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THE 17TH VIRGINIA REGIMENT.

A "Flag of Truce letter," from Chesterfield County, Va., July 17th, gives the following as a correct list of casualties in the 17th Virginia regiment, since the campaign began:

Major R. H. Simpson and Sergeant Major Hart, mortally wounded, since dead.

Company A.—Killed, none. Wounded, Saml. McMurrain; doing well.

Company B.—Killed; Rager, Keller, Roberts, Hickerson. Wounded; Jos. Miller, doing well, W. H. Farra.

Company C.—Killed; Kauckley, Brightwell, Raney.

Company D.—Killed; Sergeant Newcomb, Corbett. Wounded; Simpson, slightly, Spindle, lost a leg, Sergeant Goodin, slightly.

Company E.—Killed; none. Wounded; Underwood, badly, Crowler, Carrico.

Company F.—Killed; none. Wounded; Baxter.

Company G.—Killed; Hogwood, Loving.—Wounded; Sergeant Jas. Fisher, Horrigan, badly, Elliott.

Company H.—Killed; Corporal John Mills, Wm. Territt. Wounded; Capt. W. H. Fowle, not dangerously, Ed. Hunter, not dangerously.

Company I.—Killed; Goushan. Wounded; James Whaler.

Company K.—Killed; Stansfield, Knane, Embry. Wounded; Briggs.

Several, whose names are not mentioned above, have received very slight wounds, but have entirely recovered.

Lieutenant John Addison, Sergeant A. E. Saunders, Corporal K. M. Hite, Privates W. D. Addison, Henry L. Gannell, Jesse Murray, Mark L. Price, G. W. Ramsay, C. A. Smith and John Zimmerman, of the Alexandria Rifles, are all enjoying good health, and desire to be remembered to their families and friends.

The Washington Chronicle's correspondent with the Army of the Potomac, writes on Thursday last that the Federal lines have been contracted, "the left having been folded up in such a manner as to materially strengthen the front line as it now is. The left of the line now extends no further than the Jerusalem plank road. On Tuesday night the 2d corps was marched out to the works thrown up by the 6th corps near the Weldon railroad. A flank movement on the part of the Confederates was anticipated, but they not appearing the line was then shortened with it further delay."

A dispatch from Cairo says that a steamer, the name of which is suppressed, lately ran the blockade to a Southern port, with a valuable cargo, including a large amount of military stores.

FROM THE SOUTHWEST.

Friday's Nashville Times says: "At last accounts the Federal forces were still strongly entrenched at the Chattahoochie. There has been no pursuit of the Confederates, and no advance from the banks of the Chattahoochie toward Atlanta. Passengers on the evening train state that Sherman has captured six thousand prisoners. Neither the time nor the locality of the capture are mentioned."

It is reported from Cairo that the Vicksburg Herald of the 12th states that the Federal forces moved from Black river on the 3d.—Gen. Slocum joined the expedition at Champion Hills, the whole force numbering less than 30,000. The Confederates were not encountered in any considerable force until they were found strongly posted on the east bank of a creek, three miles west of Jackson. A flanking force compelled them to abandon their position. The Federal forces occupied Jackson that night. On the following day as the Federal troops were leaving town a citizen climbed to the top of the State House and signalled the Confederate cavalry which were drawn up in line of battle north of the town, for which act the man was shot. The Confederates attacked the advance in strong force, but were driven back. Next morning the Confederates assaulted the rear near Clinton, and were again repulsed.

Per contra, we have the following Confederate account of the above as follows:

JACKSON, July 7.—Last evening we drove the enemy from our left and renewed the fight early in the morning. The fighting has been very hot throughout, and the enemy were severely punished. The enemy were closely pursued to Clinton, where, owing to recent long and rapid marches, and the jaded condition of men and animals, the pursuit ceased. Our loss was one hundred and fifty killed and wounded, among whom was Gen. Gholson, severely, though not dangerously wounded.—Six captains were killed. We captured twenty-three prisoners, who report that their train was burned to facilitate their flight. The enemy's loss is unknown. They left twenty killed and wounded on the field. The majority of our troops were raw, and had never been under fire before.

MERIDIAN, July 7.—Gen. Braxton Bragg: The enemy evacuated Jackson yesterday evening. Brig. Gen. Adams fought them yesterday evening and this morning, punishing them very severely. They are now on the retreat to Vicksburg. Brig. Gen. Gholson is severely, though not dangerously wounded.—The enemy did no damage to Jackson, to the railroad or telegraph. The enemy are advancing in force from Lagrange towards Ripley.—G. D. LEE.
I am prepared to meet them.
Lieutenant General.

The new Emperor of Mexico has his present residence at Chepultepec, five miles from the city of Mexico. He has invited Juarez and other liberals to "come in" and consult on a peace. It is said they refuse. No minister to the U. S., had yet been appointed.

Mexican advices to the 21 instant, are to the effect that Gen. Uruga, with his whole army, has given in his adhesion to Maximilian, and that this example has been followed by Gen. Doblado. The Emperor has appointed Don Francisco Moran to announce his accession to the throne of Mexico at the courts of St. Petersburg, Stockholm and Copenhagen.—A minister is also named to Turin. A grand ball had been given in honor of the Emperor and Empress by General Bazaine. It is described as having been an affair of refined taste and magnificence. The Spanish Consul at Ojaca had been murdered.

The new schooner George Latimer, from Baltimore, and bound to Pernambuco, was captured and burned on the 18th of May, by the Florida. The cargo of the George Latimer consisted of 1,882 barrels of flour, 3,000 gallons of petroleum oil, 16,243 packages of lard, 250 kegs of crackers, and 9 packages of lamps.

The account of the crops in the Northwest are very unfavorable. There has been a great drought, and grains and grasses suffer greatly. There will be a small crop of wheat, and other staples in limited quantities. There is some hope for corn, if there is favorable weather in the late summer months.

All the duties of this "department," of a local character, it is announced, have been turned over by Gen. Slough, the U. S. Military Governor of this place, to Lieut. Wisship, lately appointed Assistant Provost Marshal.—New orders regulating the department are to be issued on the 26th inst., it is said. There are reports of other expected changes soon, but of their correctness we know not.

The drought still continues in this section of country, and the appearance of the gardens and pastures, is distressing indeed. We feel the effects in the high price of butter, milk and vegetables. Corn is suffering much. Fresh butter was offered in market last Saturday at 75 cts. per pound.

The provost guard of this place upon information that liquor had been sold contrary to orders, at the store of Rodes & Howard, at the old Ferry slip, on Saturday last, entered the store, seized the liquors there, and arrested Mr. Howard, one of the proprietors. Mr. Rodes, up to yesterday, had not been found. Mr. H. was committed to prison.

A number of Confederates, from their late raid passed through Rappahannock county on Thursday, with horses and prisoners, on their way to Gordonsville. A small Federal force followed in their rear. The Confederates, it is said, had heard of Sheridan's new raid, and were pushing on.

A dispatch from St. Joseph, Mo., says five companies of militia, most of which belonged to Col. Moss's regiment, have nearly all gone over to the Confederates under Thornton.