

UTAH — Fair tonight and Thursday; colder tonight with freezing temperature; warmer Thursday.

Fiftieth Year—No. 170

## ENGLAND FACES WORST INDUSTRIAL CRISIS

# Two Chicago Murderers Executed

### JAPS' RECENT SEIZURE RICH IN RESOURCES

Russian Part of Island of Saghalin Contains Several Forms of Wealth

### LABORERS LANDED IN DISTRICT BY HUNDREDS

American Newspaper Writer Is Forbidden to Land and Investigate

EDITOR'S NOTE—The U. S. State Department has repeatedly refused to make public its note sent to Japan in July regarding Japan's seizure of the northern (Russian) half of Saghalin Island. Washington also declines to discuss similar action taken by other powers. A dispatch from Tokyo in July carried the official Japanese reference that American note was mild. Other information, however, warrants the statement that the U. S. note was couched in the strongest language ever used by this country in a communication to the Japanese government. Diplomatic exchanges continue and important developments may be announced soon.

By JACK MASON, N. E. A. Staff Correspondent in the Far East.

VLADIVOSTOK—(By Messenger and Mail)—If the great power, per se, Japan to keep her latest loot it may prove to be the richest of all her spoils of conquest. This is the Russian part of the island of Saghalin, with valuable fisheries, timber, coal, and oil.

Lying just north of Yezo (Japanese), and close also to the Siberian mainland, Saghalin is the island connecting link between the island empire and her other conquests.

### GOT IT BACK IN 1905

Until 1875 the lower part of Saghalin (called Karafuto by the Japs) was Japanese. Then Japan ceded it to Russia, in exchange for some of the Kurile Islands. She wrested it back however, in 1905, in the treaty of Portsmouth, which clinched her victory over Russia.

Count Witte, the Russian envoy, made a great show of sacrifice when he signed this agreement. But Japan has discovered that it was an empty shell.

It's the north half, the Russian half, that has the coal—better coal than any in Japan—and the oil, of which Japan has never had a drop.

And Japan wants no curious observers of her activities there, now that she has occupied it on the excuse of " Bolsheviki uprisings."

I had ample proof of this on the way back from ill-fated Nikolayevsk to Vladivostok, aboard the Russian steamer Korveta.

Captain Kargelskoff put in for coal at Alexandrofsk, the chief Russian port on Saghalin. Some Russians who came alongside told me that Japan, on July 16, had announced complete military occupation of Saghalin—our first news of the latest grab.

In the roadstead were three Jap warships. One battleship, one battle cruiser, one armored cruiser, two destroyers, and seven small naval vessels. Ten Jap merchant ships were busily discharging cargo.

Captain Kargelskoff sent his second officer ashore to confer about coal. Soon a steam launch from the Japs warships brought three naval officers. "Inspect the types of refugees aboard." They made it clear the visit was unofficial. The army was in control on shore, they said.

One of the party, a lieutenant, who spoke English, told me that more than 2000 Japanese laborers had been landed in the past few days. They were camped on the beach, awaiting orders.

Scarcely had these visitors departed when a launch from shore brought a Jap army officer, wearing the black insignia of the gendarme. Without the usual preface words of politeness he said:

"I have called on the order of my superior officer, and representing the secret police, wish to inform you that at your landing at Alexandrofsk from this ship will be immediately arrested—particularly an American who is on board."

I was at the captain's side when this was spoken—and I was the only American on board! During the day, tried to persuade the captain to set me ashore, but fearing it might react against him he would not do so. About 4 p. m. the Erivan's second officer returned. He had spent the intervening hours in jail. He was released with the intimation that he had better seek his ship. He did. On learning this, Captain Kargelskoff decided it was useless to try to get coal. We proceeded to Vladivostok.

**BUILDING RAILROAD**  
From the second officer I learned that the Japanese laborers just landed were to be used in building a railroad from the coal mines to Alexandrofsk. He also brought unauthenticated stories of individual outrages committed by Japanese soldiers against Russian women in Alexandrofsk. My chilly reception as narrated above, prevented investigation of these

### WILSON'S PARDON SAVES A WOMAN FROM EXECUTION

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—President Wilson saved from the gallows Josephine Berry, a young negro, under sentence to be hanged here tomorrow for the murder of another negro woman. Her sentence was commuted to life imprisonment.

No woman has been hanged in the District of Columbia since the execution of Mrs. Surrat in connection with the Lincoln assassination. Several persons have interested themselves in the girl's behalf, declaring they were strongly opposed to capital punishment in the case of women.

### HARDING TAKES HIS CAMPAIGN TO KENTUCKIANS

Southerners Told to Give Thought to Principles of Republican Party

ON BOARD SENATOR HARDING'S SPECIAL TRAIN, Oct. 14.—After his one day invasion of Tennessee, Senator Harding was on his way today to Louisville, Ky., where he is to speak tonight. The Republican nominee left Chattanooga late last night after delivering addresses in the municipal auditorium and the overflow crowd in the street outside. The Republican nominee's train was scheduled to make five and ten minute stops at Oakdale, Tenn., and Somerset, Danville, Harrodsburg, Lawrenceburg and Louisville, Ky. He was to reach Louisville at 5:26 p. m.

**MESSAGE TO SOUTH.**  
As in his Chattanooga speech, the senator today made the record of the present administration the basis for his appeal for Republican support in the south. He also emphasized that his party preached no doctrine of racial discrimination to all sections without distinction.

To the voters of the Democratic south, Senator Harding last night addressed an appeal for earnest consideration of Republican principles and gave a promise that Republican success in the election would mean "the same policy of helpful protection to all American production, North or South."

In a speech at the Chattanooga auditorium, he suggested "diversified politics," as the thing required to remove the last trace of sectional misunderstanding, and said that his party had no policy for one section that it did not preach for all sections alike.

**DEMOCRATS' ATTACK.**  
The Democratic party he attacked for its conduct of affairs both at home and abroad. President Wilson, he said, repeatedly had dictated to congress, even at the expense of violating pledges of his own party platform and finally had attempted to force acceptance of the league of nations by depriving the senate of its constitutional powers.

An ambiguity in the federal constitution, he said, had been responsible for the Civil war and he voiced hope that a similar catastrophe would be averted by accepting a league covenant "containing a score of ambiguities."

**UNDERSTANDING PREVAILS.**  
"Looking back now into the record of union," he said, "we note no difference in patriotic love of country, north or south, rather a misunderstanding as to the meaning of it. Little matters now about grievances about early difficulties, about the embittered disappointment. The supreme fact is that we are reunited."

"All that north and south ever needed was understanding with one another. We have that understanding now."

"We are not wholly of one mind in our party devotion, but it will be a grand day for America when our partisan difficulties are buried in the cord of new understanding. If Republicans cannot be exonerated for their north, they deserve the earnest consideration of the south."

### SOLDIER AID LEADERS TO MEET IN SALT LAKE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—President Wilson in a letter read at the opening session here today of a conference of the federal board for vocational education with members of the various state boards, declared the importance of vocational rehabilitation of disabled soldiers, caused by exasperated for the welfare of the nation and the development of its energies.

The conference was attended principally by members of boards from eastern and central states. Announcement was made that a similar conference would be held at Salt Lake City November 4, 5 and 6, for the convenience of boards in western states.

### OIL INTRIGUE BUSY DECLARES MEXICO AGENT

Attempt to Reach White House Fails, Pasquiera Tells President Huerta

### TWO GROUPS OPPOSE SETTLEMENT, HE SAYS

Statement Denies New Government Will Persecute Catholic Church

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 13.—Charges that "the petroleum intrigue towards unable to reach the White House and has turned its attention to the department of state which is over-run by lobbyists representing interests working against Mexico in petroleum, political and divers other matters," are made by Roberto Pasquiera, personal representative in the United States of President Huerta, in a statement issued last night. This statement, said Senator Pasquiera, embodies a report he will make tomorrow to the provisional president. "Senator Pasquiera," he also is Mexican financial agent in the United States with headquarters in New York, has just returned to Mexico City after a two months' tour in the United States.

**OPPOSITION TO MEXICO.**  
The report made public by Senator Pasquiera asserts that there are two main groups in the United States which are most active in opposition to Mexico. The first of these groups, including the "loyalists," are money brokers who "have acquired ill-gotten gains under the various factions which have contended for power in Mexico but are now banished by the new order of things in Mexico."

The second group, the report alleges, comprises "an association of oil operators which has also carried on an active campaign against Mexico, but which has shown a willingness to wait until Mexico decides her petroleum difficulties equitably."

**FRANK WILSON.**  
The report starts by saying that Secretary of State Coby and Under-Secretary Davis are "friends of justice," proceeds with a eulogy of resident "Wilson" and refers to White House as a "fortress which towers above human failings and moves of intrigue."

It asserts, however, that the lobbyists are "all striving together to defeat the same end of preventing the Washington and Mexico City governments coming to an understanding with the hope of a Republican victory in the United States and every procreation of that party's administration lending itself as an instrument of their purpose."

The statement denies rumors that the new government intends to start a period of persecution of the Catholic church.

Senator Pasquiera expects to return to the United States in a few days. He is in circulation that he has been appointed Mexican representative in Washington, succeeding Senator Iglesias Calderon, who is returning here to assume his duties as senator. The report denies any friction between Senator Pasquiera and Senator Calderon.

### REPARATIONS COMMISSION GIVES UP TREATY DUTIES

PARIS, Oct. 14.—Abandonment by the reparations commission of the task assigned to it by the treaty of Versailles is the principal feature of the compromise adopted during the conference between Premier de la Croix and Lloyd George, of Belgium and Great Britain, says the Petit Parisien.

Exchange of views relative to reparations continues between England, France and Belgium, it is said, and Premier Lloyd George persists in the belief that the Germans will carry out more willingly an agreement in which they have had a share in framing. France and Belgium, it is indicated, have acceded to this view and Germany will probably be admitted at the proposed Brussels conference. They may also share in the deliberations of the supreme council.

### ENGLISH WORKING CLASS PAYS HIGHER FOR BREAD

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The English working class and small farmers are faced with another crisis in the cost of living. The London Master Bakers' association has announced that beginning Monday the price of bread will be increased from one shilling to one shilling four pence for a four pound loaf and it seems probable that the rest of the country will follow suit.

### DEMORALIZED MARKETS HURT TRADE OF JAVA

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—General financial depression and demoralization of markets in Java to such an extent that failures are expected, was reported today by Trade Commissioner Fowler at Batavia. The commissioner said exporters should exercise caution in negotiating documentary drafts based upon shipment of expensive luxuries and motor cars unless credit has been opened in Java to cover the transactions.

### MRS. WILSON'S CHECK FOR \$100 GIVEN BOURBONS

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson today contributed \$100 "to help spread what the league means to us and to every American," she wrote in a letter to the woman's bureau of the Democratic national committee in support of the league of nations.

"I am very happy to be one of the thousand women to respond and herewith enclose my check for \$100," she added.

### COX LAUNCHES NEW ATTACK ON TAFT POSITION

Political Freebooters Can't Scrap Government, Candidate Declares

VAN WERT, O., Oct. 14.—A new line of attack upon former President Taft's position on the league of nations was made here today by Governor Cox in opening a three days' campaign in his home state.

Referring to Judge Taft's statement even in event of Governor Cox's election there would remain enough Republican senators to defeat the treaty, the Democratic presidential candidate here today declared this indicated a plan to disregard the decision in the league referendum.

**WONT BE PERMITTED.**  
"This can mean only one thing," said Governor Cox, "that when I am elected on a straightforward platform favoring the league it is the purpose of a group of conspirators to treat the mandate of the people with contempt and turn their backs on the expressed will of the electorate. This, in the first place, is unthinkable."

"On the other hand," the governor continued, "if the candidate of the senatorial oligarchy were to be elected because he favors staying out of the league and then his assumption of office were to turn about face and propose entering the league what about the popular mandate and the referendum then? What would Borah and Johnson say and what would the voters of the country think about such repudiation of their will? The time is now for us to remind ourselves and think seriously of the fact that the government of the United States is a government by the people. Senator Harding may be willing to scrap the league, but the American people are not ready to have their government supported by a deceitful band of political freebooters."

Governor Cox reiterated that he favored "going into the league of nations with the Hitchcock reservations for aid in its present financial difficulties. The appeal has been taken under consideration by officials to see if some plan of assistance can be worked out."

### MEXICAN OFFICIALS SEE STATE FAIR AT DALLAS

DALLAS, Tex., Oct. 14.—General Jacinto Trevino, a cabinet member in the de la Huerta government of Mexico, accompanied by his staff and thirty representative Mexican business men, arrived in Dallas today where they will be guests of the state of Texas and the Texas state fair. The party was given an ovation upon its arrival.

### UNION PRINTERS LEAVE OMAHA WORLD-HERALD

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 14.—The Omaha World-Herald, an evening paper, was handicapped today after about 20 union printers quit work. Dissatisfaction over failure of arbitrators to report an agreement on a new wage scale pending for some time is said to have caused the walkout. The day men ask an increase of \$1 and the night men \$1.50. They have been getting \$7 for eight hours of day work and \$7.50 for night work.

### ARMY TRUCK CONVOY TO DISBAND ON WEST COAST

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14.—The United States army discontingent truck convoy prepared to disband here today following its arrival yesterday from Washington, D. C., the starting point. The convoy left Washington June 14, under command of Major John F. Franklin and consisted of fifty-five vehicles and a personnel of 115 enlisted men and sixteen officers.

### NEWSPAPER UNION BUYS WISCONSIN PAPER MILLS

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 14.—Purchase by the Western Newspaper Union of Omaha of the paper pulp mills of the Menasha Paper company at Ladysmith and Thornapple, Wis., and an electric power plant at Port Arthur, Wis., was announced here today. The purchase price is said to have been \$2,900,000.

### ONE GOES TO SCAFFOLD IN GREAT TERROR

Other Walks to Gallows Unassisted and Faces Witnesses Calmly

### REMAINING SIX OF DEATH ROW REPRIEVED

Chief of Police Protests Against Granting Stays to Murder Gang Men

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—Two of eight men originally sentenced to be hanged at the Cook county jail today were executed at 8:21 o'clock this morning. They were Frank Champlione, member of the Cardini "murder trust," charged with six murders and a half hundred robberies, and John Henry Reese, negro, convicted of murdering his wife with a hatchet.

The six who escaped the noose—all of them convicted of murder—were eliminated, one by one, by reprieves, stays and commutations, as the result of desperate last-minute legal efforts, CRIES OF FRIGHT.

The hanging of Reese and Champlione was without incident, though Champlione was assisted to the gallows in a frenzy of terror and moaned with fright until the quick drop silenced his cries.

Reese, who professed religious faith several days ago, walked to the scaffold unassisted and faced the group of witnesses calmly.

Champlione, with Nicholas Viana, had been convicted of the murder of Andrew P. Brown, saloonkeeper, during a hold-up June 24, 1919, although police connected them with many other crimes.

**CHIEF PROTESTS.**  
The band was headed by Sam Cardini, still implicated in the Bow-man murder, and likewise sentenced to hang today, but for whom a commutation of sentence was obtained.

The wholesale deferring of executions led Chief of Police Garrity to the board of pardons virtually constitutes "an invitation to gunmen to go back to their professions."

### CUBAN BANKERS STUDY WAY OUT OF DIFFICULTY

HAVANA, Oct. 14.—Measures to cope with the financial situation in Cuba are being studied by government officials and business men of the republic, but no definite solution has yet been found. Representatives of the international national and monistic banks conferred with President Menocal and the secretary of agriculture yesterday relative to the problems involved at the present time.

They proposed it be reported, that banks be allowed to issue sugar certificates which would be exchangeable at banks after the sugar had been deposited with the government. The government guarantee approved checks would be paid from funds held in banking houses.

### APPEAL TO WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—Cuba has appealed to the American government for aid in its present financial difficulties. The appeal has been taken under consideration by officials to see if some plan of assistance can be worked out.

### SENTENCED TO 35 YEARS FOR KILLING JOURNALIST

GALLATIN, Mo., Oct. 14.—Hugh Y. Tarwater was today found guilty by a jury of second degree murder for the death of Wesley L. Robertson, a veteran newspaper publisher, here December 23, 1918. Tarwater was sentenced to thirty-five years in the penitentiary.

### S. P. SHOPMEN GO OUT AS NEGROES REINSTATED

HOUSTON, Texas, Oct. 14.—A vacation strike of 1500 Southern Pacific shopmen was in effect today, due to the reinstatement of four negro workers by road officials. The men will meet shortly before noon to consider the situation with union officials.

### GRECIAN KING VERY ILL FROM BITE OF MONKEY

ATHENS, Oct. 14.—The condition of King Alexander was reported early today as still critical as the result of the infection that set in following the bite of a monkey which he suffered on October 2.

### YOUNG BANDITS HAVE NEW TRICK, WOMEN VICTIMS

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—Six women, wives of manufacturers and business men, were held up and robbed early today of jewels valued at \$4500, and several hundred dollars in cash. The bandits, they said, were two young men who hopped on the running board of their taxicab as they were leaving a social function at the home of a friend.

Five of the victims managed to hide a part of their valuables while the others were being robbed. They said they saved approximately \$30,000 worth of jewelry in this way.

### POWER SITES IN NATIONAL PARKS TOPIC

Western Beauty Spots Threatened With Ruin, Conference Is Told

AMHERST, Mass., Oct. 14.—The federal water power commission has agreed to refuse to accept any application of power permits in existing national parks until congress has given a full opportunity to pass upon the entire question of power development within such parks. J. Horace McFarland of Harrisburg, Pa., president of the American Civic association, announced today at the opening session of the sixteenth annual convention of that organization.

Mr. McFarland also announced that Senator Jones, of Washington, had promised Secretary of the Interior Paine, a member of the water power commission, to introduce a bill withdrawing the national parks and monuments from the provisions of the federal water power act and to urge its early passage.

**CAN SPOIL PARKS.**  
"The water power people now have the right," said Mr. McFarland, "to file claims on every drop of falling water in any federal reservation, be it park, monument, forest or even cemetery."

"The national parks are now in imminent peril. The irrigators want to dam Yellowstone lake in Yellowstone National park. They want to use Heart Lake, Lewis Lake, Shoshone lake, in the same park. They have pushed the dam projects and have poised on the brink of passage in the house, a bill permitting the destruction of Falls River basin. They have already ruined forever the wonderful Jackson Lake."

**CONTROL CONGRESS.**  
"These folks control senators and representatives, some of whom threaten to block all appropriations, all road building, all developments in the parks for your benefits if their clients are not given first use."

The convention session was given over to the discussion of national parks. Stephen T. Mather, director of the national parks, laid particular stress on the increase of visitors to the national park this year.

Colonel William B. Greeley, chief forester of the United States forest service, discussed the national forests with particular reference to definite national policy for the development of the national forests and the national parks.

### GRADE HORSES OF ARMY LEAD ENDURANCE RACE

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vermont, Oct. 14.—The horses competing in the 300 mile endurance test, swept out of this town and into New Hampshire today with 120 miles to cover to reach their goal at Camp Devens, Mass., tomorrow evening. Of the 27 mounts that started the race only 15 pushed the national plateau in the stadium here as a result of lameness or swollen ankles developed in yesterday's hard drive. The four others dropped out earlier in the test.

Again later, Burke and Mile. Denise were first on the trail. These two grade thoroughbreds from the army remount service have thus far shown the way to horses of other breeds and strains in the competition to determine of what blood Uncle Sam's war horse of the future shall be. Stamping their impatience to be off at 9:07 a. m. they left the stables at a canter that was almost a gallop.

### NEW YORK THEATRE MAN BUYS VIENNA SHOWBOAT

BUDAPEST, Oct. 14.—Ben Blumenthal, of the United Plays corporation of New York, has purchased the Gaiety theatre here for \$150,000. It was announced today. The purchase price represents about 50,000,000 crowns at the present rate of exchange.

### HUGE BRITISH STRIKE DUE TO BEGIN MONDAY

Coal Miners to Leave Work After Saturday Notice Expires

### HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS TO LOSE THEIR JOBS

Government Busy Making Plans to Cope With Situation Soon to Result

LONDON, Oct. 14.—The United Kingdom was today faced with perhaps the most ominous industrial crisis in its history due to the decision of the coal miners to allow the strike notice to become effective Saturday night following their rejection of the compromise offered to their demand for a two shilling per shift increase in wages.

It seemed certain that unless the government or the miners conceded the demands of the men or made fresh and attractive offers, more than 1,000,000 miners would not return to the pits Monday, thereby throwing hundreds of thousands of workers in other industries out of work and causing a critical situation in the economic life of the country.

**REJECTION FAVORED.**  
Official returns from the national miners' ballot concerning the datum line proposal of the owners showed an overwhelming majority in favor of rejection. At this morning's crucial conference of the miners' delegates, it was decided that the miners' executive committee should be summoned to the board of trade this afternoon, but whether this would occur, or if so, that it presaged was a matter of speculation.

No sooner had news of the decision of the miners been received in the great steel district of Cleveland, Yorkshire, than the iron and steel manufacturers began to discuss the possibility of closing the works. It is expected that if the strike materializes most of the blast and steel furnaces will become idle immediately.

**GOVERNMENT BUSY.**  
The government, while saying little, for weeks has been actively preparing to handle the situation in the event of the strike being called on. Official figures of the ballot taken by the miners to decide upon acceptance of the basic line of production offered by the owners, beyond which an increase of wages would be granted, were given out today as follows:

For acceptance, 181,428.  
Against acceptance, 625,938.  
This made a majority against acceptance of 452,670.

It was decided to send the result of the ballot and the conference's decision to Premier Lloyd George.

### GOMPERS DENIES CONTROL OF GREAT LABOR VOTE

BALTIMORE, Oct. 14.—In an address yesterday before the convention of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, Samuel Gompers denied reports that he could "deliver the labor vote to the Democratic party," and said no person ever heard such an utterance coming from his mouth.

"We are not Bolsheviki," continued Mr. Gompers, "nor have we our hands on the throat of our government. We purpose to exercise our rights solely as American citizens."

"I had only one vote and that vote is my own. I can only align myself against the man who has lined himself with the reactionary interests and against the interests of the working people. I am going to urge all men do not to cast their vote for Harding and that police-bait Coolidge, but for Cox and Roosevelt."

### M'ADOO HOLDS LEAGUE ABOVE TIES OF PARTY

CONNEVILLE, Pa., Oct. 14.—W. G. McAdoo, campaigning for the Democratic party, entered the coke country of Western Pennsylvania yesterday a number of addresses which he urged ratification of the league of nations covenant.

Mr. McAdoo in his address, described the document as "one of the greatest ever conceived by human minds" and declared that "if James M. Cox were against the league and Warren G. Harding were for it, I as Democrat, would support Harding, because I know that the future rests on a settlement of this basic question than any other. I would break every party tie on earth and stand for the principle of this league."

### THEFTS OF PLATINUM WORTH \$200,000 CHARGED

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Herb Roth, alias Rudy Rothman arrested in Brooklyn today at the request of Jackson, Tenn., authorities, was held in \$25,000 bail by a United States commissioner for examination in connection with thefts of \$200,000 worth of platinum from the government during the war.

### DADDY PICKS OWN NAMES FOR NEW-BORN TWINS

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—Twin girls were born to Mrs. Robert McFee, whose husband is a telegraph operator on the Board of Trade. There named the girls Dot and Dash. Mrs. McFee said today.