

SOUTHERN NEWS.

The Richmond Examiner of Saturday last, says:—"A smart cavalry skirmish took place yesterday near Raccoon Ford, on the Rapidan, between 400 of our men and two regiments of the enemy. We drove the enemy back, killing five and wounding fifteen. We had seven men seriously wounded by sabre cuts."

The same paper, does not place reliance upon all the telegraphic reports in the Southern papers from Vicksburg, but says, there is probability in the report of the junction of the two Confederate armies of the Mississippi—a plan which Gen. Johnston always advised, but which heretofore has been rejected by the Confederate War Department.

The Examiner notices the rumors in Northern papers concerning Lee's projected invasion of the North, and says that in "case he shall make an offensive movement the next trial of arms on a large scale would more probably take place again on the old fields of Northern Virginia."

Gov. William Smith's majority for Governor of Virginia so far as heard from is 1916.

A telegraphic dispatch in the Examiner from Mobile, gives a rumor that Gen. Banks lost an arm in the late fighting at Port Hudson.

The Richmond papers state that gold is selling there at six dollars premium. This premium, they say, is not on account of the depreciation of paper, but the scarcity of gold.

Beyond dispute the wheat crop of the present year in Georgia will be by far the largest that has ever been raised in the State.

The Richmond Dispatch has a long editorial on the "Duration of the War," and says that "ninety-nine out of every hundred Southern people are making up their minds to accept, with fortitude and resignation, war as their natural condition for the remainder of their earthly existence."

The Richmond Sentinel has an article upon the "cruelty of sending within the Confederate lines 'registered enemies,' &c. It says:—"What are we to do with these homeless, plundered exiles? Receive them kindly, of course. The citizens of the Confederacy must fling wide their doors and divide their cheer with them. Every purse and every heart must be open to them."

The Richmond Sentinel thinks that peace propositions should not be discouraged, though a restoration of the Union be impossible. It adds that Mr. Vallandigham must be treated hospitably.

"Francis P. Blair, Jr., a son of the Postmaster General, who deserted his own troops in Virginia, some time ago, and joined the Maryland Line, has got himself into sundry scrapes while hanging around Richmond. He was put in Castle Thunder until further orders."

Since Spring the Planters' Salt Company have shipped 10,800 bushels of salt from the Virginia Works to Lagrange, Ga. The company has on hand at the works, ready for shipment, about 28,000 bushels more.

The Mississippian of Saturday morning, May 30th, publishes a speech made by Gen. Pemberton. It is as follows: "You have heard that I was incompetent and a traitor, and that it was my intention to sell Vicksburg. Follow me and you will see the cost at which I will sell Vicksburg. When the last pound of bacon, beef and flour; the last grain of corn, the last cow and hog, and horse, and dog, shall have been consumed, and the last man shall have perished in the trenches—then, and then only, will I sell Vicksburg."

One hundred surgical vacancies are announced at the U. S. Surgeon General's office as still unfilled. Surgeons for corps, volunteer staff, and Assistant Surgeons are desired to fill these vacancies.

There is no reason whatever for the present exorbitant price of coal, save the grasping desire for gain which animates the speculators in this article. The coal crop has been unusually abundant this last year.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The Steamer Continental, from New Orleans on the morning of the 2d instant, arrived to-night. Purser Craft has furnished the press with full files of the Era, from which the following is extracted:

An immense caravan, comprising six hundred wagons filled with negroes to the number of six thousand three hundred, with mules and horses, and fifteen hundred head of cattle, together with nearly all the troops in the Teche country, as guard, the advance regiment being the Forty-first Massachusetts, under Colonel Chickering, arrived at New Orleans from Barry's Landing on the 30th.

On the march they had several small skirmishes with the Confederates who hung on the rear of the column. Many of those professing loyalty when the army marched through some time since, showed unmistakable gratification at the withdrawal of the force. Several officers who delayed leaving Franklin until the force passed were captured by the Confederates.

The funeral of Colonel Cowles took place on the 30th.

A committee of Union associations have requested Governor Shepley to order the registration of voters of the State, in order that loyal people can select delegates to the Convention at which will be organized a state government of Louisiana, loyal to the U. S.—Governor Shepley, in a long letter, cheerfully promises all the aid in his power.

At a meeting of New York editors, Horace Greeley, of the Tribune, James Brooks, of the Express, William C. Prime, of the Journal of Commerce, and various others, were present. Resolutions were adopted, to the effect "that we recognize and affirm the duty of fidelity to the Constitution, Government, and the laws of our country; that treason and rebellion are crimes; that while we emphatically disclaim and deny any right in journalists to incite, advise, abet, uphold, or justify treason or rebellion, we respectfully but firmly assert the right of the press to criticise fairly and fearlessly the acts of those charged with the administration of the Government, and of their civil and military subordinates; and that any limitations of this right created by the necessities of war should be confined to localities where hostilities exist or are immediately threatened."

The U. S. conscription bill divides citizens liable to draft into two classes. One comprises men between the ages of twenty and thirty-five, married, or unmarried, and all unmarried men between the ages of thirty-five and forty-five. The second class includes married men between the last named ages. It turns out, according to the enrollment in New York city, that the proportion of the first class to the second is nearly as four to one. There is no reason why the same ratio should not hold good throughout the country generally. As the second class is not to be drawn upon until the first class is put into service, it appears that the Benedicts between thirty-five and forty-five stand but little chance of the draft for the present.

Another extensive hotel is projected for Washington, to be located between 6th and 7th streets with fronts on both Louisiana avenue and C. street, running through from one to the other. The property belongs to Mr. John H. Semmes, and is immediately in the rear of the Metropolitan Hotel.

Jaes. S. Mackie, who for many years has been in charge of the Spanish-American branch of the Diplomatic Bureau of the Department of State, is appointed one of the Commissioners for the settlement of claims under the convention with Peru.

Gold, in New York, yesterday, 143.

NOTICE.

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY GOVERNOR, Alexandria, Va., May 30, 1863.

WHEREAS the condition of the city of Alexandria is such, that, unless active steps are taken to insure a proper observance of sanitary rules, the health of the people of the city, and of the troops in the hospitals and neighborhood, will materially suffer, and it appearing that the civil authorities have not the means of placing the city in a proper sanitary condition. Therefore, by virtue of the authority vested in the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons owning, residing in, or having the use of any residence, stable, outhouse, or premises, of any description whatsoever, that they are required to have the same thoroughly cleaned in four days from this date of all garbage, manure, &c., &c., the same to be placed in a pile in the centre of the street, or in barrels, before their premises. After the first four days, it will be continued by them from day to day. All persons upon whose premises more than one cart load has accumulated, will be required to remove it at their own expense. All persons failing to comply with this order, will be brought before the Provost Judge, and fined.

By order of Brig. Gen. John P. Slough, Military Governor Alexandria, Va.

C. M. HINES, Senior Surgeon and Health Officer.

my 30—tf

PROF. LOUIS WUNDRAM'S CELEBRATED HERB MEDICINES.

NOW for the first time introduced into this country, have been successfully used for twenty-six years in Germany, and the rest of Europe, and are particularly efficient in the cure of all chronic diseases. They are imported direct to this port, and their efficiency and safety can be relied upon with confidence. They are

VEGETABLE PILLS and POWDERS, the best blood purifying medicine extant, and unequalled for the cure of Tetters, Asthma, Headache, Sore Eyes, Catarrh, Pain in the Breast and Sides, Spotted Fever, Chills and Fever, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Cancer, Jaundice, Biliousness, Eruptions of the Skin, Piles, Worms, Dropsy, Erysipelas, Swellings, Open Wounds, Cholera, and in fact all diseases caused by impure blood, or imperfect digestion.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S RHEUMATIC POWDERS, a sure cure for all Rheumatic complaints. Gout in particular.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S EPILEPTIC REMEDY, the only safe and reliable remedy for the certain cure of this terrible complaint.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S VEGETABLE ELIXIR, an invaluable remedy against Asthma, Biliousness, Pain in the Breast, Cough, Dysentery, Red and White Flux, Headache, Diarrhoea, Cramp Cholera, &c.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S HERB TEA, a pleasant and wholesome beverage, for sick and convalescents, also for Dyspeptics, and those afflicted with nervousness.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S TAPE-WORM EXTERMINATOR.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S TOOTHACHE DROPS.

Full directions accompany each remedy. For sale by ISAAC ENTWISLE, my 23—tf King st., Alexandria Va.

FOR ALEXANDRIA, WASHINGTON, AND LANDINGS ON THE POTOMAC RIVER.—The steamer KEYPORT, Capt. E. A. Ryther, will leave pier foot of Barre street, Baltimore, every Friday, at 3 p. m., for Alexandria, Washington, and landings on the Potomac river.

Returning, will leave Washington every Tuesday, at 7 a. m., and Alexandria same day at 8 a. m., for Baltimore and landings on the Potomac river.

Custom House permits must accompany freight for Alexandria and landings on Potomac river.

All freight must be prepaid. For freight or passage, apply on board or to A. NEEDHAM & SONS, 142 Light street wharf, Baltimore, or to mh 23—tf BRODERS & CO., Alex'a.

JOHN T. COOKE, CHEAP FAMILY GROCER, CORNER PITT AND PRINCE STREETS, HAS constantly on hand, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel, in barrels, half barrels, and kits; Salmon, Potomac Herring, Smoked Halibut, Smoked Herring, and Smoked Beef. Also, a choice brand of Sugar Cured Hams, for family use; Shoulders and Breasts, and a general assortment of goods for family supplies. Call and examine. dec 2