

LATER FROM EUROPE.

The steamship Persia, from Liverpool on the 26th of September, has arrived at New York.

The Channel fleet has left Liverpool, but the frigate Liverpool, remaining in the Marsey, is reported to be watching the suspected iron rams.

Mr. Mason's letter to Earl Russell, withdrawing from London, is published. It quotes his instructions from Richmond, which state "that President Davis believes the English Government is determined to decline overtures for friendly relations, and will not receive a minister, therefore it is not conducive to the interests nor consistent with the dignity of the Confederate Government for Mr. Mason to continue his residence at London any longer."

The London Index says it is not contemplated to withdraw Mr. Slidell from France.

The Alabama, Georgia, and Conrad have been visiting ports at the Cape of Good Hope. They captured the ships Sea Bride, Sala, Prince of Wales, and Santee, and bonded them. The Vanderbilt left St. Helena August 20th, in pursuit of the Alabama.

The consul protested against the capture of the Sea Bride on the ground that she was within British waters; and also demanded the delivery up of the Tuscaloosa, late the Conrad, on the ground that she violated the Queen's proclamation by entering a British port. The governor decided adversely to the consul in each case, whereupon the consul entered a protest.

The prospect of the fall of Charleston is much debated. The friends of the South assert it will not affect the issue.

It is reported that Baron Gros has informed Earl Russell that the opinion of the French Government relative to the Polish negotiations is, that it is preferable to close a useless discussion.

The Rhine has overflowed its bed to the height of two metres along the line of Lyons. The country upon the bank of the river is submerged. The Seine has also risen to a considerable height.

The Patrie says the question whether the Poles will be recognised in the quality of belligerents has been continually raised by one or two of the great maritime Powers.

Prince Napoleon will leave for London, but his journey has no political bearing.

The Swiss Federal Council has decided to withdraw the Swiss embassy from Japan, on account of the political condition of that country.

The man arrested as Nena Sahib has proved not to be that chief.

A letter from Newbern, N. C., has a rumor that Mr. Holden, the editor of the Raleigh Standard, has been assassinated. No particulars in relation to the affair are given.

Gen. Sherman, who lost a leg at the siege of Port Hudson, has nearly recovered. He is still at Newport. He will soon fit an artificial leg, and return to duty.

For the first time in twenty years an order has been issued from the U. S. Navy Department concerning the old fleet of line-of-battle ships. The Alabama, which was commenced half a century ago at the Portsmouth, N. H. Navy Yard, and has not since been finished, is now, in obedience to instructions from the U. S. Government, in active preparation for service.

The Judge of the Circuit Court of Prince George's county, Md., has notified the Clerk that the Court will be adjourned to the second Monday in November, in consequence of the election.

In Mr. Blair's recent speech he said:—"It is manifest now that the President must steer his course through the strong conflicting tides of two revolutionary movements—that of the nullifiers, to destroy the Union and set up a Southern Confederacy, and that of the ultra abolitionists, which has set in to disfranchise the South on the pretext of making secure the emancipation of the slaves.

"The issues are made up between the President and the rebels and their foreign sympathizers, who would revolutionize our government to create a separate government in the South, on the one hand; and on the other hand between the President and the ultra abolitionists, who would disfranchise the Southern section of our country. It is not improbable that the latter, though aiming at a different result, will be found co-operating in the end with conspirators of the South and their foreign allies. They may prefer parting with the South to partnership and equality under the constitution."

The Richmond Sentinel says that there are now in that city about eight or nine hundred captured officers and eight thousand privates as prisoners of war from the Union army. This number, it says, will be largely increased, in a day or two, by further arrivals from the South.

A whole fleet of fast wooden steamers is to be constructed at the navy yards of the U. S. with all possible dispatch. Three are to be built at Portsmouth, three at New York, and three at Boston.

Gen. Hooker is to be under Gen. Rosecrans, and is to command part of the reinforcements sent to Chattanooga.

At Martinsburg, Va., there is activity in courts martial. Major Alonzo W. Adams is on trial for cowardice and improperly using forage, while Captain D. H. Harkins, of the same regiment, formerly an actor at the theatres in Washington, is to be tried for proposing to surrender his command. Other officers, too, are to be tried.

Those who are fortunate enough to be engaged in the codfishery, this season, have found their dishes right side up. Nearly every vessel employed on the Grand Banks has returned with such fares, and sold, or holding them at such prices, as to have a good margin for profits. Codfish are now selling at over \$5 per quintal by the cargo, and cod oil has sold at \$34 per barrel, about double their former prices.

The National Intelligencer suggests a separate car on railways for tobacco chewers as well as smokers.

Porto Plata dates of September 26 state that the Spanish troops are being removed to San Domingo as a base of operations. A lawyer of San Domingo and two Catholic priests have been brought to Havana and incarcerated in Moro Castle as prisoners of war. Santana has some three thousand troops, but has no arms. Two steamers were about leaving Havana for San Domingo, with provisions and artillery.

Mrs. Faunce, wife of Capt. John Faunce, formerly commanding the U. S. steamer Harriet Lane, died suddenly on Tuesday morning, while engaged in making calls upon her friends in Brooklyn, N. Y. The cause of her death was apoplexy.

Matamoras dates to the 12th of September make no mention of the French occupation of that place.

The civil war in Honduras continues.

EDUCATIONAL.

ALEXANDRIA SEMINARY.

By S. KING SHAY AND DAUGHTERS, Nos. 85 and 87 South Pitt Street, Alex. Va.

THE exercises of this school were resumed on Monday, 31st of August. The course of instruction consists of the English branches, Drawing, French, German and the Classical languages. The school consists of two departments, Male and Female; the Males are taught in No. 85, and the Females in No. 87, the residence of the teachers. Strict attention will be paid to the morals and deportment of the pupils, and the government will be parental. For terms apply to the Principal. sep 16—tf

WENTWORTH SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.

ALBERT E. BASSFORD, PRINCIPAL.

THE sixth annual session of this institution will commence on September 14th.

The principal will be assisted by the Rev. W. F. M. Jacobs, whose co-operation will more fully sustain the already acquired reputation of this school.

Circulars stating particulars can be obtained at the institution, Prince St., opposite Post Office. aug 15—2awtsep & dtf

THE duties of MISS ELLEN MARK'S SCHOOL will be resumed on TUESDAY, the 15th of SEPTEMBER. Particular attention will be given to the ELEMENTARY BRANCHES as the only sure base for future improvement. It is desirable that all the pupils as far as practicable, should be present at the opening of the school. Terms, for Orthography, Reading, Geography, Grammar, Philosophy, History, Arithmetic and Algebra, from five to seven dollars per term of ten weeks, Music and French at Professor's charges.

The School is pleasantly situated on King street, No. 214, between Columbus and Alfred. aug 24—dtsept1&eotoct10.

REV. C. C. BITTING will re-open school, Sept. 15th, 1863. Apply at No. 9, Alfred st. above King. aug 25—dtf

FOR ALEXANDRIA, WASHINGTON, AND LANDINGS ON THE POTOMAC RIVER.—The steamer KEYPORT, Capt. E. A. Rythe; will leave pier foot of Barre street, Baltimore, every Friday, at 3 p. m. for Alexandria, Washington, and landings on the Potomac river.

Returning, will leave Washington every Tuesday, at 6 a. m., and Alexandria same day at 7 a. m., for Baltimore and landings on the Potomac river.

Custom House permits must accompany freight for Alexandria and landings on Potomac river.

All freight must be prepaid. For freight or passage, apply on board or to A. NEEDHAM & SONS, 142 Light street wharf, Baltimore, or to mh 28—tf BRODERS & CO., Alex.

IF you wish the best Delaines at 25 and 30 cts. call at H. SCHWARZ'S, No. 132 King street. aug 31—tf

AN IMPORTANT AFFAIR CONCERNING ALL THE CITIZENS OF ALEXANDRIA.

WHEREAS, we the undersigned, in body assembled, have come to a serious conclusion upon one fact, we do not hesitate to inform every man, woman and child of said fact, viz: that after a close investigation we have beyond a doubt found the cheapest and best DRY GOODS in the city at

S. ROSEWALD'S 178 King street. Signed, JOHN CASH, JAMES QUICK SALES, HENRY SMALL PROFITS.

sep 26—tf

"THIS WAY FOR SCHWARZ'S STORE IN THE CITY."

LOOK AT HIS INDUCEMENTS! HIS ASSORTMENT! HIS PRICES, AND HIS BARGAINS.

YARD WIDE Bleached Cotton, 25 cents, elegant 4 yard wide and 14 long Balmorals, at \$3; Crash for Towels, at 12½ cts. per yard; elegant Linen Handkerchiefs, for 10@12½ cts; Black and White Plaids, at 25 cts. a yard; Choice DeLaines, at 30 cts. a yard; Fine Shawls, (an auction lot) at \$3 apiece; and in fact, a great many goods bought cheap for cash, and will be sold at a small advance. Call and see for yourself at H. SCHWARZ'S, 132 King st. P. S.—A large assortment of Cloaks, Shawls, Woolen Hoods, Nubias, Bonnets, Flowers, Ribbons and Hats of all kinds. sep 28—tf