

## PRESIDENT TO VISIT ENGLAND

### WILSON WANTS BRITISH VIEWS ON FREE SEAS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—A resolution asking the state department to inform the senate whether the American peace commissioners are advocating destruction of German warships or other enemy property and, if so, by what authority, was introduced today by Minority Leader Lodge and, without discussion, referred to the foreign relations committee.

(By the Associated Press)  
PARIS, Wednesday, Dec. 18.—The reason given for President Wilson's desire to make an early visit to England, it is understood, is that he has found it might be necessary to return to Washington much sooner than he had expected. Whether this means a change in the president's entire program, including his journey to Italy, is not known here.

An interesting feature of the president's intended visit beginning next Thursday is that the present British cabinet is technically not in a position to speak for the government until the result of the recent elections are known December 28.

There is little doubt, however, that Premier Lloyd George and his assistants have been re-elected.

LONDON, Wednesday, Dec. 18.—If President Wilson arrives in England Thursday of next week, as it is intimated he will, he will find England holiday making, as the day after Christmas is "boxing day." Throughout the United Kingdom business will be at a standstill December 26.

The president also will find that many people are away from London because this year many business houses are giving their employees a week's vacation to enable them to spend the holidays in the country.

King George, it was announced today, has cancelled the arrangement which provided that he should go to Sandringham palace for Christmas, and he will remain in London instead to welcome President Wilson.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—Premier Clemenceau and Colonel E. M. House visited President Wilson this morning at his Paris residence, the Murat mansion.

The French premier and the president were engaged for more than an hour in an intimate discussion.

Colonel House also conferred with the president during the morning.

The president's engagements for the day caused him to postpone his plans for recreation, but he hoped to take a short drive with Mrs. Wilson. An invitation has been extended the president to visit London at Christmas time, but it is improbable that he will accept as he has fully planned to dine Christmas day with the American forces in the field.

(By the Associated Press)  
PARIS, Dec. 19.—King Victor Emmanuel of Italy arrived here today and was welcomed by President Poincare, Premier Clemenceau and other ministers. The king was accompanied by his son, the prince of Piedmont.

The Italian ruler and his heir arrived at the Bois de Bologne station. Notwithstanding unsettled weather conditions and squalls of wind, large crowds lined the streets.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The first resolution of congress requiring the president's signature adopted since President Wilson sailed for the peace conference has reached him in Paris and word that it has been signed is expected momentarily.

Secretary Tumulty was notified by cable today of the arrival of a state department courier who had in his pocket the joint congressional resolution authorizing the usual Christmas time advance payment of December salaries of government employees.

This procedure is to be followed in the course of all acts of congress while the president is abroad. State department messengers travel to and from Europe at frequent intervals. The president has ten days in which to sign or veto legislative documents and unless he does one or the other the legislation becomes effective without his signature.

The president, holding that he surrenders none of his powers by being abroad, is said to have no doubts about the legality of the course mapped out.

BELFAST, Wednesday, Dec. 18.—The lord-mayor of Dublin has called a mass meeting in Dublin for Sunday to extend an invitation to President Wilson to visit Ireland. He has suggested that similar meetings be held in other centers throughout the island.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—Civilians seized by the Germans in occupied French territory and sent to a hostage camp at Holzminde, Germany, will appoint a delegation to call upon President Wilson to tell him something of what they suffered, morally and physically, while detained by the Germans, it is announced.

The plan was formed at the suggestion of Dr. Henry Van Dyke of Princeton university who met some of the people in Paris at a re-union held recently.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—President Wilson was today handed an address of welcome by the French Union of Agricultural Associations on behalf of its 2500 affiliated organizations.

The address sets forth the peculiar conditions under which French agriculture is operating and calls the at-

### JAP STATESMEN WATCH UNITED STATES



KEI HARA



VISCOUNT KOSAI UCHIDA

Kei Hara is prime minister of Japan. Uchida is minister of foreign affairs and former ambassador to Russia. These are the men who are watching for Japan—the course of the United States in Russia and Siberia. When the United States force in Siberia had exceeded, accidentally, the limits set by international agreement, Japan at once sent more soldiers into Siberia. Uchida is a fruitful field, at the door of Japan, for commercial conquest—and for occupation should the pretext offer.

Whenever he arrives, but the date now proposed—December 26—has handicaps as far as the public and the officials are concerned. December 26 is a holiday and is known as "boxing day," an occasion peculiar to England. All who have country homes and live in London, from the king downward, spend the day in the country.

No arrangements for the visit of the president had been made up to today because the government wishes to consult John W. Davis, the new American ambassador.

The change in the president's arrangement is held to explain the hastening of the formal reception of Ambassador Davis by King George today. This was done so that the ambassador could be properly accredited in readiness for the formalities in connection with the president's visit.

Premier Lloyd George held hurried conferences tonight with Sir Eric Geddes, first lord of the admiralty, and other ministers.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—The American peace commissioners conferred with American newspaper correspondents for the first time today. All other correspondents were excluded. It was stipulated that none of the announcements to be made was for purposes of publication, being only for the guidance of the correspondents.

DUBLIN, Wednesday, Dec. 18.—A statement published in London that the Irish party was to send delegates to Paris to discuss home rule with President Wilson is declared in authoritative circles to be untrue.

It is impossible to learn whether the Sinn Feiners will send delegates but this is not believed to be likely in view of the fact that the lord-mayor of Dublin, who is a Sinn Feiner, is organizing meetings to invite President Wilson to Ireland.

### DOVER READY TO WELCOME HAIG AND STAFF

LONDON, Dec. 19.—London hung out its flags and the old seaport of Dover flung its gates wide open today to greet Field Marshal Haig and the commanders of the five British armies which fought in Belgium and France. Generals Plumer, Rawlinson, Birdwood, Byng and Horne.

It was merely an informal welcome

### GUARDS ALLIES KILLED SAVING AIRMAN RUSSIA

Lieutenant Coheny Murdered at Prison Camp by Germans.

OCCURRED DEC. 5

British Officers Refused Permission to Remove American's Body.

COPENHAGEN, Wed. Dec. 18. (By the Associated Press)—The killing of Lieutenant Coheny, an American airman, in the German prison camp at Stralsund December 5 is reported by three British officers who have arrived here. The American lieutenant, the officers say, went outside the barbed wire for a moment and the German guards fired three times at him.

Lieutenant Coheny was killed by a bullet through the chest. A British officer was seriously wounded by the shots.

The guards refused to allow Coheny's comrades to remove his body.

### NEEDS OF RED CROSS

Coming of Peace Increases Work of Humanity Organization.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The coming of peace has served to increase rather than diminish the work of the American Red Cross, said Provost Marshal General Crowder in a statement issued today in connection with the Red Cross Christmas membership campaign.

"The need for the Red Cross," said General Crowder, "does not terminate with the cessation of hostilities—rather are its usefulness and its scope increased. With the war at an end the Red Cross must turn its hand to the rehabilitation of devastated Europe, not only in the immediate matters of operation, but in all those fields just delivered from hostile occupation and among all those people who for more than four years have felt the heel of German oppression. To embarrass its activities at this time is to add misery to suffering."

on the part of London but Dover made of it a great celebration. The real celebration in London comes later—late in January or early in February. The field marshal will then, according to time-honored precedents, be raised to a high rank in the peerage. How high is a point of speculation, and given a money grant by parliament. This is the procedure that has been followed from the days of Wellington and Nelson down to Kitchener and Roberts and the occasion will be celebrated with civic and military formalities such as no other nation, except possibly France, can carry out as impressively as Great Britain.

PERUVIAN LEGATION  
PARIS, Dec. 19.—(Havas)—Francisco Garcia Calderon, who has been first secretary of the Peruvian legation here, has been named minister for his government to Belgium. He was the guest of diplomatic representatives of Latin-America at a banquet last night.

### CABINET QUILTS AS RESULT OF RECENT EVENTS

(By the Associated Press)  
PARIS, Dec. 19.—The German government headed by Freiderich Ebert has resigned as a result of events of Tuesday, according to a dispatch received at Zurich from Stuttgart, says the Journal's correspondent there.

Freiderich Ebert, who was named as minister of the interior in the cabinet of Prince Maximilian of Baden, November 3, and became imperial chancellor on November 8, took command of the situation in Berlin following the revolutionary uprising there. On November 13 it was announced that he had become premier and had chosen his cabinet, naming Hugo Haase, Philipp Scheidemann, Wilhelm Dittman, Herr Landseberg and Richard Barth as the secretaries in charge of the departments created by the revolutionary government.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 19.—Three of the principal directors of the Krupp munitions works at Essen, including Dr. Bransberger, inventor of the "big Berthas," have been arrested by the revolutionary committee in that city, according to advices received here.

ZURICH, Dec. 19.—Serious disorders have broken out at Danzig, West Prussia, according to dispatches received here. Civil and military prisons have been opened and the inmates set at liberty, it is said, and street fighting is reported.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—Bishop Maglione of Berne has received from Cardinal Hartmann, archbishop of Cologne, twenty cases containing religious ornaments which were taken from the diocese of Rheims by German soldiers. They will be sent to France.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—A German mine, which had been planted in a bridge at Guise, has exploded, killing fifteen persons and injuring twenty-five, according to a Guise dispatch to the Matin. The dispatch says the explosion occurred more than a month after the armistice.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—Austro-German soldiers who have been rounded up in European and Asiatic Turkey by the allies will be transported to France for internment until peace is declared. Admiral J. F. C. Amet, French high commissioner at Constantinople, has requisitioned all German vessels in Turkish ports and will use them in transporting the Austro-German prisoners to France.

AMERONGEN, Holland, Wednesday, Dec. 18.—Former Emperor William has been confined to his bed since Sunday with a severe chill. His indisposition has brought about a renewal of his old ear trouble, necessitating the calling in of a specialist, a professor from Utrecht, to assist the local doctor.

COPENHAGEN, Wednesday, Dec. 18.—The German government has decided to convoke a conference of representatives of all the states of the former empire on December 29 to elect a president of the German republic, according to a Berlin report. This step is said to have been taken in order to avoid fresh outbreaks.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 18.—Former Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary and four of his children are suffering from influenza, according to a telegram from Vienna. The former emperor has a very high fever.

(By the Associated Press)  
ODESSA, Sunday, Dec. 15.—Troops under command of the anti-German Ukrainian leader, Petlura, today are occupying Odessa.

BASEL, Switzerland, Dec. 19.—The executive committee of the soldiers' and workmen's council for Berlin and its suburbs intend to resign, according to messages received from the German capital. It is said that it will be replaced by an executive committee elected by the general assembly and the soldiers' and workmen's councils of the empire.

LONDON, Wednesday, Dec. 18.—The Estonian provisional government, controlling the territory covered by the former Russian Baltic province of Estonia, has placed the republic "under the common protection of the entente powers pending the decision of the peace conference."

The Estonian premier announced this in a telegram tonight in which he called attention to the difficulty the Estonian troops were experiencing in withstanding the Bolsheviks, who are attacking the territory of the republic from the east.

BERLIN, Tuesday, Dec. 17. (By the Associated Press)—The second day's session of the congress of the soldiers' and workmen's council of Germany was marked by stormy scenes. Herr Landsberg, majority Socialist, denounced the Bolshevik methods and dictatorial attitude of the soldiers' and workmen's council of Berlin. He declared that the executive committee of the council had presented a chaotic budget statement.

The manner in which the congress received the statements indicated that a new executive committee, more in harmony with the government might be elected.

SALT LAKE SOLDIER HAS MANY SOUVENIRS  
SALT LAKE, Dec. 19.—Bundles of war souvenirs to bring home after having been taken from Germans in fierce fighting are in possession of Homer Ewin of 666 East Second South street, writing from "somewhere in France," according to a letter recently received from the young man. He is with the 165th field signal battalion of the "Wildcat division."

As to a request which he received from friends here to "bring home the Kaiser's scalp," the young soldier says

he will do the best he can, but admonishes his acquaintances that he will have some difficulty, because there are a couple of million other Americans entered in that competition.

"The other day," the letter says, "I got a whole armload of souvenirs. I have three belts with 'Gitt mit uns' in brass on the buckles, three fine daggers, three small pistols, three pairs of eyeglasses, papers and letters. I got them in a tunnel where we found a room in which the Germans boiled up their dead for fats and such like. After the battle was over we went back and marched around and hit the line again and again. The Germans hit the dust. It was fierce the way they would fire those machine guns, but when we were upon them they would cry 'Merci, Kamerad!'"

MAY CALL STRIKE  
WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Harbor labor in all ports of the United States will be called on to strike, if necessary, to enforce the demands of the New York Longshoremen and Harbor Boatmen's Union, T. V. O'Connor, representing the men, told the national war labor board today.