

## The Alexandria Gazette

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 7.

COUNTY COURT—(From the Record.)—Wednesday.—Robert Bell was chosen Presiding Justice, pro tem.

Richard Southron was exempted from a tax of \$4.50, improperly assessed.

Charles T. Huston was admitted to practice in this court, and qualified.

The grand jury presented indictments against Michael Sheinabrook, and Miss Jacobs for keeping houses of ill fame, and against Dr. J. Porter for acting as physician, and Julius Dienelt of acting as Dentist, without licenses, and against Harrison W. Barker for doing business without license—"true bills" and made a presentment in relation to fitting up the jury room with furniture, &c, and were discharged.

U. W. Barker vs. Harrison, et als.—in case; H. H. Davis vs. R. H. Augur—in case—removed to Circuit Court for trial.

Hughes vs. Levy—unlawful detainer—verdict for deft.; motion for a new trial overruled.

John Muir, Walter Harris and H. L. Barker were appointed appraisers of the estate of J. E. Henderson, deceased.

Wadley vs. Brill—unlawful detainer—jury unable to agree—juror withdrawn and case continued.

Howard vs. King—unlawful detainer—verdict for defendant.

Several cases were continued, and the Court adjourned until Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

According to the report of Secretary Chase in reference to the agency of Jay Cooke, in the U. S. Treasury transactions, his (Cooke's) entire compensation was \$1,350,000, of which he received \$435,700 for his labor, risk, &c. So that the entire loan was effected at a little less than three-tenths of one per cent., and is less than was ever before paid by the U. S. or English government. Mr. Chase says that without Mr. Cooke's services, the army and navy nor general creditors could have been paid.

It is reported that the office of Military Governor of Alexandria is soon to be dispensed with, and the duties now performed by General Slough will be discharged by a provost marshal, under the immediate direction of Gen. Augur, commanding the department of Washington.

Brigadier-General Montgomery has been dropped from the Federal service altogether. Generals Stone and Nader have been returned to their respective commands in the U. S. regular army; the former as colonel, the latter as captain.

An important order from Gen. Slough, in reference to cases of Small-pox or Varioloid occurring in this place, will be found in another column of to-day's Gazette.

The ruins of the two old Breweries at the corner of Wolfe and Union street, have been torn down, and the materials are to be used in repairing railroads.

Caroline M. Kirkland, an authoress, died in New York, yesterday.

It is said that G. W. Harrison, of this place, has been arrested and sent to Washington.

At the election in Maryland, yesterday, it is announced that the "Radicals swept the State." The "Blair conservatives," and the "disloyal," took no part in the election. The dispatches from Baltimore say the Baltimore city vote was 9,041 for a convention and emancipation, and 78 votes against. The entire, immediate, unconditional emancipation ticket was elected, there being no opposition ticket run. It is estimated that there will be a majority in the convention of at least twenty, for immediate and unconditional emancipation. A dispatch from Cumberland says: The Frederick district gives the emancipation ticket and convention 480 majority. The ballot-box of the Jackson district was taken possession of by the Copperheads, about two o'clock, and totally destroyed. Detachments of Colonel Coles' cavalry and the 7th Maryland regiment have gone to arrest the parties.

Mr. Anthony has introduced into the U. S. Senate, a bill "providing for the retiring of Justices of the Supreme Court, or District Judges of the United States, at their own request after having reached the age of seventy years. If a retiring Chief Justice, or Associate Justice, has served not over fifteen years his pay shall be \$4,000 per annum, and \$500 shall be added for every additional five years.—District Judges are to have three-fourths of salary, provided that none shall be less than \$2,000. Vacancies made by the retiring process are to be supplied by appointments by the President."

The Navajoe Indians of New Mexico, having recently surrendered to the United State forces, an appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars has been asked, with which to procure their agricultural implements and subsistence, until they can support themselves on the reservation set apart for their colonization. The Navajoes have been at war for nearly two centuries, and the peaceful plan now proposed is deemed more economical than the large war expenditures heretofore incurred in New Mexico. They number about seven thousand.

The Marlboro', Md., Gazette says: "There are three cases of small pox, in a mild form, in our village; one at the soldier's camp, and two in a kitchen in the rear of the old Union Hotel. A case occurred last December, and the man, a carpenter from Baltimore, died with it. A negro family got hold of some of the dead man's clothes, and several of them took the disease. Since then three or four negroes have taken it—one of whom died. Most of our people have been vaccinated, and the physicians do not apprehend a further spread of the disease."

An official dispatch to the authorities at Washington, announces that an expedition of Federal troops to Mt. Elba and Longview, Ark., has returned, after burning thirty-five Confederate wagons and contents, and capturing 320 prisoners. An engagement is reported to have occurred at Mt. Elba, in which a Confederate force of 1,200 was defeated, with a loss of over one hundred killed and wounded, and the capture of three hundred horses and mules, besides a large quantity of small arms, &c. Several hundred contrabands were also captured.

A law suit is going on at Saratoga, which involves the title to one third of the famous Congress Spring.

A dispatch from Washington says "the total defeat of the National Bank or Currency bill by so large a vote as two thirds, astonished both friends and foes, especially as so much time has been consumed in efforts to perfect it." The Washington Chronicle says: "The great body of the friends of the Administration rallied steadily around the measure, but the almost solid Opposition, aided by a few friends of the Administration, defeated those important improvements upon the existing law, which are deemed to be essential to the needs of the Government, and in accordance with the almost universal wishes of the people.—The Senate must now frame a national currency bill which the House can accept."

A dispatch from St. Louis says: "The Metropolitan Record of New York, having been served to subscribers in this department under the name of the Vindicator, that journal has been suppressed by General Rosecrans.—The circulation of the paper under its proper name had previously been suspended, and its change of name was looked upon as an attempted evasion of Gen. Rosecrans' order: the second order for its suppression."

A New York letter of Tuesday says: "The beef speculators at the Bull's Head clamped on an extra half cent per pound this morning, which means from two to three cents per lb. higher to the consumer when he goes to buy his beefsteak at the retail butcher's. Some dealers were predicting that buyers would have to pay twenty five cents per pound on the beef, or go without, before the first of May."

It is stated that the Federal Government has renounced the enrollment of negroes in Kentucky, on the pledge given by Governor Bramlette that the State would furnish its contingent of fifteen thousand men, without involving the necessity of resorting to a conscription of the black population.

The recent heavy rains have it is said made the roads, in the upper country, impassable, and swollen the streams to such an unprecedented height that all the bridges on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad were in danger of being swept away.

The flour dealers of Baltimore have fixed the rate of commission for selling flour, hereafter, at 2½ per cent. on gross sales, also 3c. per bbl. on all flour received, for labor, storage, &c., and 3c. additional storage per month for all held over 30 days.

It is reported that Colonel Hughes, Adjutant McDowell and other officers of the Twenty-fifth Tennessee Confederate regiment recently surrendered to Colonel W. B. Stokes, of the Fifth Tennessee Federal cavalry, under the amnesty proclamation of President Lincoln.

Mr. Rice, the chairman of the Naval Committee of the U. S. House of Representatives, is about to start for St. Louis, in company with other members of the same committee, to select a site for a great naval depot on the Mississippi.

It is stated that General Grant has issued an order directing that any communication addressed by an officer or soldier to his superior, unless forwarded through the regular official channel, will be disregarded, and the writer tried by court-martial, and if found guilty dismissed the service or otherwise severely punished.