Congressional News.

WASHINGTON, April 1.

SENATE.

Mr. Mrson, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported a Joint Resolution amending the Act of March, 1855, to remodel the Diplomatic and Consular system of the United States. He explained that the resolution proposed to change that feature of the Act which seemed to make it mandatory on the President to elevate all our Foreign Ministers Resident to Ministers Plenipotentiary, and to fix the salary of each mission. Congress had no power to command, but could only recommend this to the President.

The Resolution was adopted.

Mr. Clayton resumed his remarks on the action of the Naval Board, and in order to prove that it was no disgrace to officers to be placed on the retired list, mentioned the fact that in England the heroes of the Nile and Trafalgar were relieved from actual service, and received less pay than officers of the same grade on our retired list. He replied to Mr. Houston's attacks on Com. Pendergrast, Capt. Dupont, and other naval officers.

Mr. Bell of Tenn. sustained, in the main, the proceedings of the Board, and and earnestly defended Lieut. Maury from charges made in Mr. Clayton's speech.

Mr. Fitzpatrick asked Mr. Bell to give way for a motion to adjourn.

Mr. Clayton—I hope the Senator will finish now.

Mr. Bell—I shall finish at some time. (Laughter.)

Mr. Clayton—(Earnestly.) The attack has been made and I have a right to answer now.

Mr. Mason—I move the Senate adjourn.

Mr. Clayton—(Excitedly.) No adjournment; I am not bound to listen to the insolence of that man; it is unjust, sir. (Sensation.)

Mr. Mason—I call the Senator to order.

The President rapped briskly with his hammer in the mean time.

Mr. Bell—Let him go on with his insolence. I have heard of that gentleman before (pointing significantly with his finger at Mr. Clayton).

While they were thus engaged in colloquy, the Chair put the question and declared the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Among the reports from standing committes were bills establishing additional land districts in Kansas and Nebraska.

Ten thousand copies of the Central American correspondence, together with that between the United States and Great Britain on the Arbitration and Enlistment questions were ordered to be printed; also, the same number of copies of the document on the commercial relations of the United States with all foreign nations, statistics, comparative tariffs, &c.

The bill appropriating $300,000 for restoring and maintaining the peaceable disposition of the Indian tribes on the Pacific coast, and $120,000 for the purchase of gunpowder, was passed.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the President's Message and Mr. Warner vindicated the rights of the South in the common territories of the United States.

Mr. Allison spoke in opposition to the extension of Slavery. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, April 2.

SENATE.

The Kansas resolution was postponed.

Mr. Fessenden spoke on the Bulwer-Clayton treaty, in opposition to harsh measures, and in favor of setling the differences between this government and Great Britain by negotiation.

Mr. Cass argued that we should take a decided stand for the maintenance of our rights.

Mr. Seward reported the House resolution for the enlargement of the Custom House, Post Office and Federal Court Buildings at Buffalo. Passed.

Mr. Mason, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported a joint resolution, to permit Dr. Kane and the officers associated with him in the expedition in the Arctic Seas, to accept such tokens of acknowledgement therefor as the government of Great Britain may please to present, in accordance with its wishes on the subject.

Mr. Cass hoped the resolution would be immediately passed.

Mr. Crittenden was quite willing that all proper acknowledgement should be given to Dr. Kane, but he thought it a bad precedent to depart from ancient usage.

Mr. Seward inquired whether, under the resolution, a title of nobility could not be conferred on Dr. Kane?

Mr. Mason had no idea that the British Government would think of offering an acknowledgement of that kind, which it might well suppose would be unwelcome to a citizen of the United States.

Mr. Seward desired to express in behalf of Mr. Henry Grinnell of New York, who furnished the funds with which the expedition was prosecuted with so much energy, and with so many sacrifices, and such great results, his hope that the resolution would be adopted.

Mr. Bayard opposed the resolution.

Mr. Mason admitted the wisdom of the provision in the Constitution relative to the reception of presents from foreign governments, but as that instrument has reserved to Congress discretionary powers in the matter, they could determine whether this was not a proper occasion to make an exception to the general rule. He cited the case of Lieut. Murray, who was permitted to receive a gold medal from the King of Sweden.

Mr. Butler could not vote for the resolution, unless he knew what the British government intended to give Kane.

The further consideration of the subject was postponed.

The three million Armament bill was then taken up.

Mr. Fessenden, in allusion to the enlistment question, expressed the opinion that Mr. Crampton ought to be dismissed because, after the publication of the official correspondence, it is impossible that he can receive that respect which he entertained for the representative of a foreign power. Speaking of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, he censured Senators for taking so much pains to prove that Great Britain has no good title in Central America; for if our construction of that treaty is correct, it makes not the least difference whether her title is good or bad, or whether she has any at all, since she had abandoned it all, be it more or less. A regular neglect to carry out treaty stipulations, although involving a desecration of faith, does not necessarily justify war. Great Britain does not pretend to interfere with our rights, nor anything conflicting with our interests; and we should wait until she gives occasion before we interpose in Central American affairs. If we expel her in that quarter, not one foot of the territory will be ours; we have no claim to it. As to giving a year's notice to Great Britain to vacate, and in the meantime to prepare for war, he was opposed to it.

Mr. Cass said he had watched the manifestations of public sentiment in England, and he could see no use in continually protesting, unless some more definite action be taken. He did not suppose England would retract at all, and it was not probable she would declare war against us. Why should she, when she has got all she wants?

The true question is, what ought we to do? Shall we continue to submit, or shall we take a decided stand, that we will enforce and maintain our rights.—Great Britain has changed her grounds three times in regard to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty; as fast as she is driven from one untenable position, she takes refuge in another.

Mr. Butler gave notice that he should discuss the bill as a war measure.

The further consideration of the subject was postponed.

Mr. Bell of Tenn. alluded to the rupture between himself and Senator Clayton, yesterday. He regretted the occurrence, as it resulted from a misapprehension on his part. If the Senator from Delaware shall say he did not mean to be personally offensive in his remarks relative to Lieut. Maury, he was prepared to make the *amende honorable.*

A voice—That's right.

General good humor prevalent.

Mr. Bell, resuming, wished however to have it understood that without such disclaimer on the part of the Senator, it was no bargain.

A voice—that's fair.

Mr. Clayton replied—He did not doubt the fact that the senator, with himself, regretted the disagreeable occurrence, especially as it originated in a misapprehension. He (Mr. Clayton) confessed that he felt warmly on that occasion, and was sorry for its exhibition. He could not bear malice after the frank and manly explanation of the Senator from Tennessee, and he was glad to renew the friendship existing between them for more than twenty years. He tendered him his hand with all his heart. Adjourned.

HOUSE.

The entire session was occupied in the consideration of the Senate's amendments to the West Point, pension, and deficiency appropriation bills, without coming to any conclusion thereon. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, April 3.

SENATE.

Mr. Collamer (Kansas affairs being under consideration) argued to show that by the practical construction of the Constitution, Congress never submitted the question of freedom or slavery to the people of the Territories, and insisted that Congress had the power to legislate thereon. He defended the Emigrant Aid Societies, and read from South Carolina papers to show that the South had adopted similar measures, thus entering into competition with the North, which was altogether proper. Without concluding, he yielded to a motion to adjourn. Adjourned.

HOUSE.

The House was engaged in considering the Senate's amendments to the Deficiency Appropriation Bill. Proceedings uninteresting. Adjourned.

Foreign News.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Peace is considered as virtually concluded, and the arrival of the Prussian Plenipotentiary was alone awaited to sign the protocol.

A son is born to the Emperor and Empress of France.

The British Parliament was not in session, owing to the Easter recess.—Nothing has transpired respecting American affairs.

Nothing has been heard of the Pacific.

The birth of an heir to the Bonaparte line is the cause of much outward signs of rejoicing in France, and even in England.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

The Peace conference has been awaiting the arrival of Baron Manteuffel, who has now arrrived in Paris. The Plenipotentiaries have held no meeting since last advices, and matters remain precisely as they were. Peace is now considered a certainty, and it is expected that the Protocol will be signed in a few days. Secresy as to the proceedings are still observed.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Parliament has adjourned over the Easter holidays.

Mr. Dallas has proceeded to London.

Mr. Buchanan has taken formal leave of the Queen. Lord Palmerston accompanied Mr. Buchanan, and, in this act the English papers see an indication that the Premier desires to stand well with the United States.

The King of Belgium has arrived in London, to attend the confirmation of his god-daughter, the Princess Royal, the Queen's eldest daughter.

The young Prince of Prussia, son to the heir of the throne, is about to revisit England, with a view to be betrothed to the said Princess Royal. Last year, when this youth came on the same errand, the British press scouted the alliance, but times have changed since then.

A deputation of the friends of Poland waited on Lord Palmerston, and presented a memorial, begging him to give instructions to the British Plenipotentiary at Paris to insist on the restoration of Poland. Palmerston merely replied that the subject should have the consideration of the government.

A verdict of murder has been returned by a Coroner's jury in the case of Drove, charged with having poisoned his wife with strychnine. This case is remarkable from the medical testimony that strychnine can be detected with certainty a considerable time after death.

SPAIN.—Accounts from Manila state that brigands were scouring the country, and spreading incendiary proclamations against the Spanish.

SWITZERLAND.—The Ticinese Gazette announces that the ratifications of the commercial treaty between Great Britain and Switzerland were exchanged at Berne on the 6th.

All is quiet politically in the Republic.

ITALY.—The Minister of War at Turlu has, by a dispatch of the 19th ult., authorized the commander-in-chief of the Sardinian forces in the Crimea to grant leave of absence for 40 days in certain specific cases, to the officers and soldiers under his orders.

PRUSSIA.—A dispatch by telegraph from Berlin mentions that M. de Heydt is to discharge the duties of President of the Council during the absence of the Baron de Manteuffel. M. de Ballou will take the temporary charge of the Foreign Department.

The Baron Zedlitz has been officially appointed Director General of Police, in place of M. Henkeldy. A subscription has been opened for the widow and seven children of the late director, 4000 thalers were immediately put down by three or four wealthy individuals belonging to the Bourse. In a short space of time the subscription reached 10,000 thalers.—The Journals of the Cross, or Federal party, are laboring to represent the duel as the result of a private quarrel.

The slightest ill-timed incident might produce the most disastrous effects in the present excited state of the populace and middle classes of Berlin.

The late unhappy event has produced a general sympathy with the King, who is supposed to be thwarted by the nobles.

LATEST.—The tenth meeting of the Plenipotentiaries was held on Tuesday, the 18th, and the Prussian representatives took their seats. The eleventh meeting was to take place on Thursday, the 20th; and it was rumored that Peace would be signed on Saturday, the 22d, or on Monday, the 24th. The actual business of the Conference is understood to be over, and a committee of one representative of each of the Powers is engaged in drawing up the formal treaty of Peace. The committee consists of M. de Borqueney, Lord Cowley, Count Buol, Baron Brunow, Count Cavour, and Ali Pacha.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Mr. Buchanan has introduced his successor, Mr. Dallas to diplomatic department, and on Monday the 17th, transferred to him the charge of the embassy.

Mr. Buchanan has gone to Paris, from whence he will return in a few days, and will probably return home by the steamer leaving Liverpool on the 18th or 19th of April.

Maple Sugar.

The amount of maple sugar yearly made in the United States, at the time the last census was taken, was 34,236,647 pounds. At 12 cents a pound, the crop would amount to $4,108,388. The product should be increased by from $100,000 to $200,000 worth of maple molasses. New York produces much the largest quantity of any of the states, its product being $10,351,484 pounds. Vermont produces 6,349,357 pounds annually; Ohio, 4,588,209; Indiana, 2,921,642; Pennsylvania, 3,326,525; Michigan, 2,439,794; New Hampshire, 1,294,863; Virginia, 1,227,665 pounds. The free states furnish the most of the crop. All the other southern states perhaps yield as much as Virginia. Even South Carolina, with its low latitude and low lands, yields 200 pounds annually, while Rhode Island figures but 28.

Vermont, in proportion to its poplation and territory, produces the largest amount, an amount three times greater than that of all the rest of New England. About this time, a bogus article is usually offered for sale, remoulded from the last year's product or made of common brown sugar melted down.—*Free Press.*

A DELIGHTFUL HUSBAND.—John Gates, of Leydon, Mass., was recently brought before a magistrate, charged with assault and battery upon his wife—a poor, pale, careworn woman, with four young children dependent upon her for support. From the evidence, it appeared that he had well nigh ruined her constitution by a series of outrages continued for a period of twelve years. He was bound over to keep the peace; but a few nights after, armed with a pistol and knife, he entered her house, threatened her life, and seizing all her little possessions, including her own and her children's clothing, he sloped like an unmitigated sneak and loafer, for Wisconsin, leaving his sureties to settle the bonds. Whoever in Wisconsin, may see John Gates, will please give him a kick and send the bill to this office.—*Boston Atlas.*

Execution of a Hardened Murderer

John Fitzgerald, Irish, was hung, at Auburn, N. Y., Saturday, for the murder of his father, mother and brother, while they were asleep one night last fall. He seems to have been a most obdurate wretch, although only about twenty years of age. On the night before his death he slept well, ate a hearty breakfast in the morning, danced and sung in his cell, and showed no emotion suited to his circumstances. When asked if he would like to have his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life, he replied, "No sir! I would step right out and pull hemp in preference. I had rather be hung than go to prison for life!" When told that a clergyman wished to see him, he said, "If he comes in here he'll get my fist—that's all! What good can he do me *now?* I don't want him." An earnest appeal was made to him to forgive his brother. He replied that he had kind words only for those who had been kind to him since he had been in prison. He utterly refused to forgive his brother, against whom he had sworn vengeance for testifying against him. He afterwards consented to see Rev. Dr. Ives, knelt with him in prayer, manifested much emotion, and shed tears. Still he could not forgive his brother, or acknowledge the horrible atrocity of his crime. While a deputy was adjusting the rope about his neck, he took umbrage at something that was done, and exclaimed—"Gentlemen! don't torture me—hang me, if you want to!" And then he added to some one near him—"*I'm a pretty hard boy!*" Turning to Mr. Morgan, his counsel in the trial, he asked if chloroform could be administered to him. The reply of course was in the negative. He never spoke again. At six minutes after three the drop fell, and with scarcely a struggle the hardened and unnatural murderer entered the presence of his victims and his Judge. Though the snow was falling and the weather wintry, hundreds of people, including some women, stood for hours about the jail during the execution, although they could see nothing, and hear nothing, and must rely upon imagination to satisfy their morbid curiosity.

Receipts for the Standard.

For the week ending April 10.

A. K. Cleveland, Coventry,	1,25
H. S. Jones, "	1,25
N. F. Harvey, "	1,25
Libbeus Babcock, "	1,25
P. Mooers, Glover,	1,25
Timothy Dudley, Barton,	1,25
Geo. R. Bryant, Irasburgh,	1,25
Elisha Badger, "	1,00
Hiram W. Chafey, East Brookfield,	,62
John N. Hight, Albany,	1,25
H. L. Gilman, Glover,	1,25
Miss Betsey Flint, Troy,	1,25
Betsey Keith, "	,62
Bailey Ovitt, "	1,25
Frank Tetro, "	1,25
Horace Holcomb, "	1,25
J. A. Kellogg, Jay,	1,25
Wm. Williams, "	,62
Lanson Sanborn, "	1,25
Thomas Varney, Barton,	1,25
Saml. Conant, Janesville, Wis.	1,25
Ira H. Allen, Irasburgh,	1,25

United States AND Foreign Patent Agency.

16 Middle St., LOWELL, Mass., U. S. A.

ELHANAN W. SCOTT,

Draftsman, Practical and Theoretical Mechanic for Fourteen Years.

PROCURES PATENTS

In this and all Foreign Countries where Patent Laws Exist.

REFERENCES.—The undersigned have for several years been acquainted with Mr. E. W. Scott, and state with pleasure that he is a gentleman of unquestionable integrity, and knowledge in the business in which he is engaged.

Sewall G. Mack, Mayor of Lowell.
I. W. Beard, Attorney at Law, and Assistant Treasurer U. S., Boston.
H. B. Smith, Manufacturer of Machinery, Lowell, Mass.
Elisha Huntington, Ex Lieut. Governor Mass., Lowell.
D. S. Richardson, Attorney at Law, and County Commissioner.
A. R. Brown, Attorney at Law, and Director of the Wamesit Bank.

PATTERNS for Castings, and MODELS for Machines, promptly manufactured.

March 6, 1856—10tf

MARRIED.

At Richford on Saturday the 5th inst., by Rev. Jay Powell, Mr. Mathew W. Elkins of Potton, C. E., and Miss Ellen Grace Mason, of North Troy, Vt.

In North Troy, on the 1st inst., by Rev. N. Ward, Mr. Hugh McGuire, of Lowell, and Miss Orrilla Sorrill, of Westfield.

In Barnet, March 27th, by Rev. James McArthur, Mr. Wm. B. Gibson, of Ryegate, and Miss Elizabeth M. Gill of Barnet.

DIED.

In St. Johnsbury, 35th ult., Mr. Isaac Colby, formerly of Derry, N. H. aged 81.

In Montpelier, March 29th, Sarah Collins, daugher of Charlrs Lyman, aged 14 years.

The Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FROM THE N. E. FARMER.

CAMBRIDGE CATTLE MARKET.

WEDNESDAY, April 2, 1856.

At market 611 Cattle, 500 Beeves and 146 stores, consisting of Working Oxen, Cows and Calves, yearlings, two and three years old.

Prices—Market Beef—Extra $9,00a9,50; 1st quality, $8,50a0,00; 2d quality, $8,00a8,25; 3d quality, $7,50; ordinary, $7,00a0,00.
Hides—$7,00a0,00 per cwt.
Tallow—$8,00a8,25 per cwt.
Pelts—$1,00a1,75 each.
Calf Skins—14 cts per lb.
Barrelling Cattle—None.
Veal Calves—$4, 8 to 10.
Working Oxen—$125, 140, 150a180.
Cows and Calves—$36, 40, 45, 50a72.
Yearlings—None.
Two Years Old—$25, 28, 30a48.
Three Years Old—$36, 38, 40, 50a72.
Sheep and lambs—1286 at market. Extra, $7 to 15. By lot 3 1-2 to 6 3-4.
Swine—None.

BOSTON MARKET.

WHOLESALE PRICES.—APRIL 5, 1856.

FLOUR AND MEAL—per bbl.	
Genesee	7 50 a 10 25
Ohio, common	7 50 a 7 75
Ohio extra	8 12 a 9 12
Meal	3 37 a 3 50
GRAIN—per bushel.	
Corn, Northern	75 a 0 00
Corn, Southern, Yellow	75 a 77
Corn, do. White	66 a 68
Rye	1 00 a 0 00
Oats, Northern	00 a 42
Oats, Southern	40 a 00
Oats, Eastern	40 a 00
Barley	1 00 a 1 10
White Beans	2 25 a 2 50
HAY—per ton.	
Eastern	21 00 a 00 00
HOPS—per lb.	
First sort, 1855	7 a 8
LUMBER.	
Boards, from	13 00 a 44 00
Shingles	2 00 a 5 50
Clapboards	17 00 a 40 00
Laths	1 50 a 2 00
Spruce Lumber	9 00 a 11 00
POTATOES—per bbl.	
Common	1 00 a 0 00
Chenango	1 25 a 1 50
PROVISIONS—per bbl.	
Beef	12 00 a 15 50
Pork	14 50 a 20 00
Lard, per lb.	12 a 12 1-2
Butter, choice	24 a 00
Butter, good	20 a 22
Cheese	9 a 11
SEED—per lb.	
Clover, Northern	17 a 18
Clover, Western and Southern	14 a 15
Herd's Grass, per bushel	3 25 a 3 50
Red Top, Southern	80 a 90
Red Top, Northern	1 25 a 0 00
TALLOW—per lb.	
American	10 1-2 a 11
American, rough	7 3-4 a 8 1-2
WOOL—Domestic, per lb.	
Saxon and Merino fleece	54 a 62
Full blood	47 a 53
1-2 and 3-4 blood	38 a 47
Common 1-4 blood	35 a 37
Pulled, from extra to No. 2	47 a 22

THE subscriber has on hand and for sale a large quantity of excellent Ready Made Clothing, which they will sell as low as any one in the county. Also, a first rate assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Plain and Fancy Dress Goods, &c., &c., for sale low.

GEORGE WORTHINGTON, Jr. & CO.

Irasburgh, Jan. 4, 1856—1tf

WM. H. RAND,

DEPUTY SHERIFF,

IRASBURGH, VT.

Also, Agent for Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

Cash

PAID for Hides and Shipping Furs, by L. H. McCLARY.

Albany, Jan. 4, 1856—1tf

JOHN H. BRAYNARD,

DEPUTY SHERIFF,

WEST CHARLESTON, VERMONT. 4

ELISHA JENNE,

SHERIFF,

DERBY, - - - - - - - - - - - - VERMONT.

H. H. CARPENTER, M. D.,

HOMOEOPATHIC

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

DERBY CENTRE, VT.

Office at his residence on East Street.—1tf

ALBANY HOTEL,

BY DAVID BLAISDELL.

ALBANY, VT.

Formerly kept by H. H. Holt, is now open for the accommodation of the public—1-1y

DR. F. M. PERRY,

SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL

Dentist,

BARTON, VT.

DR. C. M. RUBLEE,

(Formerly of Montpelier, Vt.)

212 TREMONT STREET, - - BOSTON.

Dr. R. will, in connection with the practice of Medicine and Surgery, continue to give especial attention to treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR.

March 6, 1856—10tf

H. H. FROST,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Solicitor IN CHANCERY.

COVENTRY, VT.

C. W. SCOTT, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,

IRASBURGH, VERMONT.

Office over Worthington's Store. 1tf

STATE OF VERMONT,

ORLEANS DISTRICT, ss.

AT a Probate Court, holden at Probate Office, in Irasburgh, within and for said District, on the 2nd day of April, A. D. 1856. AN INSTRUMENT, purporting to be the LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT of JOHN LOCKE, late of Albany in said District, deceased, being presented to the Court here by William L. Locke, the executor therein named, for Probate: It is ordered by said Court, that all persons concerned, therein be notified to appear at a session of said Court to be holden at the Probate Office, in Irasburgh, on the 30th day of April, 1856, and shew cause, if any they may have, against the Probate of said Will: for which purpose, it is further ordered, that a copy of the record of this order be published three weeks successively in the Orleans Independent Standard, printed at Irasburgh, previous to said time appointed for hearing.

A true copy of record,

Attest, M. CARPENTER, Judge.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

JOSEPH FARR'S ESTATE.

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Probate Court for the District of Orleans Commissioners, to receive, examine, and adjust all claims and demands of all persons, against the estate of JOSEPH FARR, late of Coventry, in said district, deceased, represented insolvent, and the term of six months from the 13th day of February, 1856, being allowed by said Court to the creditors of said deceased, to exhibit and prove their respective claims before us: Give notice, that we will attend to the duties of our appointment at the dwelling-house of Widow Annah Farr, in Coventry, in said District, on the fourth Tuesdays of April and July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on each of said days.

LORING FROST, }
N. W GRAY, } *Commissioners.*

Coventry, March 25th, A. D. 1856—13-w3

STATE OF VERMONT, } In Probate Court
ORLEANS DISTRICT, ss. } holden at Irasburgh, within and for said district, on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1856, Nathan Collens, Executor and Administrator on the estate of HANNAH CARPENTER, late of Craftsbury in said district, deceased, presents his administration account for settlement:

WHEREUPON, it is ordered that the same be referred to the 21st day of May next, at the Probate Office in said Irasburgh, for examination and allowance; and that all concerned be notified hereof, by the publication of this order in the Orleans Independent Standard, a newspaper printed at Irasburgh, three weeks successively, as soon as may be, that they may appear, and at said time and place, if they see cause, object thereto.

M. CARPENTER, Judge.

STATE OF VERMONT,

ORLEANS DISTRICT, ss.

AT a Probate Court holden at Irasburgh within and for the district of Orleans, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1856, Mary M. Seaver of Albany, in said district, widow of Ezra Seaver, late of Albany aforesaid, and guardian of Levi Seaver, a minor child of said deceased filed her petition in said Court setting forth, that for want of some person to exercise proper care over the homestead set out from her late husbands estate, to herself and her said ward, the same is rapidly depreciating in value, and that it would be for the interest of all concerned to sell the same, and put the proceeds thereof at interest; and prays the Court for license to sell the same, it being the residue of said homestead situated in the town of Albany.

Whereupon it is ordered that all persons concerned be notified hereof that they may appear at a Probate Court to be holden at the Probate Office in Irasburgh, on the 23d day of April inst., and show cause, if any they may have, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; by the publication of this order in the Orleans Independent Standard, a paper printed at Irasburgh, three weeks successively previous to the time set for hearing and decision thereon.

Dated at Irasburgh, this 2d day of April, 1856.

M. CARPENTER, Judge.

STATE OF VERMONT,

ORLEANS DISTRICT, ss.

THE Honorable the Probate Court for the District of Orleans, to all persons concerned in the estate of LUKE DAVIS, late of Newport, deceased, greeting.

WHEREAS, Luther Baker, Administrator of the estate of said deceased, requests said Court to allow him the further time of one year from and after the 27th day of April, A. D. 1856, to make payment of the debts and close the settlement of the estate.

THEREFORE, you are hereby notified that said application will be heard at a session of the Probate Court to be held at Irasburgh on the 23d day of April, instant, at which time you may be heard in the premises.

And this order shall be published three weeks successively in the Orleans Independent Standard a newspaper, printed at Irasburgh, in this State, the last of which publication shall be before the day assigned for hearing as aforesaid.

Given under my hand at the Probate Office at Irasburgh, this 2nd day of April, A. D. 1856.

M. CARPENTER, Judge.

STATE OF VERMONT,

ORLEANS DISTRICT, ss.

IN Probate Court holden at Irasburgh, on the 19th day of March, 1856, came Hannah P. Wellman, Administratrix of Jubilee Wellman, late of Lowell, deceased, intestate, and files her petition in writing, requesting license to sell all the real estate of said deceased; representing that a sale of a portion of said estate is necessary for the payment of the debts and charges against said estate; and that a part cannot be sold without injury to the whole. And that said estate consists of the Home Farm of said deceased, being Lot No. 12 in the 8th Range, and thirty acres of Lot No. 13 in the 9th Range. Also the interest of the estate in the lands belonging to and in right of the first settled minister of Lowell. And the said Hannah P. Wellman requests the Court to make her an assignment out of the proceeds of the Real Estate equivalent to her right to homestead and dower in said real estate.

Whereupon said application is referred for hearing and decision thereon at a Probate Court to be holden at the Probate Office in Irasburgh on the 16th day of April next; and it is ordered that all persons concerned be notified thereof by publication of notice three weeks successively in the Orleans Independent Standard, a paper printed at Irasburgh in this State, the last of which shall be before the day of hearing.

M. CARPENTER, Judge.

STATE OF VERMONT,

ORLEANS DISTRICT, ss.

IN Probate Court holden at the Probate Office at Irasburgh, within and for the District of Orleans, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1856, Lewis H. Delano, Administrator on the Estate of Wm. E. Paddock, late of Craftsbury in said district, deceased, filed in said Court his application in writing setting forth that the personal estate is insufficient for the payment of the debts and expenses against said estate by the sum of $3858,00, and that a sale of all the real estate is necessary for that purpose, and prays for licence to sell said estate, being the homestead situated in Craftsbury Village, containing about 30 acres of land, on which are two dwelling houses, barns and out buildings, one store and out buildings; also twenty acres of land adjoining on the westerly side subject to an annual rent of five dollars, also 1 acre of land on which is an old house and ashery, also starch factory and privilege and land sufficient to accomodate same, situated on Trout Brook; Eldridge house near Jacob Jenness, a meeting house shed; also the largest Island in the small Osmore Pond, all of which are in Craftsbury. Whereupon said application is referred for hearing and decesion thereon at the Probate Office in Irasburgh on the 18th day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M. And it is ordered that all persons concerned be notified thereof by publication of notice three weeks successively in the Orleans Independent Standard printed at Irasburgh, the last of which publication shall be before the day of hearing.

M. CARPENTER, Judge.

ISLAND POND IS ALIVE.

Mr. A.—"Good morning, Mr. B., I wish to hire your team to-day."
Mr. B.—"I think I will accommodate you—where do you wish to go with it?"
Mr. A.—"I am going to Island Pond to trade; Mr. C. told me yesterday that he could save full twenty-five per cent. by purchasing his necessaries there."
Mr. B.—"Well, sir, I am very glad you told me, I will go with you, I always buy a year's stock at a time."

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE

PEOPLE'S STORE

TAKE pleasure in saying that they have received a call from both the above named gentlemen, and, that after supplying their every want we sent them away rejoicing.

Our DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT presents one of the best, and most extensive assortment ever offered in this part of the State. Our stock consists in part of
English, French, and American Prints;
Ginghams; Lyonese; Thibet; Alpaccas;
De Beges; De Laines; all Wool do;
Black Silks, plain and figured; Colored do;
Shawls—Bay State, Silk and Cashmere;
Muslins; Laces; Edgings; &c., &c.

In fact you can call for nothing in this line but what will be found here, and of a superior quality.

A large assortment of
Ladies Kid, Goat, Calf, Gaiter and
JENNY LIND BOOTS;
W. I. GOODS & GROCERIES;
Crockery; Glass and Hard Ware,
Flour; Salt;
Nails; Dry and Pickled Fish;
PLASTER,
Hats; Caps; Boots; Shoes; all kinds of
Ready Made Clothing,

And everything else that the wants of man require.

Our facilities are such that we are receiving from Boston and New York, additions to our stock *every day*, and to one and all we would say "*Come and see us, and we will do you good!*"

HOBART, HOWARD & CHAMBERLAIN.

Island Pond, Vt., Feb. 27, 1856.—9-tf.

Farm for Sale in Troy.

THE Farm formerly occupied by James Hamilton, containing one hundred acres, about half way from South to North Troy, on the River Road; good buildings, well watered, well situated to school, &c. Long credit given for most part of the purchase money if desired. Application may be made to Samuel Sumner, Esq., South Troy, or S. D. Wilson, Esq., North Troy, or the subscriber. E. WHITE.

Brownington, March 11, 1856 12w6*

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

J. H. KELLAM has on hand, and will keep for sale every description of Agricultural Implements, consisting, in part, of Plows of various Patterns and sizes, viz:
Double Michigan,
Eagle, Six Sizes,
Martin's, 3 Sizes,
Side Hill, 2 Sizes,
Woolley's, 3 Sizes,
Sub-Soil,
Light One Horse,
Iron Road Scrapers, Corn Shellers, Hay Cutters, Cultivators, Churns, Copper Pumps, Walnut Ox Bows, Herds' Grass and Clover Seed, Grind Stone Hangings, Sausage Meat Cutters, Garden Implements, &c.

Any articles furnished on short notice, and at low prices. Farmers look our stock over, and give our articles a fair trial.

Irasburgh, Jan. 4, 1856—1ly

PASSUMPSIC R. R. NOTICE.

SUBSCRIBERS to Preferred Stock in the Connecticut & Passumpsic Rivers Railroad are hereby notified that the following assessments have been made, viz.:

10 per cent. April 1, 1856,
10 " " July 1, "
10 " " Sept. 1, "

Payments may be made at either of the following Banks, viz:—People's Bank, Bank of Orleans, Bank of Lyndon, Passumpsic or Bradford Banks, or at the Treasurer's Office No. 7, Merchants' Exchange, Boston.

Per order of the Directors.

N. P. LOVERING, *Treasurer.*

Boston, Jan 24, 1856.—5-tf.

THE subscribers are agents for S. & A. Dow, of Johnson, for the sale of cloths of their manufacture, which they will sell in exchange for cash or wool.

GEORGE WORTHINGTON, Jr. & CO

Irasburgh, Jan. 4, 1856—1tf

LIBERATION NOTICE.

THIS may certify that I have this day relinquished to my son, George Lathe, his time during the remainder of his minority, and I shall claim none of his wages nor pay any of his debts, after this date. DAVID LATHE.

Witness, HOLLAND THRASHER.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS my wife HARRIET L. UNDERWOOD, has left my bed and board, I hereby forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

WILLIAM C. UNDERWOOD.

Coventry, March 22, 1856—13w3

R. W. NYE

AT THE OLD STAND YET!

AVAILS himself of the first issue of the Orleans Independent, to remind his friends and customers that he may be found at home, ready to furnish them with all the articles usually called for at a country store—amongst which are a full assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

of latest styles and manufacture.
Domestic Cottons in full variety.
Ladies' Dress Goods and Trimmings.
Ribbons, Laces, Embroidery, &c.
Gloves, Hosiery, Ladies' Gaiters and Shoes
A full assortment of Dry Groceries, Oils, Burning Fluids, &c.

GLASS, NAILS, TRIMMINGS

for Doors, Axes, Dry and Pickled Fish, Coarse and Fine Salt, Teas, Sugars, Molasses, &c.

Almost every kind of produce received in exchange for Goods, and Cash NEVER refused.

CASH PAID FOR FURS.

Thankful for past favors, a continuance is solicited.

Irasburgh, Jan. 4th, 1856—1tf

GREAT EXCITEMENT!!!

Indian War in Oregon!!

THE Subscriber would say to the inhabitants of GLOVER and vicinity, that he is now receiving from BOSTON and NEW YORK an almost entire

New Stock of Winter Goods suited to this Market;

consisting in part of
Sheeting, Shirting, Ticking, Drilling, Cotton and Wool Flannel, Denims, Cloths of different kinds and qualities, Teas, Tobacco, Soda, Saleratus, Fish, Rice, Sugars, Molasses, and all kinds of FAMILY GROCERIES.

A large and splendid lot of rich

DRESS GOODS,

Such as *BAREGE DE LAINES, OTTOMAN PLAIDS, GALA PLAIDS, ALPACCAS,* a larger lot of PRINTS than can be found in any store in the country, and at a LESS PRICE. A great variety of SHAWLS, FUR GOODS.

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Hard-Ware, Clocks, Watches and

Jewelry.

All the above articles and many more too numerous to mention will be sold for cash LOWER than can be bought in this vicinity.

For the truth of the above all are requested to call at the old store formerly occupied by E. B. & S. SIMONDS, where will be found F. RANDALL, whose services have been secured as salesman, will be happy to wait on all who may wish to buy goods

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

H. M. NICHOLS

Glover, January 10, 1856.—3-3m.