

Eastern Utah Advocate

Utah's Biggest Weekly, Published in the "Biggest Little City on Earth"

NINETEENTH YEAR.

PRICE, 10 CENTS, THURSDAY, OCT. 9, 1913.

NUMBER 48.

NEWCOMERS HERE PLAYING POLITICS

CARSON COUNTY NEWS CROWD DOMINATES ITS CONVENTION.

Joe B. Roberts For Mayor—Peoplisten Few Hours' Notice of Meeting in Court House—J. R. Sharp Pulls the Chestnuts—Meeting Opposed to Any Postponement.

Judging from the present lineup of the municipal situation party lines are not going to be sharply drawn in the approaching city election. Neither the republicans, democrats, progressives or socialists have called a convention for a ticket or policy of city government. Apparently there are going to be fusions on every hand although the socialists will have to be given credit for some really clever work in the political alignment up to this time.

The political spheroid was started on its oscillating journey Monday night when eleven especially invited guests met at the commercial club and decided to put up a "Citizens' Ticket." The meeting elected J. R. Sharp chairman. The leading spirits at the meeting, so The Advocate is informed by one of those also present, were Messrs. Benfer, Wise and Nelson.

Tuesday afternoon as the shadows commenced to grow long, there appeared a mysterious fluttering of handbills. Just where they came from no one seemed to know and as there are two print shops in Price their origin is difficult to trace. The Advocate is informed that no bill has yet shown up for their production. The handbills announced that there was to be a meeting at the county court house Tuesday night for the purpose of nominating a complete city ticket. They were signed, "Committee." Just who or what "committee" represented the reader was left to guess.

Anyway, as The Advocate has always said, "It pays to advertise," and when 8 o'clock p. m. rolled around Tuesday there was a large number of citizens present in the district court room.

J. R. Sharp, the progressive commissioner, was again elected chairman of the meeting. Now, just exactly what J. R. was doing at that meeting or at the one Monday night, his friends are wondering. They have, however, a sneaking idea that J. R. has been "worked" by the socialists and that Joe's good nature was taken advantage of. Mr. Sharp had rather have most anything done to him than to be made a "goat," and he therefore denies that he has been given "the once over."

Whatever the real status of the matter is, Joe B. Roberts leads the ticket as put up by the meeting Tuesday night.

After Monday night's meeting The Advocate was advised that the state for Tuesday night's meeting was: Joe B. Roberts, mayor; McKune, Sumner, Lloyd and Rex Miller for councilmen. Three out of the five went through—Roberts, McKune and Miller. Thos. Fouts and Albert Bryner were nominated in place of Sumner and Lloyd. Both Sumner and Lloyd, The Advocate is advised, would not accept a position on the ticket. Bishop Bryner tells The Advocate that it may announce that he will not be a candidate on Tuesday night's ticket.

At Tuesday night's meeting neither James E. Ferris, C. H. Stevenson nor J. G. Mathis would accept a place on the ticket.

The ticket that goes into the field under the head of the "Citizens' Ticket" is as follows:

- Joe B. Roberts, mayor.
- Thos. Fouts, councilman 4-year term.
- J. Rex Miller, councilman 2-year term.
- Albert Bryner, councilman 2-year term.
- Robt. McKune, councilman 2-year term.
- Fred M. Sanford, treasurer.
- E. M. Peyton, recorder.
- C. H. Stevenson was asked by the chair to speak. He, however, declined.
- O. C. Nelson, a recent acquisition to the Price bar, responded to an invitation to talk. He said he thought there was a crying need for change in municipal affairs, but

UP TO DATE POSSIBILITIES.



—Draught in Chicago 1913—

that being new in the city did not care to express himself too strongly. He thought that if municipal affairs were placed in the hands of good people such an action would redound to the credit of the city.

H. G. Mathis said that while he was in favor of a citizens' ticket he thought it a wise policy to be just a little bit cautious and to be careful not to make any rash statements or moves, and H. B. Horaley offered a motion that the meeting adjourn until the 9th. The motion was lost.

Mr. Nelson interjected the advice that a postponement would be unwise.

Mr. Fullmer declined to express himself.

Dr. Goetzman thought that a change in affairs was essential.

J. Rex Miller believed that affairs had not been conducted as they should be and favored a postponement until a better representation were secured.

J. E. Ferris said he favored movement to regulate law and finances in the city and that a change seemed necessary.

Mr. Nelson again favored immediate action. "There is a tide in the affairs of men which taken at the flood leads on to fortune," said the petitioner. That is, someone else, a long time ago said that and Mr. Nelson voiced his sentiment.

A rising vote on motion for postponement was lost.

Motion for recess of thirty minutes was lost.

Messrs. Mathis, Middleton, Hansen, Goetzman and Lloyd were elected as a committee on platform and a recess of fifteen minutes was taken. The committee handed in the following, which, on motion of Mr. Nelson, was adopted:

Monthly publication of revenues and expenditures.

Strict regulation of city ordinances complying with the state laws.

Progressive improvements especially in water system.

Betterment of sewers, sidewalks and streets.

Better fire protection.

Alarm bell at Eighth street and Rio Grande crossing.

The next order of business was the nomination of candidates for mayor, recorder, treasurer and four councilmen.

Mr. Nelson, still being present, placed Joe B. Roberts in nomination for mayor, and being an adept in the handling of the king's English, Joe received such a eulogy as would look well in anyone's souvenir book. W. C. Benfer seconded the nomination and included in his motion that nominations be closed and that the secretary be instructed to cast the unanimous vote of the house in favor of Mr. Roberts. Mr. Lloyd seconded this motion, which was carried.

"While" Wise moved the nomination of Fred Sanford for treasurer; the nomination was seconded by W. C. Benfer, and a motion by Benfer that nominations be closed was carried.

On motion of Dr. Goetzman, E. (Continued on page eight.)

GARNEGIE LIBRARY PLANS ACCEPTED

CITY COUNCIL NOTIFIED SPECIFICATIONS SATISFACTORY.

Board Decides to Establish Permanent Corners On J Street to Section Boundary Lines—New Pump to Be Purchased—Salaries Raised.

The Price Carnegie library is soon to be a reality. At Tuesday night's meeting of the city council Attorney McWhinney read a letter from the Carnegie Library corporation in which that institution stated that the plans submitted were satisfactory and that just as soon as it received assurance that the building completely equipped would not cost more than \$10,000 this sum would be furnished at once. City Recorder Lauber was instructed to notify Architect Miller to meet with the council on the 21st to complete all necessary details asked for by the Carnegie company.

Among other business transacted by the board was the raising of the salaries of the mayor, recorder and councilmen and the passing of a resolution to engage Civil Engineer Wallace to establish a correct line on J street.

A request by Mrs. B. A. Gibson to be allowed to move the Crockett building to the rear of the American Kitchen was granted in the event none of the adjacent property owners interposed an objection.

Abel Powell asked that he be allowed damages for injury to his potato crop caused by the flow of hot water from the city plant into his irrigation ditch. The matter was referred to the power and light committee.

A. Ballinger presented a petition signed by a number of property owners asking for the appointment of Engineer Wallace at a salary not to exceed \$10 a day to reestablish the line on J street and the same in an established government corner. He represented that few if none of the property owners knew where their correct lines were. The motion of J. M. Whitmore the president of the petitioners was granted.

Floyd Anderson asked that the Eko theater be related to the extent of \$30 because of the shutting down of the electric light plant two nights last week which damaged the theater proprietors in the sum of \$30. On motion of Councilman Fouts the request was granted.

Sam Jewkes stated to the council that the reason for the recent shutting down of the electric light plant was because of the need of a new and larger pump and a motion prevailed that Recorder Lauber order a new one at once. Mr. Jewkes stated that the cost would not be in excess of \$50. A request from Mr. Jewkes was granted to be allowed

to build a shed on the east side of the light plant large enough to accommodate three automobiles.

Messrs. Guthell and Broeker presented a petition asking that if it was the sense of the council that there should be a restricted district for the installing of garages to make such restrictions as they contemplated putting up a building of this kind in the immediate future. After a thorough discussion of the matter it was decided that no such restriction should be made, the councilmen believing that the price of property in the business portions of the city would adjust the establishment of garages.

There was no opposition to the raising of the salaries of the mayor, recorder and councilmen. Mayor Olson suggested that the yearly salary for the councilmen would be more consistent with the time spent on the job than the present annual stipend of \$150 for the mayor and \$120 for the councilmen, and a motion by Councilman Fouts to that effect was unanimously carried. On motion of J. M. Whitmore the salary of the city recorder was boosted from \$35 to \$45 per month. It was the opinion of the council that the treasurer's salary of \$25 a month was sufficient for the amount of work required of him.

After passing the usual grist of claims the council adjourned until the 21st of October.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY.

Notice is hereby given that a republican primary will be held Saturday night, October 11, 1913, at 8 o'clock, in the City Hall in Price, Utah, for the purpose of nominating the following officers for Price, Utah, to wit: a mayor, one councilman for a term of four years; three councilmen for a term of two years; a city recorder, and a city treasurer, to be voted upon at the city election to be held November 4, 1913.

C. C. McWHINNEY,
Republican Precinct Chairman.

CONSOLIDATED TO MOVE OFFICES TO BLACK HAWK

There is a report, which is apparently well founded, that the Consolidated Fuel company is to move all of its offices to the town of Black Hawk.

WORLD'S SERIES.

Philadelphia won the first game in the world's championship series, score, 6 to 4. New York won the second game yesterday by a score of 3 to 0 in ten innings. Attendance the first day was 26,291; total receipts, \$75,258.50; players' share, \$46,627.92; each club's share \$13,584.99; national commission's share, \$7,855.55.

"GO, AND SIN NO MORE."

The several saloonkeepers in the county unit who were recently before the board of commissioners on various complaints appeared before the board Tuesday afternoon and received severe reprimands for their past conduct and were warned that a repetition of the alleged offenses would mean the revocation of their liquor licenses.

TARIFF BILL SIGNED; PRESIDENT HAPPY

Democratic Leaders Are Urged By Wilson to 'Go the Rest of the Journey' By Providing Currency Reform—Provisions of New Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 9.—Surrounded by the democratic leaders, President Wilson signed the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill at 9:09 o'clock today at the White House. Simultaneously telegrams were sent to customs collectors throughout the country by the treasury department putting into actual operation the first democratic tariff revision since 1894.

A happy group of legislators, members of the cabinet and friends encircled the president as he smilingly sat down and slowly affixed his signature with two gold pens. He presented to Representative Underwood the pen that had written the word "Woodrow" and the one which had completed his name to Senator Simmons, both of whom bowed their appreciation.

In impressive silence the president delivered in easy natural tones an extemporaneous speech that brought prolonged applause. He said that the journey of legislative accomplishment had been only partly completed; that a great service had been done for the rank and file of the country; but that the second step in the emancipation of business was currency reform. He earnestly called upon his colleagues to go "the rest of the journey" with fresh impulse.

President's Speech.
"Gentlemen, I feel peculiarly pleased," the president said, "in what I have just done by way of taking part in the completion of a great piece of business. It is a pleasure which is very hard to express in words adequate to convey the feeling; because the feeling that I have is that we have done the rank and file of the people of this country a great service. It is hard to speak of these things without seeming to go off into campaign eloquence, but that is not my feeling. It is one very profound, a feeling of profound gratitude that working with the splendid men who have carried this thing through with studious attention and doing justice all round, I should have had a part in serving the people of this country as we have been striving to serve them ever since I can remember.

"I have had the accomplishment of something like this at heart ever since I was a boy, and I know men standing around me who can say the same thing, who have been waiting to see the things done which it was necessary to do in order that there might be justice in the United States.

Urges Currency Legislation.

"And so it is a solemn moment that brings such a business to a conclusion and I hope I will not be thought to be demanding too much of myself or of my colleagues when I say that this, great as it is, is the accomplishment of only half the journey. We have set the business of this country free from those conditions which have made monopoly not only possible, but in a sense easy and natural, but there is no use taking away the conditions of monopoly if we do not take away also the power to create monopoly, and that is a financial, rather than a merely commercial and economic power.

"The power to control and guide and direct the credits of the country is the power to say who shall and who shall not build up the industries of the country, in which direction they shall be built and in which direction they shall not be built. We are now about to take the second step, which will be the final step in setting the business of this country free. That is what we shall do in the currency bill, which the house has already passed and which I have the utmost confidence the senate will pass much sooner than some pessimists individuals believe. Because the question, now that this piece of work is done, will arise all over the country. For

PROGRESS OF THE NEW TARIFF BILL.	
The following shows the chronological history of the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill:	
Jan. 4 to Feb. 1—Hearings, house ways and means committee.	
April 7—Bill introduced by Mr. Underwood and referred to the ways and means committee.	
April 23—Bill reported by Mr. Underwood after democratic caucus had approved it.	
May 2—Passed house of representatives—yeas, 381; nays, 138.	
May 9—Received by the senate and referred to finance committee.	
June 20—Bill completed by senate finance committee and referred to democratic caucus.	
July 12—Bill reported to senate by Chairman Simmons with recommendation that it pass.	
July 23—Made unfashioned business of senate.	
Sept. 2—Passed by senate—yeas, 44; nays, 8.	
Sept. 11—House concurs in senate amendments, and bill goes to conference.	
Sept. 20—Conference reach final adjustment.	

what do we wait? Why should we wait to crown ourselves with consummate honor? Are we so self-denying that we do not wish to complete our success?

Covets Honor For Associates.

"I was quoting the other day to some of my colleagues in the senate those lines from Shakespeare's 'Henry V,' which have always appealed to me, 'If it be a sin to covet honor, then am I the most offending soul alive; and I am happy to say that I do not covet it for myself alone. I covet it with equal ardor for the men who are associated with me, and the honor is going to come from them. I am their associate. I can only complete the work which they do. I can only counsel when they ask for my counsel. I can come in only when the last stages of the business are reached. And I covet this honor for them quite as much as I covet it for myself; and I covet it for the great party of which I am a member; because that party is not honorable unless it redeems its name and serves the people of the United States.

"So I feel tonight like a man who is lodging happily in the inn which lies half way along the journey, and that in the morning with a fresh impulse we shall go the rest of the journey, and sleep at the journey's end like men with a quiet conscience, knowing that we have served our fellowmen and have thereby tried to serve God."

Photographers Excluded.

It was an unusual spectacle that attended the completion of a legislative reform that had been seven months in congress and embraced a tariff revision of a most far-reaching character.

Happy and jubilant, the invited guests came to the executive offices. They chatted and joked with the president in an anteroom while waiting for the full group to appear. When the members of the senate finance committee and house ways and means committee finally arrived, Vice President Marshall was ushered into the president's office, followed by Speaker Clark, Representative Underwood and the members of cabinet and congressional committees and their friends. No photographers were admitted as the president regarded the occasion as too solemn to be disturbed by flashlight apparatus.

The guests crowded about the president's desk, over which an electric light threw a brilliant glow.

"I chose 9 o'clock," explained the president slowly, "as the advice of the attorney general in order that the bill might be signed after business transactions everywhere, including San Francisco, had closed for the day.

"I will not say anything about (Continued on page two.)