

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The Europa has arrived, with Liverpool dates to the 7th inst. Cotton is firm, with an upward tendency; broadstuffs dull and declining.

The English news is not of great importance. The all-absorbing topic being the entry of the Princess Alexandra into London on the day the Europa sailed. The preparations were on an unexampled scale, and a brilliant demonstration would take place.

The Times asserts that during the whole history of London, she has never seen such a day. The comments on American affairs in the journals are unimportant.

A Washington letter in the London Herald asserts that a secret society has been discovered, the members of which are sworn to kill President Lincoln. (?)

In the House of Commons, on the 5th, another debate took place. Mr. Cobden made a vigorous attack on the general policy of the Admiralty in maintaining wooden vessels after the valuable experience furnished by America in favor of iron-plated ships.

Mr. Bramler Moore moved a resolution regretting the disturbance of friendly relations with Brazil, and hoping the government would take honorable means to restore relations of amity. He denounced the proceedings of the British Minister at Brazil, when a general debate followed, in the course of which Mr. Layard indicated the diplomatic action of the government, and the resolution was finally withdrawn.

The King of Belgium has accepted the arbitration between Brazil and England.

Malta despatches say the fever has entirely left Prince Alfred, and he is steadily improving, but he would not be able to attend his brother's wedding.

Bishop Colenso declines the suggestions of his brother Bishops that he should resign.

In reference to the Polish question, it is stated that the English and French governments are quite agreed as to the tenor of their notes to Russia regarding Poland.

A speech delivered by Gen. James H. Lane, of Kansas, before the Union League in Washington, on Saturday night, is much talked of. He was very ultra in his sentiments, advocating the most extreme measures, and saying, according to the Chronicle's report, that it "would not wound his feelings to find the dead bodies of rebel sympathizers pierced with bullet holes in every street and alley of Washington"—but "he would rather have them hung, to save powder and lead."

The following are the charges preferred against Col. D'Utassy, of the Garibaldi regiment, now being court-martialed: Persuading a soldier to desert; embezzling mail bags; extorting money from sutlers; obtaining money from officers of his regiment on the pretence that it was necessary for recruiting; selling commissions in his regiment; plotting against officers so as to cause them to resign; slandering his subordinate officers in official letters; selling government stores and horses, and keeping the proceeds; altering the proceedings of a court martial, so as to cause the dismissal of an officer who had not been tried; counterfeiting the signature of Hon. O. H. Van Wyck on envelopes, and selling them to soldiers; forging pay rolls; making false musters, and receiving pay thereon for fictitious officers; opening U. S. mail bags and stealing therefrom letters and commissions.

Gen. Stuart, of the Confederate army, has, in general orders, noticed the late raid of Capt. John S. Mosby, at Fairfax Court House, giving him great praise for the same.

A singular accident occurred on the train on Friday, between Falmouth and Aquia creek.—It appears that an ambulance had been placed on one of the truck cars at the rear of the train, and a number of passengers, in order to obtain shelter from the wind, got into the ambulance. As the train was running at a rapid rate, between Brooke's station and Aquia creek, the fastenings of the ambulance got loosened, and it, with its living load, was thrown from the truck, and precipitated down a steep embankment. There was no means of communicating with the engine, and therefore the accident was not known to the engineer until the train arrived at Aquia creek. The number of persons in the ambulance, and their names, were unknown, nor was it discovered, at the time the news arrived, whether any of them were killed or injured.

One of the on dits of Washington is that Mr. Roessle, a famous hotel keeper of Albany, N. Y., while there last week, selected a site for a monster hotel which he would like to build, and publicly declared that if he could find a capitalist to unite with him in the enterprise, he would return to him monthly a larger profit on his investment than he could get for it anywhere else in America.

A London literary journal contends that the great Federal and Confederate contest will, in after ages, afford a fruitful field for novelists. How these things may be looked at fifty years hence, it asks, who shall say? Romancers, however, will not wait so long as a half a century to allow the recollections of the past to mellow. Already we find announced in England, "The Elopement, a tale of the Confederate States," by L. Fairfax.

Four companies have arrived in Washington, and will hereafter be used as an addition to the provost guard of the District. Two of these companies are drafted men from Pennsylvania, who have been on provost duty at Harrisburg. We understand that it is the intention of the military authorities to double the number of men composing the provost guard.

Contracts for furnishing the U. S. Government with three thousand tons of hay, three hundred thousand bushels of oats, and one hundred thousand bushels of corn, have been awarded by Chief Quartermaster Rucker at the following prices:—For hay, at prices ranging from \$28 to \$29 per ton. For oats, at prices ranging from 99 cts. to \$1.07. For corn, at prices ranging from \$1.15 to \$1.18.

Andrew Wylie, on Saturday last, took and subscribed the oath of office as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Receipts of gold by the Government for duties on imports are rapidly increasing in amount. Gen. Spinner, U. S. Treasurer, has accordingly refused to receive any more on which interest is to be paid. Similar instructions will be issued to Sub-Treasurers at New York, Boston and Philadelphia.

Havana advices convey intelligence of the suppression of the rebellion in San Domingo. Only one skirmish occurred, when the insurgents dispersed. The Spanish force which defeated them is said to have numbered only three hundred.

Measures have been taken, under the acts of the late Congress, for the payment of the army and for the execution of the conscription law.

STEAMBOATS.

KEYPORT of Steamer from Washington and Alexandria to Baltimore.—Tuesday, March 3; Saturday, March 7; Thursday, March 12; Tuesday, March 17th; Saturday, March 21; Thursday, March 26.

The steamer **KEYPORT** will leave Washington at 10 a. m., and Alexandria at 2 p. m. on the above days, for Baltimore.

All goods from Washington must be on board by 10 a. m. on day of sailing. Alexandria goods received up to 2 p. m. on day of sailing.

All freight must be prepaid.

For further information, apply on board or to mh 2—tf **BRODERS & CO., Alex'a.**

ALEXANDRIA AND WASHINGTON.—The steamer **THOMAS COLLYER**, Capt'n Samuel Gedney, will leave the wharf at the foot of King street, Alexandria, regularly.

Fare, 25 cents. my 26—tf **SAM'L GEDNEY, Captain.**

WASHINGTON AND ALEXANDRIA.—The steamer **YOUNG AMERICA** will run regularly between Alexandria and Washington.

Fare, 25 cents. nov 12—tf **CAPT. E. S. TALEOT.**

MILITARY ORDERS.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, Alexandria, Va., March 10, 1863. **NOTICE** is hereby given, that, in pursuance of orders from Headquarters, Department of Washington, all passes to families heretofore given will be taken up by the guard, and no passes will hereafter be given to families; and no passes to go out of Alexandria will be given to any person who does not produce satisfactory evidence of his loyalty. By order: **H. H. WELLS,** Lieut. Colonel and Provost Marshal, Alexandria, Va. mh 17—tf

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, Alexandria, Va., March 16, 1863. **TO** prevent the abuse of passes issued at this office, notice is hereby given that no passes will be issued to persons found with altered passes, or using passes not issued to themselves, or to persons so loaning their passes to others. By order: **H. H. WELLS,** Lt. Col. and Provost Marshal, Alexandria, Va. mh 16—1m

JOHN T. BROKE. **CHEAP FAMILY GROCER.** CORNER FIFTY AND PRINCE STREETS. **HAS** constantly on hand, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel, in barrels, half barrels, and bins; Salmon, Potomac Herring, Smoked Haddock, Smoked Herring and Smoked Beef. Also a choice brand of Sugar Cured Hams, for family use; Shoulders and Breasts, and a general assortment of goods for family supplies. Call and examine. dec 2

C. O. BRADLEY, Cabinet, Chair and Sofa Manufacturer, CORNER KING AND ALFRED STREETS, ALEXANDRIA, VA. **HAS** constantly on hand, and offers the public, an excellent assortment of CABINET WARE, SOFAS and CHAIRS of every variety, and on the lowest cash terms, which, for durability and finish, cannot be surpassed. my 16—tf

THE CHEAPEST COAL OIL In the city, to be had at **COGAN'S,** NO. 15 ROYAL STREET. 25 BBLs. of the best OIL ever manufactured just received. On hand, a large and splendid assortment of LAMPS, of all styles, together with GAS FIXTURES in variety, at extremely low prices. Look to your interest, and call at the right place. jan 26—tf

JOHN E. HENDERSON, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER, 226, CORNER KING AND ALFRED STREETS. **HAS** constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of FAMILY GROCERIES, which he offers cheap for cash. sep 30—tf

F. G. SWAIN & CO. CHEAP FAMILY GROCERY, No. 26 North Royal street. A full supply of family groceries always on hand. jan 10