DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Thursday, November 21, 1889.

SECOND EDITION

FRAGMENTS.

Manuscripts from Zadiel's and Raphael's almanacs for 1889.

The libel suit of C. L. Lowe vs. the Salt Lake *Herald*, was again in progress today, before Judge Zane and a jury.

In the Police Court today Charles Ingin, H. Walters and O. G. Schanck were assessed the usual fine for being drunk.

The party who lost a parcel containing an overcoat and some other clothing, on the State road, can obtain his property by applying at 128 east, Sixth South Street.

The people of the Ninth Ward, having completed their new school house, contemplate having a social party tomorrow night at 7:30, on which occasion the whole ward are invited to be present.

This afternoon a man named Malin, residing in the Twelfth Ward, fell from his dray near the Council House corner. He was carried into Sanders & Co.'s hide warehouse and cared for. He had been drinking.

WM. BEAVER's preliminary examination for assault with intent to kill Edwin Kelly, last night, is to take place tomorrow. He is charged with having presented a pistol at Kelly's head several times and threatened to shoot him.

The Carp Car Coming.

A. M. Musser, Esq., received a telegram today stating that the carp car would reach Laramie on Saturday next, and notifying him to meet it there. Applicants for carp should prepare to receive them the first of next week.

A Grave Charge.

Today John R. Howard and Eliza Everett were arrested on a charge of adultery. They were taken before Commissioner Pratt, and gave $1000 bonds each for appearance on Monday. The complaint is made by Mrs. Everett's husband, who claims that his wife has left him and gone to live with Mr. Howard's family.

A Stray Molasses Mill.

Brother E. Stevenson states that if the parties who borrowed, without permission, a molasses mill, weighing 250 pounds, from his premises, Big Cottonwood Ward, will call at 118 s First West Street, Salt Lake City, they can also furnished some bolts belonging to the same. Otherwise, anyone giving information relative to the strayed mill will be suitably rewarded by the owner, who mourns its absence.

Death of G. D. Keaton.

Mr. A. E. Hyde has received a dispatch from Eureka, Utah, informing him that George D. Keaton died at that place this morning. No particulars are given. The deceased had been employed as bookkeeper for the Bullion, Beck & Champion Mining Company for several years. He was an old resident of Utah and was at one time connected with the business department of this office. Brother Keaton was a good citizen and faithful Latter-day Saint.

Well Disciplined.

SALT LAKE CITY, November 20, 1889. [Correspondence of the DESERET NEWS. The marching club of the Fifth district presented quite a lively and pleasing spectacle while drilling last evening. In the neighborhood of forty persons, many of whom carrying lighted torches, marched and countermarched up and down and around the various blocks, keeping step with the music of the drum corps and going through their various military manoeuvres, calling forth praise from their admirers. FIFTH WARDER.

A Strange Case.

A correspondent of the Ogden *Standard* furnishes that paper with an account of a strange case. About ten days ago a gentleman saw a human body lying on the railroad track near Willard. A train was approaching, and the gentleman had barely time to remove the body, which was that of a young man, apparently still alive though unconscious. The head was cut and one hip was bruised. The insensible man was conveyed to a house near by, where he lay in a comatose state for several days, when he recovered consciousness. He tells a sensational story of being followed from Freemont, Nebraska, by three men who, he says, wanted to rob and perhaps murder him, but can give no account as to how he was hurt. He is a young German, has been in this country three years, and gives his name as Edwin Condon, late of Antelope County, Nebraska. He is probably insane.

Death of a Promising Lad.

At midnight last night George Alma Whitaker, son of the late Elder Thomas W. and of Elizabeth Whitaker, died at the family residence, at Centreville, Davis County, after an illness of three weeks, the disease that carried him off being typhoid-pneumonia. The deceased was born March 27th, 1876, and he was therefore in his fourteenth year. He was a lad of much promise, having a decidedly intellectual turn. About two hours before he breathed his last he was up and about and conversing cheerfully with his mother, so that his death came, notwithstanding his sickness, at a time when it was not expected. Immediately before he drew his last breath he exclaimed, "Mother," and expired with that endearing word upon his lips. Much sympathy is felt for the bereaved widow and the rest of the family. Deceased, who is the only one of a family of twenty children carried off by death, is brother to John M. Whitaker, stenographer, of this city. The funeral service will be conducted at 1 o'clock tomorrow, November 22nd, at Centreville.

Political Notes.

The ninth marching club will meet at 6 o'clock this evening for drill, at the usual place.

The Seventeenth People's club will meet at 7:30 this evening. D. D. Houtz, Esq., will speak. A full attendance is desired.

The Twenty-first Ward political club hold their regular weekly meeting this evening, at the usual time.

The Fifth political club marching men will meet for drill on Thursday evening, Nov. 21, at 7:30. A full and punctual attendance of all the members is requested.

There will be a meeting of the People's political club of the Ninth Ward this evening, at 7:30. All who are interested in the organization are invited to attend.

A. G. WOOLLEY, Sec'y.

Troop A, City Guards, will meet tomorrow (Friday) at 4 p.m., on the Tenth ward square. A full and prompt attendance is desired.

ALONZO YOUNG,
Captain commanding Troop A.

The Scandinavian political club held their regular weekly meeting in the Social Hall last night. An excellent programme had been prepared and a rousing time was had. The meeting was addressed by Jno. F. Oda, I. C. G. Johnson and L. M. Green. The attendance was so large that standing room could scarcely be obtained. Hereafter the meetings will be held in the Thirteenth Ward meeting house.

PRESIDENT GEO. Q. CANNON

Called by Dickson and Baskin as a Witness.

TODAY'S PROCEEDINGS BEFORE JUDGE ANDERSON.

The Court Says the Case Will Not be Closed Till Mr. Penrose Answers.

This morning there was another large attendance of anti-"Mormons" and a few "Mormons" at the City Hall, where Judge Anderson's branch of the Third District Court is making its inquiry with reference to the eligibility of "Mormons" for citizenship.

LeGrand Young stated to the court that the case of the defense was through with the exception of a little documentary evidence and the testimony of two or three witnesses, one of whom was sick. He wanted to know, however, what the court proposed to do with Mr. Penrose's testimony.

Dickson objected to the case being closed till Mr. Penrose should answer. The striking out of his testimony was not sufficient.

The court said that the case would not be closed till Mr. Penrose should answer, whatever time that might require, and as to the applicant Moore it would be kept open till Mr. Penrose's cross-examination was completed.

LeGrand Young thought that the most the court should ask was that his testimony should be stricken out. The defense wanted it in. If all the objectors want is cross-examination, they could have done so without referring to Mr. Penrose's private matters. Their whim should not be allowed to block this whole case, because the witness would not publicly state his family affairs. The defense wanted to know their standing.

Court—Mr. Penrose's testimony will not be considered till he submits to cross-examination.

LeGrand Young said they wanted to introduce the documents referred to by Mr. Penrose as evidence.

Baskin said there would be no objection to that.

R. W. Young offered in evidence a letter of Col. Steptoe and several other United States officers and officials, recommending Brigham Young for reappointment as Governor, and testifying to his firm adherence to the Constitution of the United States.

The court, on Baskin's objection, refused to admit it.

R. W. Young then read an extract from the dedicatory prayer of the Kirtland Temple, asking that the principles of the Constitution be established on this land forever.

Mr. Moyle offered Baskin's statement, made Jan. 21, 1870, before the House Committee on Territories.

Baskin denied having made it.

Moyle—Do you deny it?

Baskin—That is not all I did say. I made that statement, and more. I made a speech there, but I never revised it. The reporter did not report all I said, or it is not correct. I used language like that in connection with something else.

Baskin took the statement and began to read it, but the Court said that Baskin could not be bound by his statements of nineteen years ago. No lawyer could.

Moyle—He asked us to bring it, and we did so. We withdraw it if he feels embarrassed.

Baskin—I would like it to go in with an explanation.

Moyle—We don't care.

Baskin appeared badly nettled at the presentation of the extract from his speech.

MRS. BATHSHEBA W. SMITH

testified—I am 67 years old; have resided in Utah since 1849; was born in West Virginia; am a member of the "Mormon" Church; joined it in 1837; my husband, George A. Smith, died in 1875; he had been an Apostle and was then First Counselor to President Young; I knew the Prophet Joseph Smith quite well; my husband was his first cousin; my husband was one of the Twelve five years before Joseph Smith died. Joseph Smith was killed June 27, 1844, at Carthage, Ills.; I had my endowments in Nauvoo, in 1843; Joseph Smith presided at the meeting then; I officiated in the Temple at Nauvoo subsequently; my own endowments were received in the Masonic Hall, Nauvoo. I became quite familiar with the ceremony; worked in the Endowment House here many years, assisting in the ceremony as Priestess; there have been no changes in the ceremony up to the present time; they are the same today as in the lifetime of the Prophet Joseph; no change has been made in any respect from the first.

To Mr. Dickson—The ritual is not written. I officiated eight or ten years in the Endowment House, up to its close, about five years ago. My duties were confined to a particular part, but I frequently listened to the whole ceremony, and was familiar with it all. In one room I did not accompany the males. I know what the ceremony is, but did not witness it performed.

To Le Grand Young—In the course of the ceremonies there is no reference to avenging the blood of the Prophets, except to pray to the Lord and quote the verses in the Bible—in the book of Revelation. It is just the same now as before Joseph Smith's death. It is referred to only in the presence of both males and females.

In response to a question by Le Grand Young, the Court said the documents and extracts read by Mr. Penrose were admitted in evidence.

Le Grand Young said the defense did not admit that all the expressions made by the leading speakers were doctrines of the Church.

Le Grand Young said he expected Joseph Follett, whom Wardell said saw the killing of Green, on the next train; also that he wanted the deposition of Mrs. M. R. Thompson, who was too ill to attend. He also wanted to prove, which he could do, that the records alleged to be burned, and which caused the Utah war, had not been burned at all.

The testimony of Mrs. M. R. Thompson was expected to be a substantial reiteration of that by Mrs. B. W. Smith in regard to the Endowment ceremonies, and that there had been no change made in them.

By agreement this evidence was admitted without Mrs. Thompson's deposition. After some further discussion, however, this plan was changed, and Mrs. Thomson's evidence was taken, the court having a recess in the meantime.

Mrs. Thompson's testimony presented nothing in addition to that given by Mrs. Smith. Her deposition was read at the opening of court this afternoon.

LeGrand Young stated that Mr. Follett had not yet appeared, but they still expected him.

Jesse W—d was called and sworn, but LeGrand Young said it was a specific act and they would withdraw the witness.

Dickson said they were prepared to sustain McIlwhie's character.

In reply to Le Grand Young the Court said Joseph Follett would be examined when he came.

Le Grand Young offered the Bible, Book of Mormon and Doctrine and Covenants in evidence on the part of the defense.

Dickson—Call George Q. Cannon.

PRESIDENT GEORGE Q. CANNON

testified—I am one of the First Presidency of the Church. Have been in that office since 1880, except from July, 1887, to April 1889. I remember the Epistle to the Church in 1885.

Dickson—Read that (handing him a paper).

Mr. Cannon read the document and then continued, in response to questions—I cannot say positively that this is a copy of that Epistle, but I think it is. It was addressed to the officers and members of the Church.

Dickson—That is all.

Dickson said he introduced the Epistle to show that the Church was acting in concert to overthrow and defeat the laws of the government.

Mr. Thurman said the defense objected to this, as it was not the proper order of evidence.

Dickson said the first proposition was whether there was anything in the covenant or ceremonies that was incompatible with good citizenship? Second, was blood atonement a doctrine of the Church? Third, is control in temporal affairs claimed by the priesthood? The defense had denied these propositions by evidence, and the document was to rebut the evidence.

Thurman—From what I have witnessed in this case, the testimony of the doctors went to prove a general tendency of the teachings of the Church leaders against the government; and expressions were cited for that purpose. This is claimed to be in the same line, and on the statement of counsel should be excluded. We should not drift too far from the rules of evidence.

The court said he had asked whether the feeling of the "Mormon" people was hostile or friendly to the government.

Baskin said his position was that no member of the Mormon Church was eligible to naturalization; and that the rites of the Endowment House were such as no citizen could take. The defense had claimed this position was incorrect, and had introduced evidence to sustain their claim.

The Court admitted the document and said the responsibility of the investigation rested on the court. The questions as to whether persons, otherwise qualified, were to be excluded from citizenship because of membership in the "Mormon" Church, and wanted to hear all evidence it could to determine that fact.

The Epistle was then read. It is dated May 2d, 1885, and is signed by Presidents John Taylor and George Q. Cannon.

The examination was in progress at the time of our going to press.

SUGAR FACTORY TO BE BUILT

Report to the Board of Directors of the Utah Sugar Co.

The committee of the Utah Sugar Company report their recommendations today to the board of directors. Their report was received and their recommendations adopted. It was unanimously determined to proceed forthwith with the erection of a factory.

The report reads in part as follows:

"Your committee to whom you have relegated the responsibility of recommending whether or not the production and manufacture of sugar is feasible and practicable and can be made profitable in Utah, and of selecting a site for the location of a factory, respectfully report that for the reason herewith set forth, we consider the industry entirely feasible and practicable, and we have no hesitation in recommending it as a worthy enterprise and a reasonably profitable investment. The many partial, and in some instances, entire failures of home industries which have occurred amongst us, and the comparatively large amount of money required to establish this enterprise, have occasioned a very close and searching investigation and careful weighing of possibilities for and against its success, and the possible contingencies which have been so freely brought forward as apparently insurmountable difficulties have caused a very healthful ventilation of the subject which however has only resulted in showing its strength and its palpable advantages."

The report then enters into a detailed statement of facts and figures and shows the amount of profit that may be reasonably expected from both sorghum and beets. To show how careful the committee have been in making estimates the following is quoted: "The estimate includes all items of cost but can be legitimately charged against any manufacture, and includes the actual bills for wages, fuel, raw material, incidentals, repairs, fixed or annual salaries for manager, superintendent, chemist and clerk, insurance, taxes and a six per cent charge for wear and tear, which amount held in reserve annually without interest would rebuild the factory anew in 17 years."

The committee reported in suitable location for a factory in one of the counties, Davis, Cache, Salt Lake and Utah, and asked for instructions whether or not they should take into consideration propositions which had been made by some of the counties as inducements to locate in their neighborhood.

It was determined by the Board to receive propositions from the various localities and consider them.

The report is signed by Elias Morris, Francis Armstrong, Ames Howe, Geo. W. Thatcher, C. W. Hardy and Arthur Stayner.

The Duff Opera Company.

"A trip to Africa," by the Duff Opera Company, drew a large audience at the Theatre last evening, every seat being taken in the lower part of the house. The piece is a fine comic opera and was well presented, the leading characters being especially well rendered. The costumes and scenery were beautiful. The same piece will be repeated this evening.

Student's Society.

The Student's Society of the Latter-day Saint's College will meet in the Social Hall on Friday evening, Nov. 22, at 7:30. The President, Willard Done, will deliver a lecture on the subject, "The Rise and Fall of the Persian Empire." All are invited.

Idaho Appointment.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The President has appointed James I. Beatty, of Idaho, chief justice of Idaho.

BORN.

LAMBOURNE.—November 18, 1889, to the wife of W. R. Lambourne, of the Tenth Ward, a son. All well.

DEATHS.

BELL.—In Mill Creek, Salt Lake County, Nov. 21, 1889, at 2:30 a. m., of pneumonia, Annie L. McGregor, wife of James Bell. Deceased was born in Essex, England, July 12, 1836; baptized a member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints March 26, 1848.

Funeral at residence at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

WERRETT.—51 West Jordan, November 20th, 1889, Elizabeth Werrett, daughter of George and Phebe Clark. Deceased was born at Stanwick, Northamptonshire, England, and emigrated to Utah in 1864.

ATKINS.—In this city, November 20, 1889, of old age, Ellis Atkins. Deceased was born July 27, 1814, in Dudley, Worcestershire, England. She leaves two sons, one daughter and seventeen grandchildren to mourn her loss.

Funeral services will be held in the Fourteenth Ward meeting house on Sunday, at 12 m. Friends invited.

Millennial Star and Dudley papers please copy.

Forty Years Among the Indians

Is the title of a highly interesting work of 400 pages which will shortly be issued from the press. It contains the thrilling experiences of Daniel W. Jones among the natives of this land, and exhibits many marvelous providences of God in his behalf.

Canvassing agents will visit shortly the different Wards and Stakes of Zion. dtf

Throat Diseases commence with a cough, cold, or sore throat. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" give immediate relief. *Sold only in boxes.* Price 25 cts.

HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

The Case of Thos. M. Hughes Sent to the Grand Jury.

The preliminary hearing of T. M. Hughes, charged with the murder of F. D. Romayne, took place before Judge Pyper yesterday. Attorneys Houtz and Varian appeared for the prosecution, and Attorneys Dickson, Hamilton and Nowlin for the defense. The first witness introduced by the prosecution was

FRANK M. PINNIO,

who testified — I am acquainted with Hughes. On Sunday, Nov. 10, Burlingame, Arthur, Romayne and I were standing in the hallway at the *Tribune*. I first noticed Hughes and Daniels coming down the street. I heard Hughes say, "Come out and fight, you s— of a b—; you had the drop on me last night, but I am heeled now." He flourished his pistol and then put it into his pocket. Romayne said laughingly, "Go on with your shooting." I went out, and on looking back saw Romayne with his gun in his hand. I then stepped aside and the shooting began. Hughes shot, as near as I remember, four times, throwing up his hand each time. I said to Romayne, "You're not hit, are you?" He said, "Yes, here in the stomach." I put my arms around him and he laid down and said, "Go for a doctor." Doctor Bower came up at that time and said, "Catch that man." I went to the corner and saw Hughes coming around. Romayne was taken into the hindery, and then into the job office, where he died shortly after. Hughes was brought into the room before his death. Romayne lived about ten minutes. The doctor cut the ball out. I saw a weapon taken from Romayne. During the shooting Romayne held the pistol in his hand.

To Dickson—Hughes was coming west with Daniels when I saw him. Arthur, Burlingame, Romayne and I were standing together in a recess of the hallway when Hughes was coming. Romayne was near the outer edge of the door, near the east side. The first thing that attracted my attention was the remark of Hughes on the sidewalk. When Hughes made the remark he threw his pistol up. Romayne laughed contemptuously and said, "Go on with your shooting." Hughes went on backing toward West Temple Street. We went out toward Hughes to within about fifteen feet of him. Hughes was looking first to the right and then to the left of me, as if looking for something behind me. I looked back and saw Romayne with a gun. I stepped aside and the shooting commenced. That was the position of the two men before the shooting. Romayne did not fall during the shooting. Hughes went on backing around the corner. I laid Romayne on the sidewalk before Dr. Bower drove up. I looked from one to the other during the shooting. Romayne threw his left arm up as a kind of guard.

DR. BOWER

testified—I was present immediately after the shooting. I was going east, near Scott's warehouse, when I heard the report of a pistol and saw several men rush together. I drove up and about twenty seconds elapsed before Romayne appeared and fell forward. I felt his pulse. He was pulseless and in about five minutes died. I cut the ball out. The wound was on the left side. The ball was taken out on the right side, on the front. This is the ball (producing it.)

To Mr. Dickson—I did not probe the wound and cannot tell the direction of the ball. It was eight or ten inches below the heart. I was about a third of a block away at the first shot. Could not tell the attitude of the parties. The pistol was taken out of Romayne's right pocket.

E. A. FRANKS

was called and corroborated the testimony already given, as did also Joseph Arthur, E. B. Burlingame, George H. Rushing and Alonzo Worthen.

POLICEMAN JOHN R. CUMMOCK

testified—I was just below Greenewald's cigar store at the time of the first shot. I ran to the *Tribune*. Hughes was coming back when I got to the corner. I went up to him, when he said, "I did the shooting; there is the pistol." I went into the room where Romayne was. Hughes said, "Get the other man's pistol." Hughes wanted Lannan to read something that was written in a book. The leaf was given to Franks. We brought him up to the city hall.

POLICEMAN J. W. SHARP

testified—The pistols were given to me in the marshal's office. Hughes' gun had two empty shells and three empty chambers. Romayne's had two loaded shells and three empty chambers.

Court then adjourned to 7 p.m.

On re-assembling the following evidence was produced by the defense:

VICTOR R. DANIELS.

I am a printer at the *Tribune* office. I know both Hughes and Romayne. Was present at the homicide. Heard Romayne in the Gaiety restaurant, the Sunday before, say that he would run Hughes out of town. On the Friday before the shooting, Romayne had a gun. He asked me to oil it for him. Some one asked him what he was going to do with the gun. He said: "Oh, some s— of a b— might pull a knife on me." The next day after the occasion in the restaurant Romayne spoke to Hughes about a remark that he had made about him the day before, and said he didn't like it. Hughes asked him if his apology was not sufficient, when Romayne said: "Oh yes, but I didn't like it all the same." Romayne said: "If you ever want a gun or a knife fight you can have it." I went down the street with Hughes the day of the shooting. Saw Romayne just as we got to the door. Hughes went across the sidewalk and said: "Now you s— of a b—, come out and fight. I am heeled now. You had the drop on me before. Come out and fight like a man." Hughes backed off sideways toward the corner. Romayne came out and pulled his pistol and held it in his right hand, with his left hand over the cylinder. He took his left hand off and just at that time Hughes reached in his pocket and pulled his gun and commenced shooting. Hughes backed to the corner and then around it. Romayne was still standing. I asked Romayne if he was hit, and he said "Yes, go for a doctor," and I started up the street for a doctor.

To Mr. Varian—Hughes told me that Romayne had a pistol with him the night before, and Romayne had shoved a pistol in his face and abused him. He said he didn't know why Romayne should have anything against him. When we got to the *Tribune* Hughes made the first remark that was made. Romayne and his hands in his pocket. Romayne was on the west side of the hindery when the first shot was fired. He had a pistol in his hand. The second shot went over Romayne's head. Romayne did not shoot. I am a friend of both Hughes and Romayne.

R. J. Jessup and William W. Salmon were then examined, after which Attorney Houtz opened the argument for the prosecution, followed by Dickson for the defense, and closing with Varian for the prosecution.

Judge Pyper stated that he would like time to more fully consider the evidence, but as one of the defendant's attorneys was anxious to get away, he would give his decision, which was that the prisoner be held to await the action of the grand jury without bail. The grand jury was in session, and could consider the case immediately, so that the present omission to admit to bail would be no hardship.

FIRE IN NEW YORK.

The Western Union Building Was The Scene of The Conflagration.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS OFFICE THREATENED.

Henry M. Stanley Expected To Reach Zanzibar In A Few Days.

CHICAGO STREETS DARK AND ALMOST DESERTED.

A Decree Issued Establishing Universal Suffrage Throughout the Brazilian Republic.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.

NEW YORK FIRE.

The Western Union and Other Buildings in Danger.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—A fire was discovered in the tower of the Western Union building, above the Associated Press office, at 3:40 this morning and now (4 o'clock) the flames are making headway. Not a drop of water has been gotten on the flames yet, and the prospect is serious. The firemen are at present dragging a line of hose into the Associated Press windows on the ninth floor. The hose broke three times while being hauled up.

At 4:20 the firemen have just begun to work in the tower. The flames are increasing in intensity, and a great crowd has assembled in the street.

A STUBBORN FIRE.

Five o'clock: The firemen have succeeded in getting a couple of streams turned upon the fire, but it is a stubborn one. It had gained a good headway among the great pile of messages and records stored in the tower, and a dense volume of smoke, interspersed with curling flames, is pouring out. A great crowd is in the street below. All the employes, men and women, in the Western Union restaurant on the eighth floor were promptly awakened when the fire was discovered and are now packing up. The water is splashing on the skylight of the Associated Press office, where this dispatch is being written, and the streams are rushing down the stairways and through the crevices in the floor.

THE FLAMES SUBDUED.

At 5:30 the fire was under control, and rushing streams of water are supplementing the damage done by the smoke and flames. Water is flowing over the floors of nearly all the offices of the upper stories, and the employes are busily engaged with brooms trying to keep it running down stairs. The experience of this fire has proven that standpipes in a building are useless at this height, and that it takes fully an hour to get a line of hose in working order up to the top of the building.

The damage to the Western Union building by last night's fire is only $5000; to stock $1000.

Death of Mrs. Kinney.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 21.—Mrs. Elizabeth Clementine Kinney, mother of the poet Edmund Clarence Stedman, died yesterday at Summit, N. J., aged 69. Mrs. Kinney was an intimate friend of Tennyson, Browning and Trollope.

Off the Navy List.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21. — The *Quinnebaug* and *Juniata*, which have been condemned by the board of survey, were yesterday stricken from the list of vessels of the navy. They were sold.

Mexican Products.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Thomas Ryan, United States minister to Mexico, in his report to the Department of State on Mexican products and exports, says: The productions of sugar, corn and wheat are remarkably small. Average value of sugar product 5½ cents per pound, and the export thereof 24 cents per pound, aggregating $107,000, said to be a most inferior grade. Average value of coffee product 22 cents per pound, about half of which is reported at a value of 16.9 cents per pound; and the value of the hemp export is more than twice the combined value of the entire export of sugar, coffee, wheat and textile fibre. The native sugar product coming into the City of Mexico has steadily decreased from 8,585,000 kilograms in 1884 to 4,681,000 kilograms in 1888. There has been a steady increase in beef. Consumption in the capital from 60,000 beeves slaughtered in 1878 to 83,000 in 1888, and the increase of mutton consumption from 92,000 sheep in 1878 to 130,000 in 1888.

The Brazilian Republic.

RIO JANEIRO, Nov. 21.—The provisional government has issued a decree establishing universal suffrage throughout the republic.

The "Moonlighters."

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The argument by Sir Henry James was continued today. Referring to the "Moonlighters" in Ireland, he said they acted more like burglars than like police of the league. Their actions were not rejoiced by the leaders of the league. It was not until February, 1886, when the Parnellite members of the House were supporting the government, that the leaders of the league refused to grant money to certain districts owing to the outrages committed there.

French Interests in Brazil.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—A meeting of the cabinet was held today. Barbey, minister of marine, announced that the corvette *Hune* had been dispatched to Brazil to protect the interests of the French residents.

Stanley Nearing Zanzibar.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Mackinnon, head of the Emin Pasha relief committee, has received a cable from Henry M. Stanley, announcing his arrival at Mpwapwa, and stating that he expects to reach Zanzibar in four or five days.

Stanley's dispatch also states he has made the important discovery that there is an extension of Lake Nyassa.

Loss of Life.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Nov. 21.—The ship *Willie and Jim* went ashore this morning. The waves broke her into pieces. One body was washed ashore. It is feared all hands are lost.

Chicago in Darkness.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—A rumor prevailed in this city this morning that Peoria, Ill., had been visited by a cyclone. Inquiry of the Western Union Telegraph officials and signal officer developed the fact that there was no storm in that vicinity.

This city is overhung with dense clouds, and smoke so dark that gas is necessary everywhere. The streets are almost deserted and people go about as if scared.

The Storm in China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—Mail dispatches from China state that five lives have been lost in the storm which passed over Hong Kong about the twentieth. By the hailstorm in the Kanoud province many houses were leveled to the ground. Large numbers of cattle were killed, scores of people injured, and all the crops damaged.

In a Dime Museum.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—In the Cronin case today Patrick Dinan, owner of the white horse which drew Dr. Cronin to Carlson cottage, testified that the horse is now in a dime museum. Louis Budenberder, of Hoboken, N. J., who lived in Chicago at the time of Cronin's death, testified that he saw Dr. Cronin go away from his home on the night of the murder; that the horse which drew the buggy was not Dinan's white horse, but a gray animal with white legs. Marshal D. Elwell, medical and microscopical expert, testified that there were no means known to science by which human hair could with certainty be distinguished from any other hair.

Peace at Brazil.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21. — Dr. Valento, minister from Brazil, called at the State Department today and informed the Secretary that his latest advices from Brazil were to the effect that peace reigned and the new government were receiving the support of the people.

Steamer Arrived.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The steamer *Wisconsin* from Liverpool.

Succeeds His Father-in-Law.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The President has appointed Thomas Clay McDowell collector of internal revenue for the seventh district of Kentucky, vice W. C. Goodloe recently killed. The appointee is a son-in-law of Goodloe.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE best place in town to get a Good, Home-cooked Dinner, for 25 cents, is BENJAMIN'S Restaurant, 115 s. Main Street.

O. F. Blue

Still continues to carry on business as Florist, at 240 w. Third South St.

Like Hot Cakes.

Mr. T. A. Deroven, merchant, Deroven, Louisiana, says: "The St. Patrick's Pills went like hot cakes." Their gentle action and reliability as a cathartic is what makes them popular. For sale by Z. C. M. I. drug dept.

CARPETS!! CARPETS!!! Rugs, Linoleums, Curtains, at HENRY DINWOODEY'S

Park City.

Be sure and take the short line to Park City, via. S.L. & R.Ry. Trains leave the D. & R. G. Depot at 10 a. m. dtf

Equitable

Sells Colored Yarns at 85c. per lb.

Angostura Bitters, the World renowned South American appetizer, cures dyspepsia, &c. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, sole manufacturers. At all druggists.

Special School Meeting.

An adjourned meeting of the taxpayers of School District No. 15, Salt Lake County, will be held on Wednesday, November 27, 1889, at 7:30 p.m., at the schoolhouse of the district First South Street, west, Salt Lake City.

The object of the meeting is to consider a proposition to exchange the present school site for a more suitable one.

THOMAS HULL,
J. R. MORGAN,
E. G. HOLDING,
Trustees School District No. 15.
SALT LAKE CITY, November 15th, 1889. d3t

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 10 cts., 50cts., and $1.

Union Pacific Lands.

Utah Real Estate and Investments. C. E. WANTLAND, Agent, 201 S. Main St., Salt Lake City. dtf

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure.

THE REV. GEO. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and Wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

Ladies' Cloaks, all wool; cost to make them $18 for $12.50. Best Gloves in town for $1.00. H. E. PHELPS.

The Indian.

Dr. C. Nelson, 66 E. Second South Street, wants everbody to know that he has a remedy to cure coughs, colds, asthma and all diseases of the throat and lungs, and he is willing to guarantee it. All sufferers are invited. Consultation free. d

The proprietors of Ely's Cream Balm do not claim it to be a cure-all, but a sure remedy for catarrh, colds in the head and hay fever. It is not a liquid or a snuff, but is easily applied into the nostrils. It gives relief at once.

Pears' Soap is the most elegant toilet adjunct.

Ogden Department.

The NEWS can now be had every evening, at 5:15 p.m., at the news stand of the Union Depot, or at the Ogden News depot, 331 Twenty-fourth Street, a few doors east of the Post Office; also from Dalton, Nye & Cannon, Main Street, or it will be delivered at your residence the same evening by applying to Mr. Scott Anderson, NEWS agent in Ogden City.

ALL kinds of Sheep Dip for sale at PAINE & LYNE'S.

Grass Seed.

We have just received a car load of Fresh Grass Seed.
BAILEY & SONS,
Opposite Post Office

Park View.

The choice addition on the slope of the East Bench, adjoining the home of LeGrand Young, Esq. The cheapest and best lots in the market.
J. H. YOUNG and
C. E. WANTLAND,
d 201 Main Street.

WOOL BATTS
Just received at
JOHN C. CUTLER & BRO.,
No. 36 East Temple St.

Special School Meeting.

A special meeting of the tax-payers of School District No. 1, Salt Lake County, is hereby called for Friday evening, November 29th, 1889, at 7:30 at the School House of said district, First Ward, Salt Lake City.

The object of the meeting is to consider a proposition to exchange the present school site for a more suitable one; to consider whether a tax of two (2) per cent. shall be levied or not for the purpose of erecting a commodious school house for the district and the furnishing of the same with all the appliances required, and also for the transaction of any other business that may come up before the meeting.
JAMES D. STIRLING,
THOMAS JOHNSON,
JOHN SQUIRES,
Trustees School District No. 1.
Salt Lake City, Nov. 18, 1889.

The Equitable Co-op.

Sells yard wide Sheeting at 5½c.,
Red mixed Flannel 16½c.
Brown Canton Flannel 6½c per yard.

Wanted

All kinds of Second Hand Household Goods, 157 s. First E.
EICHNER & WEBBER.

Equitable Co-op.

Sells all-wool shawls at 75 c.
Bed Comforters, large size, 90c. each
Raw Silk Table Covers, worth $1.25 for 75c.
Boys' Pants, 30c. to 50c. each.
5 gal. keg Pickles, $1.25.
20 bars of Soap, $1.
Boys' wool Waists, worth $1.25, for 65c.

The Workingmen's Clothing Store;

Having established a reputation for honesty, reliability and fair dealing, we are now prepared to offer to the public great bargains in Men's Boys' and Children's Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Overcoats, etc. Call and examine our new and complete stock and be convinced that our prices are 10 per cent. lower than any other house in town.
WM. LONGMORE,
53 w. First South St.

Go to SPENCER, BYWATER & Co., opposite City Hall, for Tin Roofing, Guttering, Spouting, Stoves and Tinware, etc.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY.—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker mouth.

The Latest Out.

A Daily Through Car Service has been established by the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line between San Francisco, Portland and Chicago via Council Bluffs, thus offering to the public facilities not given by any other line. "The Limited Fast Mail" which runs daily between the above points, carries the *Overland Fast Mail*, a limited number of first-class passengers without extra charge, and is composed of Pullman Vestibuled Sleepers, San Francisco to Chicago via Council Bluffs, Pullman Vestibuled Sleepers and Pullman Dining Cars Portland to Chicago via Council Bluffs.

This is another indication that the Union Pacific is desirous of meeting the requirements of the people. For information in regard to this and other trains on this line, apply to J. B. Kirkland, General Agent No. 1 Montgomery St., San Francisco, or E. L. Lomax, General Passenger Agent, Omaha, Neb. dccd

MARKETS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Nov. 21, Noon.

Bar Silver	90¼	Lexington	100
Money	6 @ 7	Transcontinental	12¾
4 coupons	27	Pacific Mail	23¾
Pacific 6's	112¼	Rock Island	99¾
Central Pacific	33	St. L. & S. F.	24¼
Burlington	64	St. Paul & Omaha	34
Rio Grande	30	Sugar	80¼
Northern Pacific	32¾	Union Pacific	51¾
Preferred	76¼	Fargo Express	41
Northwestern	104¼	Western Union	84¼
York Central	6¼		

Stocks dull to steady.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, 1:30 p. m., Nov. 21, close.
Wheat—Firmer; Nov., 80¼; Dec., 81; May, 82.
Corn—Steady; Nov., 32½; Dec. 32½; May, 33½.
Oats—About steady; Nov., 21; May, 23½.
Barley—Nov., 57.
Pork—Firm; Nov. 8.92½; Jan., 8.42½ @ 8.45.
Lard—Steady; Nov., 6.10; Jan., 5.97 @ 6.00.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

CHAS. S. BURTON, MANAGER.

FOUR NIGHTS & WEDNESDAY MATINEE,
COMMENCING
MONDAY, November 18th

J. C. DUFF
Comic Opera Comp'y,
REPRESENTING
MONDAY and TUESDAY
And Wednesday Matinee,
PAOLA!
Wednesday and Thursday Nights,
TRIP TO AFRICA.

A GREAT CAST.
Chorus and Incidental Ballet of 50.

FINE PRODUCTION!
HANDSOME COSTUMES!

ENLARGED ORCHESTRA,
Under the direction of Mr. H. S. BILLER

Whole production under the personal supervision of Mr. J. C. DUFF.

Prices of Admission: $1.25, $1.00, 75c. & 50c.
Prices for the Matinee:—75, 50 and 25c.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

W. J. BURTON, Manager.

THE GREAT SUCCESS!

Secure Your Seats in Advance and Avoid Disappointment.

Two Nights and One Matinee.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENS,
NOVEMBER 22 & 23
Grand Matinee Saturday,
NOVEMBER 23, at 2 p. m.

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's Own Dramatization of her Beautiful Story,

LITTLE LORD
FAUNTLEROY.

Under the direction of Mr. T. H. FRENCH of the Broadway Theatre and Grand Opera House, New York, and Mr. Al. HAYMA