RANGE OF THERMOMETER.
The thermometer ranged as followe at The Times office yesterday: 9 A. M. 54; 12 M. 57; 3 P. M. 59; 6 P. M. 55; 9 P. M. 50; 12 M. 46. Average temperature, 53.5.

The Times.

WEATHER FORE CAST.
Forecast for Thursday and Friday: Virginia, North and South Carolina and Georgia—Fair, except showers near the coast Thursday and Friday. Fresh northeasterly winds.

VOL. 14. NO. 229. RICHMOND, VA. THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9. 1899. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE MONUMENTS TO BE UNVEILED

Impressive Exercises in Hollywood To-Day

AFTER BIG PARADE

In Which Veterans, Soldiers and Civilians Will Take Part.

THE UNVEILING OF THE TABLETS

Was Attended by a Large Gathering at St. Paul's Yesterday at Noon. United Daughters of Confederacy Open Their Sixth Annual Convention on the Jefferson Roof Garden.

Two tablets were unveiled in St. Paul's church yesterday. To-day two monuments will be unveiled, and suitable ceremonies will take place at a third in Hollywood. All of these events are in honor of the memory of members of the family of the late President of the Confederate States of America. They represent an issue that is closed, but the closing of the chapter left deeds of valor to be recorded and a duty to keep the names of heroes and heroines unsullied by malice and ignorance, and both. This duty is in a great measure being performed by the ladies of the South, and especially through their organization, the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

In the parade to-day preceding the unveiling will be many men who are veterans of the stormy days of 1861-'65, few of whom do not show the mark of time in silvery locks and deepening lines about the face.

Two business sessions were held by the United Daughters yesterday, and others will be held to-day. Last night a most enjoyable reception was held at the Jefferson Hotel. Several other receptions will go to add to the enjoyment of the week and to attest the hospitable welcome to which the guests of the city are entitled and which they are receiving.

The parade to-day will move from First and Franklin streets at 2 o'clock sharp.

THE OPENING SESSION.

The Welcoming Speeches and Responses by Daughters.

The United Daughters of the Confederacy assembled in the Sixth Annual Convention at the Jefferson Hotel Roof Garden yesterday morning. The time for meeting was 10 o'clock, but it was over half an hour later when Mrs. Kate Cabell Currie, the President, called the body to order. The Lord's Prayer was then recited in unison.

Mrs. Norman V. Randolph, President of the Richmond Chapter, in a brief but witty and graceful speech, welcomed the Daughters to Richmond. She concluded by introducing Mrs. E. C. Minor, who took the place of Mrs. Joseph Bryan, President of the Confederate Memorial Literary Society, who was unavoidably absent.

MRS. BRYAN'S WELCOME.

By request Mrs. Minor read the address of welcome prepared by Mrs. Bryan. She said:

"To the United Daughters of the Confederacy, assembled, greeting: On this auspicious day to which we have so long looked forward, I take great pleasure on the part of the Confederate Memorial Literary Society, to extend to you a most cordial welcome.

"In your far away Southern homes, we have watched with pride, your constant acts of devotion to our ever beloved

BISHOP GEORGE W. PETERKIN.

Confederacy and its work; on your long toilsome journey hither, we have followed you step by step, longing to meet you, to gain fresh impetus from that meeting, for further effort. And yet now that you are here, and we see you face to face, what shall I say?

"I find it impossible to put into words the multitude of thoughts that arise in my heart. The days of long ago, with their surge of memory, thrill the soul and dim the eye. I can only cry 'God bless you each one and keep you true in heart and ties to the days that are no more'; to the Old Dominion which ever has and ever will 'stand like a stone wall' to protect her sister States from wrong and oppression; to the capital of the Confederacy, the citadel of your prayers and hopes for those long weary years, to the White House, where the memorials of our glorious past are gathered; to our hearts and homes, I gladly welcome you.

"I pray that in all your deliberations you may be wisely guided for the lasting good of the work to have in hand and that year by year, we may be priviledged to meet and mark its steady progress."

The address was heartily applauded.

THE RESPONSE.

Mrs. Kate Cabell Currie then responded in behalf of the U. D. C., in a very appropriate address.

Mrs. Currie introduced Mrs. M. C. Goodlett and Mrs. Helen Plane, honorary president and vice-president of the U. D. C., respectively.

After credentials were received badges were delivered to the delegates. Mrs. James G. Leigh, of Norfolk, president of the Virginia State Division presented a gavel made by a Confederate soldier from a tree under which General Lee made his last speech to the Confederate soldiers. The gavel will be used during the convention and will then be returned to Mrs. Attwood, of Appomattox.

After delivering the invitations to the delegates present, the meeting was adjourned until 4 o'clock in the afternoon to enable the delegates to attend the unveiling services at St. Paul's.

THE TABLETS UNVEILED.

They are Representative Memorials, Says Bishop Peterkin.

St. Paul's church was packed to the doors at noon yesterday with those who were anxious to witness the ceremonies accompanying the unveiling of the tablet erected by the U. D. C. to the memory of Miss Winnie Davis, and another tablet placed in the church by Mrs. Joel Addison Hayes to the memory of the other members of the Davis family.

The most impressive ceremonies were conducted by the Rev. Landon R. Mason, D. D., rector of Grace Episcopal church.

The vested choir approached the altar singing the processional hymn, "For All the Saints, Who from Their Labors Rest."

MRS. DAVIS' REQUEST.

At the request of Mrs. Davis Miss Bettie Booker sang a beautiful soprano solo, "Angels Ever Bright and Fair."

The remainder of the musical programme follows:

Venite Exultemus Domino (Morningston).
Gloria Patrie..... (Morningston).
Te Deum Laudamus.....(Calkin).
Jubilate Deo.....(Robinson).
Hymn 348, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," (Mason).

Right Rev. George W. Peterkin, Bishop of West Virginia, delivered a beautiful address in which he paid a high tribute to Mrs. Davis, Miss Winnie Davis, and all Southern women.

Bishop Peterkin said:

"I am here my friends to speak but few words to-day, and I think it only right that I should say, in the beginning, that it is nothing but an imperative sense of duty, and a deep-seated loyalty to what is to me a sacred past, that has justified me, to my own self, for accepting the invitation so kindly extended by the United Daughters of the Confederacy, even though I have had neither time nor opportunity for such preparation as the dignity of the occasion demands.

"In undertaking such a service, it would not be meet that one should be over-careful of himself, for the personal failure or

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

FUTURE OF CUBA IS DISCUSSED

General Fitz Lee Says the Experiment of Free Government by Cubans for Cubans Will be Tried.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—"The future of Cuba" is a paper by Major-General Fitzhugh Lee, which will appear in the Independent to-morrow as follows:

"When will the United State evacuate Cuba? That is a question I am very frequently asked, and I suppose it is natural for people to suppose that from my peculiar facilities for observation in the island, I might have some knowledge, or at least some opinion about it.

MANY DIFFICULTIES.

"Nevertheless I have no such knowledge and no such opinion. With the very best of will on the part of the government, a desire to keep its pledges and leave the inhabitants of Cuba to enjoy their independence in their own way, there are many difficulties in the way of the withdrawal, and whether or not we have in the last six months made progress toward the end, I am unable to say.

"Yet, I can say that during the last six months crime has decreased and peace and prosperity are spreading or reviving in a great measure. This, however, seems attributable to the presence of the United States troops, whom the chief property holders and conservative business men insist must stay. The Cubans themselves seem to be very much divided in opinion as to what ought to be done. Some want an independent republic immediately; others insist that Cuba should be annexed to the United States, and great numbers of other seem to have no positive opinion concerning the path their country should pursue. There is, of course, on the part of a majority of the last an understanding of the difficulties of self-government.

BY CUBANS FOR CUBANS.

"At present the census is being taken in Cuba, and for the first time we shall have an accurate and reliable enumeration. When that has been finished the experiment of free government by Cubans for Cubans, I believe, will be tried. Precisely in what locality or in what form I do not know. That is a matter for our government to decide, and I have obtained no information of its intentions in

(Continued on Second Page.)

COMPOSITION OF LEGISLATURE

Only Eight or Nine Anti-Democrats.

FOUR REPUBLICANS.

Four, and Possibly Five, Independents Were Elected.

ONLY ONE CANDIDATE IN DOUBT

Regular Democrats Will Have One Hundred and Thirty-One or One Hundred and Thirty-Two on Joint Ballot—Only One Independent in Senate—The Latest Returns.

In the next Legislature of Virginia the Democrats will have one hundred and thirty-one on joint ballot, certainly, and they may have one hundred and thirty-two. If Buntin, House candidate in Pittsylvania, has been elected, the latter figure will express the joint Democratic vote. It is probable that Buntin was elected.

In the Senate there will be only one anti-Democratic vote—that of William Shands, Independent, from the Thirty-second District. The other eighteen senators elected Tuesday are regular Democrats. All of the twenty-one hold-overs are straight Democrats.

The House membership, of one hundred, will consist of ninety-two, possibly ninety-three, regular Democrats, three or four Independents, and four Republicans. The Independents are R. S. Powell, of Brunswick; Josiah Stickney, of Shenandoah, and W. H. Gravely, of Henry. Republicans will be J. D. Honaker, of Smyth and Bland; S. E. Pitts, of Caroline; Ely, of Lee, and Cannady, of Floyd and Franklin. An Independent may have defeated Buntin in Pittsylvania.

The composition of the next Legislature is accurately stated in the following list:

FOR THE SENATE.

Second District—Scott, Lee, and Wise Counties: R. P. Bruce.

Fourth District—Montgomery, Roanoke, and Craig Counties, and City of Roanoke: Edward Lyle.

Sixth District—Carroll, Grayson, and Patrick Counties: E. J. Harvey.

Eighth District—Rockingham County: George B. Keezell.

Tenth District—Frederick and Shenandoah Counties: S. L. Lupton.

Twelfth District—Clarke, Page, and Warren: Thomas D. Gold.

Fourteenth District—Alexandria, Fairfax, and Prince William Counties, and Alexandria City: S. R. Donahoe.

Sixteenth District—Powhatan, Goochland and Chesterfield, and City of Manchester: P. V. Cogbill.

Eighteenth District—Buckingham, Fluvanna, and Appomattox: H. D. Flood.

Twentieth District—Campbell County and City of Lynchburg; Carter Glass.

Twenty-second District—Bedford County: Graham Claytor.

Twenty-fourth District—Pittsylvania County and City of Danville: Joseph Whitehead.

Twenty-sixth District—Floyd and Franklin Counties: John C. Hall.

Twenty-eighth District—Lunenburg, Nottoway, and Brunswick Counties: W. H. Mann.

Thirtieth District—Amelia, Cumberland, and Prince Edward Counties: Asa D. Watkins.

Thirty-second District—Southampton, Isle of Wight, and Nansemond Counties: W. H. Shands. (Ind. Dem.)

Thirty-fourth District—Hanover and Caroline Counties: H. T. Wickham.

Thirty-sixth District—King George, Richmond, Westmoreland, Northumberland, and Lancaster Counties: C. Harding Waler.

Thirty-eighth District—Elizabeth City, Warwick, James City, Charles City, New Kent, York, and King William Counties, and the Cities of Newport News and Williamsburg: D. Gardiner Tyler.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Accomac County—S. Watkins Matthews.
Accomac and Elizabeth City Counties—Le Grand Donahue.
Alexandria County and City—Frank Hume.
Albemarle County and City of Charlottesville—W. R. Duke and W. H. Boaz.

(Continued on Second Page.)

KENTUCKY STILL IN THE BALANCE

And Both Sides are Claiming the Victory.

A CONTEST IS LIKELY

Whatever Result the Returns of Tuesday's Election Show

NASH'S PLURALITY LARGE.

Unofficial Returns Place it at 50,361. Results in Other States Have Not Been Changed by Later Returns—Kentucky Legislature Which Will Decide Contest is Close.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Nov. 8.—No matter what result the face of the returns of yesterday's State election shows, a contest is very likely to occur. Additional returns received to-day and to-night continue to show Republican gains and basing an estimate upon the normal complexion of the precincts still unreported, indicate a plurality of 8,000 or 8,500 for Taylor for Governor. The belated returns are mostly from mountain counties, which are strongly Republican. The Eleventh district, which in 1898 gave McKinley a plurality of 12,000, is only about half received. Eleven out of nineteen counties in this district give Taylor pluralities aggregating 12,862, indicating that the Republicans have carried the district by about the same figures as in 1896.

The Goebel people cling to their claim of a plurality of 5,000 in the State, these figures being the estimate made by the governor himself to-night.

At Republican headquarters in this city, Taylor's plurality is placed at 8,000. In either case is it possible to get the figures upon which the claim is based, each side evidently fearing that giving publicity to the reports of its agents throughout the State might work to the advantage of its opponent in the event of a contest.

Almost complete returns from Louisville and Jefferson county do not change last night's estimate of a Republican plurality of a little over three thousand.

Governor Bradley is still in the city and announces that he will remain here for several days.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Nov. 8.—Returns received by the Courier Journal up to midnight give Goebel a plurality in the state outside of the eleventh district 15,300. The eleventh district, as far as received show the usual Republican majorities. Six counties in this district which last night reported Taylor pluralities, to-night send revised figures increasing these pluralities by 1,500.

On the other hand the fifth district in the extreme western part of the state, the banner Democratic district, increases its plurality for Goebel several hundred over the figures returned last night.

Warrants have been sworn out against upward of 200 election officers and others in Louisville, alleging intimidation of voters. The cases will be presented to the Federal grand jury.

Chairman Blackburn of the Democratic State Campaign Committee, at this hour (midnight), gave the following figures of the complexion of the Kentucky Legislature:

Senate—Democrats, 27; Republicans, 11.
House—Democrats, 57; Republicans, 45, with chance of 58 to 42.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Nov. 9.—Returns received by the Courier Journal up to 1:30 A. M., give Goebel a plurality of 2,070 votes. These figures are based on returns from 1,791 out of 1,861 precincts.

Of the seventy-two missing precincts twenty are in the Republican Eleventh district, seven are in Republican counties of the Tenth district, and thirty-one in Democratic counties of the Tenth district.

OHIO.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Nov. 8.—The statisticians at the Republican headquarters have been busy all day and night endeavoring to secure some accurate figures on the plurality of Judge Nash, the Republican candidate for governor, and to-night

(Continued on Second Page.)

OFFICIALS AT A LOSS.

Regarding Mysterious London Dispatch Relative to Anglo-American Relations as to China.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Officials here are at a loss to know what was meant by the mysterious London dispatch relative to Anglo-American relations as to China which was of such a startling character that it could not be published. It is stated that there is nothing under consideration in this line at present between Great Britain and the United States that can be said to be of a sensational character.

WATCHFUL EYE.

The Chinese government through its Minister in Washington, Mr. Wu Ting-Fang, is keeping a watchful eye on the recent developments relating to China. Within the last few days Minister Wu conferred with Secretary Hay with a view to learning to what extent the United States had acted.

The response of the Secretary of State is understood to have been quite full and frank and to the effect that at the request of the President our ambassadors and ministers abroad had been asked to secure definite assurances that there should be no interruption to the access of American trade and commerce to the interior of China through the treaty ports.

FRANCE MAY OBJECT.

The view prevails that while there will be no difficulty in securing general assurances of a favorable character, it is not so certain that a definite statement in writing or other tangible form will be given. Those best acquainted with the subject hold that Great Britain, Germany and Russia will coincide with the American view, and if any objection comes it is likely to arise in France, as the French policy in Madagascar and Cockin, China, is to give preferential rates to French goods and discriminations against foreign goods. From this, it is implied that France would not give a definite assurance that American commerce would be on equal terms in China where French spheres of influence prevail.

DARKEST PAGE BEING WRITTEN

Yet Illuminated With Bright Pictures.

REOCCUPY COLENSO.

Thought that Force Which Left Estcourt Monday Have Done so.

ADVANCING TOWARD LADYSMITH

The Defensive Works Have Been Greatly Strengthened at Both Estcourt and Pietermaritzburg and They are Thought to Be Capable of Holding Their Own.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—To the eyes of military experts, the darkest page of the war is now being written. But even that is illuminated with bright pictures, such as General White's victorious sorties. If he can keep the British flag flying over Ladysmith until he is relieved, the campaign will turn a fresh page, and with the advance of Sir Redvers Buller's force the British public is promised more cheerful reading.

This feeling of relief, inspired by recent good tidings, is, nevertheless, tinged by a certain anxiety, lest General White should again make some fatal miscalculation involving a repetition of the Nicholson Nek disaster.

Her Majesty does not share this anxiety, and apparently is sanguine of his ability to pull through safely. It is asserted that she has written to Lady White, expressing sympathy with her husband in the trials and difficulties he is now experiencing, and assuring Lady White of her own undiminished confidence in his generalship. The purport of this letter has been cabled to General White by the Marquis of Lansdowne.

READY FOR AN ADVANCE.

The most interesting to-night is a dispatch from Estcourt announcing the departure of a strong force of mounted troops and artillery for a destination not given in the advices. Another message announces the arrival at Estcourt and Pietermaritzburg within the last few days of reinforcements from Durban, and that 3,500 troops are assembled ready for an advance to Colenso when the opportune moment arrives.

The latter dispatch throws light upon the former, and the force which left Estcourt Monday has doubtless reoccupied Colenso and possibly is now advancing cautiously up the railroad toward Ladysmith. General White's sortie of Friday, almost to the banks of the Tugela river, encouraging its commander in the hope of joining hands with him.

General Joubert, the latest advices would indicate, drew in his horns after Friday's engagement and has since withdrawn the southern Boer contingents, leaving only outposts on the line from Ladysmith to Colenso. The Boers who occupied Colenso about the middle of last week retired without damaging Bulwer bridge over the Tugela river or the railroad as far north as the village of Nelthorpe, seven miles south of Ladysmith. Evidently they nurse a hope of eventually utilizing both in their descent on Pietermaritzburg.

WORKS STRENGTHENED.

Meanwhile the British are also able to use both as they have already done, in running up an armored train which may at the present moment be covering the advance of the Estcourt force.

At Estcourt and Pietermaritzburg the defensive works have been greatly strengthened within the last few days, and they are now believed capable of holding their own against any Boer force which General Joubert would at the present juncture risk sending against either town. Both are likely to be strengthened before the week is out by a further naval force, and even by the first detachment of General Buller's army corps.

Of the troop ships have arrived. The one which is was predicted might reach Cape Town at the earliest on Monday, is as yet unannounced, and even when it does arrive there it will have three days steaming to reach Durban.

TROOPS EXPECTED.

As many as six transports with 4,500 troops are expected to be in Cape Town harbor by this time, but the War Office last evening issued a statement to the effect that the only arrivals at Cape Town were the Sumatra from Durban with wounded; the Southern Cross from Gibraltar, with mules, and the Collier Wenvoe.

Of course, it is possible that dispatch boats have been sent to meet the troopships with instructions to proceed direct to Durban, and in that event the War Office statement that not one has arrived at Cape Town would be literally accurate, even though several should be half way between Cape Town and Durban.

The situation looks brighter at Mafeking, where the Boers are apparently disheartened at the unexpected resistance, a large body of their force having been detached to the south to assist in the investment of Kimberley, around which the cordon is drawing tighter. Evidently the Boers intend to make a concentrated effort to capture Kimberley and their arch-enemy, Cecil Rhodes.

INVASION OF CAPE COLONY.

The reported departure of a Boer contingent from Pretoria, with German artillery gunners, moving in a southerly direction is taken to mean co-operation in the invasion of the northern portions of Cape Colony, an undertaking which, thus far, has not progressed very rapidly.

Reports of a treacherous use of the white flag by the Boers, coming from native sources, are not received with complete credulity, but at the same time their reiteration is making an unfavorable impression.

DESTINATION UNKNOWN.

ESTCOURT, NATAL, Monday, Nov. 6—10:45 A. M.—The Natal field artillery left camp to-day escorted by troops of the Imperial Light Horse, Carbineers and Natal Police. The destination of the force is unknown.

Firing was heard this morning in the direction of Colenso, from which it is believed the Boers have resumed the bombardment of Ladysmith.

ESTCOURT, NATAL, SUNDAY, Nov. 5—5:30 P. M.—Brigadier-General Wolfe-Murray has received important dispatches from Ladysmith by a runner but their contents have not yet been divulged. The armored train, with a detachment of the Dublin Fusiliers and a railroad engineering staff which left here for Colenso to repair the line yesterday evening and which also intended to go through to Ladysmith if possible has returned here.

NO LOOTING.

The commanding officer reports that he proceeded beyond Colenso and found the dwellings there untouched. There had been no looting there except in a single case where a store was looted by Kaffirs.

The bullet holes in the uniforms of Durban volunteers show the narrowness of their escape from Fort Wylie, which was only effected after the heavy fire of the Dublin Fusiliers had inflicted severe loss on the Boers. A member of the garrison who was hard pressed by the Boers leaped into the river amid a shower of bullets and diving repeatedly reached a far bank unscathed.

Sub-Inspector Petley, of the Natal Police, says that his men alone, forming one of several burial parties interred sixty-four Boers who were killed at the battle of Talana Hill.

TO COMMAND CAVALRY.

Captain Smith managed to leave Ladysmith by the last train from there. Four miles from Colenso the Boers fired on the train, but no one was hit. The General is going to Cape Town in order to take command of the Cavalry. The border regiment arrived here on Friday.

Sub-Inspector Petley, of the Natal Police, says that his men alone, forming one of several burial parties, interred

(Continued on Second Page.)

MRS. KATE CABELL CURRIE.

Fourth and Present President U. D. C.

DEWEY MAY BE MARRIED TO-DAY

No Announcement Has Been Made, But License is Secured and Arrangements are Complete.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—A marriage license was to-day issued to Admiral George Dewey and Mrs. Mildred Hazen.

The application for the license was made by Lieutenant Harry C. Caldwell, United States Navy, one of Admiral Dewey's secretaries, in person. The information furnished the clerk and set forth in the license is that Admiral Dewey is sixty-one years of age and his bride-elect forty-three, both are citizens of the United States, and that in the case of each party there was one former marriage. To these statements Lieutenant Caldwell was required to make oath.

The Post to-morrow will say:

"Admiral George Dewey and Mrs. Mildred Hazen will probably be married to-day. No announcement has been made, but the necessary license was procured yesterday and arrangements for the wedding, which will be attended only by members of the two families, are complete. The ceremony, it is understood, will be performed at the residence of Mrs. Washington McLean, Mrs. Hazen's mother, 1765 K street. The hour of the ceremony depends, it is said, upon the return of Mr. John R. McLean, Mrs. Hazen's brother, from Ohio. He is expected in Washington some time to-day. The required dispensation for the ceremony to take place elsewhere than in a church was procured yesterday, and it is asserted that Cardinal Gibbons will be here to officiate.

AGREEMENT HAS BEEN REACHED

Subject to Approval of the United States.

TO DIVIDE ISLANDS.

Upolu, Savaii and Small Adjacent Islands Fall to Germany.

UNITED STATES GET TUTUILA

And Subsidiary Group, While Great Britain Will Fall Heir to Tonga, Savage, Choiseul and San Isabel With Their Insular Surroundings—Rights in Zanzibar.

BERLIN, Nov. 8.—It was officially announced this morning that an agreement subject to the approval of the United States had been arrived at between Great Britain and Germany by virtue of which the Samoan act is repealed and the islands of Upolu, Savaii and the small adjacent islands fall to Germany as free property, and the island of Tutuila and the subsidiary islands go to the United States.

Great Britain, it is added, renounces any claim to the Samoan Islands, and Germany, in turn, renounces any claim to the Tonga Island and to Savage Island in favor of great Britain and also cedes Choiseul and San Isabel, the two easterly islands of the Solomon group, with their insular surroundings, to Great Britain.

CONSULS TO BE WITHDRAWN.

The consul representatives of the two Powers in Samoa and the Tonga Islands are to be withdrawn for the present and German subjects are to have the same rights as British subjects in regard to the free unimpeded enlistment of native laborers in the whole of the Solomon Group in the possession of Great Britain including Choiseul and San Isabel.

At the same time an agreement has been received at between the two Powers, by virtue of which the so-called neutral zone in the Hinterland of German Togoland and the British gold coast will be divided in such a manner that the boundary of the German and British territories will be formed by the Paka River up to a point where the latter cuts the ninth degree of latitude, thence north by a line to be fixed by a mixed commission. To this is appended a reservation that the countries of Mampusi and Gambassa shall fall to Great Britain and the countries of Yendi and Chakasi to Germany.

EXTRA TERRITORIAL RIGHTS.

Finally, according to the decision of the Colonial Council, Germany has promised to renounce her extra-territorial rights in Zanzibar till the expiration of the commerical treaty in 1902 with the proviso that the renumciation is only effective when the other nations abandon their extra-territorial rights in Zanzibar in favor of Great Britain.

Regarding this agreement it is observed that the United States, assent is regarded as assured.

A further agreement concluded between Germany, Great Britain and the United States is to the effect that the question of compensation for claims for damages during the late trouble is to be submitted to an Imperial court of arbitration, which will decide all claims.

BRITISH STATEMENT SIMILAR.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The British Foreign Office to-day gave out a statement in regard to the Samoan agreement similar to that issued in Berlin, showing that the United States gets Tutuila and other Samoan islands, east of 171st degree of longitude.

NOT YET ADVISED.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The State Department has not yet been advised of the agreement between Great Britain and Germany respecting the Samoan group. It is gathered, however, that if the outline of the agreement set out in the cable advices is accurate, there will be no disposition to withhold our approval provided certain minor conditions are included.

GOVERNMENT OF NEGROS.

The Civil Governor Sends Greeting to President McKinley.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The following cablegram has been received at the War Department:

Manila, Nov. 7.—The following cablegram has been received from Negros dated to-day:

"To The President of the United States: The civil governor, counsellors, judges and secretaries who constitute the new government of this island in taking possession thereof this day, have the honor of affectionately saluting your excellency and trust that in the inauguration of this form of government, based upon the liberal and Democratic institutions which have made that great Republic so grand and prosperous, a new era will open up to this region which will enable it to reach the legitimate goal of its inspiration. Menicio Severilo.

(Signed) "OTIS."

SUMMARY OF TO-DAY'S NEWS.

Local.

—Proceedings yesterday of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.
—Arrival of Judge John H. Reagan.
—The tablet to Miss Winnie Davis unveiled with imposing ceremonies.
—Preparations for to-day's parade and unveiling in Hollywood.
—Important matters considered by the Ordinance Committee.
—Interesting railroad items.
—Weddings of yesterday.
—The Christian Convention.
—Supreme Court of Virginia meets.
—An appeal to the Governor for clemency in the Tate case.

State.

—Judge Mann has a decisive majority over Buford.
—The complexion of the General Assembly is overwhelmingly Democratic.
—Christian Endeavor Convention to meet in Lexington this month.
—Atlantic Transport cases draw a brilliant array of legal talent to Norfolk.
—Many marriages in the State.

General.

—Kentucky still in doubt, both sides claiming victory. Likely to be a contest before Legislature.
—Nash elected in Ohio by plurality of about 50,000.
—Admiral Dewey may be married to-day in Washington.
—General Fitz Lee on Cuban situation.

Foreign.

—Samoan agreement reached.
—British probably reoccupy Colenso.
—Force which left Estcourt believed to be moving to White's relief.
—No troopships have arrived yet.