

cut off from all communication by mail and telegraph with that borough. The reconstruction of the destroyed bridges beyond Hanover Junction is, however, rapidly progressing, and the road will probably be open in twenty-four hours.

Our intelligence from Harrisburg this morning indicates the approach of a conflict in the Cumberland Valley, and shows that General Pleasanton has been playing great havoc with the enemy's trains. The rapid movement of Gen. Meade thus promises success in overtaking the enemy before he can concentrate his forces from the extended field over which they are scattered. Gen. Pleasanton is said to have sent in large numbers of prisoners toward Westminster and Gettysburg. He captured one hundred of Stuart's cavalry in Westminster on Tuesday morning and pushed on rapidly after the main column, which had just left the town. Gen. Couch is also advancing on the column of the enemy retreating from Carlisle, and will be enabled greatly to harass his movements. The prospects are therefore promising for successful operations against the enemy, and the bringing on of a battle on ground chosen by Gen. Meade, or a hasty retreat towards the Potomac. Certain it is that he has already compelled a backward movement of the enemy, and an abandonment, at least for the present, of his threatened invasion of the North."

THE WAR IN PENNSYLVANIA.

HARRISBURG, July 1.—Gen. Early was the last person to leave York. \$28,000 in money, 818 barrels of flour, 1000 pairs of shoes, 1000 hats, 1000 pairs of socks, and great quantities of beef, were demanded by the Confederates. One hundred and sixty thousand dollars would have been obtained from the town authorities.

The \$28,000 was paid by the Burgess and received by Gen. Early in person. Gen. Early told several citizens that he desired to conciliate the people and would sacredly respect private property. Two or three hundred Confederate deserters are in York and vicinity, who express a desire to take the oath of allegiance. They are closely watched.

Firing between Gen. Meade's and Lee's armies was distinctly heard at York yesterday afternoon.

The Confederates behaved remarkably well in York, and mostly encamped outside of the town. The Louisiana Tigers were not allowed to enter the town for fear they could not be controlled. The Confederates entered York at seven o'clock on Sunday morning and left on Wednesday morning.

Had they stayed two days longer the whole amount of money levied on would have been obtained. Quite a number of cannon shots have been heard on the other side of the river here since writing the above. Everybody is anxious to know what it means. Some think a battle is going on at Carlisle, while others say the firing is near the city. The shots follow each other in rapid succession. We anxiously await developments.

HARRISBURG, July 1—10 o'clock P. M.—A battle took place yesterday afternoon at Hanover Junction between Gen. Pleasanton's force and the Confederate Cavalry. It lasted nearly the whole afternoon. The enemy lost 400 men in killed, wounded and prisoners, besides six pieces of artillery. The Federal loss is reported at 200.

It is believed that the main body of Gen. Lee's army is between Gettysburg and Chambersburg. The indications are that a battle has been fought to-day between Lee and

Meade, but to what extent, or with what result is not known, nor is it likely to be to-night.

Heavy firing has been heard here during the entire evening in the direction of Carlisle. It is a long way off, but at times very rapid. The river banks are lined with people listening to the cannonading and discussing the possible results.

HARRISBURG, July 1—Midnight.—The heavy firing heard in the direction of Carlisle has now ceased.

It is believed that the Confederates have made an attack on the forces belonging to this Department, between Mechanicsburg and Carlisle. The result is not known at this writing.

A large fire is now seen in the direction of Carlisle. What is burning is not known.

It is believed here that General Lee's headquarters are at Dover, in York county.

LANCASTER, July 1—11 o'clock.—There is no news of importance to communicate from this quarter.

Colonel Franklin has communicated with the Federal forces at McCall's Ferry and Peach Bottom by a line of couriers. The last message, received at 10 o'clock to-night, says that there were no signs of the Confederate forces in that vicinity.

There is a vague rumor of the Confederates being again at York, but it is not reliable.

BLOODY RUN, July 1.—I have just returned from London Station, 14 miles from Chambersburg. The Confederates are reported to have left there, after taking forty horses, and are now decamping in the direction of Greencastle, which rather indicates a retreat towards the Potomac of that portion of Imboden's force.

Gen. Mead is said to have penetrated the Confederate lines between Hagerstown and Sharpsburg late yesterday. No great battle as yet, but heavy skirmishing.

The Confederates left Mercersburg last night, at seven o'clock, going towards Greencastle.—They numbered about two thousand cavalry, and four 12-pounders. No infantry.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Phila. Inquirer.]

WASHINGTON, July 1, 1863.—An order was issued by General Heintzleman, on Sunday last requiring all passes of civilians to places outside of the lines to be countersigned at his headquarters, and the order forbidding the passage of goods from the city, without a permit has been revoked.

Provost Marshal Alexander issued an order, requiring all persons in the city to prove their loyalty between this and Tuesday. Those who fail are to provide themselves a limited quantity of baggage and prepare for a voyage to City Point.

The War Department has issued an order fixing three hundred dollars as the sum to be paid by the person exempted from the conscription. The Collector of Internal Revenue is designated to receive the money.

KEEP COOL!

THE undersigned would inform their friends, and the public generally, that they are now prepared to furnish ICE AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT, at the "old stand" No. 26, north Royal street, opposite the market.

F. SWAIN & CO.

W.P. S.—Orders for large quantities of ICE left in us, will be promptly filled at most favorable terms, mh 27—tf

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the county of Alexandria, Va., are hereby notified to file the same in the Clerk's office of the County Court for said county, before the 6th day of July, 1863. By order of the court, je 3—tf JEFFERSON TACEY, Clerk.

POSTSCRIPT.

A TERRIBLE BATTLE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

GENERAL REYNOLDS KILLED!

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Yesterday at 9 a. m., the corps of Longstreet and Hill attacked the Federal 1st and 11th army corps, under Generals Reynolds and Meade, on the road between Gettysburg and Chambersburg, near the former place, and a battle occurred which was very severe up to last advices from the point.

Though the Federal troops were successfully resisting the attack, the loss had been heavy, including Gen. Reynolds killed.

At four, p. m. the 3d and 12th Federal army corps were rapidly moving up to take part in the engagement.

In Washington, this morning the horses attached to Mrs. Lincoln's carriage ran away knocking the coachman from his seat. Mrs. Lincoln who was alone in the carriage at the time leaped out and was stunned, receiving several severe bruises.

MARRIED.

At White Marsh, in Prince George's county, Md., on Tuesday morning last, by Rev. Father Begg, Mr. P. GIBSON GRIMES, to Miss KATE R. daughter of Fielder Suit, esq., of Marlboro'.

PUBLIC SALE OF POTOMAC LANDS AND FISHERY.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Prince George's County, sitting as a Court of Equity, the subscriber, as Trustee, appointed by the said decree, will expose to public sale, on *Tuesday, the 14th day of July, 1863*, at 12 o'clock M. (if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter,) at the Bellemonte House, on Broad Creek, in Prince George's County, Maryland, near the premises, all the right, title and interest of Rozier T. Daingerfield, of in and to a certain portion of the Bellemonte estate, containing **THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN ACRES**, more or less, and known as the "INDIAN QUEEN." The above mentioned property, is situated in Prince George's County, Md., on the Potomac river, about three miles below Alexandria, Va., and eight miles from Washington, D. C., and between Rozier's Bluff and the mouth of Broad Creek. This land is of the highest quality of Potomac Bottom, and admirably suited to the growth of Tobacco and Garden Stuff, and is heavily timbered. There is also a FISHERY ON THE PREMISES, well known as the "Sandy Bar Fishery"—one of the best Shad Fisheries on the Upper Potomac. There are **TENANTS' HOUSES**, and **BARNs** for curing tobacco and storing grain, and other conveniences.

The fertility of the soil of this valuable estate, its proximity to market, and its excellent Fishery and timber, make it a most desirable investment.

The above most desirable property will be offered as a whole, without the Fishery, or the Land and Fishery together, or in two divisions—one division containing one hundred and seventeen, and the other one hundred and ninety-two acres, more or less—each having a river front—the Fishery to be included in one of the divisions or not, as may be desired.

Possession to be given on the first day of January, 1864.

TERMS OF SALE, AS PRESCRIBED BY THE DECREE, ARE:—"One thousand dollars in cash on the day of sale, and the residue in equal instalments of one, two, three, four and five years from the day of sale—the whole to bear interest from the day of sale, and the payment thereof to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser, with a surity or surities, to be approved by the Trustee. The whole interest to be paid at the end of each and every year.

WM. HENRY DAINGERFIELD, Prince George's County, je 20—ts Trustee.

F. G. SWAIN & CO. CHEAP FAMILY GROCERY, No. 26 North Royal street.

A full supply of family groceries always on hand. ja 2 13