people who managed to reach New Orleans before the quarantine against Ocean Springs went into effect, but there is no lack of confidence on the part of the board in their ability to restrict each sporadic case. Additional doctors of experience are being added to the staff of the board of health in order that attention may be given to each residence in which cases of fever have appeared. Entering infected houses, the sanitary officers and physicians wear especially prepared suits of clothes. These are thoroughly disinfected and are worn over the regular garments. The suits reach from neck to heel and are a complete covering.

HELENA SETS AN EXAMPLE.

Helena, Ark., has set a pace which all river towns are likely to follow. Today the board of health of that city decided that no boat from south of Vicksburg should be allowed to land at that port or any point within the quarantine limits of five miles of the corporate limits of Helena. Monroe, which up to yesterday held aloof in spite of threats and refused to quarantine New Orleans, felt compelled today, on receipt of information that there are several cases of yellow fever in New Orleans, to declare a rigid quarantine against this city.

Atlanta promises to be the refuge of all the people living in New Orleans and along the coast who desire to get away. Of the cities of the south in danger of infection Atlanta is the only one that has refused to quarantine and that has invited all refugees within her gates. The announcement at Bhoxville today that a special train over the Louisville & Nashville will go to Atlanta tomorrow morning has been received with delight by many on the coast, and it is probable that a large number on the coast will take advantage of the opportunity to get out of the infected region.

THEIR WORK IS UNDONE.

Superintendent Dunn and Special Agent Leake of the Illinois Central and Hunter and Quinn, who left here on a special train last week, went on a fruitless mission. If yellow fever had not yet been declared to exist here their personal visit to Mississippi towns between New Orleans and Memphis would have been attended with good results, but yesterday's bulletin of the board of health has undone all the work they had accomplished, and every town in Mississippi big enough to have an alderman or a health officer has declared non-intercourse with the crescent city.

Dr. Carter, of the marine hospital service, returned to Ocean Springs today from Barkley, and reports a serious condition there. Barkley is a little postoffice, seven miles northeast of the detention camp. Dr. Carter reports eight cases of yellow fever at this point, out of a population of 25 souls. There have been four deaths in ten days, the last occurring on Saturday night, and other deaths are momentarily expected. The fever was imported from Ocean Springs. The town has been completely isolated and guards placed around it.

PEOPLE ARE FLEEING.

Excitement in Jackson, Miss., at Fever Heat.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 13.—Excitement is at fever heat in this city today over the yellow fever scare, caused almost entirely by the presence of 30 cases of dengue fever at Edwards, 25 miles west of here. Many are fleeing to the surrounding country. The wagon and railroads leading into town are being closely guarded. All public gatherings are prohibited.

Guards to Protect the Town.

Natchez, Miss., Sept. 13.—The yellow fever scare resulted in the calling of a large meeting here tonight, at which