

## The Alexandria Gazette

SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 27.

THE MARKET was tolerably supplied this morning, but prices generally continue very high. Beef, best cuts, 20 cts. per lb.; veal, 15 cts.; lamb, 20@25 cts. Vegetables maintain their *up* rates. Peas, 80 cts. per peck; snap beans, 80 cts. per peck; cabbage 10@30 cts. per head; onions, \$1 per peck; lettuce, 5@10 cts. per head; beets, 12½@15 cts. per bunch. There were a few cymblins in market. Raspberries, 25 cts. per quart; cherries, 10 cts. per quart. Butter, 30 cts. per lb. for fresh. Eggs, 23 cts. per dozen. The Fish market was better supplied than usual. Sheepshead, 50 cts. a piece; halibut, 15 cts. per lb.; black fish, porgies and flounders 10 cts. per lb. Sturgeon, 5 cts. per lb. Catfish, 25 cts. per bunch.

Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, has issued another Proclamation to the people of that state. In it he says:—"The enemy is advancing in force into Pennsylvania. He has a strong column within twenty-three miles of Harrisburg, and other columns are moving by Fulton and Adams counties, and it can no longer be doubted that a formidable invasion of our State is in actual progress. The calls already made for volunteer militia in the exigency have not been met as fully as the crisis requires. I therefore now issue this, my proclamation, calling for sixty thousand men to come promptly forward to defend the State. They will be mustered into the service of the State for the period of ninety days; but will be required to serve only so much of the period of muster as the safety of our people and the honor of our State may require. They will rendezvous at points to be designated in general order to be issued this day by the Adjutant General of Pennsylvania, which order will also set forth the details of arrangements for the organization, clothing, subsistence, equipment, and supplies."

Some of the New York papers contain Washington accounts of what Gen. Hooker said to President Lincoln in a recent interview—what he demanded—and what he intends to do;—of Gen. Dix and Gen. Peck being ordered to advance on Richmond—the iron clad Roanoke being ordered to attack Fort Darling, &c., &c. To read these accounts and believe them, one would have to suppose that the Washington letter writers were present at the most important government consultations or that the President and the Generals told them all their plans, for publication.

The N. Y. Journal of Commerce, the New York Times and the New York Tribune object to the policy of conducting military operations as they have been by Col. Montgomery and others, and to the destruction of private property by burning, &c. The Tribune, however, affirms that in South Carolina, "it was in retribution for the course pursued towards negro troops."

In consequence of the destruction of the towing-path bridge of the C. and O. Canal, the superintendent has been granted the privilege of erecting an incline plane to the military bridge which crosses the work at the aqueduct of the Alexandria canal.

An hippopotamus, belonging to a show keeper, escaped, a few days ago from his keepers, who were carrying him from Buffalo to Detroit, plunged into the Detroit river, and after various divings and much swimming, came to shore, and quietly gave himself up.—A dog, assisted materially in the exciting scene.

The Washington Star proposes that martial law be proclaimed in the District of Columbia, that the militia be called out in Washington, and to conscript all strangers in the city who are between the ages of 18 and 45. None of the other papers make such suggestions.

Fairfax Court House was entered and occupied by the Confederate troops, on Thursday, having been previously evacuated by the Federal forces. The Confederate cavalry it is said were seen yesterday on the roads around and below Fairfax Court House.

Princeton College has conferred the degree of L. L. D. upon Philip R. Fendall Esq., of Washington—not A. M. as was incorrectly stated yesterday. Mr. Fendall is an Alexandrian, by birth, an accomplished scholar, and an able man.

Proceedings under the U. S. Confiscation act, against the owners of property in Michigan, who are in the Confederate service, have been commenced in that state.

Capt. S. H. Walker, of the 3d Md. Regiment, was killed in an affray at the Lager Beer gardens in Baltimore, a few days ago.—He was a citizen of Washington.

Mr. Whitfield has been elected to the Confederate Congress from the 2d Congressional district in Virginia; and Mr. Gholson from the 3d district.

Admiral Foote, U. S. Navy, died last night, at his lodgings at the Astor House, New York.

Gov. Wm. Smith, it is now said, is in command of a brigade in Ewell's corps at Hagerstown, Md.

Among the graduates at the late commencement at Dickinson College, Pa., was Leander Makeley, of Fairfax county, Va.

The Northern and Western papers speak of the general favorable prospect of the wheat harvest.

The Wheeling Intelligencer, of a recent date, says:—"that less than half the territory of West Virginia can be reached by our authorities. Whenever we go south of the line of the Northwestern Virginia railroad we shall find but few counties, if any, in which a draft can be executed to do any good. So that, practically, it must fall on the population of some dozen counties of the Northwest."

The Confederate Congress at their last session adopted a new flag—a white ground, with a bright red union, the latter crossed diagonally with two blue stripes, with white stars on the stripe. The law directed that it should be adopted on the first of July, and then hoisted for the first time on all the ships and forts. The Atlanta, it is said, hoisted it in advance and it was at her mast-head when she was captured.

Gold, in New York, yesterday, 144½.

## FROM WASHINGTON

From the Phil. Inquirer.

Nothing further has been received this afternoon in regard to Confederate movements up the Potomac, but there is no doubt but they have seized the passes of South Mountain in force, and will try to hold them. Men versed in military movements here doubt if Lee would weaken his army, even to the extent of ten thousand men, until he has fought Hooker, even for a raid to Harrisburg.

The whole matter of defending Pennsylvania recurs to the line of the Potomac, and it is to Hooker's army that you must look for protection.

The exodus from this point is still going on, but not to any great extent, and there was no general alarm felt.

The evening papers here, and many leading men, censure Pennsylvania severely for her tardiness in getting out troops.

The Confederates came into Fairfax Court House, this morning, and remained a very short time. They then rode down towards Fairfax Station. No damage was done, and no buildings were fired as was reported. They took away two ladies prisoners. There was no Government property there for them to destroy. They had not made their appearances at Springfield up to a late hour this afternoon.

## THE CONFEDERATE PRIVATEERS.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Information has been received that the steamers Alabama and Georgia were still at Bahia, May 19, coaling from a British bark. The authorities had ordered them off but there are no signs of their obeying the order.

PORTLAND, ME., June 26.—Fishing vessels which have arrived report that a large Confederate steamer, a bark, and a three-masted schooner off Cape Sable, Nova Scotia, are burning the fishing vessels.

They spoke the ship Augine of Boston which had been captured and bonded for eighty thousand dollars, and bound to New York with the crews of three burned fishing vessels.

New York, June 26.—The bark George is at New Haven from St. Croix on the 9th instant. She reports that on the 8th instant, from the observatory at Bass End, two steamers were distinctly seen off St. Thomas engaged in battle. Cannonading was distinctly heard for some time, and then one of the vessels suddenly disappeared. It is supposed that she sank. The other vessel steered out of sight and probably proceeded for St. Thomas. The Vanderbilt was reported at St. Thomas, June 9th.

Providence, R. I., June 26.—A naval officer, who has just arrived here from off Wilmington, reports that the Confederate schooner Hattie was captured on Saturday by the U. S. gunboat Florida. The Hattie reports that the Banshee, which was the fastest blockade-runner afloat, was burned on Cape Fear river, when just ready to sail with a cargo of cotton and turpentine. The Eugenie ran out on the night of the 19th inst.

At the election for President of Liberia, on the 5th inst., Daniel B. Warner, of Montserrat County was chosen President for 2 years, and James M. Priest, of Sinoe County, was chosen Vice President.