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Twelve Pages

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1899.

WATER BOARD ORDINANCE.

Believing that the ordinance, which conferred upon the Water Board of this city the extraordinary powers that it now possesses, should never have been adopted...

1896 AND 1900.

Despite the defection of a few traitors, the Democrats of the House of Representatives have, as a body, made a gallant, vigorous and able fight against the Wall Street programme...

Mr. De Armond, of Missouri, besides presenting a vigorous argument against the currency bill, drew graphic pictures of the campaigns of 1896 and 1900.

You carried the election of 1896, not because you overbore us in the conflict of reason, not because you appealed to loftier sentiments of American manhood...

Say that you can in glorification of that victory. If you are proud of it, we are doubly proud of the noble fight that we gave you, clean from start to finish.

WILL OF THE UNPURCHASED AND THE UNPURCHASEABLE AMERICAN CITIZENS IN OPPOSITION TO YOU.

The truth of that is well known to all men who observe the ways and means and the methods employed by Hanna and his mercenaries for McKinley. The same ways and means and methods, with Hanna and McKinley again are relied on by Republicans and their masters to overcome "the will of the unpurchased and unpurchasable American citizens" who oppose the Republican policies...

"You may think that everything is bright for you. You may think that 1900 can have no fears for you; that the battle is already won. But recollect that the approval of those who can be bought by partial legislation may not compensate you for the loss of others who have followed your standard from a devotion to principle which they thought you shared with them and who will not follow you when convinced that those principles no longer animate you, if they ever did.

Do not count too securely upon the result in 1900. Recollect there will be gathered against you then men not drawn together under "old rs," but coming as volunteers; men battling for homes and principles and liberty; men waging the fight that was waged in this country more than once in the century past; men standing upon principle proclaimed, defended, and illustrated by the bravest and best Americans that ever trod American soil.

"I have great reliance in American method when once aroused. Do not think that this difference of their rights, this throwing to the winds of your own promises and your own professions, this legislation for classes against the masses, this iniquitous measure, will go unchallenged. Money again will be talked about at the fireside. Men will be gathered upon the street corners again. Again they will be making the gestures that the gentleman from Iowa made so aptly only. Again the plain people will be found in conversation, in discussion, and these little groups, let me warn you, will assemble East and West and North and South, and great meetings will grow from them and they will not assemble to praise or thank you.

"All the help you can get from corporations, with all the power of the money which you give them out of the people's purse expecting that a goodly portion of it will be used for your benefit—all this superadded may not be enough. We will appeal to American manhood, to American patriotism. We will have again abroad in this land a spirit of inquiry and earnest discuss on. Do not flatter yourselves that when the great conflict of 1900 is on we shall not be heard from; and let me warn you that when the battle is fought and the victory won it may not be necessary to go to the White House or to the "vine-clad cottage" at Cant in Ohio, with congratulations, but across the mighty Mississippi and over the prairies of the great West to a modest little home in Lincoln, Nebraska. (Great applause on the Democratic side.)

ELLYSON FOR GOVERNOR.

If the voice of the public press of this State means anything, the hopes of the Hon. J. Taylor Ellyson for Governor of Virginia will amount to little.

It cannot be denied that Mr. Ellyson has been promised by the machine the next nomination. No one for a moment doubts that the machine will make an effort to make good its promise, as it did in the case of Mr. Martin. But in fighting for Mr. Martin, Mr. Ellyson has overstepped the bounds and has built around his candidacy a bonfire that is growing into a consuming flame.

In the fight on Isle of Wight and Southampton Mr. Ellyson, AGAINST the almost UNANIMOUS wishes of the PEOPLE, used his influence and help to thwart home-rule, kill Mr. Shaads and foblet Colonel Boykin upon the people.

The Virginian-Pilot says this without being an advocate of Mr. Swanson, against whom we have nothing to say, but we say it as the advocate of that principle which can never die in the breast of a Virginian—the principle of self-government, the right of free speech, of free votes and free choice. Mr. Ellyson has placed his foot upon the necks of the people of the Second District, and the man who dares do that will and must answer for his act. The man does not live in this section who would dare come before the people in advocacy of Mr. Ellyson and his oppression of Mr. Shaads and his attempted suppression of the popular wish and voice of the people.

Mr. McKinley is still insisting on that prosperity business.

VIRGINIA LAW REGISTER.

This able and useful monthly is well edited by W. M. Little, Esq., of the University of Virginia, and handsomely published by the J. P. Bell Company, of Lynchburg, Va. The December number discusses "Legal Ethics" from the intellectual, moral and professional standpoints, and concludes with the example of Malesherbes in so boldly defending Louis XVI. at the bar of the French revolutionary convention, at the sacrifice of his life, and the declaration "that the three sacramental qualities of the great advocate are fidelity, eloquence and courage."

There are a number of reports and digests of Virginia decisions, some of them important and leading, while the editor challenges the decision of the former Supreme Court of Appeals in Profit vs. Anderson as "an ill-considered opinion" in holding that the exaction of road-work is a tax and unconstitutional. The editor concurs in the more recent opinion in State vs. Sharp (N. C.), which holds that the exaction is not a tax in the constitutional sense, but "a duty, like service, upon a jury, grand jury, special venire, military service, or as a witness;" but of which all are compensated, except road-work; and to take labor without due compensation is to impress and confiscate property, which has a value as ascertainable as that of land, or any other service.

The decision and opinion, with an editorial note, in the case of the Virginia Coal Co. vs. Thomas, are of present interest and value as bearing on tax-titles and to some extent on the "Land Grabbers'" bill. There is a communication to the editor from Mr. George McIntosh, of Norfolk, with reference to attorneys' fees as damages, and the cases of Wise-carver vs. Wise-carver and Burruss vs. Hines.

RESISTING A COMBINATION.

As if a fresh example were necessary, the managers of the Produce Exchange Trust Company, of New York, have made a free display of their ignorance of the uselessness of kicking against a combination.

One of the chief causes that led up to the suspension of the company was its futile effort to defy every single bank and Trust Company in New York; refuse to enter into an agreement, but to fight it out. The result was not contrary to anticipation. Every bank doing a big business at times loans nearly all its available funds. If at such time a "run" be made upon it for cash or a heavy demand, although rich in good merchantable, bankable paper, it cannot pay without the aid of other banks, who lend the cash for the time being. Such was the case of the Produce Exchange Trust Company. With \$2,500,000 in New York city bonds and \$30,000 in cash it quietly closed its doors because its directors became panic-stricken at the very idea of a run. It was almost criminal in the directors, yet the result is the same. It was not believed that other banks would help out the "kicker."

The facts in the matter are that a few months ago the New York banks declined to collect any more "country" paper except for a proper compensation. All the banks joined in the combine except the Produce Exchange Trust Company, which, of course, left the Clearing-house.

The result of that act is shown in the failure of the institution and is another example of the uselessness of private effort against any combine; be it what it may.

THE CURRENCY BILL.

While the Republicans were rushing the so-called currency bill through the House at Washington, banks, trust and combines were collapsing in New York, Philadelphia, Boston and other cities. Call money in New York City went to 156 per cent. and a panic prevailed, when the Clearing House came to the rescue with \$10,000,000 at regular rates and the Secretary banker of the Treasury, Gage, agreed to advance a year's interest on U. S. bonds and to purchase \$25,000,000 in government bonds AT MARKET RATES!

The Produce Exchange Trust, of New York, closed its doors Monday; the Globe and the Broadway banks, of Boston, are closed; and there is everywhere a prevailing sense of distrust and uncertainty. The currency bill, just adopted by the Republicans of the lower House of Congress, may have already run its course before arriving in the Senate. May heaven grant us this great deliverance from the base leaders.

THE GREAT FRAUD.

The currency bill passed the House of Representatives by a vote of 190 to 150,—the 190 including every Republican in the House, and a few so-called Democrats; not one, however, South of the Potomac or West of Pennsylvania, and one only in each of the States of Maryland, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts. The yellow, or mulatto, Democrats voting with the Republicans for the great fraud were Messrs. Clayton, Driggs, Fitzgerald, Levy, Ruppert, Scudder, Underhill and Wilson, of New York; Mr. McAleer, of Pennsylvania; Mr. Denny, of Maryland, and Mr. Thayer, of Massachusetts, 11 in all, or less than one Jadas to every twelve of true Democrats.

The Richmond Times says that the panic in Wall Street, New York, on Monday was "only a speculators' panic, of no concern to others."

While nobody has said so, it should not be forgotten that it is about time for Xmas.

The small boy, the tin horn, the fire-cracker and the ———.

The Legislature is lucky to get off with nothing else than smallpox.

The lobbyist is fattening on smiles and whiskey in Richmond.

Uncle Sam and John Bull will both be disappointed Christmas. Uncle Sam expected to have Agualaldo in his stocking and John Bull expected his stockings to eat plum pudding in Pretoria.

The passage of the currency bill to create the gold standard and enlarge the powers of the Secretary of the Treasury by the United States House of Representatives last Monday was followed by a panic on Wall Street, New York, during which money went up to 156 per cent. per annum.

After all, Great Britain has to rely on two Irishmen, Roberts and Kitchener, to rescue the empire from the military muddle into which English politicians and generals have brought it.

England's greed is being rapidly satisfied, but not in the manner anticipated or hoped for.

The suggestion of Pritchard for Vice-President is probably made because he could dissolve the solid South. Democrats would flock to his standard like rats to a sinking ship.

Catarah & Deafness Cured

It's Wonderful How Quickly Deafness Improves under Pneumomassage.

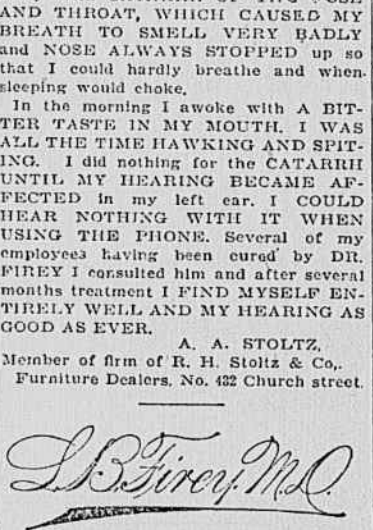
A prominent Church street merchant tells how IT CURED HIM OF CATARRH AND DEAFNESS.

"Being a constant smoker I was troubled badly with CATARRH OF THE NOSE AND THROAT, WHICH CAUSED MY BREATH TO SMELL VERY BADLY AND NOSE ALWAYS STOPPED UP so that I could hardly breathe and when sleeping would choke.

In the morning I awoke with A BITTER TASTE IN MY MOUTH, I WAS ALL THE TIME HAWKING AND SPIETING. I did nothing for the CATARRH UNTIL MY HEARING BECAME AFFECTED in my left ear. I COULD HEAR NOTHING WITH IT WHEN USING THE PHONE.

I consulted him and after several months treatment I FIND MYSELF ENTIRELY WELL AND MY HEARING AS GOOD AS EVER.

A. A. STOLTZ, Member of firm of R. H. Stoltz & Co., Furniture Dealers, No. 422 Church street.



Has offices 1 and 2 No. 314 Main street, Norfolk, Va. Specialties: Catarah and all diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Chest and Stomach.

Hours, 9 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.; 2 p. m. to 6:30 p. m. Sunday Hours, 10:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. Tuesday night and Thursday night 7:45 p. m. to 8:15 p. m.

HOME KILLED MEATS!

THE ONLY KIND WE SELL, THE ONLY KIND YOU WILL USE AFTER YOU UNDERSTAND THE MEAT PROBLEM. IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEND US YOUR ORDER FOR A NUMBER OF REASONS.



J. S. Bell, Jr. & Co., Corner Queen and Church Sts. Old Phone, 835. New Phone, 1010.

THE HUB Open Evenings Until Christmas.

Useful Holiday Gifts

See The Hub's display before you buy—and remember there are...

Only a few more buying days.

Special for to-day—men's fine 2-tone smoking jackets—that sell usually for \$6.50 and \$7.50—for only \$4.95. Men's fine silk and satin bound tricort smoking jackets—worth every cent of \$10—to-day at The Hub \$7.50. Finer qualities—all the way to the best made—at \$12.50. Men's fancy double-faced fleece bath robes—worth \$5 for \$3.45. Men's solid blue and pink saten pajamas—worth \$3 for \$1.98. Men's fine blanket cloth lounging robes—worth \$7.50 for \$4.95. Men's fine silk handkerchiefs worth 75c. for 48c.

Fancy neckwear.



Silk Neckwear—tecks, imperials and four-in-hands—25c. Silk and satin Neckwear—puffs, imperials, English squares, tecks and four-in-hands—thousands of them at 6c. Imported pure silks—in puffs and English squares—at 9c. Finest imported grades—in newest and richest colorings—at \$1.50.

Fine mufflers

with mercerized silk stripes—also heavy all wool at 89c. Fine shawl mufflers—silks and satins—stripes, checks and figures—also complete line of Harvard, Yale and Oxford—at 95c. Finer grades at \$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50.

Silk suspenders

Fine silk Suspenders—one pair in a box for gifts—50c. Better grades—pure silk webbings—one pair in a box—silver-plated buckles—95c. Finer grades at \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50 and up to \$3.50.

Fine umbrellas

Best gloria silk—Congo handles—sterling silver trimmed—at 85c. Taffeta silk umbrellas—natural wood handles—sterling silver trimmed—at \$1.50. Finest quality taffeta silk—English boxwood and Irish furze handles—at \$2.50. Very finest quality for holiday gifts up to \$15.00. Umbrellas engraved free.

Men's gloves

Silk and wool lined gloves—for street or driving wear—at 95c. Men's fine dress gloves—lined and unlined—mocha, reindeer and dog-skin—at \$1.50. Finer grades—to the squirrel and lamb's wool lined gloves—at \$5.

Hats and caps

ABOUT 500 DERBY AND FEDORA HATS—broken from our \$2 and \$2.50 lines—stylish shapes and all colors—only \$1.50. ABOUT 430 ALL-WOOL CLOTH CAPS, the entire winter sample line of a New York maker—worth up to \$1—only 50c. ABOUT 350 MEN'S ALL-WOOL WINTER CAPS—golf and Brighton shapes—full double band—silk lined—worth \$1—Friday for 50c.

EVERYTHING TO EAT

Virginia Cafe and Bakery 672 MAIN STREET.

FEREBEE, JONES & CO. TAILORS

Men's Outfitters

Fine Overcoats for Men.

There are men who would hardly believe that Overcoats of a character as high as these we tell of could be found ready-made. The elegant stuffs, the careful, artistic tailoring, the dignified stylishness would only be expected from your favorite tailor. But there are men who like elegant clothing, who prefer to try on various finished garments before deciding on any one, and so there was need of this fine gathering—a gathering not matched in any other Norfolk store. This descriptive word of them:

At \$50

Overcoats of genuine Sedan Montagne, sumptuously lined throughout with extra heavy satin. A full \$70 value.

At \$40

Overcoats of Blue, Black or Oxford Patent Beaver. Some have edges finished with velvet, also satin lined. A regular \$50 garment.

At \$30

Overcoats of genuine Carr Melton or London Kersey. In Blue or Black; full silk or satin lined, with an interlining of wool. They are worth \$40 more.

At \$25

The stylish full-back Overcoats of Oxford Ribbed Cheviot—a style that the swell dresser will appreciate.

Of course, other coats, too, at the same prices, and at other prices. From \$15 up—swell Paddocks. At \$15, \$12 and \$10 we have wonderfully good Overcoats. Judge us by them.

House Coats for Men.

We are busier than ever at House Coat selling, which is but the natural recompense for the care we gave to getting the stock together. Some we bought from London. But, no matter where they came from, the prices are fair—really low. So much for the collection as a whole. Most excellent sorts at \$5.50 to \$12. Light in weight, but warm, comfortable, yet dressy are these House Coats of soft double-faced cloths with plain faces and handsome plaid backs that make a bright contrast for the collar and cuffs. Some of the coats are satin bound, others are bound with cloth. Best of all, they are tailor-made—and fit. Wonderful difference between a baggy and a well-shaped House Coat. See it in these. The air of luxury doubles their give-ables.

Agents for Celebrated

KNOX HATS.

FEREBEE, JONES & CO.

Cor. Main & Commerce Sts.