

RAID INTO NORTH CAROLINA.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 20.—The flag-of-truce steamer New York, Captain Chisholm, left last evening for City Point with three hundred prisoners from Chester, Pa., in charge of Major John E. Mulford.

Acting Brig. Gen. B. F. Onderdonk, First New York mounted rifles, and two companies of the Eleventh Penn. cavalry, have just returned to Portsmouth, Va., from a long raid into North Carolina. They passed through Edenton, N. C., and opened communication with Captain Roberts, in command at South Mills; thence they proceeded to Pasquotank and Hertford, and while about half way between the two places were attacked by the Confederates, and in the skirmish lost two mounted riflemen.

They killed thirty Confederates and drove several into the Dismal Swamp, who were drowned.

They captured ninety horses, thirty mules, some cattle &c.

JAPAN.—Advices have been received from Japan to the 30th of May. The difficulty between the Japanese Government and the English authorities has been finally settled by the former agreeing to pay the amount of money demanded, and the English waiving the question of the delivering up to public execution of the Prince of Satsuma's father. It is suggested however, that this may not prove entirely correct, as the day the steamer left Kanagawa was the last allowed the Japanese to decide upon acceding to or rejecting the demands of the English, and at the very last moment it is possible a decided change in the minds of the Japanese officials may have taken place.—All business was at a standstill, and no business quotations were given. The premises occupied by the American Legation at Jeddo had been entirely destroyed by fire on the morning of the 28th of May, said to have originated accidentally. The American Minister, Mr. Pruyn, lost everything except the archives of the Legation.

An order issued by Gen. Meade, says.—“No non-commissioned officer or private can give his parole except through an officer; and no officer, for himself or his command, can under any circumstances, give a military parole not to serve until exchanged, except when delivered to an officer of the U. S. duly authorized to receive him at one of the points agreed upon by the government for the exchange of prisoners of war, or at some other point agreed upon by the commander of the army to which he belongs. All other paroles are null and void. Any officer or soldier of the army giving them will be returned to duty without exchange, and will be punished for disobedience of orders.”

Smart woman! Mrs. Henderson, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was riding on horseback, recently, when a violent gale of wind arose.—While at full speed, a tree fell directly toward her. She sprang from the horse, and the tree struck in the saddle, crushing the horse into a shapless mass, while she escaped injury.

John McDonald, a seaman attached to the squadron of Admiral Lee, in the waters of Virginia, having been tried by a naval general court-martial and found guilty of a serious offence, was sentenced on Monday last to ten years' imprisonment in the State prison, with the loss of all pay due now and which may be due after the expiration of his imprisonment.

The Chattanooga Rebel speaks doubtfully of the state of affairs at Charleston and “looks for the worst.”

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, }
WASHINGTON, July 15, 1863. }
Commanding Officer Fort Monroe, Col. Ludlow, Agent for the Exchange of Prisoners of War:

The President directs that you immediately place W. H. Lee and another officer selected by you, not below the rank of captain, prisoners of war, in close confinement and under strong guards; and that you notify Mr. R. Ould, Confederate agent for exchange of prisoners of war, that if Captain H. W. Sawyer, First New Jersey Volunteer Cavalry, and Captain John Flynn, Fifty-first Indiana Volunteers, or any other officers or men in the service of the U. S., not guilty of crimes punishable with death by the laws of war, shall be executed by the enemy, the above-mentioned prisoners will be immediately hung in retaliation. It is also directed that immediately on receiving official or authentic information of the execution of Capt. Sawyer and Captain Flynn, you will proceed to hang Gen. Lee and the other rebel officer designated as herein above directed, and that you notify Robert Ould, esq., of said proceedings, and assure him that the Government of the United States will proceed to retaliate for every similar barbarous violation of the laws of civilized war.

H. H. HALLECK, General-in-Chief.

FROM CHARLESTON.

The Richmond Whig of the 21st contains the following:

CHARLESTON, August 20.—The enemy's operations during the last twenty-four hours have been mostly confined to a steady and continuous bombardment of Fort Sumter from their Parrott guns on Morris Island. The fire begins to tell on Fort Sumter, which replies only at long intervals.

The defence of this harbor does not depend mainly upon Fort Sumter, even if that fortress should be battered down.

General Bonham has issued a proclamation urging the removal of all non-combatants from Charleston as soon as possible.

The two-hundred-pound Parrott guns of the enemy are too much for the walls of Sumter, and the fort replies only at intervals.

It has been determined to defend the city street by street, house by house, as long as a foot of earth is left.

The War Department has organized up to this time, seventy-five companies of invalids, who are to do garrison and other duties that may not require their too great exposure in the field. They are all men who have received two or more wounds, some of them severe, and none of them are men who would now pass the surgeon's inspection for active duty in the field.

Fifteen refugees who have been in Washington for some week or two in the prison, are going to be sent down the river this afternoon, to be landed on the Virginia shore. They would not take the oath of allegiance.

The Confederate prisoners who escaped from Fort Warren have been brought back by the revenue cutter Dobbin. Neither of them were of the privateer Tacony's crew.

The Union majority in Kentucky is fifty thousand, with nine counties yet to hear from.

It is reported that the Hon. John N. Goodwin, Chief Justice of Arizona Territory, will be speedily appointed to be the Governor of that Territory, vice Gurley, deceased.

Secretary Seward and the foreign diplomats, who recently left Washington on an excursion to the North, passed through Utica, N. Y., on Tuesday, en route to Trenton Falls.

Yesterday was a day of fast and prayer in the Southern Confederacy.

PROF. LOUIS WUNDRAM'S CELEBRATED HERB MEDICINES.
NOW for the first time introduced into this country, have been successfully used for twenty-six years in Germany, and the rest of Europe, and are particularly efficient in the cure of all chronic diseases. They are imported direct to this port by the undersigned, and their efficiency and safety can be relied upon with confidence. They are

VEGETABLE PILLS and POWDERS, the best blood purifying medicine extant, and unequalled for the cure of Tetter, Asthma, Headache, Sore Eyes, Catarrh, Pain in the Breast and Sides, Spotted Fever, Chills and Fever, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Cancer, Jaundice, Bilioussness, Eruptions of the Skin, Piles, Worms, Dropsy, Erysipelas, Swellings, Open Wounds, Cholera, and in fact all diseases caused by impure blood, or imperfect digestion.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S RHEUMATIC POWDERS, a sure cure for all Rheumatic complaints, Gout in particular.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S EPILEPTIC REMEDY, the only safe and reliable remedy for the certain cure of this terrible complaint.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S VEGETABLE ELIXIR, an invaluable remedy against Asthma, Bilioussness, Pain in the Breast, Cough, Dysentary, Red and White Flux, Headache, Diarrhea, Cramp Cholera, &c.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S HERB TEA, a pleasant and wholesome beverage, for sick and convalescents, also for Dispeptics, and those afflicted with nervousness.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S TAPE-WORM EXTERMINATOR.

PROF. WUNDRAM'S TOOTHACHE DROPS.

Full directions accompany each remedy. For further particulars, apply to
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For sale also by **ISAAC ENTWISLE,**
94 King st., Alexandria, Va.
And **H. L. PAULI, No. 62, Prince st.,**
my 23—tf Cor. Fairfax, Alexandria, Va.

FOR ALEXANDRIA, WASHINGTON, AND LANDINGS ON THE POTOMAC RIVER.—The steamer **KEYPORT,** Capt. E. A. Rythe; will leave pier foot of Barre street, Baltimore, every Friday, at 3 p. m. for Alexandria, Washington, and landings on the Potomac river.

Returning, will leave Washington every Tuesday, at 7 a. m., and Alexandria same day at 8 a. m., for Baltimore and landings on the Potomac river.

Custom House permits must accompany freight for Alexandria and landings on Potomac river.

All freight must be prepaid. For freight or passage, apply on board or to **A. NEEDHAM & SONS, 142 Light street wharf, Baltimore,** or to **mh 28—tf BRODERS & CO., Alex'a.**

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July 15—tf S. ROSWALD, PRINCIPAL.

NOTICE.
I will sell out my entire stock of ladies, misses, and children's city made **BOOTS and SHOES,** at a small advance over cost. Those in want of good shoes at very low prices would do well to call at No. 80 King St. **JOHN T. EVANS.**
July 14—2m

BOOT AND SHOE STORE.—**MR. JOSEPH KAUFMAN** has taken the old and well-known stand of Mr. Ballenger, where he intends to keep a good stock of all kinds of **BOOTS and SHOES.** Please give him a call at No. 126 King Street. **July 23—tf**