

TODAY'S METAL PRICES

NEW YORK—Copper and iron unchanged; lead easy, spot 5.70c; spelter weak, East St. Louis 7.80c.

The Ogden Standard.

FEARLESS INDEPENDENT PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER

WEATHER FORECAST

Weather indications for Ogden and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday; little change in temperature.

Forty-ninth Year—No. 183.

Price Five Cents.

OGDEN CITY, UTAH, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 2, 1919.

LAST EDITION—3:30 P. M.

BELA KUN RESIGNS DICTATORSHIP

NATION IS TO PROSECUTE PROFITEERS

CHICAGO FIRES LEAVE 3,000 HOMELESS

HUNGARIAN LEADER BOWS TO DEMANDS OF ALLIED COUNCIL

VIENNA, Friday, Aug. 1, by The Associated Press.—Bela Kun, the Hungarian communist dictator, has resigned and been succeeded by a Socialist government, according to a telephone message from Budapest.

On receipt of news from the front that created consternation in Budapest, Kun at a meeting of the soviet Socialists became pale of face and with his back to the wall, declared: "Very well. If you demand it, I must resign. I made the best fight I could."

Captain Thomas C. Gregory, the United States food administrator in this region, is credited with a large share in the hastening of Bela Kun's retirement.

Captain Gregory arranged tonight for food relief for Budapest. He is bringing up supplies from the Banat region and also sending them down the Danube from Austria.

VIENNA, Aug. 2, by The Associated Press.—Overtures for peace with the allies have been made by the new Socialist government of Hungary which has been set up in succession to the Bela Kun regime.

Bela Kun, who resigned his virtual dictatorship, has been furnished a safe conduct by the allies and is expected to seek refuge here, as it is felt that his life would be endangered if he remained in Budapest.

The peace overtures were made by Jacob Weltner, president of the soldiers' and workers' soviet of Hungary. Arriving in Vienna from Budapest, Herr Weltner asked Colonel Cunningham, the leading representative of the allies at Vienna, and the other allied officials here, to recognize the new government and to treat for peace.

The new Hungarian cabinet is presided over by Jules Peidl, who was formerly minister of the people's welfare in the Count Karolyi cabinet. The cabinet contains provisionally many members of the former Bela Kun ministry.

COPENHAGEN, Friday, Aug. 1.—A dispatch from Budapest today announces that a purely Socialistic government has been formed under the leadership of Herr Peidl. The new government has issued a manifesto, the advices declare, saying that its chief tasks will be to preserve international order and enter into negotiations with the Entente.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Copenhagen says it is officially reported from Budapest that the government of Bela Kun has resigned. The trades' union have formed a Socialist government, the dispatch adds.

Report Erroneous.

BERNE, Aug. 2.—The announcement of the impending resignation of the Austrian ministry, received here from Vienna Thursday, was erroneous, it has developed. A mistake in the transmission of the dispatch from Vienna was responsible. The message originated in Belgrade, it appears, and referred to the Serbo-Croatian ministry.

The dispatch referred to in the foregoing was received in Berne from Vienna July 31. It stated that the Austrian cabinet had decided to resign. A similar message reaching London via Berne said it had been semi-officially announced that the cabinet, reached the decision to resign at a meeting held Tuesday.

Crisis Reached.

VIENNA, Friday, Aug. 1.—(By The Associated Press.)—The crisis at Budapest was due to the combined effect of the allied note issued at Paris last Sunday, warning the Hungarians they must set up a truly representative government, and the successful advance of the Rumanian army.

The soviet military forces were said to have been reduced to 40,000 unwilling soldiers who lacked ammunition and who were harassed by the guerrilla warfare of peasants. This force was thoroughly defeated today. The Hungarians were said to have surrendered or fled when a Rumanian division crossed the river Theiss at Tisza-Pured. They also took Szolnok, cutting the Budapest railway.

Stragglers from the soviet army brought the news of the Rumanian advance. They said the enemy forces were only 25 miles from the capital. Hungarian refugees here held a

celebration tonight over the downfall of communism. Officials here said the reconstruction of the Hungarian government was expected to improve the situation in Austria, lessening the danger of disorders.

KUN'S RETIREMENT. VIENNA, Thursday, July 31.—(By The Associated Press.)—The resignation of Bela Kun from the Hungarian government was effected this afternoon. His retirement was precipitated by the Rumanian successes along the river Theiss and the rout of the Hungarian Red army.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 2.—The strictest martial law is being enforced in Budapest by the war ministry in the new government, Joseph Haubrich, advices from the Hungarian capital today states. The city is reported quiet.

NEW CABINET.

VIENNA, Aug. 2.—(By The Associated Press.)—The new cabinet is made up as follows: Premier—Jules Peidl. Minister of foreign affairs—Peter Agoston. Minister of war—Joseph Haubrich. Minister of justice—Paul Garami. Minister of welfare—Alexander Garbal. Minister of commerce—M. Dovoahak. Minister of education—Stephan Szabo. Minister of home affairs—Karl Payer. Minister of agriculture—Joseph Takacs. Minister of finance—Joseph Miskics. Minister of food—M. Knittelhofer. Premier Peidl is said to be a courageous man of simple habits. He has been a typographer, an editor and a model worker. Minister of War Haubrich formerly

PREDICT GENERAL STRIKE

Shopmen Expect Walk-out Will Become Nation-wide Today.

EXTEND TO ALL R. R.

Strike Against Delays In Consideration of Demands.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Leaders of the Federated Railway Shopmen's union today predict that the strike which started yesterday would become the nation-wide movement that it was expected to be when it was called. At present the strike is for the most part confined to points in the middle west and southeast, with some of the craftsmen out at points outside that territory.

In the middle west some 30,000 men were reported out, with a like number in the south and southeast sections. Those affected are car repairers, inspectors, machinists, electricians, blacksmiths and sheet metal workers. They demand a wage increase from the present scale of 68 cents an hour to 85 cents with 60 cents an hour for helpers and that the increase be effective from January 1, 1919.

"Every railroad system in the country will be affected by night," John D. Saunders, secretary of the council directing the Chicago situation said. "The strike was ordered as a protest against the many delays in our demands. Negotiations in Washington have been without avail. We will make a clean sweep of every road in the country."

Violated Orders

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 2.—That the strike of railroad shopmen declared yesterday is in direct violation of orders issued by the grand lodge of the railway department of the American Federation of Labor, was the statement made today by F. F. Miles, general chairman of district 20, of the International Association of Machinists. District 20 comprises Colorado, Wyoming and New Mexico.

"The railway department of the American Federation of Labor is the parent body of all organizations of railway employees," said Mr. Miles. "In view of that fact, I am doing my utmost to keep the men at work in my district, since the eight grand lodges of the railway department have expressed their wishes that there be no strike."

American Troops On the Rhine to Be On Way by Aug 20

COBLENZ, Thursday, July 31. (By The Associated Press.)—All American soldiers excepting about 8000 who will remain on the Rhine indefinitely, will be out of Germany by August 20, according to the latest instructions from general headquarters.

It was announced today that the first division had been turned over to the transportation department and that the first units of this division would probably entrain for Brest August 12.

was chief of police at Budapest and is reputed to be an anti-communist. Minister of Justice Garami and Minister of Education Szabo were in the Karolyi cabinet. Persons in touch with the situation at Budapest said it was their understanding that the members of the Kun ministry holding over under the reconstruction was doing so in order to save themselves and their supporters and they probably would not remain in office long.

TO DIE FOR MURDER



OSSINING, N. Y. — Gordon Fawcett Hamby, whip-hand in 13 daylight bank robberies and countless other thieving, murderer of at least six men, will die in the electric chair, this week, for the murder of DeWitt C. Peal, assistant cashier of the East Brooklyn Savings Bank.

KIDNAP MYSTERY SOLVED

Nine-Year-Old Child's Disappearance Arouse Police.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 2.—Returning unescorted to her apartment in the Fairmont hotel today, after having been absent throughout the night, nine-year-old Virginia Byington, daughter of a New York manufacturer, ended an alleged kidnaping mystery which had baffled every policeman in the city.

The girl said she has been "visiting friends in Berkeley." Her mother fainted when she entered the room. W. H. Byington, the father, is a New York munitions manufacturer and the brother of E. L. Byington, an official of the United Railroads of San Francisco.

Known In New York. NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—W. H. Byington, whose nine-year-old daughter created a missing child mystery in San Francisco, formerly was employed as a salesman by the National Tractor company of Cedar Rapids, Ia. His headquarters were in New York. When the tractor company was sold last February to an automobile corporation, Byington was employed for a week as a salesman for the latter concern. At the end of that period he resigned, it was said here today, and has not been seen here since then.

COALITION BY POLITICIANS TO BE CONSIDERED

PARIS, Aug. 2. (By The Associated Press.)—Negotiations which have been going on for some time for a coalition of the moderate political parties of France in the coming elections against both the royalists and the extreme Socialists, are reported on good authority to be making headway and likely to succeed. This combination would include the radicals, Republican Socialists, Alliance Democratiques and Federation des Gueches, whose combined voting strength in the elections of 1914 was 4,725,000 out of a total of 8,250,000 as against 1,400,000 for Socialist, 1,300,000 for the royalists and conservatives and 800,000 for the progressives. A fundamental point in the combination platform will be "neither reaction nor revolution."

PROBE LIVING COSTS

Maryland Take Steps to Enforce Cold Storage Provision.

PUBLIC TO ASSIST

Several States Pledge Support to Grand Jury Investigations.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The senate today adopted a resolution requesting the senate banking committee to report whether legislation to reduce the amount of currency in circulation was advisable as a means of reducing the cost of living. The resolution which was sponsored by Senator Myers, Democrat, Montana, had been under debate for two days.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 2.—Maryland and Baltimore public officials today began to take steps to prosecute food profiteers. Attorney-General Ritchie will enforce the 30-day cold storage provision. He believes this will result in the public refusing to pay top prices for cold storage products, while in turn the imprisonment or fining of persons who sell such storage goods in violation of the law will aid the situation.

The governor said today that he will place all available funds at the disposal of a committee to probe the whole situation, with a view of bringing out into the strong daylight the identity of persons guilty of hoarding and profiteering.

Food Investigations. COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 2.—Ohio and Michigan have pledged co-operation in the food price investigations which have been launched in both states.

Attorney-General John G. Price of Ohio, Assistant Attorneys-General S. D. Pepper and Clare Retan of Michigan at a conference here expressed the hope that all the central west states will join in the investigation. The co-operation, it was stated, will consist chiefly in exchange of information obtained by grand jury investigations and the like which may lead from one state to the other.

ADVOCATES INCREASE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Representative Fitzgerald of Massachusetts called at the White House today to advocate increased wages for all government employees.

"In view of the president's stand regarding increases for railroad employees," said Mr. Fitzgerald, "something should be done for all classes of government employees, all of whom are notoriously underpaid."

IOWA IN ACTION.

DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 2.—Governor W. L. Harding today started a campaign to reduce the high cost of living in Iowa by sending orders to all county attorneys to meet here next Friday to discuss ways and means of fighting profiteers. The governor's action followed an announcement made last night that he would "use every means available" to reduce the cost of living.

Block Recess Action.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Efforts to have the house recess for two weeks were blocked today by Representative Igoe, Democrat of Missouri, who refused unanimous consent for consideration of the recess resolution until the house acted on his measure proposing an investigation of the high cost of shoes.

TROOPS UNABLE TO CONTROL FRENZIED CROWDS IN FIRES

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Scores of families were made homeless early today by half a dozen fires which broke out in a six block area west of the stockyards and inhabited chiefly by foreigners. Squads of police sent to the fires pronounced by firemen as of incendiary origin, found it impossible to control the crowds and several companies of militia were ordered to the quarter, in which frame structures predominate.

The presence of the militia led to rumors of renewal of the recent race disturbances and of incendiarism growing out of that trouble. Police officials, however, said that these were probably baseless.

One woman reported the loss of three children but it was thought they had escaped from the house and been lost in the excited crowds that flocked to the scene. Firemen carried a number of small children from the rapidly burning frame houses but there was no known loss of life.

According to Fire Marshal O'Connor, nearly 100 homes were destroyed and 3,000 persons were made homeless by the fire.

QUIET IN "BLACK BELT"

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Calm pervaded the "black belt" district of the south side today, and but for the presence of soldiers and policemen, a visitor would scarcely have known that for four days and nights the district seethed with feeling of race hatred that resulted in thirty-five deaths and more than 300 known injured.

One fist fight between a white man and a negro was the only report of trouble in the sector for the twelve hours preceding this morning.

With the resumption of service on the elevated railroads Adjutant-General Dickson notified regimental commanders to place guards at the various stations and those of the curious who sought entrance to the "belt" over the elevated found a soldier with a bayoneted gun to turn them back if no proof of business therabouts was forthcoming.

With quiet restored in the "black belt" the legal machinery of the county began active operations in investigating the riot. More than a hundred of the prisoners held at the police stations in the riot zone have thus far been interrogated, and from these confessions were said to have been procured which will lead to further arrests on more serious charges than those on which the many prisoners are now held. The officials declared conspiracies among negroes to "snipe" policemen and whites have been revealed and also similar combinations among whites to burn the homes of negroes.

Resume Car Service

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Street car service was resumed today after a four day strike of surface and elevated car men that is estimated to have cost the workers \$330,000 in wages lost. Resumption of traffic soon followed announcement of rescinding of the strike order and acceptance of a wage schedule of 65 cents an hour for surface and 67 cents for elevated men.

Hearings were begun today by the state public utilities commission to determine what raise in fares will be necessary to pay the 17 cents an hour increase in wages given to the men. It is said a 7 cent fare on surface lines and an eight cent fare on elevated roads will be granted by the commission. In addition a one cent charge for transfers may be assessed.

Started by Negroes

An incendiary fire which the police declare was started by negroes early today swept through the district bounded by West 43rd, West 46th, South Lincoln street, and South Hermitage avenue, destroying 100 homes of Polish and Lithuanian employees of the stockyards and causing a property loss of more than \$200,000. Three persons are missing and a score were injured in the conflagration.

Three thousand men, women and children have been rendered homeless by the fire and the bad feeling between the whites and negroes greatly aggravated. State troops were sent to the scene of the fire to disperse the crowds and prevent a renewal of race riots.

700 JOIN STRIKE.

DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 2.—Approximately 700 railway shopmen in the Rock Island yards at Valley Junction, near here, went on strike today in response to the call for a nation-wide strike.

district were cut a few moments after the blaze broke out. A number of shots were fired at negroes in automobiles who, it is said, were attempting to escape after the fires were started. One negro was said to have been wounded but was carried away by his companion.

Fire Chief O'Connor after a hasty investigation declared that the fires were undoubtedly of incendiary origin and evidently started by throwing gasoline on the outside of building and applying a lighted torch or matches.

Fire Attorney Harry Donnelly gave the police the names of twelve persons who declare they saw negroes in the district bearing burning torches and cutting telephone wires.

The situation in other sections of the danger zone of the south side was reported satisfactory to the authorities although there were a number of minor disturbances.

NOSKE RETAINS HOME GUARDS AS POLICEMEN

COBLENZ, Wednesday, July 30.—(By Courier to Paris to The Associated Press.)—The plan of Gustav Noske, the German secretary for military affairs, to retain the home guards throughout Germany by transferring them to the civil authorities and calling the guards "local police reserves" is going into effect, according to information reaching the American area of occupation.

In connection with this procedure, the German newspapers are carrying advertisements which say that recruits for the home guards no longer are required to take an oath to defend the country against invasion. In American circles, it is said that the abolition of this pledge obviously is a result of Noske's new plan for if some of the guards were bound by such an oath they would clearly be prohibited under the terms of Article 177 of the peace treaty.

An American army bulletin commenting on the change of the guard to police reserves, says:

"This is the first confession that such a pledge had been taken by the home guards. It confirms suspicion that the home guards were intended to be a great reserve army and justified further suspicion of the home guards under their new guise of civil police reserves."

SOLDIERS KILL STRIKER

LONDON, Aug. 2.—A dispatch from Geneva under date of August 1 says that during fierce rioting at Basle, in connection with the strike there, troops fired on the strikers, killing nine and wounding many.

RUSSIA WANTS TROOPS.

PARIS, Aug. 2.—Nicholas Tscholovsk, president of the provisional government of north Russia, led yesterday for London. He will endeavor to induce the British government not to withdraw its troops from Archangel.