

Every Whig member from Indiana, 2
Every Whig member from Ohio, 10
Every Whig member from Kentucky, 5
Every Whig member from Tennessee, 5

Making a Whig vote 77
BEING EVERY WHIG MEMBER (save one) PRESENT IN CONGRESS from the North and from the South—from the East and from the West, VOTED IN FAVOR OF SUSTAINING THE WHIG TA-KIFF OF 1842, thus noble standing up for the interests of the people, and the great leading principle of the Whig party Protection to American Industry.

Vermont Congressional Vote—Official Count.

1st District: S. Foot	7626
C. K. Field	4981
O. L. Shafer	1119
Scattering	83
Maj. for Foot	1813

The votes of Stamford, Sunderland, Londonderry and Shrewsbury were not returned.

23 District: Jacob Collamer 7118
Le B. Vilas 4525
T. Hutchinson 1189
Scattering 102

Maj. for Collamer 1290
George P. Marsh 6331
John Smith 7343
W. H. French 1357
Scattering 20

Maj. for Marsh 1531
The votes of Waltham, Bolton, Burlington, Bakersfield, Fairfield, and Grand-Isle were not returned.

24 District: P. Dillingham Jr. 6561
G. B. Chandler 5626
G. Putnam 1320
Scattering 54

No election the majority of all voters over Dillingham is 598. The votes of Johnson were not returned.

COL. WEBB AND MR. RUST.—Mr. Rust's claim on the editor of the Courier, on account of a judgment of \$7,300 recovered for a libel in alleging that Mr. Rust was suspected of having been concerned in the robbery of Comery's Express, has been adjusted by an award of Gov. Seward, to whom the matter was referred by the parties, requiring Col. Webb to pay to Mr. Rust's Attorneys (\$1,600).

Shunk's majority less than Four Thousand.

The Pennsylvania (Harrisburgh) Telegraph, of the 16th has official returns from all the counties in the State, except thirteen, and the reported majorities from those. They reduce Shunk's majority, in the entire State, to 4865 (!) in a vote over 800,000. They are as follows:—

40 Counties (official.)	144,645	144,999
13 (un-official majorities.)	700	4,220
Total	145,345	149,219

IRRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.
The Electors of President and Vice President are chosen in each of the States except South Carolina, by the people, by general ticket, on the following days: In November, 14 South Carolina, the Electors are appointed by the Legislature about the 1st of December.

Nov. 1—Pennsylvania 27 Electors, Ohio 21.

Nov. 4—Maine 9, New Hampshire 6, Connecticut 6, Virginia 17, North Carolina 11, Georgia 10, Mississippi 6, Kentucky 12, Alabama 12, Illinois 9, Missouri 7, Michigan 3, Arkansas 3.

Nov. 5—New York 26, New Jersey 12, Louisiana 6, Tennessee 13.

Nov. 7—Rhode Island 4.

Nov. 11—Massachusetts 12, Maryland 6, Alabama 9.

Nov. 12—Vermont 6, Delaware 3.

FIRST GUN FROM TENNESSEE.
On the 28th ult. the charter election in Nashville came off with the following Whig majorities:

On Mayor	138
On Aldermen	316
On Constable	271

Average Whig majority, 262.

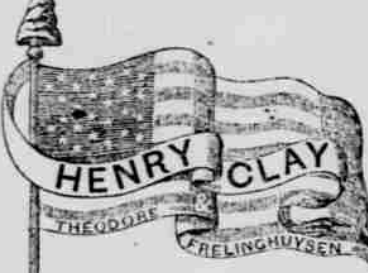
Polk's home. At the election in Columbia, the home of J. K. Polk, the Whigs carried their tickets to one—Whig 68 loco 24.

LOUISIANA.
A correspondent gives us a cheering account of the prospects of the Whig party in this State. A mass meeting was held at Terrebonne, Lafourche, on the 22d ult. to respond to the nominations made at Baton Rouge. Hon. L. Barras presided. At an early hour the people commenced assembling and continued to pour in from every quarter of the Parish till 3 o'clock. Resolutions having been offered by H. C. Thibodeaux, speeches were made by Hon. E. S. Guion, B. G. Thibodeaux, Judge H. Gage, T. C. Nichols and others. The best spirit prevailed, and our correspondent adds the assurance, based on information received from different parts of the State, that Louisiana will cast her vote for Clay & Frelinghuysen. The right men are on the stump, vigorously engaged in arousing and enlightening the people.

PENNSYLVANIA.
The Whigs and Whig presses of Pennsylvania confidently predict a glorious triumph for Mr. Clay in that State, over Mr. Polk. In fact, if Locofoco admissions can be relied on, the Whigs may count upon the vote of Pennsylvania with the most certainty. Locofocoes have all along acknowledged that unless Shunk was elected by eight thousand majority, they would hang their heads upon the willow. They have always claimed from fifteen to twenty-five thousand.

THE GALAXY.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 30, 1844.



WHIG NOMINATIONS.
For Presidential Electors,
JEDEDIAH H. HARRIS, } At large.
JOHN PECK
CALVIN TOWNSLEY, 1st Dis.
CARLOS COOLIDGE, 2d Dis.
BENJAMIN SWIFT, 3d Dis.
ERASTUS FAIRBANKS, 4th Dis.

IN TWELVE DAYS.
FREEMEN OF VERMONT, in twelve days you are to vote the Presidential ticket. In twelve days the Whig Green Mountain forces although recently crowned with a noble victory, must again stand to their arms, and we trust, prove by their augmented numbers, that the triumph of September was but a forerunner of still prouder achievements.—It is not enough for Vermont to win the day. The honor of the State demands that our notes of victory should speak in thunder tones through the Union. Beside so momentous is the crisis, and so much is at stake, that even in Vermont no Whig should consider the election fairly settled until his vote is placed in the ballot box. Nothing should be trusted to chance. In the face of a foe so desperate and unscrupulous so unremitted on the alert and so cunning in expedients, apathy may be followed by defeat. Every day increases the evidences of a coalition between Birney men and Locofoco.

The possibility of such an unholy alliance should keep every Whig upon the qui vive. So greedy is the Locofocery of the Union for spoil that they are ever ready to win back their disastrous way by pledges of the most audacious and enormous character. WHIGS OF VERMONT, then do your whole duty. Never think all is well until each man has done all that can be done. In this very heyday of our confidence remember that without constant activity, vigilance and organization the sceptre may fall from your hands. Then brethren of the good Whig faith are you READY, ye ALL READY? Is each guarded-quarter safe?

Is every town in the County ORGANIZED by the appointment of Committees of school districts? And if not so organized let this duty be speedily performed. Have these Committees a list of every Whig within their precincts, and also of others of our Democratic and Abolition neighbors, who are accessible by the powerful arguments that may be addressed to them. Such men should be sedulously attended to. How many are for Whig protection who have been swayed into the belief that Polk is in favor of protection?—Let every man esteem it his duty to make one Whig convert at least. Carry the arguments about protection home to the understandings of these doubters, and that other great truth, that Texas, Polk and Annexation are synonymous, and many will vote for HENRY CLAY or remain at home.

WORK THEN WHIGS. Mass Meetings have mostly passed by. Private arguments and discussion are to be resorted to. Work at the counter, in the shop, beside the bench of the artisan, among operatives of every occupation, and at last see that everything is so arranged that not a single Whig voter is left at home on election days. And will not religious men and our Quaker friends who have hitherto shrunk from a contact with politics, now be convinced of their duty to put in their votes against the reign of an immoral disorganizing party, who have so repeatedly trampled the liberties the laws and the Constitution in the dust. Let them be convinced that a real and not a manufactured crisis has arrived when they must interpose to avert the dead ruin of national prosperity, and prevent the rule of rogues, royalists and spoilers in the government of the country.

BIRNEY AT ALBANY.
There is no doubt that Birney is bound hand and foot in a coalition with the Locofoco party, and that his journey to the East is to secure the purpose of this unholy alliance. We take the following from the Albany Eve Journal:

James G. Birney, the Locofoco candidate for Representative in Saginaw county, Michigan, made his first appearance for the season before an Albany audience last evening. Curiosity to hear what Mr. Birney had to say in defence of his recent endorsement of the Polk and Texas flag drew a large number to the City Hall. Mr. Birney, instead of following Roorback of the Argus and denouncing his own nomination as a "Whig trick," made a clean breast of it, admitting that he was the candidate of the Locofoco of Saginaw county and avowing his determination to stand the nomination. Mr. Birney occupied most of the evening in attacking Mr. Clay and soft-sapping Mr. Polk and the Locofoco party. He declared himself to be a "democrat" of the strictest sect, and satisfied every one who heard him that he was, at heart, most anxious to see the Polk and Texas party triumph over the Whigs.

Mr. Birney met with occasional interruptions in the course of his address. After he had talked a long time against Mr. Clay, a Whig present desired that he would touch up

Mr. Polk a little. But this Mr. Birney hadn't the heart to do. At the close of B's remarks, "three cheers for Birney" were given by the officers of the meeting, and "three cheers for Polk" by some twenty Locofoco Sympathizers. Hereupon "three cheers for Clay" were called for and given, again and again, till the building seemed fairly to shake with the vigorous and enthusiastic shouts of the assemblage. Upon the whole we think that Mr. Birney's labors here, in behalf of the Polk and Texas candidate, have not been very effective.

Birney's acceptance of a Locofoco Nomination for the Legislature promises to give us the Electoral Vote of Michigan. Our cause was jeopardized in that State by Abolition, a large number of Whigs have taken ground for the Liberty Ticket. But they did not, in leaving the Whig party, intend to be transferred over to Locofocoism. Nor will they rally such a bargain, even though one of the contracting parties be their candidate for President. The idea of voting for Mr. Birney as an Abolition Candidate for President and at the same time voting for the same Mr. Birney as a Locofoco candidate for the Legislature, is too preposterous for intelligent, independent FREEMEN.

Mr. James G. Birney says he shall hold on to his Locofoco nomination for the Legislature, "in spite of imitations here or elsewhere." This is high ground, especially for the man who vilifies John Quincy Adams for not being a true friend of Emancipation.

MR. BIRNEY'S VERACITY.
Those who read this Journal will bear witness that it has never spoken disrespectfully or reproachfully, either of Mr. James G. Birney, Gerrit Smith, Alvan Stuart, or other Abolitionists. Claiming to prize Human Liberty as highly, and abhorring Human Slavery as sincerely as they do, we have not been convinced that it was our duty to abandon all else to embark with them politically. But we have never assailed the character or impugned the motives of those who have thus felt and acted.

It is, however, now our imperative duty to exhibit Mr. Birney to the People as a man who has not only sacrificed his principles, but of impeached veracity. And we summon Mr. Birney himself to the stand as the witness to prove these charges against himself. In a letter to the Editor of the Tribune dated Oct. 8, he says:—
"If I have been nominated for the Legislature of Michigan by the Democrats of the county in which I reside, it has been since I left home. My relations to the Liberty party and my uncompromising opposition to both the other parties is as well understood there as elsewhere. If, then, I have been nominated by any portion of my countrymen, it has been neither as a democrat nor as a whig. But as I have received no official or authoritative notification of such nomination it would be premature in me now to take any farther notice of it. Respectfully, &c."
JAMES G. BIRNEY.

This Letter was regarded as a denial, and claimed to be a denial, of any knowledge of his nomination. It does not say directly that he had no knowledge before he left home, of the intention of the Locofoco to nominate him; but it was designed to convey and did convey that idea. Its duplicity, therefore, is as dishonest as a direct falsehood would have been. In Mr. Birney's missive "To the Liberty Party," dated Boston, Oct. 15, he says:—
TO THE LIBERTY PARTY.
BOSTON, Oct. 15, 1844.

"You have learned that I have been nominated for the House of Representatives of the Michigan Legislature, by the democrats of the county in which I reside. No Liberty party organization has been formed in that county. The nomination has no relation to party measures, but was prompted by considerations of local interest. My neighbors were told that, if elected, I would serve the county, whether I were nominated by the Democratic Convention, or by the Whig Convention, or by seceders from both these parties. So convinced were they, that I would consider myself as representing the People, and not a party. Nododge of party service was proposed—none was given. I expect to be voted for by Whigs as well as by Democrats. I have just received a letter from a Whig of Saginaw county, assuring me that such would be the case."

Here is a distinct admission that he was consulted about the nomination before he left home, and that he agreed to accept it. And yet he professes in his Letter to Mr. Greeley, to have no "authoritative" knowledge of such a nomination and even to doubt its having been made! With the knowledge which he now admits he had, before he left home, of the nomination given to him immediately thereafter, no honest, fair-minded man could have written the Letter of the 8th inst to the Editor of the Tribune. So much for Mr. Birney's veracity.

And now to his abandonment of principle.—He is the Candidate of the Liberty Party for President. That party is pledged to vote the Liberty Ticket only. And when this fidelity to abolition is required of the Members of that Party, what should be the conduct of their Leader? When Whig Abolitionists are called upon and expected to crucify all their political affections and to disregard the momentous issues involved in this great national conflict, what should be the conduct of their Presidential Candidate? Should not the man for whom they give up so much, be true himself? While Whig Abolitionists are required to give up the Tariff, to assume the debt of Texas, and take the chances of a War, by throwing away their votes upon Mr. Birney, is Mr. Birney at liberty to accept a nomination from the Locofoco Party?

Mr. Birney says that his nomination has no relation to party Measures. "Then what right has he to take it? Is he not pledged to the 'Liberty Party'?" If, as he now says, he is a "no party man," why should thousands of Abolitionists throw away their votes.—The Elective Franchise is too precious for that.—Had Mr. Birney continued faithful they would have stood by him. He has not only abandoned them, and they will leave him to his fate. He has not only abandoned but insulted and defied them! Yes he is not content in trifling with the suffrages of

the devoted men who rallied around him, but he uses the language of defiance! After admitting that he received and should accept a Locofoco Legislative Nomination, Mr. Birney says:—
"I shall stand in the position I have taken—equally prepared to resist the shock of open enemies, or the panic of real friends."
JAMES G. BIRNEY.
Albany Eve Jour.

NEW TRICK.
It is very difficult to lash the Locofoco editors and leaders through all the subterfuges of deception to which they resort to prevent their followers from sinking into absolute discrepancy which would be the result of a correct estimate of their chances of success, in the Presidential contest. The nearly certain States for the Whigs they set down doubtful. Those States where Clay has more than an equal chance they make sure of for themselves, and of those States where they have but an equal chance they are absolutely certain. In the mean time the columns of their papers, one filled with the most stupendous chauncelings, & delusive comparisons of losses and gains. Every thing is claimed and nothing conceded even in the face of the most indisputable evidence of success to their opponents where a shadow of hope remains for them.

They have recently invented a new method of deception, which consists in representing the Whigs in utter despondence in relation to States where they entertain in reality the most lively hopes of a sweeping victory. This is their game in relation to the States of Pennsylvania, Virginia and New York. When so much is at stake who can suppress solicitude, and yet no intelligent Whig has ever entertained a reasonable doubt that all these States will cast their votes for Henry Clay.

Every hour confirms our most decided belief that this will be the glorious result, at least as to Virginia and New York. In our humble opinion these States are as safe for Henry Clay as many of the States which have already shown their preferences for him in their preliminary elections. Says the reliable Richmond Whig, "Virginia is for Clay? We will not give you Locofoco proof! We demand to be believed because heretofore even our enemies will confess we have voluntarily deceived no man."

Why should any gallant Whig waiver for a moment? and why is it that some of our hysterical brethren will place more confidence in a gasconading loco paper, than in the honest representations of their own journals. Believing with the most sagacious Whigs in the country who have the best opportunities of forming a correct judgement, we make ourselves perfectly easy that Clay will succeed at all events, and probably by the votes of New-York, Virginia and Pennsylvania. A victory in either of these States will be sufficient, while a loss of either to our opponents will be a certain defeat. Away then with your Gasterdy inquietude and fears. Give them to the winds, and go to the ballot box on the 12th full of hope in an overwhelming victory! The Locofocoes are the tremblers! Silas Wright after three times positively refused to be a candidate would not have at last acceded to the wishes of the affrighted locofocoeers had not the party considered his nomination as the last hope of success! Even now he dare not resign his seat in the Senate.

Polk, Polk, Polk, for PROTECTION.
Will our readers notice in the columns of our first page the exposition of Mr. Polk's votes and opinions in connection with the Tariff. If that is there stated about Mr. Polk is true, he is a deadly foe to a Protective Tariff, in principle, practice and profession. And that the statements are true it is utterly impossible for any intelligent and fair-minded man to doubt, if he will give them even a passing investigation.

Thousands upon Thousands of Whigs in NEW YORK!!
"Tuesday last week was a proud day for the Whigs of New York. The extensive preparations made for the mighty Mass Meeting were only equalled by the Thousands and tens of Thousands assembled from City and County. Boston, Rhode Island, Connecticut and New Jersey sent their multitudinous delegations to meet more multitudinous delegations from the river Counties. Gorgeous banners floated in all the public places in the City. A mighty procession was formed and terminated its march at the Park and its gathering thousands found themselves in the area in front of the City Hall where three stands for Speakers had been erected. Cassius M. Clay was among the most distinguished and applauded Speakers.

THE ELECTION.
Presidential electors are chosen on Friday next, Nov. 1st, in Pennsylvania and Ohio; on Nov. 4th, in Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Arkansas, Missouri, Kentucky, Georgia, Virginia, Maine, New Hampshire and Connecticut; Nov. 5th, in New York, Louisiana and Tennessee; New Jersey Nov. 5th, 6th and 7th, Rhode Island 6th; Massachusetts Nov. 11th; Vermont and Delaware Nov. 12th; North Carolina Nov. 14th.

Arkansas.
The New Orleans papers of the 17th inst., seem to confirm the news of probable result of this election published by us yesterday. We give it as we have it.

Capt. Worman, of the steamboat Louis Philippe, direct from Little Rock, reports that every county in the State has been heard from, and that the Whig candidate for Governor was elected by 269 majority. Also that the Whig candidate for

Congress, David Walker, was probably elected. We understand further, by a gentleman of Arkansas, who is in our city, that when he left no doubt was entertained from the returns received, that the Whigs had carried the State.

PENNSYLVANIA.
We stated last week that Shunk's majority in Pennsylvania was about 5,000. It turns out to be not over 4,500. Later accounts than the following say less than 4,500.
The official returns of this election give Shunk, the Dem. candidate for Governor, 160,950 votes, Markle, Whig, 156,562—Shunk's majority in the State, 4,387.—Albany Daily.

All Hail Baltimore!
700 WHIG GAIN IN 3 WEEKS.
The Locos have founded a feeble claim to the Electoral vote of Maryland upon the small Whig majority for Pratt. But the issue of the mayoralty election in Baltimore is a wet blanket to all their hopes. This occurred on Monday, last week, and resulted in the success of the Locofoco candidate, by a falling off of the Locofoco majority at the State election of seven hundred and twenty-two votes. At the State election the Locos carried the City by 1,222 majority. Now they carry it by only 498. The result of this election establishes the charge upon the Locos of illegal and fraudulent votes beyond controversy.

C. K. LEWIS' EXPRESS.
By the politeness of C. K. Lewis the conductor of the Package Express between Boston via Middlebury to Montreal, we have been furnished with Wilmer and Smith's European Times printed at Liverpool. This enterprise of Mr. Lewis is about to become a great convenience to the people on the line. We are thus every week enabled to send to Boston for supplies or the execution of commissions which cannot be done in the country, by a prompt and trusty agent.

The chief article of intelligence in the Times is an account of the great Repeal Banquet to O'Connell and the Traverses, which took place on the 20th ult. in the Music Hall in Dublin. Multitudes of Irish Dignitaries in Church and State were present. After the customary toasts had been gone through, the health of Mr. O'Connell and the repeal of the Union were given from the chair. Mr. O'Connell's reply in substance was a call upon every man of every creed and set in Ireland to rally for Ireland. Ireland he said, must rise and shall rise. She must be the sister and coequal with England and not her slave. Ireland must take her measures to obtain Legislative independence. That is the repeal of the Union, and the restoration of the Irish Parliament. He announced his intention of redoubling every effort for this purpose.

Our attention has been called to the following errors in our printing of the Governor's Message, viz:
1st Paragraph, 1st Column, for exercises read exercise.
2d Paragraph, 1st Column, insert the before social organization.
11th Par. 3d Col. for "spared one or two more years," read "spared over &c."
13th Par. 3d Col. for "the extreme of that cure," read "the exercise of that cure."
1st Par. 4th Col. for "the exactions of unlawful interests" read "exactions of unlawful interest."
4th Par. 4 Col., insert "I cannot," before "deem my duty discharged."
6th Par. 7th Col., insert the word "prosecutions" so as to make the sentence read, "and the result, that, in practice prosecutions for such offences are instituted, &c."
4 Par. 7 Col., for "an authorized admission of a new State is nothing less than an attempt to make a new confederacy," read "an unauthorized admission" &c.
5th Par. 7th Col., for "whether they shall be slave or all free States," read "whether they shall be slave or all free States."
6th Par. 8th Col., for "tenants of the mountains," read "tenants of these mountains."
Last Paragraph 8th Col., for "they are evidently great dangers to be encountered" read "there are evidently," &c.
2d Par. 1st Col. for, "what will work no deliverance kinder from the evils of slavery, or any over heated zeal for its abolition," read, "That will work no deliverance either from the evils of slavery or an over heated zeal" &c.
4th Par. 1st Col., insert, "of our strength at home," after "of our origin—of our history."

CORRECTION.
THE SHEEP CHALLENGE.
In Mr. Bingham's communication last week there were two or three typographical errors. 1st, "fairly of Merino blood," should read "purity, &c." Also, "health and compactness of wool," should be "soft &c." Mr. Bingham also to make the competition more easy, will allow that two hundred sheep up to a thousand, instead of three hundred of the present flock of the owner may be offered. By the expression "present flock," Mr. Bingham intends to be understood a flock owned by the competitor at the time of the challenge given.

THE "VOICE OF FREEDOM."
The tone of this Third Party organ recent, is most decidedly Anti-Clay and Anti-Tariff. The disease of Locofocism the last week seems to have infected nearly every column of that print. The same may be said of every third party journal that has for a long time met our eye. With Birney at their head their mercenary and in many cases ignorant conductors, are the mere panders to a party whose principles and policy would destroy all the great interests of the country and just as certainly annex Texas and strengthen and probably forever perpetuate slavery as Mr. Clay is defeated, and this deadly and destructive Locofocery succeeds. But there is scarcely a doubt of their discom-

ture, and the overthrow of their free trade and slaveocratic allies. We are and ever have been the firm friend of Abolition. But we cannot help the conviction that honest as we believe the great body of the Third party men to be their leaders are at least as corrupt and mercenary as they represent the horrid Whig party against which they are daily hurling their groundless and savage abuse.

MILLERISM.
A more frantic and ungodlike fanaticism than the Miller excitement never infected this credulous world. The repeated refutations which time has given to its errors has not cured its followers of their insane delusion.
Twice or thrice before this, has the period been irreversibly fixed for the Second Coming of Christ. As many times the prophesy has mocked its unhappy believers. But at last the 22d or 23d of the present month was finally to verify the fatal vision. But on each of these days the sun arose with its usual brilliancy, and the poor old doomed earth continued to wheel unscathed upon its axis.

But alas, the failure of the prophesy will not remedy its disastrous effects upon the community. The public Journals from all quarters are loaded with accounts of the insane proceedings of the poor victims of the delusion.
We regret to be obliged to record that the enlightened County of Addison has been partially infected with this strange infatuation. In some towns we learn that men and women have broken away from all parental ties, forsaken their homes, and resorted to places of public worship, where they have remained two or three days, shouting with joy, weeping with grief, and trembling with terror in anticipation of the certain approach of the awful catastrophe. Parents have arisen at midnight, gone to some stream, and immersed their children. In Bristol we learn that men and women ascended the Mountains in the rear of the town where they remained all night praying and filling the air with their terrific shouts at the appearance of the Northern Lights which they mistook for the Saviour coming in the clouds. In Addison we are told the adventurers built fires on Snake Mountain around which they encamped preparatory to the accomplishment of their strange forebodings. One farmer in Waltham refused to gather his crops which his more prudent neighbors were obliged to do for him! Another inhabitant of the same town indignantly threw away his pocket book containing money and notes to the amount of \$400: a woman in Vergennes consigned to the flames a valuable dress and shawl, never expecting again to need such expensive finery.

Should this last great failure of Millerism by the lapse of time fail to extinguish the baleful excitement as we trust it will, would it not be the duty of magistrates to interpose and put an end to its melancholy effects upon the peace of society. The wretchedness it has already wrought is scarcely to be imagined, and if now the good people will not resume their reason, and return to their usual occupations as good and orderly citizens and Christians when can so desirable an event be expected.
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
In the report of premiums one or two omissions occurred on account of the confused manner in which the reports were made.
The report on Swine was indeed not handed in at the time. Messrs. Douglas and Mathews of Cornwall obtained premiums on Sows instead of Boars as stated, and Mr. Horatio Plumley of Middlebury, who presented the only Boar exhibited, was recommended for a premium on the ground that the animal was highly meritorious. Also Mr. Marvin North of Shoreham obtained the first premium on the best two year old Colt, and Mr. D. P. Pond of Weybridge in the 2d do.

Ohio.

Philadelphia	107
Alleghany	350
Bever	600
Mercer	1000
Indiana	300
Washington	800
Butler	130

We have no returns from Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Erie, and Elk counties, which will increase this vote considerably.
The Birney Abolitionists here, too, have played into the hands of Polk!

THE LIBERTY PARTY.
The following is the reported vote for F. Julius Lemoyne, the Liberty candidate for Governor in this State, as far as is heard from:

Philadelphia	107
Alleghany	350
Bever	600
Mercer	1000
Indiana	300
Washington	800
Butler	130

We have no returns from Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Erie, and Elk counties, which will increase this vote considerably.
The Birney Abolitionists here, too, have played into the hands of Polk!

Rail-Road.
Mr. Tracy the Chief Surveyor of the route from Bellows Falls to Burlington, is in Middlebury. The survey has been completed to a mile or two this side of Salisbury. Another surveyor is proceeding from Burlington in this direction. Mr. Tracy pronounces the whole route the most easy, cheap and practicable of any he has ever been acquainted with. Expense of embankment and excavation comparatively moderate, and the expense per mile less than any route of the same distance in any portion of the country.

Birney again.
The Detroit Advertiser says, "by a letter from a gentleman of the highest standing at Saginaw, the Locos have issued a handbill calling another meeting at that place to counteract the facts that have gone abroad relative to the nomination of Mr. Birney by the Democratic party. This cannot be done. The facts are incontrovertible that Mr. Birney sought the nomination from the Democratic

SHUNK IN THE MINORITY. The Whig vote and the Abolition vote together, in Pennsylvania, will probably leave Shunk in a minority, in the popular vote. The Abolition vote will probably be six or eight thousand.

Mrs. JOE SMITH—GRAND DECISIONS OF THE FORTUNE.—A correspondent at Albany, after stating that the recent murder of Joe Smith has been followed by a dispersion of his followers, gives the following interesting items:—
Mrs. Joe Smith, it is said, has lost all confidence (if she ever had any) in the Mormon faith. She will soon retire to some secure situation, undoubtedly the richest lady in the West. Joe had been amassing money for several years for the purpose of essentially going to Jerusalem, intending to issue a proclamation calling in the Jews, over whom he was to be head till the return of Christ upon the earth—which event he believed would take place 45 years from 1844.
With reference to this expedition he was crowned "King of Israel" in 1844. By the Council of Fifty, denominated the "Ancient of Days." The fifty were all sworn to secrecy. I had the fact from one who assisted at the coronation—divulged since Joe's death. This was the prophet's grand design; and had it been generally known, would, perhaps, have saved our State from the disgrace and infamy of perpetrating so foul a murder." This fact affords a key to certain other movements of the prophet, which are otherwise wholly inexplicable.—*New Bedford Bulletin.*
ARREST OF ILLEGAL VOTERS.—Nearly 70 persons have been arrested in Baltimore for illegal voting.

party, pledged himself to support Democratic men and measures and further pledged himself if elected not to discuss the subject of Abolition in the Legislature." These pledges were made by the gentleman of "truth and veracity" alluded to in the handbill as was understood in behalf of Mr. B. This we shall show by an affidavit sworn to by an unimpeachable witness next week. If Birney has deserted the standard of Liberty, let his followers desert him. The proofs are daily multiplying of his unscrupulous and even the mercenary spirit of this man. Birney is for himself. He is no longer an exclusive Abolition candidate. His proclivity to Locofocoism is apparent.—He has deserted his colors.

WHIGS AROUSE!
There will be a Meeting of the Young Men's Club at the Town Room on Wednesday, the 6th of November, at 6 o'clock P. M. The meeting will be addressed by the Hon. S. S. PHELPS and other friends of the cause.
WHIGS OF MIDDLEBURY!
AROUSE, shake your garments and prepare for the battle! The enemy count much on your ease & lethargy. Disappoint their expectations, show them that you believe your cause is just—prove to them that your union is perfect.
WHIGS OF ADDISON COUNTY.
You are respectfully and earnestly invited to

ATTEND!
C. G. WAINWRIGHT Sec.
Oct. 29th, 1844.

IMPORTANT FROM PENNSYLVANIA.
An intelligent hand, which compiles election returns for the American press, says:—
"We are satisfied, from a careful comparison we have made of the votes for members of Congress with those for Governor, as far as received, that the majority on these tickets against the Locofoco party will exceed 3,000, exclusive of the Abolition vote, which will of course place the Locofoco tickets still further in the minority."
We give the votes of the Governor and Congress tickets in the few counties which have reached us, exclusive of the city and county of Philadelphia.

County	Whig	Loco	Gov.	L.
Delaware	1957	1454	2069	1433
Montgomery	4209	5239	4341	5301
Lehigh	2236	2988	2629	2629
Lancaster	3860	5086	3513	5382
Northampton	2459	3163	2455	3166
Clinton	5	5	134	134
Lycoming	5	227	655	655
Northumberland	703	703	856	856
Union	1036	944	944	579
Armstrong	54	143	338	338
Butler	54	143	338	338
Clearfield	54	143	338	338
Indian	54	143	338	338

22,095 18,365 20,141 18,473
Whig majority on Governor ticket, 1399
" " Congress ticket, 9291
Difference in the majorities, 7892
Now, were we to add to this difference all the Atlas wishes to force upon the Whigs, that is, the entire Native vote it would increase the Governor majority to 2072; nearly double Shunk's majority in the State. Here are the figures:
Congress Governor
W. L. W. L.
15 Cos. above, 22,095 18,365 20,141 18,473
Philadelphia 107
City and Co. 26,203 14,607 23,420 17,405
45,298 32,972 43,561 35,878
Whig and Native majority on Gov. 72221
" " Congress, 15,221
Difference in majorities, 57000

But setting aside this last statement, and confining ourselves entirely to the first, we have a gain in 11 counties of 2422 on the Congress vote over the Governor vote. These counties do not comprise one fourth of the State. The N. Y. American estimates it at 3000.
These figures cannot be gainsaid. They show that upon the National Question, (in reference to which the Congress ticket can truly be said to apply) the Whigs are in a majority in the State.
Pennsylvania, on the 1st November, will cast its electoral vote for CLAY and FRELINGHUYSEN.

THE LIBERTY PARTY.
The following is