

"Leading Implement Dealers," Utah, Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming. Main Offices Salt Lake, Utah

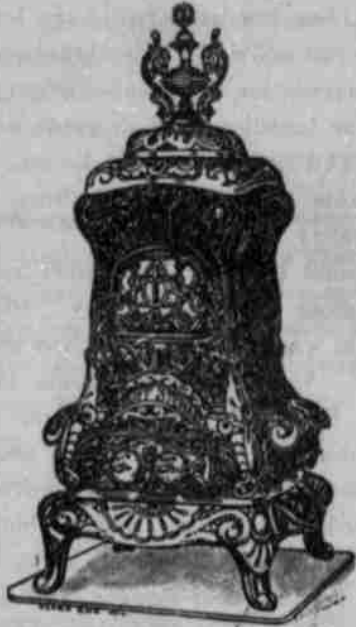
Consolidated Wagon & Machine Co.

Branches: Ogden, Logan, Price Utah
Branches: Idaho Falls, Montpelier Idaho

Jos. F. Smith, President
W. S. McCornick, Vice-Prest.

Melvin D. Wells, Sec.-Treas.
Grant Hampton, Asst. Sec.-Treas.

GEO. T. ODELL, Gen. Mgr.



We are helping the Deseret Farmer when we pay for this space. They tell us that you will read our ads and buy our goods, if we appeal to you in the right way. They may be right.

We want satisfied customers—all we can get of them, for dissatisfied customers undermine a local business and soon put it on the toboggan slide to bankruptcy. Goods that do the required work and are reliable and durable will prove satisfactory and make satisfied customers; and that is the only kind of goods we want to sell you.

If you buy a Stewart Heater or Range, you will be satisfied, and you will help us to sell more through your

expressing your satisfaction to your friends. Stewart Heaters and Ranges are the best of all stoves. Do you know of a better line? Have you ever heard of a better line? We have not, and we are constantly looking for the best in the various articles we sell.

Stewart Stoves have been on the market for over 40 years and every year many new satisfied customers are secured, so that today the users of Stewart stoves are sufficient in numbers to populate several states.

You need not question our prices, they are low, very low. We believe in giving you your money's worth—Our terms? Oh; what ever you like.



value is as little appreciated, and in which so great an unnecessary loss occurs as in the form of manure.

The question of crop rotation, including the relative value of various rotations, is a matter of supreme importance. It is the common practice in this state to "change the land." By "changing the land" is meant that corn is grown as long as possible and then the land is "changed" by growing a crop of oats or barley. Such a method may help to keep in check insect pests, but is of practically no value for maintaining the fertility of the soil.

Soil management, as regards plowing, preparation of the seed-bed and cultivation, should receive its ample share of time and attention. The best seed will yield but unsatisfactory returns if planted in poorly prepared soil, or if improperly cultivated.

Large areas in this state are partially or wholly unproductive, owing to lack of adequate drainage. At present there is probably in the neighborhood of four million acres of such land, or nearly one-half as great an area as is annually planted in corn. Most of this land is exceedingly productive when adequately drained, at least it will become so in comparatively few years.

The soil fertility question in its various phases is so fundamental that I cannot urge too strongly the importance of giving it a prominent place on every Farmers' Institute and club program in the state the coming year.

The extension department is anxious to co-operate with the Farmers' Institute and clubs in every way possible. Prof. A. H. Snyder gives his entire time to extension work of this kind and will gladly take a place on the program at any Farmers' Institute or club unless the dates conflict with other engagements already made. There will be no charges except for the actual traveling expenses. Professor Snyder is a strong man. He knows his subject and is a good speaker. His position as soil expert in the United States Department of Agriculture for four years gives him a wide range of practical experience in methods of handling different soils. When it is not possible for Professor Snyder to attend the meeting he will gladly assist any local party whom you may place on your program, to secure data and results of different methods of soil management, etc. to use in the preparation of his paper and in the discussion.

Ames, Iowa. P. G. HOLDEN.

DOES IT PAY TO FARM RIGHT?

One of the best yields of dry farm grain ever reported has just come to my notice. Mr. Ecklund of Newton, Cache Co. has just finished harvesting a field of 60 acres of wheat which averaged 60 bu. per acre. Mr. Ecklund grows Gold Coin wheat; plows his land in the fall; keeps a good mulch during the next summer; keeps down weeds; seeds at the rate of three pecks with a press drill in Sept; harrows his wheat the next spring. He selects his seed grain very carefully and has no trouble with smut after using the formalin treatment.

Not far from Mr. Ecklund's farm is a farm where the soil is just as good, but by careless methods of farming the average yield per acre this year was only 18 bu.

It pays to farm right.

J. C. HOGENSON.

SOOTHING.

"Louder! Louder!" shrieked the delegates.

"Gentlemen," protested the presiding officer, "I can assure you that the disappointment of those who can't hear isn't a marker to the disappointment of those who can."—Philadelphia Ledger.

She said she loved him with all her might.

No wonder he was elate.

For she was a widow in weeds be-dight,

And a widow's mite is great.

—Catholic Standard and Times.

SOMETHING WORTH WHILE.

California—that land of sunshine, fruit and flowers—nature's storehouse. Everything grows there in the greatest abundance—flowers grow in such profusion that if half were told it would not be believed. Flowers that are mere hothouse plants in the east, become trees and large bushes out there, one of which contains more blossoms than are contained upon all the plants in an eastern hothouse. The quantity and quality of the fruit raised is beyond the power of the eastern mind to grasp, and many will be surprised to learn that last season's crop of canned fruit amounted to 5,560,000 cases, or 133,440,000 cans, valued at \$10,000,000. Raisins, 140,000,000 lbs.; dried fruits, 254,375,000 lbs.; figs, 6,000,000 lbs.; prunes 180,000,000 lbs.; walnuts, 14,000,000 lbs., valued at \$1,750,000. The output of canned fruits of Colton, California, equals 2,000,000 cans, with a large quantity of dried fruit, honey and nuts.