CALIFORNIA MOB HANGS GIRLS' ASSAILANTS

WEATHER.
UTAH—Fair tonight and Saturday, except snow in northwest portion; colder.

The Ogden Standard-Examiner

Quite often the most interesting news of the day is to be found in the want-ad section.

Fiftieth Year—No. 300 OGDEN CITY, UTAH FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 10, 1920. LAST EDITION—4 P. M.

SHERIFF RELATES STORY OF TRIPLE LYNCHING

Proclaim Martial Law In Erin

MUCH TALK OF WILL HAYS FOR NEXT CABINET

Mark Sullivan Says Republican Chairman Is Great at Organizing

CAPABLE OF FILLING HIGH POST, HE DECLARES

Writer Gives Interesting Glimpses of Hundred Pound Bundle of Pep

By MARK SULLIVAN

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—There is much talk of Will Hays as a cabient possibility. He is due to confer with Senator Harding in Marion today. If the cabient officers were distributed on the basis of party services Will Hays would be entitled to be offered one.

Of course, Will Hays himself would be the first to recognize that there is no such thing as a claim on a cabinet office. The cabinet is the president's family, and he is entitled to choose it on whatever basis of personal judgment or personal comfort he may wish. That is the reason why all this discussion of cabient possibilities is a little distasteful and is undertaken a little reluctantly. But Will Hays is so obvious in this kind of discussion that there is less hesitancy about mentioning him.

FEW ENTER CABINET

Even if there were any such thing as a claim on a cabinet office which there is not—it could not be said that to have filled the office of national chairman of the party give the holder a right to expect a cabinet office.

In the past twenty years of American politics I can recall only two national chairmen who became a member of the cabinet. These were George B Cortelyou and Frank Hitchcock. The latter managed Taft's campaign in 1908 and Taft offered him the office of postmaster general. There was peculiar appropriatness in this Hitchcock was already assistant postmaster general, Hitchcock did not want to take the office, but Taft insisted. In the end I imagine they both regretted it.

Hitchcock, as national chairman had had command of all the party workers throughout the country, and in a sense had put himself under obligation to them. They in turn, when they wanted patronage for themselves or for their friends, looked to Hitchcock to get it. Hitchcock became a kind of resident ambassador at Washington for all the office seekers in the country. The result of course, was that every other cabinet member rather set himself up against Hitchcock.

PAINFUL TO HITCHCOCK

Hitchcock as postmaster general could take care of a good deal of patronage, but when there was a vacancy in any other department and one of Hitchcock's party workers wanted it, the party worker suffered rather than benefitted by Hitchcock's presence in the cabinet. It was a painful situation to Hitchcock, to Taft, to the other cabinet members and most of all to the party workers.

The experience of Hitchcock and Taft, is of course, no reason why Hays should decline a cabinet office if it should be offered to him. Conditions in this case are different in several particulars from what they were in the Taft-Hitchcock case. But there are other reasons why Hays might or might no wish to have Harding offer him a cabinet position, on the other hand, Hays is entirely capable to filling any one of several cabinet offices, not merely with success, but with distinction. To say Hays has ability is rather too obvious in view of the recent election but even if the Republicans had lost the election, no one who had any contact with Hays would have altered the opinion that in this line he is an extremely able person.

GOOD AT ORGANIZING

His ability obviously is chiefly in the line of organization and energy. He has an excellent sense of organization, and his capacity to supply that organization with driving power was always the marvel of those who looked upon his frail physique and pallid countenance. If anything, Hays is almost over-energetic. He is active to a degree that leaves him no time for that kind of ability which lies in the field of reflection.

If Hays has a problem that involves thought and reflection, his way of solving is to run over a life of prominent Republicans, pick the one that has the best capacity for thought in that particular line, turn the problem over to him, and tell him that a judgment and decision will be called for at 5:45 p. m. the following night. Hays functions along the line of 'organization exclusively. He does not attempt much else. I have sometimes thought he did himself an injustice in this, for he has the capacity for reflection, if he chooses to rely on it, and a decidedly marked capacity for aphoristic expression of common sense, but Hays confines himself to organization,

ACTIVITY PRODIGIOUS

In that line his activity is prodigious. He will be engaged in an impor-

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LOWLY BURRO, FAMOUS IN WESTERN ROMANCE, NOW CLASSED AS PEST

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The lowly burro, enshrined in western legend as the heroic, inseparable and invaluable trail companion of the lone prospector, who wandered the waste in search of earth's treasure, has now been officially classed as a "veritable pest" by the United States government. This animal and its progeny in countless numbers, abandoned by its former human sponsors, according to Stephen T. Mather, director of the national park service, has selected the Grand Canyon of the Colorado for its habitat and the availability of the canyon's scenic beauties in consequenceare almost disappearing.

The burro, Mr. Mather says, "destroys the trails, denudes the plateaus of grass and other forage so that native wild game, such as antelope, has been forced out, and it is even necessary for working and exploring parties to pack feed for working animals." He adds ominously—for the burro—that "the time is not far distant when radical steps will have to be taken to eliminate the burro evil."

COURT HOLDS SECOND WILL WAS FORGERY

Blackmail and Shooting Figure in Story of Rich Lumberman's Estate

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—Circuit Judge Baldwin today sustained the probate court's refusal to admit to probate the and $5,000,000 to the James C. King millionaire lumberman. The first will, as probated, left between $3,000,000 and $5,000,000 to the James C. King home for aged men which King founded. The original decision branded the "second will" a forgery.

WIDOW IS MURDERED.

Gaston C. Means, of New York and Concord, N. C., business manager for Mrs. Maude King, the widow who was mysteriously shot to death near Concord, Agust 29, 1917, claimed to have found the "second will" in August, 1915, although it was not offered for probate until about five weeks before the shooting. Means was tried and acquitted of the charge of murder.

WORKED FOR GERMAN.

Testimony in the case was developed to the effect that Means had worked for Captain Boyed, representative of the German government, prior to the entrance of the United States into the war; that Mrs. King had paid blackmail of $20,000 and $10,000 to two women who claimed to know events in her life before she married King in 1901, when he was 73 years old; and that Means had a contract by which Mrs. King was to give him $1,000,000 should the "second will" be held valid.

The orginal will was executed before the millionaire's marriage, but by agreements and settlements Mrs. King received nearly $1,000,000 virtually all of which she had spent at the time of her death.

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BELGIAN-GERMAN RAIL TRAFFIC IS SUSPENDED

BRUSSELS, Dec. 10.—The newspaper Le Peuple announces that railway traffic has been suspended in both directions between Belgium and Germany since afternoon and that there is talk of a German coup d'état. The Belgian ministry of foreign affairs, however, states it has no confirmation of this rumor.

In well informed circles it was stated that the suspension of traffic, mentioned by the newspaper, applied only to the parcels traffic with Germany.

The Belgian rumors of a German coup d'etat are unsupported by advices from any other quarter, and lacking these and in view of the Belgian foreign ministry's denial of knowledge of any such recurrence, the reports are received with reserve.

Recent reports have not revealed any disturbed industrial situation.

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FIVE CONVICTED SLAYERS DIE IN ELECTRIC CHAIR

OSSINING, N. Y., Dec. 10.—Five convicted murderers, the youngest a boy of 20 years, and the father of three children, were put to death in the electric chair in Sing Sing prison here last night, after an eleventh hour attempt to obtain a reprieve from Governor Smith had failed.

Four of the men were convicted of slaying Otto Fiela, an elderly Bronx subway ticket agent, two years ago. The fifth, Howard Backer, paid the penalty for the murder of William Dagreff, near Rochester, N. Y., in September, 1919.

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NORWEGIAN SHIP GOES AGROUND NEAR HALIFAX

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The Norwegian steamer Romsdalford which left Navirik on November 27, for Baltimore, is ashore near Sambro island, near Halifax, according to S. O. S. calls picked up here early today. Revenue cutters have started to her assistance.

WILSON TO GET $29,000 YEARLY IN NOBEL PRIZE

When Rate of Exchange Is Normal He Will Receive $40,000 Annually

CHRISTIANA, Norway, Dec. 10.—Presentation of the Nobel pegce prizes for 1919 and 1920, which have been awarded, respectively, to Leon Bourgeois of France and Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States, took place here today. Formal announcement of the awards was made yesterday.

A message from President Wilson upon presentation of the 1920 prize had been received by Alfred C. Schmedeman, American minister to Norway, and was read by him during the ceremony.

DIPLOMATS PRESENT.

The exercises took place in the presence of members of the cabinet in the house of parliament, many foreign diplomats being in attendance. J. B. Loveland, former permier, spoke, in handing the prizes to the Frenon and American ministers who were introduced by the speaker of the chamber, Andere Johnson Buen. The committee which made the award consisted, in addition to Mr. Loveland, of Hans Jacob Horst, a prominent banker, Berhard Hanssen, a member of parliament; Dr. Halvden Kobt, a university professor, and Wollert Konow, former minister of foreign affairs.

The last time the Norwegian parliament in session awarded the Nobel prize was in 1906, when the late Theodore Roosevelt received the honor.

Award of the Nobel peace prize today to President Wilson "as the person who has promoted most or best the fraternity of nations and the abolishment or diminution of standing armies, and the formation and increase of peace congresses," marks the sixteenth bestowal of the gift of the Swedish inventor of dynamite, Alfred B. Nobel, whose name it bears. President Wilson is the third American to receive the prize the others being Theodore Roosevelt in 1906 and Elihu Root in 1912.

PAYABLE IN KRONER.

The prize, one-fifth of the annual interest on about $9,000,000 left for the purpose by Mr. Nobel, normally amounts to about $40,000, but is payable in Swedish kroner which at the present rate of exchange represents about $29,100 in American gold. A kroner in the United States at present has a value of only 19 1-2 cents as compared to its normal value of nearly 27 cents. Recipients in countries where the kroner is above par, however, will receive much more than the amount stipulated. Knut Hamaun, of Denmark, former winner of the Nobel prize for literature, this will receive $48,000 and a Gerinan award would make the recipient in that country almost a millionaire. Similar awards are made in the Swedish storthing today, to individuals who have attained supreme eminence in the domains of physics, chemistry and medicine.

WILSON ACCEPTS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—President Wilson in his letter accepting the Nobel peace prize, which was read today at the presentation ceremonies at Christiania, said that if this were the last peace prize to be offered he could not accept it "for mankind has not yet been rif of the unspeakable horror of war." In the years to come, the president added, there will be "abundant opportunity for others to distinguish themselves in the crusade against hate and fear and war."

"In accepting the honor of your award," said the president's letter, "I am moved not only by a profound gratitude for the recognition of my earnest efforts in the cause of peace, but also by a very poignant humility before the vastness of the work still called for by this cause.

FAR SIGHTED WISDOM

"May I not take this occasion to express my respect for the far-sighted

(Continued on Page Two.)

TERRORISTS TO BE BROKEN UP, PREMIER SAYS

Safe Conduct Promised Sinn Fein to Peace Conference in London

POSSESSION OF ARMS TO MEAN DEATH PENALTY

Lloyd George Declares Enemies for Truce Will Be Laid Open

DUBLIN, Dec. 10.—(By the Associated Press.)—Martial law was proclaimed from Dublin castle in the city and county of Cork, the city and county of Limerick and in the counties of Tipperary and Kerry.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—(By the Associated Press.)—Martial law is to be applied in certain areas of Ireland, Premier Lloyd George announced in speaking in the house of commons today on the Irish question.

The government has decided to give safe conducts to Sinn Fein members of the house of commons so that they may meet with the government to discuss the Irish situation, the premier said.

MUST GIVE UP GUNS.

Under martial law, said the premier, a proclamation would be issued demanding that all arms and uniforms be surrendered within the prescribed areas by a certain date. After that date unauthorized persons found possessing arms would be treated as rebels and be liable to the death penalty on conviction by a military court.

Safe conducts would not be granted, the premier said, to those members who had been involved in the commission of serious crimes.

Lloyd George emphasized the importance of the resolution of the Galway county council recently, which suggested that the ban on meetings of the Irish republican parliament should be withdrawn in order that delegates might be appointed to discuss the situation with the government.

STRONGER ACTION NEEDED.

In making announcement regarding martial law, the premier said the government had been driven to the conclusion, in view of recent incidents, that it must take stronger action in certain disturbed areas.

The same penalty, added Mr. Lloyd George, would be applicable to unauthorized persons wearing uniforms.

A reasonable time would be allowed for the surrender of arms before these provisions came into force.

Side by side with the encouragement the government was anxious to give all those who desired peace—and they were growing in numbers and independence, showing that intimidation was decreasing—the government was determined, declared the premier, to do all in its power to break up the terrorists.

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TERRIFIC EARTHQUAKES OCCUR IN HONDURAS; DETAILS ARE LACKING

SAN SALVADOR, Republic of Salvador, Dec. 10.—Terrific earthquakes have occurred in Cholutecа, southern Honduras, according to reports received here today, but details are lacking.

Very violent shocks also were felt in Chinandega and Corinto, western Nicaragua, twenty-five earth tremors shaking Corinto.

The loss of life and extent of damage caused by the earthquakes is not known.

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YELLOWSTONE IRRIGATION PROJECT IS DEFENDED

BOISE, Idaho, Dec. 10.—Representatives of 90 per cent of the water users of the state of Idaho took issue with Emerson Hough and other eastern writers at a meeting held here Thursday in the capitol building and branded as "untrue and misleading," statements to the effect that construction of the proposed Fall River meadow project in the southwestern corner of Yellowstone park, would be detrimental to the nation's playground and mar its natural beauty. The statements referred to have appeared in articles in current magazines and papers.

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ARIZONA COPPER MINES CUT PAY OF EMPLOYES

GLOBE, Arizona, Dec. 10.—The copper companies of the Globe-Miami district will post notices in their properties today announcing a flat reduction of wages in all departments of one dollar a shift, effective January 1, 1921, it was announced here.

PISTOLS USED TO GET KEY

SANTA ROSA, Cal., Dec. 10.—In the mob which lynched Boyd, Fitts and Valento were persons from San Francisco, Healdsburg, Petaluma and other cities and towns, according to Coroner Frank H. Phillips, who came here early today to cut down the bodies.

That members of the mob told him they wished to prevent any one from ever treating him as Sheriff Petray had been treated, was declared by Sheriff John Boyes today. The sheriff described the coming of the mob as follows:

"Several of the lynchers rushed into my office and with guns levelled at me commanded me to put up my hands. I started to talk with the men.

HOWLED HIM DOWN.

"They howled me down, and one man stuck a vicious looking revolver in my stomach. Others pushed me back into a chair, had my arms in the air and went through my pockets. My revolver was taken from me and so was the master key to the cell doors.

"I have been taking the precaution every night to take up all the cell keys from my deputies and secreting them.

"After the group which had surrounded me had taken my gun and my master key they marched me into my back office. There I again tried to appeal to them not to carry out their plans. One of them raised his hand toward the draped photograph of James Petray (the dead sheriff) which hung there, turned to his companions and said:

"'Boys, ain't that enough?'

SET AN EXAMPLE.

"With one voice the men in the room answered: 'Yes.'

"'Sheriff, we're your friends. We don't want to do you any harm but we're also the friends of Jim Petray who was your friend, too. And we're going to take care of those men so that their kind will know better than to try to do to you what they did to Jim.'"

This statement was issued by District Attorney George W. Hoyle, of Santa Rosa, in connection with this morning's tragedy:

"The lawlessness of this thing appalls me. It now will be my duty as district attorney to determine, if possible, who is responsible for this lawless act."

STORY OF CRIME.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 10.—Six men have died as a result of gangster outrages on women here, prize fighting has come under the ban in California cities and a roundup of criminals and vagrants through the state has begun.

In addition to the three men lynched early today, two San Francisco detectives and the sheriff of Sonoma county were killed Sunday when attempting to arrest the men who were lynched.

The outrages of the gang came to public notice Thanksgiving day when two young women reported they had been attacked in a shack by nine men.

Five arrests were made and the men are now awaiting trial here. Two of the local prisoners are Edward ("Knockout") Kruvosky and Edmond ("Spud") Murphy, prize fighters.

OTHER GIRL VICTIMS.

Shortly after the attack in the shack was reported two other young women told the police they also had been attacked in the same house which was ordered closed. The five men under arrest are being held on bonds of $120,000 each.

The men who were lynched today were identified by three of the girls as having either been in the shack when they were attacked or having participated in the attack.

—oOo—

RUMANIAN SENATE BOMBED; TWO KILLED, MANY HURT

LONDON, Dec. 10.— A bomb was thrown among members of the Rumanian senate Thursday afternoon shortly after it had assembled, and M. Greceanu, a member of the ministry and Bishop Radu were killed, says a Central News dispatch from Bucharest.

Another minister, M. Saleanue, General Coanda, two bishops and several other members of the senate were dangerously wounded.

VICTIMS HANGED TO SAME BRANCH UPON TREE IN GRAVEYARD

SANTA ROSA, Cal., Dec. 10.—(By the Associated Press)—Old Testament vengeance, "a life for a life," was exacted of George Boyd, Terence Fitts and Charles Valento by a mob here today. The mob, 50 to 100 men, all armed and masked in black, entered the Sonoma county jail at 12:30 a. m., overpowered Sheriff John Boyes and his deputies, took the three men to a cemetery and hanged them from the same limb of an oak tree.

Had the three lived they would have faced the courts before noon today on the charge of murdering Sheriff John A. Petray, of Sonoma county, and Detectives Miles M. Jackson and Lester H. Dorman, of the San Francisco police force. The officers were shot down by Boyd, he confessed, when they attempted to arrest the three here Sunday, last, as members of a San Francisco gang which recently attacked a score or more of young women.

MOB WAS WELL ORGANIZED

There was no confusion, no hurry and no opposition to the mob. All had been prearranged, even to acetylene torches to burn the locks off the cell doors if need be.

Fifteen or more automobiles, their license plates removed, advanced on the county jail shortly after midnight. The occupants alighted after lining up the machines in column two abreast.

A cordon of guards was thrown about the jail. Persons, a very few, who came near were warned away.

A dozen masked men went up the jail steps. Half a dozen entered. In the sheriff's office, Sheriff Boyes, four deputies and two visitors were covered with pistols. Keys to the cells were taken from the sheriff and while the sheriff and his aides were kept under guard, others of the mob took out the three men.

ONE PRISONER FOUND WOUNDED

Boyd they found lying in a downstairs cell, wounded from a shot fired by Detective Jackson before he died last Sunday. Fitts and Valento were taken from upstairs cells. Three doors were between them and the mob. In the waiting machines the men were rushed. The leader of the mob ordered:

"Get ready."

Engines were started and at a nod from the leader the line of cars moved away from the jail toward the cemetery.

The tree had been selected earlier. Over one limb hung three ropes and at the end of each was a noose tied with the expert "hangman's knot" that fits behind the left ear of its victim.

LIGHTS SHINE ON HANGMAN'S TREE

Three of the automobiles were drawn up so as to direct their lights on the tree. Another cordon of armed guards was thrown around the scene to prevent interference.

Boyd was taken from the machine he was in. He had come thus far silently and without struggle. Now he made no comment. Valento had expostulated, but not vehemently, spectators said.

Fitts protested and fought to escape his fate. He was born and raised here. He was gagged with a towel before the party left the jail to still his voice.

TOLD TO TAKE HIS MEDICINE

"Take your medicine," he is said to have been told.

When taken from the cells none of the three wore more than underclothing. The union suits were their death garb.

The nooses were slipped over the heads of the trio and they were pulled up simultaneously. Boyd was hanged nearest the tree. His arms were tied above the elbows.

Fitts swung in the next position. His feet and arms were tied. Valento was farthest from the tree trunk, with his feet only tied.

A few feet away was Santa Rosas monument to its war heroes.

Not half an hour was used by the mob in completing its work. After the hanging, its members waited in the rain for perhaps fifteen minutes to be certain its task was thoroughly done, watching the bodies swing in the breeze.

HUNDREDS VIEW TRIPLE LYNCHING

Satisfied, the mob moved away and in its place came the townspeople, first by scores and then in swarms until hundreds were present to see the grim evidence of the first triple lynching in modern western history.

Until nearly 3 o'clock the bodies hung from the limb. It was a weird picture. Autombile lights were all about and cast alternate splotches of brightness and gloom over the

(Continued on Page Two)