BASEBALL GAME ON SATURDAY.

Yale and the University of Virginia to Cross Bats.

COLLEGE HAS A STRONG TEAM.

The Cherubs are Beginning to Appear Upon the Scene, and Training Will Begin Here on To-Morrow.

When Virginia lines up on Saturday against Yale the spectators will see as fine a contest as can be found in college athletics. For Virginia the battery will probably be Summersgill and Nalle. Summersgill's work here last April, when Virginia won a beautiful game from Yale, gave him all the introduction to the Richmond public that can be asked.

Nalle's work behind the bat is good—his catching not so strong as might be desired, but his throwing being of the highest order.

At first base will be found, in all probability, Wills—a fine fielder, a strong batsman, and a lively base-runner. This is his first season at first base, but his work is fine and, being left-handed, he has the same advantage in throwing from first that Fred Tenney, of the Bostons, has experienced.

At second base, Curley, a new man at Virginia, is making a name for himself, and if his work on Saturday is as good as his practice work would indicate, our base-ball people will have a chance to see the position played as few men outside of the National League can play it.

Captain Martin is playing third base himself, and doing it as well as he played short-stop last year. His magnificent "throwing arm" will let him do what few men can do now—i. e., fumble a slow ground hit at third and catch his man.

Short-stop is being played by Steptoe, who traded positions with Martin. Each man was good in his original place, but the change promises to be of benefit all around. Steptoe's work last year was gilt-edged, and there is every reason to expect him to keep it up.

In the outfield, Bonney, last year's captain, and Rea, and one other man will probably be the players. Bonney and Rea are both good fielders, and strong batsmen, and if the other man is up to their standard, there will be no cause to complain.

The batting of the team is good; not only the men especially referred to, but most of the others being above the average, the men mentioned as strong hitters being no better than several others on the team.

With at least seven safe and hard hitters, and no weak spot in the batting order, this team ought to worry any pitcher that Yale puts in the game.

The players for Yale in this game will probably be: Pitcher, Cook; catcher, Hirsh; first base, Wear; second base, De Saulles; short-stop, Camp; third base, Brenson; left field, Clarke; centre field, Quimby; right field, Wallace.

We have not seen many of them play, and cannot say much as to their ability, but if they are all as good as the two that we know, DeSaulles and Camp, Yale will make things warm for Virginia.

DeSaulles is one of the finest athletes in the college world, a veritable "little fire-ball," as he has been called, and at second base will hold his own with anything to spare. He is also an artist with the bat and in base-running.

Camp is a strong short-stop, covering a good deal of ground, but is probably not so good at the bat as DeSaulles.

The others, so far as can be learned, give good promise, and as Yale has always played a good game here, we may look out for developments among the new men, and the ever-present, steady, persistent, sticking at it, that is the most prominent characteristic of Yale's style.

* * *

Although the weather has been very inclement, the Richmond College base-ball men have been hard at work. Out of the numerous applicants that have applied for the team the following have been chosen: Catchers, Boyd, Whitehead, King; pitchers, Gordon, Lambert, Withers; first baseman, Sanford; second baseman, Leonard; short-stop, Bagby; third baseman, Phillips; fielders, Boston, Graves, Powell, Robinson, Kerfoot.

The following, so far as has been arranged, is the schedule:

Richmond League, Broad-Street Park, March 30th.

Yale Law School, Broad-Street Park, April 3d.

Roanoke College, Broad-Street Park, April 7th.

Randolph-Macon College, Broad-Street Park, April 8th.

At Hampden-Sidney, April 12th.

At St. Albans, April 15th.

At Roanoke College, April 16th.

At Blacksburg, April 17th.

At Alleghany, April 19th.

At University of Virginia, May 10th.

Games have also been arranged with Fredericksburg, V. M. I., and Washington and Lee, but dates have not as yet been determined upon.

Captain Bagby says that he has one of the finest teams that Richmond College has ever put in the field, and that he expects to eclipse the superb record of the team of '97.

The record of most of the above men is too well known to need any comment. But as an additional strength to the team of '97, has been added Mr. King, of North Carolina, whose playing in that State has won for him an imperishable name in the base-ball field.

League of Sportsmen.

The application list of League of American Sportsmen on file at T. W. Tignors' Sons, 1219 east Main street, is being rapidly filled with signatures of the most prominent sportsmen. Mr. G. O. Shields, of New York city, president of the League, is expected to address a convention of the sportsmen of this State in Richmond sometime in April.

The railroad companies will be asked to issue reduced rates to sportsmen attending this convention and a large attendance from various parts of the State is desired.

An election of chief warden will soon be held. Mr. Polk Miller, Mr. S. W. Travers and Mr. Jackson Guy are prominently spoken of in connection with the position.

Jumping Contests.

There will be two jumping contests held at the Deep Run Hunt Club on Saturday, April 2, 1899, after the spring races: The "Mirador Cup," presented by Mr. Robert G. Shaw, II., of Deedham, Mass., for qualified hunters, owned and ridden by a member of a recognized hunt club, over three timber jumps of 4 feet 8 inches, cup to be won twice before becoming the property of the winner; and the "Megargee Cup," presented by Mr. Irwin N. Megargee, of Philadelphia.

Conditions: For qualified hunters, never having won a "first," owned and ridden by a member of a recognized hunt club, over three timber jumps of 5 feet; cup to become the property of the winner.

Deep Run Hunt Club.

Rain at the hour fixed for the hounds to meet yesterday afternoon kept the majority of the members of the Deep Run Hunt Club who follow wthe hounds from being at the appointed place, but those who did face the storm—i. e., Miss Blacker, Mr. A. H. Christian, Jr., and the whip, Curtis Barden, enjoyed a first-class run. Owing to the moisture of the ground, the scent lay well, and the hounds ran well together. The meet was at the Kennels, returning to the same point after making a circle of about ten miles.

In many important particulars, Hood's Sarsaparilla is Peculiar to Itself. It is a medicine as far ahead of the usual preparation as the electric light is ahead of the tallow dip. The ingredients used in making it are selected with the very greatest care, and are gathered for us at the time they possess the greatest remedial value. The peculiar combination, proportion and process used in Hood's Sarsaparilla, are unknown to any other, thus making Hood's Sarsaparilla *peculiar to itself*. The value of this peculiarity is best shown by actual results. And Hood's Sarsaparilla has a record of cures unequaled in medical history. Has more of them, greater successes in serious cases, better genuine, unsolicited testimonials than any other medicine in existence. It cures extreme cases of blood diseases, humors, scrofula, salt rheum, rheumatism, catarrh, and all other troubles traceable to impure or vitiated blood. Possessing great stomach-toning qualities, it cures indigestion, dyspepsia, catarrh of the stomach, etc. It builds up the nerves, renewing and reviving brain, nerve and mental strength and curing nervous prostration. As a natural tonic, it strengthens the whole system and cures that tired feeling. It has done all this for others and what it does for others it will do for you. All we ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla, is a *necessity*, an *opportunity* and a *fair trial*. Be sure to get Hood's. Sold by druggists. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. *It never disappoints.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is Peculiar to Itself

GENERAL OTIS STRIKES SHARYLY

(Continued from First Page.)

completed. Otis and Hale's brigades with mounted troops, Fourth Cavalry, the turning column, met heavy resistance over difficult country and are camped to-night six miles east of Palo and six miles north of the line from which the advance was taken up. Wheaton's brigade, Malloean drove the enemy one and a half miles north across the river. Hall on extreme right encountered considerable force and routed it. Fighting heavy near Quingua. Movement continues to-morrow. Our casualties about one hundred, twenty-five killed. Enemy lost in killed alone 200.

(Signed.) OTIS.

OUR KILLED TWENTY-SIX.

MANILA, March 26—8.25 A. M.—Twenty-six dead and one hundred and fifty wounded is the hospital is the latest statement of the American losses in the engagement with the Filipinos.

To-day's fighting furnished a specimen of the difficulties with which the Americans have to contend. The Filipinos never, except opposite Malabon, permitted their opponents to get within several hundred yards of them. They would fire a few volleys from their cover and then scuttle back to another cover, repeating these tactics for miles. Many of the trenches had gullies and connecting paths through the cane and brush, enabling them to retreat unseen.

The problem the Americans have to face is to drive or lure the insurgents to fight in force. The trenches seem thinly manned except in the vicinity of Malabon.

HEAVY LOSSES.

The Americans, fighting a hidden foe, suffered greater loss in proportion than did the enemy. The loss of the Filipinos had formerly been estimated from the number of bodies found scattered in the swamps and through the brush. A larger per centage of the enemy's wounded died than of the Americans. Many of them perishing from neglect, the Americans naturally attending their own men first.

The wounded, after treatment in the field hospitals, were brought to the Manila hospital by train. Several trips were made from Caloocan to the city. The first load to start for the city was composed largely of bandaged soldiers, who shouted "give 'em h—l, boys." The gunboat Helena and two army gunboats, command Malabon, but the authorities desire to avoid smashing the town where there is much valuable property belonging to foreigners, and where are located warehouses of most of the Manila firms.

"CROSSED THE RUBICON."

LOS ANGLES, CAL., March 25.—The following cablegram sent today from Manila by Brigadier-General H. G. Otis to the Los Angles Times touching upon to-day's engagement, is self explanatory:

Manila, March 25, 6:05 A. M.

To The Times, Los Angles:

My Brigade has pierced the enemy's country after a brilliant advance and severe engagement. The rebels were steadily pressed back all along the line. The battle is still in progress. Four brigades are engaged. The enemy is vainly attempting to make a stand at Taltahan river four thousand strong.

(Signed.) OTIS.
"Brigadier-General."
10:20 A. M.

To The Times, Los Angles:
Crossed the rubicon.
(Signed.) OTIS.

PHILIPPINE CASUALTIES.

Henry Clay's Grandson Among the Wounded—Colorado Captain Killed.

PUEBLO, COL., March 26.—A private cablegram from Manila received here today announces that Captain Charles B. Stuart, of Company B, First Colorado Volunteers, was killed in the battle with the insurgents.

LEXINGTON, KY., March 25.—Captain Charles D. Clay, Seventeenth Regulars, was wounded yesterday in the Philippines. He is a son of Mrs. James R. Clay, of this county, and a grandson of Henry Clay. A cable message from him to his mother says he is not seriously hurt.

TODD CONVICTED.

Gets Three Years for the Abduction of Miss Jessie B. Rodgers.

STAUNTON, VA., March 25.—Special.—The trial of the Commonwealth vs. Thomas J. Todd for alluring for immoral purposes Miss Jessie B. Rodgers, of Highland county, which has occupied the court since Tuesday, was ended this morning, the jury bringing in a verdict of guilty and fixing his punishment at three years in the penitentiary. Miss Rodgers has brought suit for $5,000 damages.

VICTORY FOR THE ORANGE AND BLUE

The University Team Defeats LaFayette by a Score of 7 to 5.

THE GAME CLOSELY CONTESTED.

The Result was Not Assured Until the Ninth Inning, when Curley's Home Run Brought in Three Men and Won the Game.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., March 25. Special.—The flurry of snow this afternoon which lasted two hours did not prevent the base-ball game between the University of Virginia and Lafayette, and well enough it did not for the contest proved to be one of the most interesting and exciting ever witnessed on the University Athletic field.

Not until the ninth inning when Curley knocked a home run, bringing in Pinkerton and Wills ahead of him, did the orange and blue rooters feel satisfied that the game was won for Virginia.

The contest was called at 3:45 by Umpire G. W. Betts, who will also officiate in the games to be played here with Cornell, Lehigh, Yale and Princeton.

"Jack" Nevins, the clever Southpaw, did the twirling for the Pennsylvanians, while Pinkerton was in the box for Virginia. Virginia was first at bat, but was retired in one, two, three order. In her half LaFayette scored one run, Hile walked, was sacrificed to second by Hubley, and went home on a passed ball. This ended the scoring of the visitors until the eighth inning. The orange and blue was more fortunate, however, and succeeded in getting runners across the home plate in the second, third and seventh innings.

GETS INTERESTING.

The excitement began in the eighth, the score up to that time being four to one in favor of Virginia. Hubley hit a grounder to Steptoe, who allowed it to go between his legs. Bray flied to Bonney and Chalmers hit a safe one over short-stop. Lauer was hit by a pitched ball and the bases were full. Nevins hit a speedy one to Martin, who fumbled and then threw wild to first, letting in Hubley and Chalmers. Here the Pennsylvanians had a good chance to take the lead, but Congdon fanned the air and Currier sent a long fly to Rea in right field.

This spurt on the part of the visitors made the southerners uneasy. Bonney, the first batter up in the ninth was safe on a wild throw to first. Nalle lined out a single past second, but Bonney was caught trying to make third on the hit. Pinkerton was given his base on balls. Wills bunted beautifully, but Nalle was caught between base and home. Curley, the next man up, picked out a nice one and sent it away over left-field fence. Pinkerton and Wills romped across the home plate ahead of him. Summersgill retired the side by striking out.

TRIED HARD TO WIN.

In her half Lafayette made a desperate effort to win out, but the best she could do was to score two runs, one the result of a wild throw by Rea.

Virginia played a ragged game in the infield, but batted well when hits were needed.

The quick double play by Steptoe, Curley and Wills, and the brilliant running catch by Bonney brought down the rooters.

For Lafayette the pitching of Nevins, the fielding of Congdon, and the stick work of Chalmers and Hubley were the features. Score:

THE SCORE.

VIRGINIA.

Players.	R.	H.	SH.	O.	A.	E.
Wills, 1b	3	1	0	6	0	0
Curley, 2b	1	1	2	3	2	0
Summergill, l. f.	0	0	0	1	0	0
Rea, r. f.	2	1	1	3	0	1
Martin, 3b	0	1	1	2	2	3
Steptoe, s. s.	0	0	0	1	1	1
Bonner, c. f.	0	1	0	4	0	0
Nalle, c.	0	1	0	9	1	0
Pinkerton, p.	1	1	0	0	1	0
Totals	7	7	4	27	7	5

LAFAYETTE

Players.	R.	H.	SH.	O.	A.	E.
Hile, c.	2	0	0	7	2	0
Hubly, 3b	1	1	1	2	1	0
Bray, c. f.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Chalmers, l. f.	1	2	0	1	1	1
Lauer, 1b	0	0	0	14	0	0
Nevins, p.	0	0	0	0	2	1
Congdon, 2b	0	0	0	0	2	0
Currier, s. s.	0	0	0	1	0	0
Howard, r. f.	0	1	0	1	0	0
Totals	5	4	1	27	8	2

Score by innings:

										R.
Virginia	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	3	7
Lafayette	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	5

Summary: Two-base hits—Rea. Home runs—Curley. Double plays—Steptoe, Curley and Wills. Base on balls—Off Pinkerton, 5; off Nevins, 5. Hit by pitched ball—Lauer. Struck out—By Pinkerton, 8; by Nevins, 5. Passed balls—Nalle, 2; Hile, 5. Umpire, W. G. Betts.

MR. HAMILTON BRINGS SUIT.

He Sues Gen. Walker for $10,000 Damages—Davis Arrested and Bailed.

BRISTOL, TENN., March 25.—Special.—The warrant sworn out Thursday by General Walker for the arrest of George E. Davis, Judge Rhea's secretary, charging him with having shot Walker twice on the night of March 11th, was served to-day by Chief-of-Police Kilgore. Davis waived preliminary trial and was recognized for his appearance at the next grand jury term of Bristol, Va., Corporation Court, which will be in July.

Davis' bond was fixed at $2,500. His bondsmen are William F. Rhea, A. S. McNeill, J. H. Winston, H. W. Sutherland and Lindsay Bunting. He was released after filing his bond, which is only half as large as the one required of General Walker.

Commonwealth's Attorney Ashworth states that he will ask the court at the April term for a special grand jury to indict both Walker and Davis.

Mr. Hamilton was out on the street Friday and brought suit in the City Court against Major Walker for $10,000 damages from the shot he received from him on March 11th.

A Woman's Crowning Glory is Her Hair:

A Man's His Hat.

Therefore get the best. "Dunlap" leads.

The Beau Ideal of perfection in style—shade—and beauty.

Widths becoming to both the wide and narrow faces.

Spring, 1899. Whether it's Shoes, Suits, Top Coats, Neckwear, Fancy Shirts, Fancy Vests, Fancy Hose, Sweaters, Bicycle Suits, or what not—for either boy or man—we're ready when you are.

Our $3.50 Shoes are making us famous.

O. H. Berry & Co. HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS

They've imitated everything else, but they've never been able to imitate the quality of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

DEMOCRATS TO MEET HERE IN MAY

(Continued from First Page.)

Democrats of Virginia refuse to participate in a great movement destined to restore to the people, where it rightly belongs, the right to elect their senators as they now do their representatives and their Governors?

In South Carolina, Georgia, Illinois and other States, the people, despairing of any action by the Senate itself, have discovered a remedy for the evil, and have not hesitated to apply it. They have adopted senatorial primary systems, by means of which they virtually elect their senators. In no single instance where such primaries have been resorted to has the result been disappointing to them. Of course, the trusts, the rings and the political bosses have opposed; but whenever and wherever the people have once taken this power into their own hands, they never have been known to relinquish it.

It is vain and misleading to say that this question has been decided by the party organization in Virginia. Nothing is ever decided which is not decided right, or which is decided against the irresistible course of events. It is true that a resolution providing for senatorial primaries failed of passage at the Roanoke convention of 1896, but it is also true that it was not considered until a late hour in the deliberations of that body, and until many of its members had departed for their homes. The principal argument urged against its passage was not directed against its merits, but was based upon the contention that the convention—not having been called for that, but, on the contrary, for an entirely different purpose, namely, the nomination of a State ticket—ought not hastily and inconsiderately to take action so important. As it was, and in spite of the fact that many of the votes against the proposition were cast by proxies, unobstructed upon that subject, it received 650 votes.

A POWERFUL INFLUENCE.

The Legislature of Virginia has always contained men of a high order of character and ability, and many of the senators from this State have been most distinguished for wisdom and public and private virtue. And yet it cannot be successfully denied that one hundred and forty men assembled at the State capital, subjected to the powerful and insidious influence of corporations and combinations of corporations, controlling hundreds of millions of money, and employing hundreds of thousands of trained agents and professional men, have not the resisting force of half a million voters, each entrenched in the fortress of his own home and the affections of his own household, whose sole protection is his freeman's vote. If this refuge—the people—should ever fall, then, indeed, must the Republic be despaired of, but not until then.

In the light of recent events, it cannot be gainsaid that "legislative elections are a prolific source of legislative corruption." That in many recent and well-known instances they have resulted in prolonged deadlocks and entailed great cost upon the unfortunate Commonwealths where they have existed, is an additional argument against the present method of electing United States senators. Within a few days past the Legislatures of Delaware and Utah, after frittering away their entire terms in fruitless efforts to elect United States senators, have adjourned finally, and for two years to come each of those States will be deprived of one-half of its representation in the Senate. The indications all are that the legislative deadlock in Pennsylvania will not be broken and that it also will lose a senator for least two years.

To the Democratic party of Virginia this note of admonition and warning is sounded. Upon it has been laid the solemn responsibility of the government of our beloved Commonwealth in the visible future and the election of the next United States Senator to be chosen from this State. With the people of Virginia it is the "white man's burden" which he may not refuse to lift, and, therefore, with a view of carrying into practical effect the principles herein set forth, this address is now issued.

CONVENTION CALLED.

To such Democrats as hold to the principle that the people are fully capable of choosing their senators, and who are willing to unite with us in an effort to secure to them that cherished right, the invitation is hereby extended to assemble in the city of Richmond on Thursday, the 11th day of May, 1899, for the purpose of adopting such measures as may be deemed best to promote the election of senators of the United States by the direct vote of the people, and, until that result is accomplished, the selection of party senatorial candidates by some popular method.

John F. Rixey,	Henry C. Stuart,
Claggett B. Jones,	A. J. Montague,
John Goode,	J. C. Parker,
W. A. Anderson,	Joseph E. Willard,
George W. LeCato,	W. F. Reddy,
John Lamb,	Eppa Hunton, Jr.,
B. F. Buchanan,	Alvin T. Embrey,
George D. Wise,	W. A. Jones,
William Kean,	N. B. Wescott,
R. L. Allworth,	R. Walton Moore,
R. T. Barton,	Charles E. McCorkle,
Frank T. Glasgow,	Thomas D. Ranson,
James W. Marshall,	George K. Anderson,
Philip V. Cogbill,	John T. Lovell,
N. S. Waller,	W. B. F. Leech,
J. Singleton Diggs,	J. F. Bryant,
J. B. Prince,	W. J. Sebrell,
A. M. Brownley,	C. Harding Walker,
Thomas Temple Powell,	W. E. Barrett,
E. M. Braxton,	J. K. M. Newton,
Baker P. Lee,	Thomas G. Elam,
S. Gordon Cumming,	M. T. Hughes,
N. H. Hairston,	W. W. Baker,
A. J. Dalton,	James E. Heath,
James F. Crocker,	L. D. Starke,
Walter H. Taylor, Jr.,	J. E. Sebrell.

Puddlers' Wages Raised

PITTSBURG, PA., March 25.—Notices were posted at the Lockhart Iron Mill to-day notifying the men in the puddling department that, beginning on Monday next a raise in wages of 25 cents a ton will be paid.

Notices have been posted at the plant of the Tyler Tube Company, at Washington, Pa., of an advance in wages of 10 per cent., to take effect on April 3d. This will effect several hundred men.

STILL FIGHTING FOR THE RALEIGH

North Carolinians Anxious for Her to Come to Southport.

BAPTIST UNIVERSITY NOT HURT.

Failure of the Car Company Did Not Affect Them—Indexing State Laws Stopped on Account of Printing Contract Trouble.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 25.—Special.—Dr. Abbott, of the Railroad Commission, will not contest the right of Mr. Beddingfield to his seat unless the Day decision assures him he has good grounds.

When the Corporation Commission meets on April 5th to organize, its first business on railroad matters will be the new rate on excess baggage.

There is a strong effort being made to get the Secretary of Navy to order the Cruiser Raleigh to Southport to be greeted by North Carolinians instead of Norfolk. It is stated that the citizens of the State will finish out the punch set for the cruiser, but that is wrong. The twelve punch cups to be given will be from Mrs. A. W. Haywood, of Raleigh, who christened the "Raleigh."

UNIVERSITY SAFE.

The Baptist Female University here, it is found, will not suffer from the failure of the North Carolina Car Company as was feared. The building is a beautiful one. The rooms are light, though not very high pitched. This is more noticeable in the long stretch of halls. The auditorium with stage, is in a large wing of the building, with very high arched roof, finished in arches of polished wood. The dining-room is under this room. The school, so I was told, could accommodate 150 boarders. The trustees of the Baptist University will meet here on April 13th to select a president for the college. There are several names being considered for the position.

State Treasurer Worth says that he usually has from $100,000 to $125,000 to his credit in different banks over the State.

MR. BRANSON'S DEATH.

News of the boiler explosion in Durham yesterday, resulting in the death of Mr. W. H. Branson, and serious injury to Mr. Mathews was heard here with much regret.

Mr. Julian, who was given the work of annotating and indexing the laws of 1899, can proceed no further until Edwards and Broughton, the public printers, go on with the printing.

THE DURHAM ACCIDENT.

Mr. Mathews Still Living—Mr. Branson's Remains Taken to Greensboro.

DURHAM, N. C., March 25.—Special.—The remains of Mr. W. H. Branson, secretary and treasurer of the East Durham Cotton Mill and of the Pearl Mill, who was scalded to death by steam from a bursting pipe at the former mill yesterday, were taken to Greensboro this evening on a special train, accompanied by a large number of prominent business men, friends and connections.

Mr. Branson was prominent in mill circles, in church and social affairs, and the horrible manner of his death excites much sorrow and regret. He leaves a wife and two children. He was about thirty-eight years of age, and was insured in various companies, aggregating twenty-odd thousand dollars.

Mr. J. C. Mathews, scalded at the same time and place, is still living, but his condition is precarious, and it is about certain that he will loose his eyesight.

The East Durham and Pearl Mills are shut down to-day in consequence of the sad calamity.

Mr. Branson was a trustee of Trinity College and a leader in the Methodist church here.

SMALLPOX IN KINSTON.

The Visit of the Inspector Causes a Rush of Citizens to Be Vaccinated.

KINSTON, N. C., March 25.—Special.—Dr. H. S. Long, State smallpox inspector, came yesterday afternoon to investigate the suspected cases of smallpox at Kinston.

He was accompanied to the houses where the patients were by Dr. J. M. Parrott, and when he examined the cases he pronounced them all clear or (very) genuine smallpox.

All the cases have been thoroughly isolated, so there is no danger of the disease spreading.

White and colored are rushing to the physicians to be vaccinated.

The Doctor returned to his home to-day.

A SHOCKING TRAGEDY.

Young Man Kills Himself and Sweetheart with a Pistol in Kinston.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 25.—A special to the Star from Kinston, N. C., says: Friday morning Mr. Lonnie Lane, about twenty-two years of age, and Miss Gennie Sauls, about fourteen years old, both of well-to-do families, took a walk together. Not returning, search was made, and that evening their bodies were found near the city. It appeared that Lane had shot Miss Sauls and then killed himself with a pistol. His attentions to the young girl were not acceptable to her parents, and he had been forbidden to visit the home. This was probably the cause of the tragedy.

STRANGE DEATH IN PETERSBURG

Robert Moody Found Dead After a Fight with a Negro.

PETERSBURG, VA., March 25.—Special.—To-night Robert Moody, aged about twenty years, came to his death in a very singular and sudden manner. It appears that a negro whose name is not known, came into the store of Mr. Joseph Moody, father of the deceased, on Old street to make some purchases and the negro and Mr. Moody had a dispute about the weight of a piece of bacon.

The two finally got into a quarrel and the negro invited Moody out into the street to fight. Mr. Moody followed the negro out into the street in front of his store, and it is said, knocked him down. It is also stated that young Moody made a pass at the negro, when suddenly some one called out to Mr. Moody that his son was lying out in the street. Young Moody was at once carried into a room in the rear of his father's store and died in a few minutes, having never spoken after falling.

Coroner H. G. Leigh was notified and made an external examination of the body, but found no marks of injury of any kind. An autopsy will be held to-morrow morning and an inquest held.

During the excitement the negro fled and up to a late hour to-night he had not been apprehended.

Mr. John Koehler, inspector of army contracts of the Watervliet Arsenal to Pennsylvania, is here for the purpose of inspecting the work being done by the Petersburg Iron Works for the United States Government.

Mr. Ford, residing near Ford's Depot, in Dinwiddie county, had a very delicate surgical operation performed on him at the Home for the Sick Friday evening. He is resting easy to-day.

Judge J. M. Mullen, of the Corporation Court, rendered his decision yesterday in the suit of Pryor vs. Kent, which was argued before him some days ago. The decision was in favor of the defendant.

Messrs. John M. Sterns & Son, owners of the silk mills here, are having a two story brick building erected which is to be used as a soap factory. The soap manufactured is to be used in the dying department of the mills. The building will be 40 by 110 feet, and will cost about $4,000. Some very costly machinery is to be put in the building.

The Ettricks and the Mateaca Cotton Manufacturing Connales have increased the wages of their operatives 5 per cent.

CONGRESSMAN BOTKIN,

The Well-Known Kansas Statesman, Cured of Catarrh of the Stomach by Pe-ru-na.

AFTER TWENTY-FIVE YEARS' SUFFERING.

More Evidence of Interest to the Millions of Catarrh Sufferers in the United States.

HON. J. D. BOTKIN, Congressman-at-Large from Kansas.

In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, Congressman Botkin, whose fame is a national one, says of Pe-ru-na:

"My Dear Doctor—It gives me pleasure to certify to the excellent curative qualities of your medicines—Pe-ru-na and Ma-na-lin. I have been afflicted more or less for a quarter of a century with catarrh of the stomach and constipation. A residence in Washington has increased these troubles. A few bottles of your medicine have given me almost complete relief, and I am sure that a continuation of them will effect a permanent cure. Pe-ru-na is surely a wonderful remedy for catarrhal affections."

J. D. Botkin.

Congressman Botkin is one of the most influential and best known men in the State of Kansas. Whatever he may choose to say on any subject will be accepted by the people as the truth, so famous a remedy as Pe-ru-na could not have well escaped the attention of so famous a man. He not only has heard of the remedy, but he has used it and was relieved of an affliction of twenty-five years' standing. Pe-ru-na is the one internal remedy that cures chronic catarrh. It cures catarrh wherever located. This is a fact that the people are rapidly finding out, but there are still a large multitude who need to know it.

Mr. James R. Hunt.

Mr. James R. Hunt, Lincoln, Neb., writes: "I had been troubled with dyspepsia for fourteen years. My stomach was sour, my bowels costive, had palpitation of the heart, indigestion, torpid liver, was nervous, did not sleep good, my head felt light and had specks before the eyes. I tried patent medicines, various remedies, and consulted physicians in vain. Consequently I procured a bottle of your remedy and have since been using it continually. I have realized much benefit from its use. It keeps my bowels regular, and I think it is the best dyspepsia remedy I ever saw."

The gastric juice is secreted by the mucous follicles of the stomach. When this juice is normal it digests (dissolves) the food without producing any disturbance whatever. If, however, the gastric juice is not normal, digestion causes many disagreeable symptoms. This condition is known as indigestion. Pe-ru-na will cure this.

Mr. Charles Betts.

Mr. Charles Betts, Burr Oak, Mich., writes: "I had been troubled for a long time with chronic diarrhoea, which produced great despondency, sickness at the stomach, pain between the hips and in the back, and increasing weakness of the whole system. I commenced taking Pe-ru-na for these troubles and felt relieved in a week of the distressing pains and despondency.

"I can now do work that I could not do at all before taking Pe-ru-na. I began to improve at once, felt more cheerful and animated, stronger and buoyant, firmer nerves, freedom from pain in the bowels and stomach, and quiet sleep. I thank you for your kind advice in my case. I might add that Pe-ru-na cured me so that I stayed cured. That is an important thing. Many medicines help temporarily, but the disease returns. Not so with Pe-ru-na. Its effect continues."

Pe-ru-na is a sure and reliable cure for catarrh in any form whatever. Dr. Hartman has recently published a book which includes a course of lectures on summer catarrh. This book gives full explanation of catarrh of the digestive organs. It will be sent free by The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

KING BARLEYCORN WON.

He Captured the Crescent City Derby with Apparent Ease—Races Over.

NEW ORLEANS, March 25.—The Crescent City Jockey Club's winter meeting ended in a blaze of glory this afternoon. The track was fast. A double bill was presented—the New Orleans Handicap and the Crescent City Derby being its features.

The derby was called at 4:15 P. M. The Morris candidate, Kentucky Colonel, was the favorite at 4 to 5 in the opening betting, and maintained his place and price to the end, but he finished in the rear. King Barleycorn, at twos, was supported mainly by his owners. Barleycorn, who had been rated with extreme cleverness by Willie Martin, came away when ready, and won as it suited him, lowering the track record for the distance.

The stewards have made the suspension of Jockey Coombs indefinite. The boy was suspended for his riding on Takanassee February 23d.

First race—six furlongs.—Lady Ellerslie (10 to 1) first, Cotton Plant (4 to 1 and 8 to 5) second, Merry Day (7 to 5) third. Time, 1:13¼.

Second race—mile and a half.—Possum (7 to 2 and even) first, Annie Taylor (9 to 5 and 3 to 5) second, Sadie Levy (7 to 2) third. Time, 2:36½.

Third race—New Orleans Handicap, mile and a quarter.—Al Fresco (even) first, Forbush (4 to 1 and even) second, Lady Disdain (20 to 1) third. Time, 2:07¼.

Fourth race—Crescent City Derby, mile and an eighth.—King Barleycorn (2 to 1) first, Elmer S. (12 to 1 and 3 to 1) second, Jolly Roger (7 to 1) third. Time, 1:54¼.

Fifth race—one mile.—Necedah (2 to 1) first, Never (7 to 1 and 2 to 1) second, Wild Tartar (5 to 1) third. Time, 1:42½.

Sixth race—one mile.—Lucky Monday (3 to 2) first, Fleeda (15 to 1 and 4 to 1) second, Nannie L. (15 to 1) third. Time, 1:42.

PORT ARTHUR CANAL.

Opening of the Texas Waterway was Appropriately Celebrated.

PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS, March 25.—The formal opening of the Port Arthur ship canal took place here to-day. Over three thousand visitors from all parts of the country were present and the ceremonies were participated in by Governors Sayers, of Texas; Jones, of Arkansas, and Stanley, of Kansas; practically all the members of the Texas Legislature, a large number of the Kansas Legislature, a delegation of foreign capitalists, and several train loads of excursionists.

Cambridge Wins.

PUTNEY, ENG., March 25.—The fifty-sixth annual boat race between crews representing the universities of Oxford and Cambridge was rowed to-day over the usual course, from Putney to Mortlake, a distance of about four and a quarter miles, and was won by Cambridge by four lengths, for the first time in ten years. Cambridge now has twenty-four out of the fifty-six races rowed to her credit. The official time was 21 minutes and 4 seconds.

THINK BEFORE YOU JUMP.

When you purchase a piano, don't buy trash, or be imposed upon with a self-inflated, cheap piano, which is not much better. Pianos are bought for a permanent investment. In such instruments as Steinway, Knabe, Hardman, Standard, and Kimball, your intentions will be carried out, and satisfaction for all time follows. We carry a full line of them and will be pleased to show them to all comers. Our prices are the lowest. Walter D. Moses & Co., 1005 Main street.