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OFFICE—No. 104 King street, over
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CONGREGATIONAL METHODIST CHAPEL.—Yesterday, at 11 o'clock a. m., the chapel of the Congregational Methodists, M street, between 9th and 10th streets west, was opened for service, and the little building was crowded to its utmost capacity. The discourse was delivered by the pastor, Rev. T. W. Brown. On Saturday evening, during the holding of a choir meeting in the church edifice, a detective officer made his appearance, hearing a communication from Col. Wisewell, military Governor, directed to T. J. Magruder and some six or eight others, formerly connected with the old Methodist Church South. The communication contained an order directing that the American flag be hoisted over the church edifice; otherwise it could not be opened. It was read aloud and the members present informed the detective officer that they were quite willing to worship under the flag, but as it was so late they would be unable to obtain one in time for the opening of the church on Sunday morning. Mr. J. C. McKelden, one of the founders of the new church, was deputized to call upon Col. Wisewell and inform him of their position, and learn from him the wish of the military authorities. After a conversation between Mr. McKelden and an officer in charge of the military headquarters it was agreed that the military authorities would furnish a flag, and accordingly yesterday morning an officer appeared at the church with a large sized American flag, which was placed over the main entrance of the church by the officer and one of the members of the congregation.—[Wash. Star.

Additional European news via Father Point is given. There is no news of importance in regard to the Danish war. The debate in the House of Commons was in progress. A fierce party spirit is evinced. A division is expected at once. Some estimates give the Ministry only four majority. The Kearsarge has arrived off Dover. Rumors very unfavorable to Grant are prevalent in England, and caused a rise of 2@3 per ct. in the Confederate loan, which ranged from 65 to 67. It was announced that the amount required for the September dividends and sinking-fund had been received by the London agents. The Times, in reviewing Gen. Grant's position, says it is difficult not to conclude that the campaign is now reduced to the question of Petersburg or nothing. A private telegram from Copenhagen says it has been determined at a council of Ministers to treat for peace directly with Prussia upon the basis of Denmark being admitted to the German Confederation as the only means of saving the monarchy. This is regarded highly improbable. Special telegrams from Copenhagen to the London papers confirm the report that pacific negotiations were going on between Denmark and Prussia, and that pending these no attack will be made.

News from Leesburg, Va., via Harrisburg Pa., is to the effect that a collision between the Federal and Confederate cavalry forces had taken place, resulting in the capture of eighty wagons heavily laden with corn and oats.—“Many of the teamsters cut their harness and managed to escape, but in the effort to repulse the onslaught of the Federal troops, 100 of the Confederate escort were captured.”—The Washington Union says:—“There was a rumor this morning that the Confederates who were on the late raid into this District and Maryland have been heavily reinforced, and will give the Federals battle in the neighborhood of Manassas. Another report says that the majority of them have gone South for the purpose of reinforcing Gen. Johnson. This fact was telegraphed to Gen. Sherman, and in 30 minutes a despatch in return was received from him saying “Let them come on, I am ready for them.” The Harrisburg story has no truth in it whatever. The Washington Star of yesterday evening states that the Confederates succeeded by quick marching in putting the gaps between them and their pursuers, and in getting off safely with their spoils.—Some few stragglers were picked up as is usual in such cases.

The Washington Chronicle of this morning says:—“We learn that Secretary Fessenden did not arrange for the loan of fifty millions, not because it was not obtainable, but because, after thorough consideration of the whole ground, he deemed it advisable to appeal to the country for a larger sum. Fifty millions is but the preliminary of what is needed, and it agreed by general consent that steps had better be taken at once to secure an extensive loan.

The Confederate cavalry have been very active of late on the line of the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad. On Wednesday last three trains freighted with sanitary stores and other valuable goods were captured and burned. This cavalry force is said to be commanded by Forrest, and it is further stated that within the past month he has succeeded in destroying property to the amount of several million of dollars, belonging to the Federal government.

A guerilla band being reported on Tuesday last within twelve miles of St. Louis, two companies of cavalry were sent out to disperse them. The latter, misled by their guide, fell upon a party of Germans employed on a large farm; killed one, captured twelve others and brought them to St. Louis, when it was discovered that not a shadow of suspicion rested against the prisoners and that an innocent man had been killed by mistake.

The steamer Baltic, which has been lying off this port for several days past, received a number of convalescents yesterday, and sailed for New York. The Baltic, it is said, is chartered at one thousand dollars per day.

General Rosseau has issued an address to the people of Northwest Missouri, stating “that they have deceived him; that while they promised to preserve the peace and aid the Government, they have allowed guerillas to live and recruit among them, and that the arms and ammunition put into their hands for the preservation of the public safety have been used to destroy it. He tells them that nothing is now left them to do but to wholly renounce and help to exterminate the enemy, or their country will be desolated.”

The Washington Constitutional Union says: “We fear that the narratives of army correspondents are as little reliable as official bulletins. They frequently state for truths utter improbabilities; sometimes regale us with ridiculous inconsistencies; and we too often find that incidents told in one communication, receive their contradiction in the next. All these wanderings from the truth of history are detailed with a minuteness and boldness, that they at once amuse and disgust the reader.”

Platte City (Mo.) has been captured by one hundred and fifty Confederates and fifty-five of the militia enrolled to defend the town joined the party. The town of Hopewell, on the Iron Mountain Railroad, was also entered recently by guerillas who took from there what they wanted and left. The town of Richmond, in Ray county, was held by guerillas for several hours. They helped themselves to whatever they wanted and departed.

It will be seen by the order of Gen. Slough, U. S. Military Governor of this place, that the office of Provost Marshal of Alexandria has been abolished, and that, the order relieving Col. H. H. Wells from duty here, having been rescinded, he is appointed Provost Marshal of the Defences of Washington south of the Potomac, with his headquarters in Alexandria.

It is announced that military organizations of the “Union” citizens are going on in this place. An address on the subject, signed by Calvin Pepper, G. S. Miner and W. A. Duncan has been published. “Company A, First Regiment of Virginia Union Guards” has been formed with the following officers:—“W. D. Massey, Captain; C. B. Hocking First Lieutenant; J. H. Monheimer, Second Lieutenant.”

It is related that a negro preacher recently felt constrained to preach against the extortions of sutlers from which his flock had suffered. After much deliberation, he announced his text as follows: “Now the serpent was more suttler than any beast of the field.”

A new volume of Tenneson's poems, it is expected will shortly be published. They are to be Idylls. The book is to be published simultaneously on both sides of the Atlantic.

Corn Meal is now selling here at \$2.25 cts. per bushel.