

### CITY DIRECTORY.

MAYOR—W. T. Johnston.  
CITY CLERK—S. J. Whitlock, Jr.  
TREASURER—W. E. Davidson, W. P. Gilliam and E. L. Morris.  
COMMISSIONERS—H. K. Wall, E. L. Morris and W. P. Gilliam.  
SHERIFF—W. P. Gilliam.  
DEPUTY SHERIFF—W. P. Gilliam.  
CORPORATION CLERK—W. P. Gilliam.  
STREET LIGHTS—W. P. Gilliam.  
CITY ENGINEER—W. P. Gilliam.  
CITY HEALTH OFFICER—W. P. Gilliam.  
CITY INSPECTOR—W. P. Gilliam.  
CITY JOURNAL—H. K. Wall.  
CITY NEWS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY TELEPHONE—H. K. Wall.  
CITY WATER—H. K. Wall.  
CITY SEWER—H. K. Wall.  
CITY GARBAGE—H. K. Wall.  
CITY CEMETERY—H. K. Wall.  
CITY PARKS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY BUILDINGS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY UTILITIES—H. K. Wall.  
CITY TRANSPORTATION—H. K. Wall.  
CITY EDUCATION—H. K. Wall.  
CITY RECREATION—H. K. Wall.  
CITY CHARITIES—H. K. Wall.  
CITY RELIGION—H. K. Wall.  
CITY SOCIETY—H. K. Wall.  
CITY BUSINESS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY PROFESSIONS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY ARTS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY SCIENCE—H. K. Wall.  
CITY HISTORY—H. K. Wall.  
CITY GEOGRAPHY—H. K. Wall.  
CITY CLIMATE—H. K. Wall.  
CITY VEGETATION—H. K. Wall.  
CITY ANIMALS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY PLANTS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY MINERALS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY METEOROLOGY—H. K. Wall.  
CITY ASTRONOMY—H. K. Wall.  
CITY COSMOLOGY—H. K. Wall.  
CITY PHYSICS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY CHEMISTRY—H. K. Wall.  
CITY MATHEMATICS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY MECHANICS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY ELECTRICITY—H. K. Wall.  
CITY OPTICS—H. K. Wall.  
CITY ACOUSTICS—H. K. Wall.  
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### Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased. Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar packages. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

### SADDLES,

Horse Blankets, Plush Robes and Leggings.

### Pistols,

Pocket Knives and Razors.

### Sash, Doors

Blinds.

### Paints, Oils

and Glass.

### C. M. Walker & Sons.

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Seeds, Agricultural Implements, Hardware, Guns, Shells, South Bend Plows, WAGONS, BUGGIES, FERTILIZERS, &c.

### The High School.

It is intended to prepare our boys and girls for College and University, or for life, and the trustees are of the opinion that it is a great saving of expense to those that avail themselves of its advantages. As it is a part of the public school system, the tuition fee amounts to only \$22.50 for the session of 9 months.

### HAIR STOOD UPON END.

Confronted by Four Mountain Lions, a Western Prospector Was Boldly Frightened.

"Up to five years ago," said a prospector to a St. Louis Republic reporter, "I didn't believe in such a thing as a man's hair standing on end," and then the old gentleman told the story of the fright that led him to change his mind: "I was in the mountains of Idaho with a friend and we ran short of fresh meat, so one day I took my gun and started off alone. I went into a ravine and was making my way along a little brook when I came suddenly upon a queer sight. Not four feet in front of me, in the

### FACTS FOR EUROPEANS.

The revenue of European nations has multiplied 55 times since 1850. Since the year 1850 England has suffered from 37 famines, Ireland from 34, Scotland has had 12, France 10, and Italy 36. Norwegian ships hold first place in foreign entries into British ports, German next and Dutch and French third and fourth. Holland has 700 acres under tulips, and exports \$120,000 worth of tulips in a year. London imports a million a year for her own use. Six children, three boys and three girls, were presented to her husband, the Greek priest of Delrag, in Serbia, by Mme. Arangel, according to the Pesther Lloyd.

The population of Belgium, according to official figures, reached 6,744,532 on December 31, 1899, of which total 3,362,436 were males; 2,485,354 spoke Flemish only, 2,485,072 spoke French only, and 700,997 both languages. An international congress is to be held at Athens in the course of the next 12 months at the instance of the king of Greece, who will be guided by its decisions as to the restoration of various ancient monuments, including the Parthenon. A decree has been issued by the governor general of Moscow, forbidding the inhabitants to carry knives with the exception of those whose vocations require it. Persons transgressing this regulation are liable to a fine not exceeding 500 roubles or three months' imprisonment. In Denmark the pretty custom is in vogue of exchanging children from city to country during the summer months. The little rusties are cared for and entertained by the parents of the town children, who are strengthened and made happy by the farm life. The exchange affects over 10,000 youngsters from Copenhagen.

### ALL SORTS.

A writer in the Lancet thinks it probable that a female fly might have 25,000,000 descendants in one summer.

Among the marine arthropods life is often prolonged for years. Some of the larger crabs and few species may live on to nearly two decades before attaining their fullest growth.

A certain Hepzibah Merton, in Puritan times, was in the habit of taking two or three dozen apple pies every Saturday, which were to last her family through the week. She placed them in her pantry, labeling one or more for each day in the week. The pantry thus arranged was said to be in apple order.

South Africa is a good market for cement. All public buildings, stores and dwellings are coated with cement. There are few wooden buildings erected. The masons in South Africa are mostly Malays. They are skilled in their trade and do the work neatly. Cement is also largely used in the construction of aqueducts, wharves, chimneys, walls, etc.

A recent judgment of the British court of appeals in the case of the Campania against the bark Emplenton has decided that nine knots is not moderate speed in a fog within the meaning of the admiralty regulations in the case of ocean liners. There was no question about the Campania's having slowed down, but the court held that the speed was excessive.

### PERTAINING TO BRITONS.

There are 40,000 ill and bedridden paupers in English workhouses. Four and one-half million people use London's swimming-baths yearly.

Although there are 214,000 acres of orchards in England, yet Britain buys 100,000 tons of apples abroad in a year.

In Oxfordshire, England, the superstition prevails that the arrival of a German band in a village portends rain.

British rivers and canals carry 35,000,000 tons of merchandise a year, those of France 25,000,000, and of Germany 9,000,000.

The only races whose average height is greater than that of Englishmen are the Patagonians, Polynesians, Iroquois Indians and Kafirs.

The United Kingdom has 36 patent libraries, and between them all they contain less than one-seventh of the patents that have been issued.

At the beginning of June in each year about 300 organ grinders leave Italy for London. They return to their native land in October, and live well for the next eight months, when they again start on their pilgrimage.

### SUMMER SASHES.

Sashes are again to be worn. The old-time Roman striped affair with fringed ends will be seen with the all-white muslin dresses.

Some sashes are fringed, others are hemstitched, and the ends of some are trimmed with lace and insertion.

All the delicate colors are seen in sashes and the ribbon has the soft, satiny finish called pastel last season, the only difference being that both sides are of the same color. These sashes fasten in a light rosette at the back and hang in long ends, reaching to the skirt hem.

### CONCERNING THE TEETH.

In Bavaria only five per cent. of the army recruits have sound teeth. A German physician, Dr. Brubacher, declares that 72.5 per cent. of dyspeptics have unsound teeth.

Chewing the crust of dry bread is considered by German experts one of the best ways of exercising and preserving the teeth.

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### A Dignitary Relaxes.

"What is your name?" asked the city directory enumerator. "Cotton," answered the man of the house. "Any children?" "Eleven." "I suppose we shall have to let it go," said the enumerator, putting down the figures, "but it looks like padding the census."—Chicago Tribune.

### Merely an Optimist.

"No," said the business man, "I never lie about my business. It doesn't pay." "But how about your advertising man?" "At this he became thoughtful. "He deserves the bargains and opportunities as he sees them" he replied. "If he has a falling, it is optimism—nothing more."—Chicago Post.

### The Tramp's Epitaph.

Beneath this stone, forever laid, There rests a life-long prowler. The only work he ever did Was when he worked the growler. —Judge.

### JUST BEFORE THE QUARREL.

Hetty—Jack called last evening, and I think he had been drinking. Betty—Yes, I saw him afterward and he said you looked beautiful. Cincinnati Enquirer.

### Sentiment.

I love the flag—the noble flag. Fair emblem of the free; And next to that the cold-wave flag Is the flag I long to see. —Washington Star.

### "The Sins of the Fathers," Etc.

Tommy (studying his lesson)—I say, pa, where does the Merriam rise and into what sea does it empty? Pa—I don't know, my son. Tommy—You don't know, eh? And to-morrow the teacher will lick me on account of your ignorance. —Harlem Life.

### An Absurd Rivinity.

"When I started out in life I didn't have a dollar to my name," said the man who boasts. "That's nothing," answered the satirical friend, "when I started out I didn't even have all of my name. It was several weeks before I was christened."—Washington Star.

### Thoughtful.

"Charley," said the affectionate little wife, "didn't you tell me those blue chips cost a dollar apiece?" "Yes." "Well, here's a whole box full of all colors that I bought at the bargain counter for 75 cents."—Harlem Life.

### A News Agency.

Mr. House—It doesn't seem to me that our new cook is a great success. Mrs. House—Not as a cook, I grant you; but she has lived in nearly half the families in town and her conversation is so entertaining!—Boston Transcript.

### Enough to Kill.

Doctor—I see what the matter is, it's dyspepsia. All you have to do is to laugh heartily before and after each meal. Mrs. Binks—Impossible. I get them myself, and wash the dishes. —N. Y. Weekly.

### The Difference.

Mrs. Throop (timidly)—But isn't poker an awfully wicked, gambling game? Mrs. McDonough Street—Oh, but we are not going to play it for money—only for a \$50 Tiffany vase as a prize! —Brooklyn Eagle.

### His Taste Has Changed.

Mrs. Benham—You used to say that I was the apple of your eye. Benham—Well, what of it? Mrs. Benham—Nothing; except that you don't seem to care as much for fruit as you once did.—Town Topics.

### No Poetic Flight for Her.

He—Darling, will you place yourself forever in my keeping? She—No; but if you really mean business I'll come down stair and let you in when you can't find the key-hole.—Chicago Record-Herald.

### Happy Combination.

"What a saving of time and other things there would be," remarked the Observer of Events and Things, "if a man could take his first ocean voyage and his first smoke at the same time."—Yonkers Statesman.

### SOLID EARTH ROADS.

Under Favorable Conditions They Are the Most Pleasant for Driving and Best for Horses.

Prof. Charles H. Pettee, of the New Hampshire agricultural college, says: An earth road is one surfaced with a large per cent. of earth, which may be sand, clay, hardpan, loam, or a mixture of some of these. A very common idea of an earth road is one surfaced with the natural material where the road is built. This description, though generally characteristic, does not give the true distinction between these and gravel ones and may convey an entirely wrong impression. The true distinction lies in the predominance of earth over rock or the reverse in the surfacing material. Again, it will be seen that the gravel road is intermediate between the earth and the macadam and that there is no absolute line separating the earth from the gravel or the gravel from the macadam. The latter statement will appear evident if we consider that it makes no difference whether the stone for a macadam road has been prepared by a stone crusher or broken by the processes of nature and deposited in gravel banks during the glacial epoch.

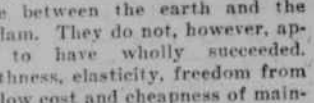
The earth road, under favorable conditions of moisture and repair, is the smoothest, most elastic, and most pleasant for pleasure driving of any in existence. It is safest for horses' feet and, where the natural soil is favorable, is by far the cheapest both as regards construction and repair. On the other hand, if it is an ideal summer road, it is reasonably sure to be muddy and rough for perhaps two months in the spring as well as during the following heavy rains at other seasons. In short, its perfection for all seasons is apparently impossible and it depends upon constant, though inexpensive, attention to minute repairs for its favorable condition during a limited season.

It thus appears that, if we aim at durability, nothing less than a body of rock will keep us up out of the mud in the spring; that this will render the surface too dry for summer, and that the more expensive and more perfect the surface, constructed upon this foundation, the more expensive and more difficult the matter of repair. In the city sprinkling has given greater durability and comfort to the macadam surface, and the heavy expense for construction and maintenance can often be easily borne. In the country these favorable conditions are usually absent. Some have attempted to find in the gravel road the safe middle course between the earth and the macadam. They do not, however, appear to have wholly succeeded. Smoothness, elasticity, freedom from dust, low cost and cheapness of maintenance seem to be thus far more or less incompatible with durability and constancy throughout the year.

### SYPHON FROM WELL.

Saves Lots of Work in the Farm House Where There is Very Little Strength to Spare.

Most farm houses could have a pipe from the well to the kitchen sink, saving an enormous amount of work. If the well is on higher ground than the house, the water



### WHEN THE BEES STING.

Simple Household Remedies That Are Helpful to Reduce Swelling and Relieve Pain.

As the sting of a bee is considered to be acid, an alkali should be employed to relieve it. Ammonia or soft soap would therefore be a good application.

In an emergency any of the following might be helpful to reduce swelling or to relieve pain: Vinegar, olive oil, raw onion, juice made of clay and water, or flour and water, or salt and water, tobacco juice, tincture of arnica, honey or laudanum.

If a person be not exceedingly nervous and excitable, cold water applied constantly to the wound will be a good remedy.

Bee stings are exceedingly dangerous to some people. A well known gentleman was stung by a bee near the base of the brain, and the poison killed him in a few minutes in spite of heroic remedies.

A bee sting about the face is liable to produce large swellings, and they have been known to foster and threaten blood poisoning in a few hours.

Little children are apt to wander about in the weeds where bee stings are located. It is well to keep in mind these and other household remedies in such instances of bee stings.—N. Y. Farmer.