

THE TIMES

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THE CIRCULATION OF THE TIMES IS LARGER THAN EVER BEFORE IN ITS HISTORY, AND IS STEADILY INCREASING.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1893.

SIX PAGES.

MEETINGS TO-NIGHT.

St. Andrew's Commandery, K. T., Masonic Temple.

Yamson Lodge, K. O. P., Corcoran Hall, Union Lodge, I. O. O. F., Odd-Fellows' Hall.

Unity Lodge, I. O. O. F., Powell's Hall, Opalists Tribe, I. O. R. M., Cersley's Hall.

Monacan Tribe, I. O. R. M., Jr. O. U. A. M. Hall.

Fraternity Lodge, K. of H., Central Hall, Mutual Lodge, K. of H., Druids' Hall.

Dale Lodge, K. of H., Owens' Hall, Old Dominion Council, A. L. of H., Druids' Hall.

Anchor Lodge, Golden Chain, Schiller Hall, Richmond Lodge, Golden Chain, Central Hall.

Tin and Sheet Iron and Corncorn Workers, Eagle Hall.

Rescue Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., Jr. O. U. A. M. Hall.

New South Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., Eighth and Hull streets.

Valley Court, E. O. of A., 508 Seventeenth street.

Trinity Temple, I. O. G. T., Central Hall, Sidney Lodge, I. O. G. T., Belvidere Hall, East End Lodge, I. O. G. T., Springfield Hall.

Richmond Castle, K. G. E., Eagle Hall, Company "A," First Regiment, Army.

R. E. Lee Camp, G. V., Lee Camp Hall, Friendship Lodge, K. of P., Toney's Hall, Virginia Lodge, Shield of Honor, Smith's Hall.

FRANCE'S WORSHIP OF NAPOLEON.

There is a revival in France of what amounts to almost worship of the first and great Napoleon which is attracting very general attention over the civilized world.

French literature, the stage, and the fashions in furniture, in dress, and in decorations have shown it increasingly for several years. It is the fashion now to recall the great Emperor and his mighty deeds whenever opportunity presents itself, and to hold him up to Frenchmen as the man upon whom all should seek to model themselves.

In many quarters this dedication of Napoleon is regarded as indicating a tendency in the French mind to the abandonment of the Republic and a return to imperial rule. We do not so read it. Because Frenchmen would rejoice in the rule of a Napoleon, it does not follow that they would be glad to submit to an emperor, whoever he might be. The worship is of Napoleon, and not of the imperial office.

Our own opinion is that the present tendency of the French mind is an outcome of longing for something great, when there is such an immense desert of flat and staid mediocrity; France turns to the memory of her great Emperor with passionate regret that there is no such Frenchman now to place France on the pinnacle that he raised her to, and which every patriotic Frenchman (and all Frenchmen are patriotic) thinks is France's by natural right.

It is not strange that France should thus revere this wonderful Frenchman, for surely no man at all comparable with him in power and gifts has ever appeared on earth. Due Pasquier's memoirs now appearing, of which we gave a brief notice recently, presents Napoleon's methods in a wonderfully clear light, and in one that is more impressive than any furnished so far. Though rather long, we shall copy from the work the following intensely interesting account of the way he received the information that he would be unable to have the co-operation of his fleet in attempting to cross the Channel for the invasion of England. It is as follows:

"I was told what follows by M. Daru. The Emperor sent for him the moment he received the bad news that his admiral, on leaving Ferrol, had shipped his course towards Cadix, instead of towards Brest, as he had been instructed to do. M. Daru was compelled to listen to the Emperor's most bitter invectives against the incompetency and bad management of the unfortunate Villeneuve, whom he was probably blaming beyond what he deserved.

"But, this first burst of anger having subsided, M. Daru received orders to take his pen, and get ready to write.

"Throughout the great general, at once dismissing from his mind the subject of his recent instructions, and renouncing the plans he had pondered over for a couple of years, and to which he had devoted so much care, so many efforts, and so large an amount of money, gave up his mind to an entirely new order of ideas, and entering into the state of calmness necessary for him to combine his plans, dictated at one stroke, all the orders necessary for the reorganization of the fleet of Germany and the British shores. These orders embraced every detail and revealed wonder-

ful forethought. The number of marches, the location of each and every corps, and their position on the vast battlefield, which was to enroll itself to them, were calculated with the utmost precision. Never, perhaps, did the genius of military operations on a larger scale, strengthened and animated by a force of character rising above all events, manifest itself to a higher degree. M. Daru, when telling me this fifteen years later, was still dumfounded with admiration.

"So great and rare a talent had its due reward, for never was there a grander and more complete success than this one. "The camp at Bontonne was broken up, operations on a larger scale, strengthened and animated by a force of character rising above all events, manifest itself to a higher degree. M. Daru, when telling me this fifteen years later, was still dumfounded with admiration.

This brilliant passage shows Napoleon at his best, and surely there is nowhere recorded such a prodigious piece of intellectual effort. Well may France worship the memory of this man. If he had only had a heart and a conscience, he might rightfully claim the reverence and love of all mankind.

The candor and frankness of the letter from Mr. Henry W. Bouldin which we published yesterday must impress itself most favorably upon all right-thinking men. Mr. Bouldin is one of the most respected citizens of Charlotte county, and he knows what he talks about. We commend it to the Dispatch, which has so frequently asked the Times for evidence, that our elections are not honest. Mr. Bouldin says the elections are dishonest over all of Southside Virginia. It is impossible for the Legislature to overlook a specific statement like this. Our institutions cannot endure if they are tolerated on a rotten foundation like this. If fraud is tolerated in one part of the State it must extend to every other part, and must undermine and demolish everything worth having in our social organizations. There is but one way to bring us back to safe moorings and that is to restore control of the elections to the courts. We had fair elections when they were under the control of the courts and we will have them again if that control is restored.

The Times certainly does not think the State would refrain from referring to it by name if it thought there was any sort of occasion for it to do so. We supposed our neighbor had us principally in mind, as we had been the principal offender from the State's standpoint.

We are compelled to hold on to our opinion that the committee is without defence. It is very true that most important evidence was brought out before it, but no thanks are due to the committee for that evidence. It came out in spite of the committee and by fits and starts "unbeknownst" to it. It will never make its peace with the people of Virginia.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

Birmingham (Ala.) News: The recent death of the Commissioner Lochan that no man who was connected with the Confederate army shall be eligible to serve as medical examiner on any United States Pension Board, is at once a sop to the G. A. R. Cerberus and a gratuitous insult to a class of men who are noted for their high sense of honor.

This is the way in which the New Orleans Daily State congratulates the people of the city upon the peaceful way in which Christmas passed off there: New Orleans should congratulate herself that no murders were committed yesterday as the result of Christmas drunkenness.

This is the first time in a number of years that the day passed off without several men being shot or stabbed to death.

Philadelphia Times: Cleveland may duck a little when it comes to sport, but he never dodges his duty.

New York Sun: Perhaps there will be better times before long. There is already a winter in Colorado, Minnesota, and other States beyond the Missouri; there is not very much in Vermont, New Hampshire, or Maine; there is less than there ever in the States of the South, including old Kentucky; there is not as much here as there was even a month ago. The clouds that lower over the country do not look so black as they looked at the setting in of the winter.

The Americans never settle down in the dumps, even though the administration be hebetudinous, and Congress fatuous, and legislation nugatory. The energies of the people and the resources of the country, and the majesty of the flag, and the beneficence of the skies, are indestructible.

We should not wonder if 1894 should turn out to be a more satisfactory year for a good many people than 1893 has been. The whirlwind of time never stops, not even when obstructed by hebetudinousness.

After thus tersely summing up a business outlook, the Sun turns its attention to railroading on the Congo. On this latter subject it says: "The Congo railroad has just opened for business so far as it has been completed. It has arrived at the dignity of a time table, and schedules of passenger and freight traffic. What the road lacks in length, it makes up in character. It costs anybody who has a social position to maintain, \$10 to travel twenty-five miles. This is the first class rate, and the drop from first to second class is so precipitous and abysmal, that the only accommodations for second class passengers are such as they can find in the freight cars, but they can afford to stand up, if need be, for they are required to stand only \$1 for transportation that costs the unfortunate few ten times as much."

New York Herald: With the departure of the armored cruiser New York from this port for Rio de Janeiro, and the recent sailing of the San Francisco from the West Indies, for the same place, the United States will be in a fair way to be properly represented in Brazilian waters at an early date.

Rear-Admiral A. E. K. Benham, within a very few days, will assume command of our squadron in Rio harbor, consisting of the San Francisco, the Newark, the Charleston, and the Detroit. When the New York reaches that port he will shift his flag to her and will then have a force capable, if necessary, of protecting the interests of the United States.

New York World: Up to date Tom Reed has exhibited more tact than either Harrison or McKinley in the management of his political career. However, he has several dangerous congressional hurdles ahead of him.

In an editorial discussing the arrangements for the next year's fight, in Florida, the New York Times says: "That State has been attractive to northern visitors, and it has drawn capital and permanent residents from this section and acquired much of its enterprising and progressive spirit. It is to now being worse for itself at this time than to afford a refuge for the prize-fighters and their backers, from the respectable sentiment of other communities has cast out."

MONDAY'S CEREMONIES.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR EVERYBODY TO WITNESS THE INAUGURATION.

Colonel J. Bell Bigger's Plan Meets With General Approval—The Southern Portico of the Capitol to be the Scene.

The coming inauguration of Governor O'Ferrall has been the general topic of conversation for several weeks past, in this city, as well as all over the State, and preparations have been made by many hundreds of citizens in various parts of the Commonwealth to be in Richmond on January 1, 1894, and to witness, if possible, the ceremonies connected with the installation of the Chief Executive Officer of Virginia.

Various suggestions have been made from time to time, by those who have been in charge of the arrangements, and while it has been understood that the oath of office had to be taken before the General Assembly, it has been considered desirable by some to erect a platform on the north side of the Capitol building, facing the Jackson building, while others wanted to see the oratory emanate from the steps at the foot of the Washington monument, others again, among them Lieutenant-General Anderson, have advocated the big portico at the south side of the State building as the room from which Colonel O'Ferrall should make his utterances to the people of Virginia.

Colonel Bigger's Plan. The best plan of all, however, seems to be the one favored by Colonel John Bell Bigger, the Nestor of the House of Delegates, who thinks that everybody should be given an opportunity to witness all the details of the ceremonies. Colonel Bigger's plan is that the Governor-elect, Charles T. O'Ferrall, Lieutenant-Governor Robert C. Kent, Lieutenant-Governor-elect, is as follows:

At 12 o'clock M., on January 1, 1894, the House of Delegates will be called to order by Speaker Caldwell, whereupon the Senate of Virginia will enter the hall of the House of Delegates, preceded by the President of the Senate and the clerk of the Senate, and the Senate shall be received by the House of Delegates.

The Speaker of the House of Delegates shall thereupon appoint a committee of two on the part of the Senate, and those on the part of the House to form the Governor-elect and Lieutenant-Governor-elect of the year 1894.

Immediately upon their entrance into the hall, a line of march shall be formed in the following order: Rev. Dr. Moses D. Hoge and the President of the Court of Appeals in the front, followed by the Governor-elect and Governor-elect, the Lieutenant-Governor and Lieutenant-Governor-elect, the President pro tem of the Senate and its clerk, the Speaker of the House and its clerk, and then the members of the Senate and House and their respective officers and pages, and the representatives of the press, in which order they shall proceed to the southern portico of the Capitol through the Senate chamber.

The Ceremony. Rev. Dr. Hoge will invoke divine blessings, to be followed by the administering of the oath to the Governor-elect, and then to the Lieutenant-Governor-elect, by the President of the Court of Appeals. This being done, the retiring Lieutenant-Governor of Virginia, and the Lieutenant-Governor will deliver his inaugural address, to be followed by the presentation to the vast throng of the Lieutenant-Governor-elect, and the retiring Lieutenant-Governor of Virginia, and the Lieutenant-Governor will deliver an address.

Then let the cannon thunder and the musketry rattle amid the shouts of the people. The House of Delegates shall return to its hall and resume its business, and the Senate return to its chamber, and do likewise.

The foregoing suggestions of Colonel Bigger are heard by all who have heard them. The hall of the House can give accommodations to but a few besides the senators and delegates, and if but a small number of the vast multitude who wish to witness these ceremonies should be admitted to the hall, it would be uncomfortably crowded, and to speak of the possible danger of too heavy a pressure upon the floor of the other hand, if the inauguration of the Governor of Virginia, who will then and there deliver his inaugural address, to be followed by the presentation to the vast throng of the Lieutenant-Governor-elect, and the retiring Lieutenant-Governor of Virginia, and the Lieutenant-Governor will deliver an address.

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THEIR ANNUAL FEAST.

The Calvary Mission Have a Delightful Entertainment.

The annual feast of the Calvary-Mission Sunday school was held in Mason's Hall yesterday evening at 5 o'clock.

It was the annual banquet given to the children of the Sunday school. The little people enjoyed themselves very much playing games and having a general good time.

There was a recitation by Mr. F. J. Craigie, and a song by Captain Frank Cunningham. Mrs. Shere also rendered a very pretty recitation, while songs by Misses Acheson and Ferguson, and a duet by Misses Andrews and Davis, were much enjoyed.

When the evening's pleasure was over the little children formed into line, and to the sound of music marched to the basement, where they were served with the banquet, which contained all the good things of the season.

The affair was a great success, and was highly enjoyed by those present.

For a sore throat there is nothing better than a salve hand-gel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It will nearly always effect a cure in one night's time. This remedy is also a favorite for rheumatism and has cured many very severe cases. 50 cent bottles for sale by Owens & Minor Drug Company, P. M. Slaughter, E. P. Reeves & Co., H. G. Forrester.

THE TIMES' DAILY FASHION HINT.

Pluffs and Plutings for Every Kind of Dress.



A CHIFFON'S JAROT.

"Trim your neck and shoulders and you are dressed." This startling statement came unobtrusively from "madame's" lips, but there is no doubt as to its elliptical in double, you know.

It is really remarkable how great a yoke a woman can take upon herself in the shape of lace and velvet and ribbon and fur. All the trimming she wears seems to hang upon in one mass to be long about upon her frail shoulders. There is no limit to the ingenuity of the makers of these "yokes." They are all sizes and shapes, and you can slip them on over the plainness of your gown, and, well dressed, which was just what madame meant.

By yoke, I mean anything and everything which is worn around the neck of the dress as an ornament. The yoke of chiffon is particularly noticeable. It is generally plaited into its collar at the top and hangs in a cascade effect at the bottom, like the one in the picture. Some of the newest neck ornaments have the same standing collar, but are quite in front with a straight right and left "Frisky Spekum" bow. The prettiest one I saw was made of changeable red and green silk, and the ends were edged with white lace.

The corsage illustrated is just suitable for one of these decorations. It is a sort of jacket fastened at the waist with a large buckle. Wide revers are made of embroidered stuff to harmonize with the goods. The rest is a jabot.

A DASTARDLY ACT.

A Sneak Thief Steals an Orphan Asylum Contribution Box.

A dastardly deed occurred at some time Wednesday evening in this city which has a parallel only in the example of Judas Iscariot.

On account of the falling off of contributions to the Male Orphan Asylum, owing to the general business depression, an effort is being made to supplement the usual source of voluntary assistance by placing small boxes at public places for small donations.

One of these was placed in front of the saloon of T. A. Hulcher, No. 23 East Broad street, and a goodly number of nickels, dimes, and quarters had passed into the slot of the box from the fingers of the generous-hearted men, who, though not always sober, yet ready to aid charity in any good work. It rested upon the counter, a modest little cedar box which had held fifty cheap cigars. A thin slip of paper was fastened to the top and that slipped down. Marked in plain letters were the words "For the Male Orphan Asylum." By those who arranged it for the hallowed purpose of seeking aid for the fatherless and motherless children of other, profane motives seemed necessary, nor did it appear that there was any heart so mean as to covet so sacred a prize.

A Mean, Low Act.

Alas! In an evil moment the greed of gain prompted a thief meaner than the lowest pickpocket to pry his dastardly hands into the precious package.

No watchful eye kept guard upon the little box. Many gave it a passing glance, stopped only long enough to hear the click of his coin on those same heels, but no one thought of looking up before his sacred character was thought a sufficient safeguard. Its unprotected state, however, tempted some bent head to all the feelings of humanity, and the other profane motives seemed necessary, nor did it appear that there was any heart so mean as to covet so sacred a prize.

The apprehension and punishment of such a thief would throw a halo of beauty around the name of justice.

Mr. Hulcher has offered a reward of \$5 for the detection of the party who stole the box containing the orphan boys' Christmas offering.

Joy for the Little Ones.

The infant class of St. James Methodist Sunday-school was handsomely entertained Wednesday afternoon by Mrs. Virginia Pleasants at the residence of her father, Mr. P. J. Brew, corner Franklin and Twenty-eighth streets. Refreshments were served in abundance, and the little ones enjoyed the games incident to childhood to their hearts' content. Between forty and fifty children were present.

A Game Wedding.

Mr. Charles H. Gary and Miss Carrie G. Crouch were married at the residence of the bride's parents, No. 812 Twenty-eighth street, Wednesday afternoon. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W. Moore, and was witnessed by a large concourse of friends.

After the marriage, the newly wedded ones left for a trip to Washington, Baltimore, and other cities.

Washington Gossip.

Judge John T. Harris, of Virginia, is still here, but will soon leave for Richmond, where his daughter is living. He witnessed Governor-elect O'Ferrall's formal reception of the official notification of his election, and will witness his inauguration. The Judge still thinks that the Legislature, and not the Governor, should appoint the day for the election of Mr. O'Ferrall's successor. In Congress a member of the Virginia Legislature here to-day says there is already talk in the State about the election of Senator Daniels' successor, though that will not take place until December 1897, and though his present term will not expire until March, 1899, and that three gentlemen are spoken of for that success, the Senator himself, ex-Governor Lee, and Governor-elect O'Ferrall, and he says the latter is not the man to allow opportunities to escape—Washington letter, in Alexandria Gazette.

After 25 Years.

About twenty-five years ago I was afflicted with a disease which the doctors pronounced SCROFULA. I was treated by several physicians and specialists without being benefited, and I tried many blood-purifiers, but to no avail.

I was recommended, and after taking six bottles I am now well and cured. I would not be in my former condition for two thousand dollars.

Wm. H. STUCK, Delany, Ark.

Send for Free Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Cured by S. S. S.

THE COHEN CO.

THE COHEN COMPANY

11, 13, 15 and 17 East Broad.

Richmond, December 29, 1893.

This morning we inaugurate the most extensive

REMNANT SALE

ever held here during the Holidays. We handled a trade unprecedented in the Big Store's history. More buyers, of course, required more goods; hence, more remnants.

The phenomenal increase of trade brought more lookers as well as buyers. We welcomed them as heartily, but, of course, we paid for it by having more goods impaired by handling; hence, again, more remnants; and during all the holiday rush we had no time to get them ready for sale nor any room to show them. To-day they are ready.

Remnants—Broken Lots—Articles mussed and soiled from handling.

Everything plainly marked with former value, quantity, and present price.

HANDKERCHIEFS: Certainly 50 dozen different quality of Mussed and Soiled ones.

40 from 12c for Four-corner Embroidered Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.

8c for a former 15c lot.

125c for Pure Linen Embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth from 25c to 75c; slightly imperfect.

25c for a fine lot of Gent's Pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 50c.

Lots of qualities we can't mention here.

SOME SILKS: Three yards Black Satin Duchess, was \$4.20, now \$2.95.

Six yards Brown and Gold Figured Surah; all silk, was \$6.94, now \$4.50.

Three yards Red and Blue Figured Surah, two-toned, \$5, now \$2.19.

Two and a half yards Blue and Brown Figured Duchess, changeable effect, was \$5.13, now \$2.

Six yards Shrimp Pink India Silk, was \$5, now \$2.

Two and a half yards Black Armure Silk, was \$5.50, now \$2.

CLOAKS: Unprecedented offer; 25 per cent. marked down, and more in a great many instances.

One Navy Blue Beaver Skirt Coat, tight-fitting, sleeve braided to elbow, braided Empire Cape, size 36, \$15, from \$25.

Two handsome Black Melton Cloth Skirt Coats, ten rows of braid around bottom of skirt, entire braided Worth Collar and Cape, edged with Wool Seal, one size 34, one size 36.

One Havana Brown Pilot Beaver Cloth Coat, Loie Fuller Style, with Seal Fur trimmings, \$14.50, from \$22—size 36.

One Tan Melton Cloth Coat, half tight-fitting, three large pearl buttons, three rows of braid round bottom of skirt, full-Umbrella Back, Columbian Cape, size 32, \$12, from \$20.

One Navy Seeded Clay Worsted Box Coat, braided Columbian Collar, wide Lappels, age 16, \$12, from \$18.

One Black All-Wool Diagonal Chevot Box Coat, size 32, \$3.50, from \$5.50.

Three Black Chevot Box Coats, double-breasted, sizes 32, 34, and 36, \$1.50, from \$2.50.

One handsome Silk Plush Cape with Seal Fur trimmings, size 36, \$14.75, from \$21.50.

One Plush Cape, trimmed handsomely with Martin Fur, \$16.50, from \$25.

Three Seal Plush Jackets that sold for \$20, \$25, and \$30, choice now \$5.

DOMESTICS: About 25 Remnants of Dark Fall Prints, 4 1/2c a yard instead of 8 1/2c.

Thirty-one Remnants of Apron Gingham at 3c a yard—different lengths.

Nine Remnants of Dress Gingham, in dark and medium Plaids, at 5c a yard.

Three Remnants of Androscoggin 10-4 Sheeting at 19c a yard.

Five Remnants of Androscoggin Cotton at 6 1/2c a yard.

Four Remnants of Brown Cotton at 5c a yard for the 8c quality.

We can't touch all the departments to-day.

Corsets, Books, Linens, Underwear, Blankets, and Curtains, &c., are all marked at the off price.

Houseware Confusion Confounded! You never saw as much stuff with the prices chopped off! Crockery, Glassware, and Lamps at almost what you please—of course all imperfect from handling.

THE COHEN CO.

KAUFMANN & CO.,

Corner Fourth and Broad Streets

SPECIAL SALE.

300 Trimmed Hats & Bonnets

TO BE SOLD, REGARDLESS OF COST OR VALUE, THIS WEEK.

We invoice our stock the 1st of January, and everything in the shape of TRIMMED HEAD-GEAR must be disposed of.

You will have an opportunity of buying HATS at your own price this week.

CLOAKS AND CAPES.

We still have an overstock in FINE JACKETS and CAPES; also Children's Goggles.

We make the prices this week so that it will cost you no more to get a FINE CLOAK than it would one of inferior quality.